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James Michael Curley

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VOLUME
253
Expect Battle On Gas Tax

(STATE HOUSE, Boston—With a new state tax program the outstanding feature of the 1936 program drafted by Governor James M. Curley, a battle looms on the gasoline tax. Rep. Charles W. Hedges of Quincy would repeal the additional one cent added to the existing two cent tax from year to year the extra levy to be taken from the books May 1, 1936.

With the current three cent tax, sufficient funds have been available in the past three years to transfer approximately $10,600,000 from the highway fund to the general fund, with the result that in lieu of a $178,600 state tax last year from the town of Arlington the state levy was but $39,300.

Governor Curley in his annual message asked that the legislature continue for five years the additional tax on gasoline.

Year in and year out the diversion of highway fund monies to the general fund has been a sore spot with legislators faced with a crying need to limit the state tax. The additional money levied on the sale of gasoline is primarily intended to defray highway construction costs but the use of the funds for general expenditures is liable to stir the political kettle to the boiling point. The Hedges proposal is the first of such moves to bring about a battle along this line.

Would Transfer Appointive Power To Justices Of Courts

(STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 10—Transfer of appointive power over the clerk of courts in the Athol and other district courts throughout the state to George R. Warfield and other presiding justices, will probably be asked within the next few days by Senator Theodore R. Plunkett of Adams.

The power of appointment now rests with the Governor. It is upon the theory that the presiding judge is fully responsible for the efficient conduct of his court that the transfer of power is intended.

Coughlin Has 600,000 Followers in Mass.

(BOSTON, Jan. 10. [AP]—There are 600,000 members in Massachusetts of Rev. Charles E. Coughlin's National Union for Social Justice. Governor James M. Curley said he had been informed by the radio priest in Washington yesterday.

In Rhode Island, he was told, 67 per cent of the registered voters of both parties were members of the organization.

Two candidates for the state post now held by Raymond J. Kenney of Belmont loom on the political front. The local supporters of the move to have Governor James M. Curley remove Kenney as director of the state division of fisheries and game.

Thomas A. Barnes of Falmouth and Patrick W. Hehir of Worcester have called upon the Governor in the interests of their respective desires to secure the nomination. At the close of the conference the Governor was non-commital on his future plans.
Points to Reasons for Ills
Of Bay State Shoe Industry

Joseph W. Kelley, in Letter to Commissioner Moriarty, Says Dean Archer Committee Failed to Grasp Real Causes.

"To assert otherwise is an acknowledgment in itself that the Dean Archer committee has not interrogated manufacturers and bench shoe workers in the State's afflicted districts; that it has ignored the history of the factory development within the shoe industry with its accompanying industrial disorders the effect of causes, and their lessons taught and learned by the employers and members of the labor movement of those earlier periods.

"A perusal of the industry's history by those who assume investigating responsibility would clearly indicate that major industrial disturbances move in cycles, all displaying the effects of the same old causes, with one now at hand, long in the making.

Mutual Uncertainty.

"To get close to the causes, it is necessary to comprehend that the present industrial displacement situation is not simply one of irritation attributable to the natural division of class interest at play between the employer and employee, or a struggle for conditions of labor, but rather it is indicative of group uncertainty on the part of the leadership of both manufacturers and workers. That is a sorry likening for good will and co-operation to bargain collectively. That is a sorry likening to a past period within the memory of oldtimers, when there was the first industrial experiment of co-operating employers and employees away from association and union affiliations to other States, primarily for the purpose of eliminating the possibility of a stoppage of production by strike or lockout, which has been to them proven eminently successful, a plan of procedure that obligates co-operation in obtaining the peak of production and carries with it the necessity of creating the best working conditions, and paying the highest possible average wage, all of which is worth while to know, is the explanatory answer as to why all of the shoe unions collectively have not enrolled more than 20 per cent. of the actively engaged shoe workers within the country, into their organizations.

"Of particular significance, if fact-finding is to be the rule, is that three among those early migrating manufacturers venturing into new fields, new manufacture 80 per cent. of the men's footwear sold in the markets. One company alone employs double the number of shoe workers and pays a higher average wage than did the entire South Shore district in the heyday of its productivity, a measurable achievement when compared with the Brockton shoe industry's production decline of 50 per cent. in employment from the year 1919 to date.

No Effort to Conciliate.

A direct result of those early ceaseless industrial disorders which destroyed the effectiveness of all then existing shoe unions, ruined the business of many of the employers, dislocated shoe manufacturing from old established localities, accompanied by the loss of jobs and homes of the workers, was the enactment by the Massachusetts legislature of a law that created the State board of arbitration and conciliation, since merged into the State department of labor and industries, over which you as its commissioner, have just been chosen to direct the supervision of laws pertaining to the shoe industry.

As such you may be interested to know that at no time in its workings has your State board of arbitration and conciliation division ever made it a practice to attempt to conciliate the conflicting interests of the individual shoe manufacturers and his individual employees.

"Your board's distinguishment to attempt conciliation in a troubled industry and its general aloofness unless called into the industry to arbitrate, has long been an inherent defect, which is not conducive in encouraging migratory-minded manufacturers to stay and battle it out, all of which further explains why, with the decline of leadership control within the various unions, the bench shoe workers in the organized centers mindful of their experiences with the principle of arbitration as applied, minus conciliation, with no other choice within the range of their viewpoint, have abrogated to themselves as self-protection, the shop crew direct control steward plan of organization.

"With a preservation of the shoe industry a crucial public need, it is inconceivable that your department of labor and industries intends to abdicate its functions, exclusively reserved to it by the State of Massachusetts."
Div. I, A. O. H., Celebrates 63d Anniversary

Burning of Mortgage on Ward Street Property Is Feature—Affair Also Marks Centenary of Orders’ Founding.

More than 400 Hibernians from the Brockton district packed Hibernian Hall on Ward street Thursday night at a banquet, entertainment and dance sponsored by Div. 1 of this city to commemorate its 63rd anniversary, as well as the 100th anniversary of the order in this country and the burning of the mortgage on the Ward street property.

It was the most outstanding affair ever conducted by Hibernians in the city and showed that the oldest and largest Hibernian division in Plymouth county has had a wonderful growth since its humble start more than six decades ago.

Because of illness President John F. Sheehan, under whose capable leadership the last few years the organization increased its membership and prospered financially to such an extent that the entire mortgage on the Ward street property has been paid off, was unable to attend, but appropriate remarks on his accomplishments were given by every speaker and a telegram sent to his home by the members during the height of the banquet.

Such capable speakers as Theodore Glynn, former fire commissioner of Boston and now clerk of the Roxbury District court, Judge Thomas C. O'Brien of southeast county, district attorney of Suffolk county; Mayor Lawrence E. Crowley, James Sweeney of Whitman, president of the A. O. H., in Plymouth county; Edward Ring of East Bridgewater, state treasurer of the A. O. H. addressed the large gathering and Alice O'Leary and Adrian O'Brien of Boston, famed radio singers, entertained with solo and duet numbers.

The closing feature was the dancing with music by one of the finest Irish orchestras in the State.

The evening’s program opened with the serving of a turkey dinner by a Norwood caterer and Ex-Alderman Daniel L. Kelleher, Jr., presiding as toastmaster in the absence of President Sheehan.

Toastmaster Kelleher welcomed the gathering in well chosen words and then introduced Mayor Crowley, who brought the well wishes of the city government to the organization on its birthday anniversary.

Representing Governor Theodore Glynn, representing Governor Curley, who is in Washington and was unable to attend although a staunch Hibernian, pleased the audience with a fine talk which centered around Hibernianism and the Irish people.

Judge O'Brien gave an interesting history of the Irish race up to the present time and the starting of the Hibernian order 100 years ago.

Following a group of popular song hits sung over the radio nightly, Alice O'Leary and Adrian O'Brien sang many Irish favorites and led the audience in singing of the chorus. Both were in fine voice, although Mr. O'Brien has been suffering with a severe cold.

Invited Guests


County President Mrs. Susan Lauinge of the Plymouth County Auxiliary, President Miss Lena Cassidy of Div. of St. Rita Auxiliary, President Hugh Caffrey of Div. 5, A. O. H., President Mrs. Mary Haskell of Aux. 1, Miss Frances Barry, president of St. Mary’s Juniors, County Treasurer Mrs. Bridget Cahan, Ex-Mayor Frank A. Manning, Assessor John P. Twohig, Francis Hannigan of Binghamton and Overseer of Public Welfare George F. Rodenbush.

A letter of regret in not being able to attend was read from John E. Fenton, State president of the Hibernians.

At the close of the speaking programme, Vice-President Michael Riordan burned the mortgage at the head table amid much applause by the large gathering.

The hall was tastily decorated in green and white with a large insignia of welcome in the front of the hall, flanked by the lettering “63rd Anniversary of Div. 1, A. O. H.”

Beautiful souvenirs programmes were distributed to everyone present.

The programme gave a history of the division which was founded in North Bridgewater, now Brockton, by John Donnelly of Lowell, Jan. 1, 1873, with a membership of 31.

During its existence the division has paid out nearly $200,000 in death and sick benefits as well as aiding needy members and pay ing the dues of every member during his service in the World War and on their return until such time as they secured steady employment.

Veteran Members

A group of the older members who presided as a reception committee, all having membership for more than 38 consecutive years and some more than a half century were: Daniel Brady, Patrick Burke, J. Curran, Michael Creedon, Patrick Cockery, Christopher J. Crahan, Michael Cahill, Patrick Crowley, Michael J. Calnan, Thomas Curley, Michael McCafferty, Michael Dineen, David J. Dailer, Thomas B. Feeney, Cornelius J. Ford, James D. Foley, Andrew Gaffney, Patrick J. Hall, J. Hallisey, Michael Lyons, Thomas Lyons, Thomas Moore, Patrick J. Mason, John J. Madden, Patrick Martin, Michael J. McCarthy, Philip Martin, Daniel McDonnell, Bryan J. McSweeney, Thomas McCarty, George F. Mcauliffe, John O. McEntegogue, John O'Shea, Michael Ryan, Patrick Smith, Dennis Sheehan, John J. Sheehan, Patrick Walsh, John J. Whitney, Joseph Ward and Robert Walsh.

The committee in charge of the successful anniversary party included the board of officers and a group of workers as follows: President John F. Sheehan, Vice-President George Riordan, Financial Secretary Bryan J. McSweeney, Treasurer Charles B. O'Neill, Recording Secretary Francis D. Hyde, John Bagge, Allie Creedon, Daniel Mullins, John J. Sheehan, Bernard Begins, Alfred G. Whelan, Dr. Arthur C. Grogan, Philip McPaul, Michael J. McCarthy, John O'Brien, Edward McColligan, Timothy Madden, William Haverly, Austin Lyons, Arthur Moynihan, Frederick Whelan, Timothy McCarthy, William J. Burke, John Madden, Thomas Corcoran, Thomas Moore, Cornelius Moynihan, Michael Dineen, Michael O'Connell, Daniel Foley, Dennis Sheehan, David Dailer, St. John Kelleher, James Kelleher and John D. Faran.
Bacon Would Rally Voters Opposing New Deal Methods
Former Lieutenant-Governor, Speaker at Dewing Dinner, Lauds Ex-Gov. Ely for Constitutional Pleas.

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—(AP)—A new political alignment of democrats and republicans opposed to policies of the Roosevelt administration is sought by Gaspar G. Bacon, republican and former lieutenant-governor of Massachusetts.

He spoke highly Thursday night of former Gov. Joseph B. Ely, democrat and outspoken new deal critic, and advocated a return to the "American constitutional system of government."

It was his first public speech since the last election campaign, when he was a candidate for governor. He was defeated by Gov. Thomas M. Curley, democrat. He spoke at a testimonial dinner to Dist.-Atty. Edmund R. Dewing of Norfolk and Plymouth counties.

"I earnestly hope," he said, "that there may be enlisted here in Massachusetts the active assistance of all those, irrespective of party, who believe in self-government as opposed to autocracy. This assistance should include not only active cooperation in the campaign, but, if this is successful, an influential voice in the councils of those chosen to lead, and participation in the solution of the difficult problems of the next administration.

"There are those in both parties who would destroy the system under which we have lived in this country these last 190 years. There are those who would at all costs fight to prevent its return to the American constitutional system."

Bacon Praises Ely.
Bacon, who served as lieutenant-governor during Ely's two administrations, spoke highly of the former chief executive.

"I hope it is not inappropriate for me to say a personal word about one with whom I was closely associated for four years in the State House. Although of opposite political parties, he (Ely) and I had strangely few disagreements, and I am inclined to think that on most political questions to-day we are not far apart," Bacon said.

"Ely was a credit to the office of governor of the commonwealth, which he served with unwavering fidelity and marked ability. He was ever solicitous for the welfare of all the people of Massachusetts, and ever scrupulous to safeguard her good name."

Boom for Atty. Dewing.
The testimonial was arranged to boom Dist.-Atty. Dewing as a candidate for attorney-general in the next State election. Judge Kenneth D. Johnson of Quincу was toastmaster and Atty. George W. Arbuckle of Quincу, first assistant in Mr. Dewing's office, was chairman of the banquet committee. The latter presented the district-attorney with a check and his wife a bouquet. Other speakers included: Joseph A. Maynard, collector of port; Prof. Albert A. Schaefer of M. I. T., Rev. C. Gordon Brownville and Judge Thomas F. Quinn.


Social Circle.
There was a well-attended meeting of the Social Circle of the Universalist church held with Mrs. William O. Colburn of Cliff street on Wednesday. It was an all-day work meeting, with a business meeting in the afternoon and a luncheon at noon served by the hostesses, Mrs. Henry A. Oliver, Mrs. Donald M. Beatty, Mrs. Harry W. Davis and Mrs. Colburn. During the afternoon Mrs. Merrill C. Ward, wife of the pastor of the church, was presented with several gifts. Officers for the coming year were elected as follows: President, Mrs. George E. Comley; vice-president, Mrs. William O. Colburn; treasurer, Mrs. Frank M. Nash; secretary, Mrs. Merrill C. Ward; executive committee, Mrs. Harry W. Davis, Mrs. Frederick King, Mrs. Walter T. Taylor and Mrs. Martha Hall.

To Attend Banquet.
A large delegation of members of the Plymouth County Democratic League from this town are planning to attend the annual banquet of the league Thursday night this week. Final reservations are to be made soon, and judging from the application for tickets a capacity attendance will be on hand. Among the guests of honor will be Mayor E. Crowley of Brockton, first vice-president of the league; Thomas H. Buckley of this town, town president. In addition to a number of local guests, invitations have been extended to Gov. Curley and Lieut.-Gov. Hurley to attend.
Finds Indifference on Plans for Minimum Wages

Prof. Murphy Gets Few Responses to Letters Sent Out to All Groups for Data on State Programme of Protection

BOSTON, Jan. 10—(AP)—Employers and employees in a variety of occupations and industries in Massachusetts don’t seem very much interested in the State’s attempts to establish minimum wages for women and minors.

At least that was the complaint to-day of Chairman John J. Murray of the minimum wage commission, which has before it the task of setting up minimum wage scales in 22 occupations and the power to make them mandatory upon the employer if need be.

Murray is the affable, young and able Boston University professor Gov. James M. Curley appointed as associate commissioner of the department of labor and industries, after he had served capably as a “brain truster” on a commission investigating utility rates.

His commission sent out hundreds of letters to employers and employees in the 22 industries concerned and as well to Chambers of Commerce, trade unions and employers’ groups, but the replies have been sparse.

What Prof. Murray wants are representative individuals with whom his commission can confer as to proper minimums that should be paid women and minors in the occupations and employments concerned.

After both parties, sitting as wage boards, have given their views, the department will promulgate the determined scales. If, after nine months, the wage scales are not made effective by a majority of employers in the trade or occupation affected, the department may, under legislation pending a decision of the Public Utilities Commission, make them mandatory.

The 22 occupations for which minimums will be prescribed are those for which minimums were set up under the old law supplemented last year. Previously there were no enforcement teeth, the department being able only to advertise that a company or employer was a violator.

Even this weapon of publicity was often ineffective, since some newspapers declined to print such advertising. A test case brought by a Boston newspaper (Transcript) a decade ago ended in a ruling that the newspaper was not required to print the State advertising.

In addition to the 22 occupations for which new minimums are being established for the old, the department is required on petition of any 50 citizens to examine the wage structure in any occupation or industry. It may then prescribe minimums if it feels them necessary.

Already there are wage boards now sitting to establish minimums in seven of the 22 occupations. They are men’s clothing and raincoat; men’s furnishings; toys, games and sporting goods; women’s clothing; boot and shoe cut stock, findings, muslin underwear workers, and retail stores. The retail stores board is likely to be the first to report.

O’Brien Carries Railway Case to Curley

In an effort to bring about the approval of the contract of sale of the Chelsea Division of the Eastern Massachusetts Street Railway to the Boston Elevated Railway, a conference will take place at 1 o’clock next Tuesday afternoon in the office of Gov. James M. Curley in the State House.

The conference has been arranged at the request of Mayor James M. O’Brien of Revere and among those invited to attend are Mayor Edward J. Voel and former Mayor John E. Beck of this city, and the Senator and State Representatives from Chelsea and Revere.

At the present time the sale of the Chelsea Division is being delayed, pending a decision of the Public Utilities Commission.

Several weeks ago the matter was presented to that body for consideration, but no decision has been forthcoming. It is generally understood that the delay has been caused by a desire on the part of Gov. Curley and the Executive Council to study the proposed sale agreement.

Revere citizens desire that the deal go through at once and at their best Mayor O’Brien had Gov. Curley arrange for next Tuesday’s conference.

Humiliating, From a Mere Citizen.

What are things coming to when a governor of this commonwealth is not able to pass out a small favor to a supporter without somebody going to law about it? As anybody ought to know, if you want something and stand right with the administration, all you have to do is to see the right party and it’s done. Any other system would cut the props right out from under politicians, and then where would democracy be? Yet a Lynn shoe manufacturer, Nicholas W. Mathey, has the temerity to bring a case in equity in the Supreme court to compel Registrar Goodwin to restore to him his automobile number plate, 518, his for several years and which Gov. Curley assigned to his former chauffeur, Charles Manion, along with a political job.

Some car owners having a fondness for low numbers. Mr. Mathey is not content to take another, called “suitable” by the registrar, because it has five numerals instead of three even if the last three are 518. Justice Pierce appears sympathetic. Maybe he likes low numbers, too. And so the matter is in adjudication.

But think of the pain and the humiliation to the governor in thus being confronted so boldly by a mere citizen who lacks the grace and magnanimity to lie down and roll over for the royal family.
WILL RESTRAN CERLEY COUNCIL

Power of Appointment Involved in Bill

Councillor Daniel H. Coakley of this district and other members of the Executive Council would be deprived of the power of passing on the appointment of a successor to any member of that body who might be named by the Governor to fill an unexpired term, under a proposal filed today by Rep. Frank L. Floyd of Manchester.

The Essex County member of the House of Representatives seeks a constitutional amendment taking authority for filling vacancies in the Council from the hands of that body and transferring it to the House and Senate.

At the same time, Floyd made demands on the Legislature that the present system of determining charges for guest coverage insurance on a flat rate basis, be repealed and the zoning system adopted for liability insurance be followed for guest coverage as well as for liability.

"That system is more just and fair because liability insurance is that way," Floyd asserted, "and guest coverage is liability and analogous to it."

Benefits under the Floyd measure would probably be noted where lower rates prevail for liability insurance.

TIME TO DELIVER

For years our politicians, during their campaigns, have promised to correct the inequitable automobile liability insurance rates that were wished upon us several years ago by a well-meaning legislature, since which the rates have gone steadily up and up until now they are nothing short of ludicrous, except in some favored parts of the State.

After election most of the legislators sidestepped on their promises, with some exceptions, of course. Some few really tried to do something to stop the mulcting of the motorists by this method. Governor Curley, though he assured us of relief a year ago, was unable to do anything constructive and the rates went up, instead of down. Now he assures the people that the rates must be lowered, or the law repealed.

We don't object to automobile liability insurance, but we do object to paying twice as much for it as the man who lives across the street, or three or four times as much as the man who lives in the suburbs and has just as many privileges and as much protection as we have.

We should have a flat rate for everyone in the State, or abolish the whole scheme. It should not be a privately operated business, either. The State sells life insurance. It should sell automobile liability insurance at cost also. If it isn't necessary for life insurance companies to charge extra rates for people living in Boston then it isn't necessary for automobile insurance rates to be any higher in Boston than in the smallest town in the Berkshires.

The Supreme Court's decision on the AAA was hardly unexpected.

Herald-news

Fall River, Mass.

Governor Will Aid Waterways Project

At the request of Westport residents, Governor Curley has expressed himself in favor of the Westport River and Harbor improvements project.

In answer to a letter from Loren W. Park, secretary of the Westport Yacht Club, and chairman of the committee on improvements, Governor Curley wrote that he would be only too glad to meet the committee and promised whatever assistance he could render.

The Governor offered to meet the committee at 12 noon, today, but Chairman Park said he did not think it would be possible for the committee to keep the appointment, and added he would ask for a conference at a later date.
Club Drops Curley Name, Waiting for Next Election

Governor Doesn’t Need Votes Now, Kirkman Says; Organization Hereafter Will Be Known As Cascade Social Club.

The Curley Club has changed its name to the Cascade Social Club and is now located in new quarters in the Moore Building, 400 South Main street, it was announced this afternoon. The decision to change the name was reached by unanimous vote, William E. Kirkman, publicity director of the club, revealed.

Mr. Kirkman issued the following announcement which he said was authorized by the club:

"A group of Democrats from Wards Three, Four and Five organized in the Fall of 1934 to carry on for James M. Curley when all the other Democratic leaders in Fall River were for Cole. This group had headquarters in the Borden Block on Main street, and was known as the Curley-for-Governor Committee.

Had 1,000 Members

"The membership at that time numbered about 1,000. All the members worked very hard before the State primary and were on the job all the time. At that time, the Granite Block group was all for Cole.

"This same group went ahead again and worked at the polls on State election day for Mr. Curley. The vote polled that day is proof enough of its successful campaigning.

No Recognition

"Afterwards, a club was formed and given the name Curley Club. It is located in rooms on South Main street and shortly thereafter formed an auxiliary. Now we find that they do not know us in Boston.

"At the last meeting of the Curley Club, it was voted to change the name. Curley doesn’t need Fall River votes now. It is too early in the year. But wait until this Fall. What a different story, it will be.

"The membership at the present time numbers 357 in good standing. The Curley Club of Fall River is no more. "We are now known as the Cascade Social Club and are enrolling members of any party. We have taken new quarters in the Moore Building, 400 South Main street."

Peter Lee is president of the Cascade Social Club.

New Political Unity Sought

BOSTON, Jan. 10, (AP)—A new political alignment of Democrats and Republicans opposed to policies of the Roosevelt administration is sought by Gaspar G. Bacon, Republican and former Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts.

He spoke highly last night of former Governor Joseph B. Ely, Democrat and outspoken New Deal critic, and advocated a return to the "American constitutional system of government."

It was his first public speech since the last election campaign, when he was a candidate for governor. He was defeated by Governor Curley. He spoke at a testimonial dinner to District Attorney Edmund D. Dewing of Norfolk and Plymouth counties.

"I earnestly hope," he said, "that there may be enlisted here in Massachusetts the active assistance of all those, irrespective of party, who believe in self government as opposed to autocracy. This assistance should include not only active cooperation in the campaign, but, if this is successful an influential voice in the councils of those chosen to lead, and participation in the solution of the difficult problems of the next administration.

"There are those in both parties who would destroy the system under which we have lived in this country these last 150 years. There are those who would at all costs fight to preserve it.

"On a question of such moment, should not those who think alike stand together irrespective of party affiliation?"

Mr. Bacon, who served as Lieutenant Governor during Mr. Ely’s two administrations, spoke highly of the former chief executive.

"I hope it is not inappropriate for me to say a personal word about one with whom I was closely associated for four years in the State House. Although of opposite political parties, he (Ely) and I had strangely few disagreements, and I am inclined to think that on most political questions today we are not far apart," former Lieut. Gov. Bacon said.

"Governor Ely was a credit to the office of governor of the commonwealth, which he served with unwavering fidelity and marked ability. He was ever solicitous for his welfare of all the people of Massachusetts, and ever scrupulous to safeguard her good name."
Courthouse At Boston Assured, To Cost 5 Million

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 (AP)—Assurance of a federal contribution of $1,800,000 toward a new $5,000,000 Suffolk County courthouse in Boston, was announced last night by Governor Curley of Massachusetts after a conference with the President.

The project was called to the President's attention by Rep. John W. McCormack of Boston, who urged that Federal funds be made available despite an earlier rejection of the project by the PWA and WPA.

McCormack said the President appeared interested in and familiar with the courthouse proposition. Under the arrangement the city of Boston is to pay 70 per cent of the remaining cost of the building and the Commonwealth the other 30 per cent.

The Governor also discussed with Secretary Dern the possibility of enlarging the Boston airport and was told the War Department aeronautical division would study the proposition.

Curley said he would recommend that the Army air base, which will be located in New England under the Wilcox bill passed at the last session of Congress, be placed on Governors Island in Boston harbor.

Minimum Wage Commission Head Finds Little Interest In Attempt to Fix Levels

BY DAVID M. FREDERICK

BOSTON (AP)—Employers and employees in a variety of occupations and industries in Massachusetts don't seem very interested in the state's attempts to establish minimum wages for workers.

At least, that was the opinion of Chairman John J. Murray of the minimum wage commission, which has before it the task of setting up minimum wage scales in 22 occupations, and the power to make them mandatory upon the employer if need be.

Murray, the affable, young and able Boston university professor Gov. James A. Farley appointed as associate commissioner of the department of labor and industries, after he had served capably as a "brain truster" on a commission investigating utility rates.

His commission sent out hundreds of letters to employers and employees in the 22 industries concerned, and as well to Chambers of Commerce, trade unions and employers' groups, but the replies have been sparse.

What Professor Murray wants are representative individuals with whom his commission can confer as to proper minimums that should be paid women and minors in the occupations and employments concerned.

After both parties, sitting as wage boards, have given their views, the department will promulgate the determined scales. If, after nine months, the wage scales are not made effective by a majority of employers in the trade or occupation affected, the department may, under legislation passed last year, make the wage levels mandatory.

And if the employer doesn't comply, he is subject to fines of from $50 to $200, or from 10 to 90 days in jail, or both, with each week in which the prescribed wages are not paid constituting a separate offense.

There is no pay for those who volunteer to serve on the wage boards set up to determine fair minimums for the occupations, and Prof. Murray thought that was one reason the response to his invitation was not great.

He said he would try to fix that at this session of the Legislature, by offering a bill which provides payment of $5 a lay to those who served on the boards.

The 22 occupations for which minimums will be prescribed are those for which minimums were set up under the old law supplemented last year. Previously there were no enforcement teeth, the department being able only to advertise that a company or employer was a violator.

Even this weapon of publicity was often ineffective, since some newspapers declined to print such advertising. A test case brought by The Boston Transcript a decade ago ended in a ruling that the newspaper was not required to print the state advertising.

In addition to the 22 occupations for which new minimums are being substituted for the old, the department is required on petition of any 50 citizens, to examine the wage structure in any occupation or industry. It may then prescribe minimums if it feels them necessary.

Already there are wage boards now sitting to establish minimums in seven of the 22 occupations. They are men's clothing and raincoats; men's furnishings; toys, games and sporting goods; women's clothing; boot and shoe cut stock findings, muslin underwear workers, and retail stores.

The retail stores board is likely to be the first to report.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
Boston Mass.

COURTHOUSE FUNDS PROMISED CURLEY

Washington—(AP)—Confident Boston will get $1,800,000 from the federal government toward a new $5,000,000 Suffolk County courthouse, Governor James M. Curley of Massachusetts today boosted the advantages of an army air base on Governor's Island, Boston Harbor.

The governor announced assurance of the federal courthouse contribution after a conference with the President yesterday.
Washington, Jan. 9—Governor James A. Curley of Massachusetts, (left) and Father Coughlin, Detroit radio priest, met here Wednesday bent on two different missions. Governor Curley attended the Jackson Day dinner, and Father Coughlin said he would file suit to test the constitutionality of the Federal Reserve Act.
Burdick Voices His Loyalty To Curley; Will Not Oppose Him

Executive Councilor Morton Burdick of Easthampton opened his campaign for election to the council last night by publicly declaring to Gov. James M. Curley an "I. O. U." of undying personal fealty in return for value received—his recent appointment to the council.

It was at a testimonial banquet given to Burdick in the Hotel Clinton in Springfield, attended by about 400 Democrats, including a group from Holyoke.

Mr. Burdick offered himself to the voters of the eighth council district as follows: "Jim Curley," said he, "No act of mine can ever be construed as disloyal to you or your interests." That was at the end of his speech. He also referred to Gov. Curley as a great man, an honest man, a Christian man, a man who has been a credit to every office he has ever held.

Holyoke at the banquet included District Court Clerk Eugene A. Lynch, Atty. James J. O'Donnell, William McCourt, Jerome Conway, Atty. T. Francis Scanlon, Mrs. George Thompson, Mrs. Howard Dibble, William Gleason, Juvenile Probation Officer Thomas F. Roban, Miss Mary E. Lucey, Miss Lucey Hickey. Curley leader here, was unable to attend but sent a large bouquet.

Although the place was full of Democratic timber there were no announcements of candidacies Among those present were District Attorney Thomas F. Moriarty, Lieut. Gov. Joseph H. Hurley, State Treasurer Charles F. Hurley, State Auditor, Thomas H. Buckley, Daniel F. Deherty of Westfield, Judge Thomas Stapleton, Postmaster Thomas J. Aske of Springfield. Chairman Thomas J. Costello of the Hampden county commission and Secretary William H. Hearne of the ABC commission launched the Burdick boom for election to the council.

Having received definite assurance that Governor James M. Curley and all other Democratic state officers will be in attendance at the banquet to be held in St. Mary's auditorium on Wednesday night, Jan. 22, under the auspices of the Essex County Jeffersonian Democratic club, members of the local committee in charge went ahead with their plans for the affair with an increased enthusiasm last evening at a committee meeting held in the law office of Attorney Michael F. Cronin.

Officers of the county organization, including President Edmund S. Higgins of Lynn, Vice-President Joseph S. Kaufman of Lynn, Treasurer Joseph W. Cassidy of Lynn, Financial Secretary James F. Carr of Newburyport and Recorder Secretary John F. Fenton, were present at the well-attended meeting and reported that James Roosevelt had assured them that a prominent figure of the Democratic committee would be present from Washington to address the gathering.

A large number of additional names were added to the local committee in charge and the out-of-city officers reported that committees in every city and town of the county were also doing their part to make the affair a success. It is expected that more than five hundred men and women from various places throughout the county will attend the dinner. Tickets are being distributed in large number and the affair is assured of being a success.

Rep. Louis J. Scanlon, chairman of the committee on entertainment, reported that he was preparing an excellent program for the entertainment which will follow the speaking program. The various reports showed clearly that the preparations for the affair are progressing very favorably and further plans will be made at another meeting to be held next Thursday night.


Additional names added to the women's division were: Helen T. Riley, Margaret M. Webb, Mrs. William J. Foley, Mae McCarthy, Margaret Breen, Elizabeth A. Murphy, Mrs. William Fitzgerald, Margaret M. Daley, Mary T. Murphy, Mona Kilmurray, Mrs. Walter A. "T" Plante, Nellie F. Reban, Mrs. Katherine McCollough, Mary A. Cronin, Ethel McKee, Mrs. Robert A. Clifford, Helen T. Twomey, Mrs. Emma Jobe, Mrs. Eugene B. Griffin, Mrs. Joseph Cummings.
GOVERNOR CURLEY WILL ATTEND DEMOCRATIC CLUB BANQUET HERE

Assurance was received from Gov. James J. Curley that he will be in attendance at the banquet of the Essex County Jeffersonian Democratic club, which will be held in St. Mary's hall on Wednesday evening, Jan. 22.

Last evening at a meeting of the committee in the law office of Attorney Michael F. Cronin, plans were curtailed for the affair.

President Edmund S. Higgins of Lynn, Vice-Pres. Joseph S. Kaufman of Lynn, Treasurer Joseph W. Cassidy of Lynn, Financial Secretary James J. Donavan of Newburyport and Recording Secretary John E. Fenton officers of the county organization were present at the well attended meeting.

James Roosevelt, son of the president, has also assured the local committee that a prominent figure of the Democratic party would be present from Washington at the banquet to address the gathering.

Additional names were added to the local committee in charge. Out-of-town officers are reported as having been successful in their work in other parts of the county.

It was predicted last evening that over 500 men and women will be present at the banquet. Tickets may be obtained from any member of the various committees.

Rep Louis J. Scanlon, chairman of the entertainment committee reported that an excellent program was in the process of making and that he would have a gala program to put on after the main speaking program.


Additional names added to the women's division were: Helen T. Riley, Margaret M. Webb, Mrs. William J. Foley, Mae McCarthy, Margaret Breen, Elizabeth A. Murphy, Mrs. William Fitzgerald, Margaret M. Daley, Mary T. Murphy, Mona Kilmurray, Mrs. Walter A. Griffin, Neille F. Regan, Mrs. Katherine McCullough, Mary A. Cronin, Mrs. Ethel McKew, Mrs. Robert A. Clifford, Helen T. Twomey, Mrs. Emma Joe Mrs. Eugene B. Griffin, Mrs. Joseph Cummings.
WANTS PERMANENT FIN.COM.

REP. MacLEAN
BILL'S SPONSOR

Would Have Commission of Non-Partisan Type—Present Regime Near End

MAYOR IN ACCORD

Under Proposed Act Terms of Members Would Be for Six, Four and Two Years

The perpetuation of the Lowell finance commission and its reorganization into a bi-partisan board are the provisions of a bill introduced in the house of representatives today by Rep. Frank E. MacLean, Republican, of this city. The term of the present board expires during the latter part of June.

The bill proposes that both parties be represented on the commission, and that under the new schedule, the terms of the three commissioners appointed by the governor shall be for periods of 6, 4 and 2 years, that makes it possible for the chief executive of the commonwealth to appoint a new member every two years. The present board is non-partisan, although by circumstances and not by legal provisions, it consists of one Republican and two Democrats.

Before leaving for Boston, Rep. MacLean conferred with Mayor Dewey G. Archambault, and the latter offered the following opinion after the conference: "I think that the Lowell finance commission has moved itself of great value to the city, and that its operation has kept a state commission out of Lowell. I feel that it is of vital importance and I am heartily in accord with Rep. MacLean's bill."

The present board was founded in 1926, and was reappointed for a five-year term in 1931. The present members are Edmund M. Clun, chairman; Albert J. Blais, who is slated to resign shortly to become city treasurer; and John E. Drury. The secretary is William Trotter.

BACON SEeks TO SPLIT PARTIES

BOSTON, Jan. 10, (F)—A new political alignment of Democrats and Republicans opposed to policies of the Roosevelt administration is sought by Gaspar G. Bacon, Republican and former lieutenant-governor of Massachusetts.

He spoke highly last night of former Governor Joseph B. Ely, Democrat and outspoken New Deal critic and advocated a return to the "American constitutional system of government."

It was his first public speech since the last election campaign, when he was a candidate for governor. He was defeated by Governor James M. Curley, Democrat. He spoke at a testimonial dinner to District Attorney Edmund R. Dewing of Norfolk and Plymouth counties.

"I earnestly hope," he said, "that there may be enlisted here in Massachusetts the active assistance of all those, irrespective of party, who believe in self government as opposed to autocracy. This assistance should include not only active cooperation in the campaign, but, if this is successful, an influential voice in the councils of those chosen to lead, and participation in the solution of the difficult problems of the next administration."

"There are those in both parties who would destroy the system under which we have lived in this country these last 150 years. There are those who would at all costs fight to preserve it.

"On a question of such moment, should not those who think alike stand together irrespective of party affiliation?"
MACHINIST TO INSIST ON NO. 518 ON HIS AUTO

Six-number plates for his automobile are not satisfactory to Nicholas W. Mathey and Registrar of Motor Vehicles Frank A. Goodwin was notified yesterday by Mr. Mathey's attorney that the No. 146662, sent to his client in lieu of the No. 518, he demanded, is a violation of the order of the Supreme court of Jan. 7 last.

Mr. Mathey, who is treasurer of the Hamlin Machine Company of Lynn, recently sought a court order against Goodwin to have No. 518 returned to him. This registration was originally assigned to a Boston clothing merchant and when he died, were turned over to his sister, Miss Nellie O'Malley of Salem. She permitted their re-assignment to Mr. Mathey, who was her sister's brother and after the sister died, Miss O'Malley notified the registry that she did not want Mr. Mathey to have them.

When Mr. Mathey's case came into court this week, Registrar Goodwin notified the court that he would give Mr. Mathey "satisfactory" plates. The particular plate number desired by Mr. Mathey is now being used by Charles Machinist of Governor Curley and now an inspector of the state department of public works.

Press
Malden, Mass.
JAN 10 1936

Solved $100,000
Here by Gas Tax

(Special to the Press)
STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, Jan. 6—With a new state tax program the outstanding feature of the 1936 program drafted by Governor James M. Cur- ley, a battle looms on the continuation of the three cent gas-oline tax.

Rep. Charles W. Hedges of Quincy would repeal the additional one cent added to the existing two cent tax from year to year the extra levy to be taken from the books May 1, 1936.

With the current three cent tax, sufficient funds have been available in the past three years to transfer approximately $10,000,000 from the highway fund to the general fund, with the result that in lieu of a $218,000 state tax last year from the city of Malden the state levy was but $109,000.

BOSTON, Jan. 10, 1936-(T)—A new political alignment of Democrats and Republicans opposed to policies of the Roosevelt administration is sought by Gaspar G. Bacon, Republican and former Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts.

He spoke highly last night of former Governor Joseph B. Ely, Democrat and outspoken New Deal critic and advocate a return to the "American constitutional system of government."

It was his first public speech since the last election campaign, when he was a candidate for governor. He was defeated by Governor James M. Curley, Democrat. He spoke at a testimonial dinner to District Attorney Edmund E. Dewing of Norfolk and Plymouth counties.

"I earnestly hope," he said, "that there may be enlisted here in Massachusetts the active assistance of all those, irrespective of party, who believe in self-government as opposed to autocracy. This assistance should include not only active cooperation in the campaign but, if this is successful, an influential voice in the councils of those chosen to lead, and participation in the solution of the difficult problems of the next administration."

"There are those in both parties who would destroy the system under which we have lived in this country these last 150 years. There are those who would at all costs fight to preserve it."

"On a question of such moment, should not those who think alike stand together irrespective of party affiliation?"

Praises Ely

Bacon, who served as Lieutenant Governor during Ely's two administrations, spoke highly of the former chief executive.

"I hope it is not inappropriate for me to say a personal word about one with whom I was closely associated for four years in the State House. Although in opposite political parties, he (Ely) and I had strangely few disagreements, and I am inclined to think that on most political questions today we are not far apart," Bacon said.

"Governor Ely was a credit to the office of the Commonwealth, which he served with unwavering fidelity and marked ability. He was ever solicitous for the welfare of all the people of Massachusetts, and ever scrupulous to safeguard her good name."

BOSTON, Jan. 10, 1936—(T)—A report of an officers' meeting, held Jan. 2, was read by President Thaddeus W. Parke. He said that the executives felt that no additional legislation was needed and it was agreed to send a delegation to wait on Governor James M. Curley and William F. McCarty, public works commissioner, sometime after Jan. 23.

The delegation will include three senators, 12 representatives and five members of the Middlesex Turnpike Association. Details of the proposed conference will be arranged by Senator William F. McCarthy, who will head the group.

Directors elected to the association's board last night included Thomas E. Murray of Burlington, C. George Armstrong of Chelmsford, Mr. Brown of Billerica and John E. Mitchell of Arlington, a member of the board of public works in that city.

The terminus debate was carried on by Mr. Mitchell of Arlington and Mr. Monahan of Arlington Heights. Timothy Shea, also of Arlington Heights, supported Mr. Monahan. Another speaker was Mr. Estabrook of the Arlington Planning board.

George T. Walsh, secretary of the association, announced that 4500 names had been secured for the turnpike petition. He urged that additional names be obtained by directors before time of the conference with Governor Curley and Commissioner Callahan.

Mr. Parke announced the next meeting will be held in the Chamber of Commerce rooms here, Jan. 23, at 8 p.m. It will be the final session before the conference with the governor.
JUNIOR DEMOCRATS HEAR

Over two score of young democrats braved the inclement weather of last evening to listen to one of the chieftains of Democracy in Massachusetts at a meeting of the Junior Democratic Crusaders at Leominster. William Blanchette, president of the Crusaders, was in charge.

In addition to the many from Middleboro, visitors were also present from Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, North Abington, Rockland and Wareham.

The principal speaker for this occasion was Hon. Charles H. McClue, present State Chairman of the Massachusetts Democratic party, Honorary President of the Junior Democratic Crusaders; and was campaign manager for Governor Curley in 1934.

The other speakers were John H. Auliffe, state organizer of the Junior Democratic Crusaders and James Houlihan of this town.

Following the business meeting, general dancing was enjoyed to the tunes of Houlihan's Troubadors.

PLUNKETT AGAIN KRAPF'S TARGET

Alleges Senator Intends to "Sell Out Again"

TO GOV. CURLEY

Dalton Man, Believed to Have Eye on Solon's Seat, Claims Latter is "Niggardly."

Lieut. Col. George W. Krapt of Dalton, who announced his candidacy as a candidate for the Republican nomination of state senator is expected any day now delivered another blast yesterday at his favorite opponent, State Senator Theodore R. Plunkett of Adams. At the same time he repeated his challenge to the senator to meet him in debate on a public platform and "pay all the expenses and make all the arrangements for a discussion of his votes on different measures."

Reiterating his belief that Senator Plunkett "sold out" to Governor Curley last year Lieut. Col. Krapt gave his opinion, based on a recent speech of the senator's in North Adams, that he intends to do so again.

"Everyone knows that at this session of the legislature James Michael Curley will ask for another bond issue of millions of dollars to rebuild state institutions," said Mr. Krapt. "And evidently Senator Plunkett will play James in again. But everyone does not know," he added, "that at the last session a $7,000,000 bond issue to build these state institutions was turned down by Curley and the politicians of both parties in favor of a $13,000,000 Curley political bond issue."

"Now I would like to ask Mr. Plunkett whether state prisons and insane asylums were not needed last year more than the cheap sidewalks which are now being built. Thirteen million dollars of the state's money did not go very far anyway for the federal government's social security act, so why does he pretend that he is the proposer of such a proposition?"

"In order to show his sincerity, I challenge Mr. Plunkett to openly denounce James Michael Curley for his spending proclivities, or utter one word of condemnation with relation to any of his activities, such as the promise to the Southern Berkshire people to get them a $10,000,000 recreational project before election. It is no secret that in the last campaign the slogan 'Curley and Plunkett' was heard in parts of his district. This 'sincere Republican' state senator has even secured political jobs for Democrats the past year. What Republicans did he favor through his influence with James Michael Curley?"

"I am not criticizing the governor for anything but his spendthrift policies, nor am I criticizing the Democratic party. But I cannot be too severe towards a man who is enrolled in the Republican party and plays the other side in order to get political rewards."

CURLEY APPROVES BUY-AMERICAN

BOSTON, Jan. 10 (INS)—Returning from Washington today, Governor James M. Curley approved the buy-American campaign suggested by the Necessities of Life Division.

A $1,000 fine would be levied against county, town or city purchasing agents who failed to give preference to Massachusetts-made goods.

CAUCUS CONSIDERS OUSTER OF CONROY

BOSTON, Jan. 9 (AP)—Republican members of the State Senate in caucus late today discussed a bill designed to oust State Senator William S. Conroy (D) of Fall River from the State Industrial Accident Board.

The caucus took no action.

The bill, drawn by State Senator Donald W. Nicholson of Wareham (R) would reduce the number of members of the board from seven to six.

Conroy was recently appointed to the board by Governor James M. Curley (D). Because state law forbids a person from drawing two salaries from the state, Conroy, obtained a leave of absence from the board so that he would not have to give up his Senate seat.

Nicholson said if the board can perform its duties with one of the members absent the six months, the membership of the board should be reduced.

The caucus also discussed asking the Supreme Court whether the board has the right to grant a leave of absence to one of its members.
REQUEST CURLEY TO OUST KENNEY

Berkshire Sportsmen
Want "More Competent Man"

THEY WIRE

Meanwhile Director of Fisheries and Game Announces Expansion Plans.

Pittsfield, Mass., Jan. 10—(A.P.)—A request that Governor Curley appoint a "more competent man than R. J. Kenney as director of fisheries and game" was telegraphed to the Chief Executive today by the Berkshire county league of sportsmen.

Among the criticisms made against the state director were: that he spent license money for promoting the commercial industry of lobster and oyster fishing; that of 25,000 pheasants put out in Massachusetts only a small proportion was distributed in Berkshire county; that the majority of these were immature, and that he was neither a hunter nor fisherman and had little practical knowledge of or interest in sport.

Plans Expansion

Boston, Jan. 10—(A.P.)—Extensive expansion and improvement of several of the state's game farms and fish hatcheries is in progress, Director Raymond J. Kenney of the division of fisheries and game reported today.

He said the progress would permit a greatly increased output of game birds, animals and fish.

IN DEFENSE OF THE PAROLE BOARD

To the Editor of The Standard-Times:

At the investigation of the Parole Board by the Governor and Council, the most important factor in granting paroles, is either overlooked or cast aside as relatively unimportant by the parties instituting the complaints. The statement by Richard Olney, Chairman of the Parole Board, that in granting paroles "he considered public interest and safety as the primary object, the prisoners conduct while in prison, secondarily," in my humble opinion, leaves the complainants without a leg to stand on in respect to their charge that the Parole Board is ineffective, inefficient, and mainly responsible for the recent prison outbreaks.

It is my contention that the prisons of Massachusetts are maintained for the purpose of punishing wrongdoers, and while the social rehabilitation of prisoners is very desirable, the prisoner's ability and willingness to contribute towards the maintenance of public safety, should, and must be the paramount issue before the prison gates are opened for his or her release. Very little faith can be placed in the statement that the parole system, as exemplified by the present Parole Board, is responsible, for the recent prison outbreaks. It is my opinion that when this phase of the matter is finally thrashed out and the full truth known, the public will draw the conclusion that laxity of supervision, and internal dissension in the various institutions are mainly responsible for these serious upheavals. Replying to the complaint that the board should base its decisions upon the prisoner's record while in confinement, Mr. Olney states: "To judge a prisoner by his prison record alone, would be a grave mistake. If a man's previous record proves that upon his release he will immediately resume his criminal career, and again become a menace to society, that man is not worthy of parole, though his prison record be immaculate."

A statement of this kind made in the face of adverse conditions typifies conscientious courage and a willingness to carry on for the public's interest, despite hell, high water, and grasping politicians. Congratulations, Mr. Olney. The public service of the Commonwealth needs more men like you.

Edward J. Regan.

691 Cottage Street.
Curley Says $1,800,000 Award

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 (AP).—Assurance of a Federal contribution of $1,800,000 toward the construction of a new $5,000,000 Suffolk County Courthouse in Boston was announced tonight by Governor James M. Curley of Massachusetts following a conference with the President.

The project was called to the President's attention early today by Representative John W. McCormack of Boston, who urged that Federal funds be made available despite an earlier rejection of the project by the PWA and WPA.

McCormack said the President appeared interested in and familiar with the courthouse proposition. This afternoon Governor Curley also advocated allocation of Federal funds for the courthouse, and said afterward that $1,800,000 would be supplied by the Federal Government, with the city of Boston to pay 70 per cent of the remaining cost and the Commonwealth the other 30 per cent.

The Governor, who came here to attend last night's Jackson Day dinner, also discussed with Secretary Dern the possibility of enlarging the Boston airport and was told by the War Department aeronautics division that everything would be straightened out all right.

Curley said tonight he would recommend that the Army Air Base ultimately be located in New England under the Wilcox bill that passed at the last session of Congress be placed on Governor's Island in Boston harbor.

"This island," Curley said, "represents an investment of the Government of $7,500,000 and has advantages over other any site on the Atlantic coast."

Curley, as Mayor of Boston and later as Governor, has advocated that the East Boston Airport and Governor's Island, separated only by a narrow channel, be connected.

The Governor, who already announced as a candidate for the Senate seat held by Marcus Cooledge, when asked if the President slipped in New England, replied:

"You have to ask a Republican. I don't think he has slipped at all. I think he is stronger in Massachusetts than he has ever been."

WPA PAYMENTS BY THE WEEK TO BE CONSIDERED

BOSTON, Jan. 10 (AP).—Governor James M. Curley announced today that Harry L. Hopkins, Federal WPA Administrator, had agreed to consider making weekly payments instead of fortnightly payments to WPA workers in Massachusetts. There have been numerous complaints within the past two months from WPA workers whose pay has been delayed.

Hopkins, the Governor added, also agreed to consider reducing WPA requirements so that only 25 per cent of persons employed could be supplied from groups not on relief rolls. The Governor asked that the percentage be reduced to 10 per cent.

WORLD WAR I

Pittsfield, Mass.

EAGLE

JAN 10 1936

JAN 10 1936

CURLEY SAYS FED. GOVT.WILL HELP ON NEW COURT HOUSE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 (AP).—Confident Boston will get $1,800,000 from the Federal Government toward a new $5,000,000 Suffolk County Court House, Governor James M. Curley of Massachusetts today boosted the advantages of an army air base on Governor's Island, Boston Harbor.

The Governor announced assurance of the Federal Court House contribution after a conference with the President yesterday.

He said that $1,800,000 would be supplied by the Federal Government with 70 per cent of the remaining cost to come from the city of Boston and 30 per cent from the State.

Curley said he would recommend that the army air base to be located in New England under the Wilcox bill be placed on Governor's Island in Boston Harbor.

"The island," he said, "represents an investment of the government of $7,500,000 and has advantages over any other site on the Atlantic Coast."

The Governor has advocated the East Boston Airport and Governor's Island, separated only by a narrow channel, be connected.

The Wilcox bill was passed at the last session of Congress.
BERKSHIRE SPORTSMEN ASK GOVERNOR TO OUST KENNEY AND NAME “COMPETENT” MAN

Director of Fisheries and Game Charged With Using License Money for Benefit of Lobster Fishing, With Failing To Properly Investigate Deer Conditions in East End of State and With Not Giving Enough Pheasants to This County

A telegram asking Governor Curley to appoint "a more competent man than R. J. Kenney as director of Fisheries and Game" was sent to Boston last night as the outgrowth of a vote taken at a meeting of the Berkshire County League of Sportsmen.

The vote to make the request of the Governor represented the stand of six of the 13 county sportsmen's clubs in the league and formed the outstanding item of business of the meeting, which was held last evening in the headquarters of the Pittsfield club. Approximately 30 were present.

Among the criticisms of Kenney which were voiced at the meeting were that he had spent license money for promoting the commercial industry of lobster and oyster fishing; that of the 25,000 pheasants put out in Massachusetts, an undue small proportion was distributed in Berkshire County, and the majority of these were so immature that predators easily picked them up; that the Director failed to make a proper investigation of deer conditions in an Eastern county, notwithstanding the protest of the sportsmen of that area; that he was neither a hunter nor a fisherman and had little practical knowledge or interest in the sport.

Also of major importance was a vote to urge every member club to pay a bounty of $1 on grey foxes and weasels and to instigate a movement for legislation which would have the State pay a similar bounty.

Among the other votes taken at the meeting were the following: That the bill for $100,000 to increase the fish and game be rejected; that the open season on hunting be shortened by shifting the opening date from Oct. 1 to Oct. 20; that present pickerel law remain unchanged. The last vote was the result of agitation in favor of raising the minimum length from 12 to 14 inches and the decreasing of the bag limit from 10 to 5.

BERKSHIRE MAN GETS AWARD FOR POTATO-GROWING

Alfred E. Bardette, formerly of Dalton and now of Charlemont was awarded a silver trophy at the Union Agricultural Meetings in Worcester yesterday for placing third in the annual potato-growing contest conducted by the State Department of Agriculture. His yield was 438 bushels to the acre. The award was made by Commissioner Howard H. Murphy.

Attendance at the second day's meetings of the three-day event totalled 4300 with Lieut-Gov. Joseph L. Hurley as a guest of honor.

The Lieutenant Governor urged that farmers advertise Massachusetts products in a big way, predicting greater prosperity if this is done.

State Auditor Thomas H. Buckley told the agriculturists they would do well to enlarge their markets and increase their products. He said that expert salesmanship such as Commissioner of Agriculture Howard H. Murphy is capable of conducting will take care of any over-production.

Lieut-Gov. Hurley assured his listeners that if they would bring their problems to the attention of Commissioner Murphy or the office of Gov. Curley they would be properly attended to.

He declared that there is no other State in the Union that raises better apples than Massachusetts and he wondered why tomatoes, asparagus, celery, lettuce and tobacco that is raised in this State could not be merchandised as well as the goods in the drygoods stores. He also pleaded for cooperation between the farmers and the State House saying that success would be the reward.

ELY STATEMENT BRINGS REPLY FROM CURLEY

BOSTON, Jan. 10 (P).—Abolition of all statutory powers and duties now vested in the Executive Council was sought yesterday by Rep. Thomas A. Dorgan, of Boston, in a bill filed in the House of Representatives.

He would give the Council powers to the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.

"If the Legislature won’t do something in the near future," said Dorgan, father of the controversial Teachers' Oath Law, "we might as well pack up and turn over the General Court to the Council."

His bill would limit the powers of the Council to the appointment of justices and notaries.

Abolition of another unit of State Government, the State Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission, was asked in a bill filed by Senator Joseph A. Langone, Jr., of Boston.

He would transfer the Commission’s powers and duties to local licensing authorities.

EAGLE
Pittsfield, Mass.
JAN 10 1936

ELY STATEMENT
BOSTON, Jan. 10 (P).—Governor James M. Curley, commenting today on the statement of former Governor Joseph B. Ely that the nomination of Gaspar G. Bacon, unsuccessful candidate for Governor against Curley in 1934, who recently said that both Democrats and Republicans who believed in the preservation of the Constitution should be unpledged, said:—

"Is Mr. Ely speaking for the Republican party? I should judge he might very well be doing so."

He said he also referred to a statement of Gaspar G. Bacon, unsuccessful candidate for Governor against Curley in 1934, who recently said that both Democrats and Republicans who believed in the preservation of the Constitution should unite.

"It is clearly the duty of Massachusetts Democracy, to have a pledged delegation supporting the nomination of Mr. Roosevelt," said the Governor.

Former Governor Ely, who nominated Alfred E. Smith for President in 1928, recently said he would back Smith for the Presidential nomination again if the former New York State Governor desired to run.
SEN. COOLIDGE IS SUED FOR $1000 FOR POSTER WORK

BOSTON, Jan. 10 (g'').—A suit for $1000 was brought against United States Senator Marcus A. Coolidge (D) of Fitchburg yesterday in Suffolk Superior Court by Mrs. Mary J. Donnelly.

The suit disclosed Mrs. Donnelly, mother-in-law of Governor James M. Curley's daughter, sought the money as executrix of the estate of Edward C. Donnelly, of the John C. Donnelly & Son Advertising Company.

The suit contended Coolidge was furnished 20 illuminated panels during his campaign in October, 1930. He paid $1000 in April, 1931, and $500 in August of that year, but still owed $1000, the suit set forth.

Curley has announced he would seek the Senate seat now held by Coolidge.

CHRONICLE
Reading, Mass.

JAN 10 1936

REP. SWEETSER WOULD RETAIN DIRECTOR KENNEY

Rep. Mollie A. Sweetser has joined with other members of the House in petitioning Governor James M. Curley to re-appoint Raymond F. Kenny of Belmont as director of the division of fish and game in the State Department of Conservation. The petition is being circulated by Rep. O. D. MacLellan of Belmont.

The Budget's telephone has been ringing incessantly; scores of letters have been received, also personal calls to this office by interested folks upon the status of the Boston Elevated purchase bill. Your guess on when the Elevated will make its entry here is as good as anybody's. Why not write to the Governor. He, it is said, "holds the key to the situation."

Although the national and state campaigns are ten months away, political rumblings and whispering are heard of proposed candidates for the various offices. The principal discussion is about the United States Senate berth. Governor Curley is said to be an avowed candidate. He will in all probability receive the Democratic nomination. Prominently mentioned as Republican primary candidates are Rep. Henry Cabot Lodge, former Mayor Sinclair Weeks of Newton, and a number of other distinguished sons of the Commonwealth. Rumors were current the past week that Registrar of Motor Vehicles Frank Goodwin and former State Auditor Alonzo Cook may also be drawn into the senatorial fight as Republican candidates. There is sure to be plenty of candidates in this fight and a hot campaign is assured.

The voters are waiting anxiously to hear from former Governor Alvan T. Fuller, whether or not he will enter the political arena. It is believed by many, both Republicans and Democrats, that the former Governor could have his choice in the Republican primary for either the gubernatorial or senatorial nomination and predictions are that Fuller's nomination would tend to sweep the State for the Republican party both in the State and national elections.
STATE SELECTMEN ASSN.
FAVORS BIENNIAL SESSIONS

Chairman of Selectmen, J. Warren Killam, Selectman Newell Morton and Representative Mollie A. Sweetser were in attendance last Friday and Saturday at the meeting of the Massachusetts Selectmen's Association.

With a decided division among the ranks, Massachusetts selectmen meeting in annual convention last Friday, endorsed the pending constitutional amendment for biennial sessions of the state legislature. The vote was 50 to 20.

Warnings of entrenchment by state departments on local self-government featured the opposition battle to ward off a decisive vote by the town officials.

State W. P. A. administrator Arthur G. Rotch tossed a bombshell into the session declaring workers from neighboring cities and towns would continue to be employed in adjacent towns on sidewalks and farm-to-market road projects.

Warning selectmen to draft their town budgets for 1936 with ample margin in the reserve fund to meet needed appropriations later in the year for special works programs, was made by Theodore N. Waddell, state director of accounts.

"The need for a reserve fund is greater today than at any time in the past," Waddell told the selectmen.

Governor James M. Curley called on the selectmen to stand back of his new tax proposals, offering a two dollar reduction in the local tax rate in return for a bonded indebtedness to the state.

The heavy expense in handling the many government projects is being shown daily through the Metropolitan press, and it's amazing to note the extravagance which the over-burdened taxpayers are compelled to meet with increased taxation. May I quote from the Boston Post, a Democratic organ, which says in its editorial under date of Jan. 8, in part, "Outgrowing Washington they are considering moving some of the government buildings to Baltimore. Under Secretary Ickes the government has taken over 2,500,000 extra feet of space on privately owned buildings." Think of the federal government not being able to house its employees and yet there is no war. Mr. Tugwell's resettlement project has more than 15 buildings with more to come. The general accounting office needs 10 buildings to do its work. Now comes an invasion of the Social Security Board which is making its way to Washington with thousands of employees. Then there is the coal commission. I could go on for hours telling of the vast government expenditure.

Think of the heavy government expense that must be met in taxes now that the AAA has been declared illegal by the Supreme Court. Flour will take a drop of $1.40 a barrel, pork, potatoes and the high cost of living will eventually be reduced.

Our Commonwealth should also practice economy. It is a joke to preach economy when everybody knows that this is an era of spending. The Governor went to Washington for more money and took an escort of three men. Who pays the bills? The taxpayers, you may suppose.

Do you realize that our state county and city governments are costing the taxpayers in Massachusetts more than a million dollars a day.

A visit to the State House at a hearing on the Parole Board was very interesting and many folks enjoyed Councillor Coakley, reading from the Boston Traveler and asking questions about politics. J. Edgar Hoover, director of the federal Bureau of Investigation, on the subject of parole boards, says "The Parole Board of today is becoming one of the major menaces of America." That is from a man who knows.

It is about time that the people of Massachusetts took an active interest in their government. Let us first find a worthy man for the position, not the position for the man. Let us see that public hearings are held and that the public have a right to be heard. Many folks are afraid to speak in fear of being ridiculed by these high priced lawyers who represent the state.

May I urge upon all citizens to attend the meetings when possible and learn what is going on. The Finance Commission was to be abolished by the Governor when he took office: also the Governor's Council. A majority of the members of the Governor's Council are friends of the Governor and there is no thought of dismissal now. Why?
In accordance with the legislative act the "last word" on the Boston Elevated Bill transferring the property of the Chelsea Division of the Eastern Massachusetts Street Railway Co., to the Boston Elevated should rest with the decision of the State Public Utilities Commission. Has this commission made a decision either favorable or unfavorable? Not one member of the State Public Utilities Commission has so far dared to commit himself. Why?

According to information received from a reliable source, Governor Curley is said to be studying and considering what action he will take upon the bill. Isn't it reasonable to wonder why the Governor of our Commonwealth didn't carefully examine this important measure before it reached its final stage. The State Legislature passed the Boston Elevated Purchase Bill. The stockholders of the Boston Elevated and the trustees of the Eastern Massachusetts Street Railway and the Metropolitan Transit Commission all favored the measure, and the Public Utilities Commission, which, according to the act, was to say the "last word," after a duration of more than a month is still silent.

The people of this community are not asking for any special privileges in their efforts to secure the service of the Boston Elevated—they are demanding that they be served with proper transit conditions to their homes and businesses, and that the people in the Greater Boston area may be able to bring their families to "New England's Playground" for recreation—a place which has been set aside for that purpose and is under the jurisdiction of our Commonwealth.

It is hardly conceivable or believable that at this time any reason should exist to defer this transit problem which vitally effects the people of Massachusetts, and that the people of this community should be forced to continue to suffer from the effects of this most abominable transit delay and intolerable transit service.

His Excellency, James M. Curley, it is said, holds the key to the situation. If true, may the Budget plead with His Excellency in the interest of the suffering people in this city who are lacking proper transportation, and in the interest of the real estate owners, who are burdened with vacant houses, stores and a vast area of undeveloped land, which, if improved transit conditions prevailed, that these many handicaps be eliminated.

May His Excellency consider the conditions that exist in this city, that he may retain the good will which the people of this community have always held towards him. May he in his wisdom look upon the situation from a humanitarian viewpoint and give the people of this community and the Commonwealth that which they deserve—IMPROVED TRANSPORTATION.

MORE BOSTON ELEVATED EXPOSE NEXT WEEK
BE SURE TO GET YOUR COPY OF NEXT WEEK'S BUDGET!
MAJOR MANSFIELD
HOPES TO CUT
DOWN CITY DEBT
Roxbury's Number One Citizen Intends to Effect Economies to Aid Homeowners

Roxbury's Mayor of Boston, Frederick W. Mansfield gave residents their first real word of encouragement in several years this week when he outlined a plan to stabilize tax and debt conditions so that the tax rate will at least not rise higher than it is at present and the net City debt will be reduced.

At the same time, the former Roxbury citizen, now Governor of the Commonwealth, James M. Curley, outlined plans for the Commonwealth, being forced to announce that many new taxes will be necessary in order to carry out his program.

These new taxes would include two more cents on a package of cigarettes, additional tax on gasoline, extra tax on alcohol, and a tax on slot machines.

Mayor Mansfield's plans which cheered local home owners and business men who are acquainted with the difficult time he has had keeping the City government functioning during the depression, calls for a reduction in the net city debt and a budget control of expenses to effect stabilization.

Many local business men have been forced to the wall as a result of high valuation of property and constantly increasing taxes in recent years while home owners have borne the brunt of the ever increasing cost of government.

In explaining his new program for the City, Mayor Mansfield said: "As the first step in launching this rehabilitation program, I propose to reduce substantially the net debt in 1936. During the year we will retire $8,627,000 of the funded debt. It will be my purpose to limit new indebtedness to the amount required for P. W. A. projects herefore authorized but not issued, together with a limited amount for welfare loans. The latter will be limited to an amount substantially less than half of this year's loans."

During the next five years Boston will retire $37,000,000 of its present bonded indebtedness. If this policy is followed in subsequent years and new issues limited to emergencies, it should be possible to reduce the bonded debt to a point where future borrowings could be eliminated altogether, and the city placed on a pay-as-you-go basis. This would save millions in interest payments.

"The city will do its part to keep the tax rate at $37 per $1000 of assessed valuation in 1936, the same as in 1935 despite reduced assessed valuations. In this move the city will need the cooperation of all taxing units whose rates are included in this cumulative tax levy. In 1935 the portion of the city levy required for city debt service and maintenance purposes was $22.58, for school maintenance $9.35, for the city's share of the state tax, $2.93 and for county debt and maintenance $2.14.

"To accomplish these ends, that is to decrease substantially borrowings and yet keep the tax rate from rising despite decreasing valuations, an increase in sources of revenue other than the real estate tax must be developed and substantial retrenchments made. New revenues, to some extent, are expected from the Commonwealth while other funds will be obtained by more strenuous collection of available income or by the revision of existing sources. Retrenchments to be recommended will be such as can most readily be made to meet the demands of the situation?"

Mayor Mansfield said his program can be carried out without discharging permanent employees or reducing their salaries.
Westfield, North Hadley and Charlemont Men Get Trophies at Meeting in Worcester

DAIRY COOPERATIVES PRIZED BY LAMB

Representative of Springfield Bank Is Speaker; Officers Elected by Several Farm Groups

Aspecial to The Springfield Union

Worcester, Jan. 19—Three Western Massachusetts agriculturists, A. E. Fowler of Westfield, Joseph Tudry of North Hadley and A. E. Burdette of Charlemont, were awarded silver trophies by Cooperation Commissioner Howard H. Murphy. In recognition by the Massachusetts Department of Agriculture for valuable service extended during the past year, the Union Agricultural Meeting banquet in the Bancroft Hotel tonight. Mr. Tudry was awarded the first trophy of raising 592 bushels of potatoes per acre in the 366-bushel potato contest conducted by the Massachusetts Horticultural Society. Mr. Tudry, who raised 163 bushels per acre and third prize went to Mr. Burdette who harvested 438 bushels per acre.

A certificate of merit was awarded to Harold Bernard Rogers of Haverhill, a graduate of the normal School, who by his energy, perseverance and integrity has made an outstanding success in market gardening.

A silver medal was presented to Miss Jessie Jackson of Westwood, and by her perseverance, faithfulness and ability has been an outstanding member and leader in 4-H Club activities. Raymond Harrington of North Davenport, who was given a silver medal because of his constant effort has been a faithful member, worthy example and loyal leader in 4-H poultry club work.

The banquet was largely attended by farmers. And their wives from the western part of the State in this vicinity.

Arthur C. Pillsbury of Berkley, Cal., gave an illustrated talk on “Miracles in Nature,” with the aid of motion pictures. Music was furnished by Don McCullough’s orchestra. The program was sung by Norma G. Edmonds.

Attended by 430

The second day’s session of the Union Agricultural Meeting was nearly tripled in attendance, there being 430 present.

Advertise the produce raised on the Massachusetts farms in a big way and more prosperity will be enjoyed by the farmers, was advocated by Lieut. Gov.

Joseph L. Hurley, who represented Gov. James M. Curley at the 18th annual banquet in the Bancroft Hotel tonight.

State Auditor Thomas H. Buckley told the agriculturists they would do well to enlarge their markets and to bridge the gap between the producers and the consumers. He also said that export salesmanship such as Commissioner of Agriculture Howard H. Murphy has been capable of conducting will take care of any over-production.

Lieut. Gov. Hurley assured his listeners that if they would bring their problems to the attention of Commissioner Murphy and he would not attend to them they could come up to the office of Gov. Curley and they would be properly attended to.

He said that there is no other State in the Union that raises better apples than Massachusetts and he wondered why tomatoes, asparagus, celery and tobacco that is raised in this State could not be merchandised as well as the goods in the drygoods stores. He also pleaded for cooperation between the farmers and the State House and urged would be the good example of Lieut. Gov. Hurley’s talk the awards of medals and certificates to the winners in various agricultural contests conducted the past year were made by the lieutenant-governor.

George Lamb, representing Springfield Bank for Cooperatives speaking on “Value of Getting Together” at the Union Agricultural Association tri the Northeast has developed the dairy industry rests in a great measure in the hands of these cooperatives,” said Mr. Lamb. “It is of vital importance that we forget our selfish interests and cease to work for selfish advantages. State lines must be abolished as far as the dairy industry is concerned.”

He also said that within a comparatively few years, agricultural co-operation in the Northeast has developed to a point where a neighboring working together of farmers in threshing and silage making will oil the wheels of country production. The farmer has entered the financial field, and today through the Farm Credit Administration in Springfield, over 115,900 farms in New England, New York and New Jersey are solving together their credit problems. W. H. Bronson, statistician for the N. E. M. P. A. addressing the dairy association said that the outlook for dairymen to get better prices for their milk is good, provided their organization will cooperate. State said the price of butter was high, milk is not plentiful which makes an economic background for the increase in price of milk.

“The only thing that will prevent higher prices for New England milk is a slightly smaller output of the co-operative organization to work together,” he said.

At the end of the conference of the dairymen’s associations being held in Boston today to decide what action it should take in regard to the decision of the Supreme Court on the AAA problem.

There were sung by Normal G. Erdrman. A social hour followed and tea was served.


The awards were made by the judges, J. K. Shaw of Amherst and E. L. Davenport, Worcester, in the apple show exhibit today:

Plate of Baldwin—Class 1, first, A. D. Keown, Jr. West Berlin; second, Myron S. Wheeler, Berlin; third, Parker Brothers, Fiskdale, fourth, Keown’s Orchards, Sutton.

Plate of McIntoshes—First, A. D. Keown, Jr. West Berlin; second, E. C. Howard, Belchertown; third, G. H. Trask; fourth, Lester Allen, Fall River.


Class 5, Rhode Island Greening—first, A. D. Keown Orchards; second, Lester Allen; third, E. C. Howard; fourth, Parker Brothers.

Class 6, Court House—first, E. C. Howard; second, Lester Allen; third, F. R. and G. H. Trask; fourth, Parker Brothers.

Class 7, Rome Beauty—first, Lester Allen; second, E. C. Howard; third, Roger Benis, Spencer; fourth, Parker Brothers.

Class 8, Stayman Winesap—first, A. E. Graves, Rochdale; second, Emil Schilkenschmidt; third, John R. Howe.

Class 9, Wagner—first, A. D. Keown, Jr. West Berlin; second, Keown’s Orchards; third, F. R. and G. H. Trask; fourth, Parker Brothers.


Class 11, The told of the Supreme Court—first, Allen; second, E. C. Howard; second, P. R. and G. H. Trask; fourth, Roger Benis.

Apples, Class 49, Baldwin—first, A. D. Keown, Jr. West Berlin; second, Myron S. Wheeler, Berlin; third, Parker Brothers.

Class 12, Collection of Plates of Fruit, Five Varieties—first, Keown Orchards; second, Lester Allen; third, Allen; fourth, P. R. and G. H. Trask; fourth, Roger Benis.

Class 13, Delicious—first, A. E. Graves; second, Emil Schilkenschmidt; third, Lester Allen.

Class 14, McIntosh—first, F. R. and G. H. Trask; second, A. D. Keown, Jr.; third, Keown Orchards.

Class 15, Delicious—first, A. E. Graves; second, Emil Schilkenschmidt; third, Lester Allen.

Class 16, Northern Spy—first, Keown’s Orchards; second, A. E. Graves; third, Parker Brothers.
Land Use Planning in State Forests.

At the afternoon session at 1.30 Prof. Herbert A. Warfel will speak on "Restoration of Wild Life." Raymond J. Kennedy, director of Division of Fisheries and Game, will speak on "Landowner and Sportsman." Forest pictures will be shown by C. L. Woodman. The session will close with a talk on "Problem of Providing Public Hunting and Fishing," by Arnold E. Howard.

Potato Association

The State Potato and Owners' Association which meets for the first time with the Union Agricultural Meeting will go into session at 10 a.m. with H. W. Donaldson of the State College speaking on "Sprays and Fertilizers as They Affect Potato Yields."

Summer R. Parker of the State College will be heard on "The Potato Control Program for Massachusetts." Officers for the year will be elected at the closing of the forenoon session.

B. Adams, director of markets, Hartford, Ct., will open the afternoon session at 1.30 with a talk on "Marketing Practices for 1936." E. F. Connolly of Amherst will be another speaker. C. F. Dutton of Boston Regional Produce Market and Joseph Deck of Wayland will also speak.

The State Department of Agriculture and United States Bureau of Fisheries cooperating will meet at 10 a.m. in Dean hall. Women's Club building, Raymond Sullivan will preside.

A demonstration will be given by Miss Anne's, assisted by Mrs. H. McMahon,division of markets. Motion pictures of the fishing industry will be shown.

A fire fighting conference will open at 10.30 a.m. with Hon. Paul G. Kirk, state commissioner of Public Safety, presiding. W. H. Miner, vice-president of the State Senate, will speak on "Fire Losses and Causes." Capt. A. L. Hunton will address the gathering on "Oil Burners and Fuel Oil." "Eelectrical Equipment" will be the subject of the talk by G. L. Dennis of the State board of electrical examiners. Daniel D. Pierne of Arlington will talk on "Housekeeping."

"Construction." This is the subject of the talk by George C. Parsons, chief

PAYS TRIBUTE

EVE. UNION

BOSTON, Jan. 10 (AP)—A new political alignment of Democrats and Republicans opposed to policies of the Roosevelt administration is sought by

Also Urges New Political Alignment of Democrats and Republicans to Oppose Roosevelt.

GASPAR BACON PAYS TRIBUTE TO ELY RECORD

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GASPAR BACON PAYS TRIBUTE TO ELY RECORD

Also Urges New Political Alignment of Democrats and Republicans to Oppose Roosevelt.
Democrats, Including the State Leaders, Turn Out in Force to Honor Councillor Burdick

Massachusetts Democracy was out in full force last night at the Hotel Clinton where Attorney-General H. Burdick, newest member of the governor's council, was honored with a testimonial banquet. Despite the very poor weather, the crowd was so large that the hall was inadequately, and tables for 50 persons had to be set in a nearby room.

Lieutenant Governor Joseph F. Hurley, State Treasurer Charles F. Hurley and State Auditor Thomas H. Buckley were among the officials present.

A strong note was sounded for party solidarity, as Kathleen F. Moynihan of the judge offered to support Mr Burdick at the next election. Praises were heard for the national administration; the state administration, and the honored guest, and prophecies were made that the Democrats would continue to pursue the policies of Franklin D. Roosevelt in getting the country out of the depression, would be vindicated by the voters.

One of the most successful of the speakers last night was Edward Cooley, president of the Franklin D. Roosevelt club. Distinguished though Mr Cooley may be, he caused State Treasurer Hurley, who followed him, to say he wished he could command half as much as he did. Cooley made a special tribute to Mr Burdick for assisting in building up the Roosevelt club, and was successful in being elected to the House of Representatives. "Our real job is to return him to office next fall." Kenefiek took a rap at the local Republican administration, charging that only 2,500 men are now occupied on WPA projects instead of the 4,500 that should be working. This he declared was due to the lack of projects being provided. Mr Kenefiek presented Burdick with a pen and a drawing of himself by two members of the club.

John B. Diggins, the toastmaster, started off by introducing Chairman Thomas J. Costello of the county commission. Mr Costello, in turn, referred to the need for returning Mr Burdick this fall. He said that, so far as he knew, there was no member of the district court, John Dugan, P. J. Mitchell, Paul Ezekiel, former Alderman Gerald Foley and Rev. John Keefe, exalted ruler of the Elks.

The committee in charge was headed by Thomas M. Phillips.

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REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.

JAN 10, 1936

CURLEY PROMISED U.S. AID IN BUILDING NEW COURTHOUSE

Guts President's Assurance of $1,800,000 for Suffolk County Structure—Meets Other Officials

From The Republican's Washington Bureau

Washington, Jan. 9—Gov James M. Curley, who arrived in the capital yesterday to attend the national Jack- son day dinner, remained today to discuss his presidential programs with the President and to call for conferences at several government bureaus.

Curley assured President Roosevelt assured him the federal government would finance the proposed new Suffolk County Courthouse to the extent of $1,800,000. The remainder of the cost will be borne by the state, county and municipality, with the latter financing all building operations, with the state, county and city each paying one-third of the cost.

Calling on Secretary of War Dern, Gov Curley pointed out to him the advantages of enlarging the East Boston airport by connecting it with Governor's island. Dern promised to dispatch aeronautical division engineering to inspect the site. Tonight the Massachusetts governor said he was hopeful that the East Boston airport would be selected as an armament storage and control center in the Wilcox bill enacted at the first session of the present Congress. His second choice for an air base in New England would be near Springfield, at Agawam, Curley said. Later in the day, Gov Curley asked Works Progress Administrator Harry L. Hopkins to investigate strikes among WPA workers throughout the country.

The governor also requested certain important public works officials, whom he declined to name, to expedite work on the Old Habor Village low-cost housing project. Cur- ley said he felt work was lagging on the project but believed the new buildings would progress rapidly after his conferences today.
G. O. P. Members Discuss Measure Aimed at Conroy

No Action Taken in Caucus on Bill to Reduce by One Accident Board Membership

(Special to The Springfield Union)

BOSTON, Jan. 9 — A Republican caucus of members of the Massachusetts Senate, with President James J. Moran attending, was held this afternoon to discuss action on a bill, timed at Senator William S. Conroy of Fall River, to reduce the membership of the State Industrial Accident Board by one member.

Conroy was recently appointed to the board by Gov. James M. Curley. Under an opinion of the Senate clerk, the board voted to grant Conroy a leave of absence during the session of the Legislature. The law provides that a member must devote his entire time to his duties as a board member and there is the further fact that Conroy would be unable to draw two State salaries.

Senator Donald W. Nicholson of Wachusett, who has engaged in many verbal tilts with Senator Conroy over their entire legislative career, is to file the bill which was discussed at the caucus. The caucus, as a group, took no vote on this bill.

Meanwhile, Republican senators also discussed the possibility of another bill or order requesting an opinion of the State Supreme Court to determine whether the industrial accident board has the power to grant one of its members a six months' leave of absence.

Senator Conroy, who is a Democrat, was not at the State House today. However, the Fall River member has known about the Nicholson bill and has a counter measure in preparation.

Berkshires Seek to Oust Kenney

League of Sportsmen's Clubs File Complaints With Curley

PITTSFIELD, Jan. 19 — The Berkshire County League of Sportmen's Clubs revealed today that they had sent a telegram to Gov. Curley asking him to appoint "a more competent man than R. J. Kenney as Director of Fish and Game." The telegram was sent in accordance with a vote taken by the delegates.

The telegram stated that the stand of 6 of the 13 sportsmen's clubs in the league, among the criticism of Kenney made by the club are the following: That he had spent license money for promoting the commercial industry of shad and oyster fishing, that of the 25,000 pheasants put out in Massachusetts an unduly small proportion were distributed in Berkshire County, that the majority of these were immature so that predators easily picked them up; that the director failed to make a proper investigation of deer conditions in an eastern county notwithstanding the protest of sportsmen of that area; that he was neither a hunter nor a fisherman, and had little practical knowledge of the sport.

The league also favors remuneration of the bill for $100,000 to increase fish and game; that the open season on gray foxes be shifted to August 1; that pickerel law remain unchanged; that member clubs pay a bounty of 20 cents on grey foxes and weasel and promote a movement for legislation to have the state pay a circular bounty.

The suit contended Coolidge was furnished 20 illuminated panels during his campaign in October, 1930. He paid $100 in April, 1931, and $500 in August of that year, but still owed $1,000 the suit set forth.

Curley has announced he would seek the Senate seat now held by Coolidge.
BURDICK VOWS
He Will Never Oppose Curley
New Councilor, Appointed to Succeed Baker, Promises Always to Follow Governor's Wishes

A pledge to Gov. Curley that "no act of mine on the Executive Council ever will be against you or your best interests" was made publicly last night by Councillor Morton H. Burdick of West Springfield before the Democrats of Western Massachusetts who gathered in Hotel Clinton in testimonial to him.

Mr. Burdick, recently appointed by Gov. Curley to succeed J. Arthur Baker of Pittsfield, called Gov. Curley one of the greatest executives in the country in forming the assemblage of his personal allegiance.

Although the atmosphere was filled with potential candidates, the dinner was marked by the absence of announcements even though the speakers included such public officials as Lt. Gov. Joseph F. Hurley, State Treasurer Charles F. Hurley, State Auditor Thomas H. Buckley and Dist. Atty. Thomas F. Moriarty.

Word from Treasurer Hurley that he was tossing his hat into the ring had been expected but he confined his remarks to the need for Democratic strength in the coming campaign.

From Lt. Gov. Hurley came the assertion that the Democratic party on a program of insuring for the people human rights against the property rights he said are sought by its opponents.

Despite the stormy weather, attendance reached 400, with Treasurer Hurley coming here from Washington and other State officials from Boston.

Mr. Moriarty contented himself with vocal support of the Presidential policies even in the face of disastrous Supreme Court decisions and waved away the bouquets tossed toward him with the statement there are many members of the Democratic party especially in the eastern end of the State who well qualified for the lieutenant-governor's post.


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MORAN IN ON
Caucus With
Republicans

Ousting of Conroy From the Accident Board Considered

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—The Republican members of the Massachusetts Senate had a caucus at the State House after the session yesterday and discussed proposed legislation, in particular the bill which Senator Donald W. Nicholson of Wareham has drawn, providing that the number of members of the State Industrial Accident Board be reduced from seven to six.

That bill is aimed at Senator William S. Conroy of Fall River, whom Gov. Curley a few months ago appointed to the board. Under the law, a member of the Industrial Accident Board must give all his time to its duties and no person can hold at the same time two salaries from the State. Senator Conroy did not want to give up his seat in the Senate and so he obtained leave of absence from the board after Attorney Gen. Dever had given an opinion that the board had authority to grant such leave.

Senator Nicholson argued that if the board can perform its duties while one of its members is absent for six months the membership of the board could be reduced.

The Republican Senator also talked yesterday about the advisability of asking for an opinion from the Supreme Judicial Court as to whether or not the board has the right to grant leave of absence to one of its members.

No vote was taken on either of these matters.

President James G. Moran of Mansfield who, although elected to the Senate as a Republican, was chosen President by the votes of the Democratic members of that body, just a year ago, attended the Republican caucus yesterday.

Senator Conroy, a Democrat, was not at the State House yesterday. It is said he has prepared a bill which will meet the situation to his satisfaction and run counter to Senator Nicholson's bill.
COUNTY DEMOCRATS TO OPEN '36 CAMPAIGN AT BANQUET HERE JAN. 16

Sparkling Program At Town Hall Will Have Gov. James M. Curley As Principal Speaker—Delegates From Every Town In County Expected To Attend—Guest List Includes Many Prominent Politicians.

The Plymouth County League of Democratic Voters, embracing territory from Fall to Point Independence, Onset, are making plans to accommodate some 400 people at a banquet to be held in the Town Hall on Jan. 16. This will be the first public function of the Plymouth County Democratic League this year, and will mark the opening of the 1936 political campaign locally and in the district.

Every town in the district will be represented at the meeting which will have the Hon. James M. Curley, Governor of the Commonwealth as the principal speaker.

The Whitman committee in charge of the event is comprised of William E. Brennan, Secretary Alfred Malagodi of the Plymouth County League, Henry R. Conley, Mrs. Jane Thompson, Mrs. Teresa Condrick, Mrs. William E. Brennan and Miss Minnie Crowley.

The general committee is comprised of the following: James Hanlon, Pt. Independence; Michael J. Roach, East Bridgewater; Walter Garfield, Hanson; Mrs. Robert E. Clark, Bridgewater; Louis D. Reardon, No. Abington; James Fitzgerald, Abington; J. Edward Kane, Rockland; Dr. William E. Bergen, Hull; James Higgins, Cohasset; Thomas Dowd, Saltwater; Michael McMan, Plymouth. The Brockton committee headed by John P. A'Hearn, chairman of the Democratic city committee will include Katherine K. Morrison and Edgar P. Neafsey.

Among the guests of honor will be such important public personalities as Lt. Gov. Joseph L. Harley; Attorney General Paul A. Dever; State Treasurer Charles F. Hurley; State Auditor and President of the Plymouth County League, Thomas Buckley; Joseph McGrath, chairman of the state democratic committee; Mrs. Margaret O'Reardon, William H. O'Brien of Boston; Charles H. McGline, state ballot law commissioner; Congressman William B. Connery of Lynn; Charles McCaffrey of the Brockton Democratic club; Charles Lucey, of the Roosevelt-Curley Club of Brockton; Mayor Lawrence E. Crowley of Brockton, and members of the Whitman Board of Selectmen.

Listed among the speakers for the evening are: Governor Curley, Congressman William B. Connery of Lynn; Mrs. Margaret Reardon of Boston; Joseph McGrath, chairman of the state democratic committee; Edward P. Kelley of Worcester, Democratic floor leader of the House; Mayor L. E. Crowley of Brockton and William H. O'Brien of Boston and Quincy.

A popular musical program has been arranged with Adrian O'Brien, popular Boston radio artist as headliner.

The next meeting of the Plymouth County League following the banquet next Thursday night will be held at the Municipal Building at Hull on Jan. 23.

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE

With the Governor's hope that the State Tax can be eliminated, we have the greatest sympathy. We feel with him that the State should exist upon its own revenues without relying upon the real estate in towns and cities. Not only is this better budget procedure for the State, but it will eliminate once and for all the frequent, if usually erroneous, statement by local officials that they cannot economize while the State increases its demands for revenue from local sources.

We suspect, however, that the problem is rather more difficult than His Excellency's message would make it appear. There is every reason to assume that the deficit next year will be in the vicinity of $25,000,000, and the Governor's tax program clearly will not bridge any such gap unless accompanied by obvious economies which does propose to make. In other words, the State Tax cannot be eliminated on any such basis. It is also true that the Legislature cannot much longer ignore the claims of municipalities for a share of the gasoline tax for local highway purposes. There can be little disagreement with the theory that motor cars have made necessary the construction of and maintenance of city and town streets in greater proportion than they have created a demand for trunk highways, and continued diversion of this revenue to the general fund of the Commonwealth will never provide the relief for real estate promised when the tax was originally levied.

Governor Curley interjected during the reading of his formal message the statement that the adoption of his tax program would mean a reduction of $2 in local tax rates. This is greater than the amount of the present State Tax which he does not propose to make. Similarly it is also true that the Legislature can only reduce the amount of the gasoline tax by a very considerable sum, and on the other hand it quite certainly does not take into account the necessary functioning of the huge building program proposed elsewhere in the message. It is our measured conclusion that even under the most favorable circumstances the program proposed will not result in any such relief. We fear that it is just the old story of new taxes, not to replace old ones, but to provide more money for government to spend.

It is the expenditures for buildings proposed by Governor-Curley which seem to us utterly to negative the good proposals in this unique message. Taxpayers certainly will not wish to spend $1,000,000 to add to the State House, at least until one commission or another can survey administration practices and personnel to determine whether the present building may not house some of the agencies now in rented quarters. It is quite possible that if some of the unnecessary functions of government were abandoned, less office space would be required. Similarly it is difficult to conceive of an inquiry worthy
Burdick Vows He Will Never Oppose Curley

New Councilor, Appointed to Succeed Baker, Promises Always to Follow Governor's Wishes

A pledge to Gov. Curley that "no act of mine on the Executive Council ever will be against you or your best interests" was made publicly last night by Councilor Morton H. Burdick of West Springfield before 460 Democrats of Western Massachusetts who gathered in Hotel Clinton in testimonial to him.

Mr. Burdick, recently appointed by Gov. Curley to succeed J. Arthur Baker of Pittsfield, called Gov. Curley one of the greatest executives in the country in informing the assemblage of his personal allegiance.

Although the atmosphere was filled with potential candidacies, the dinner was marked by the absence of announcements even though the speakers included such public officials as Lieut. Gov. Joseph F. Hurley, State Treasurer Charles F. Hurley, State Auditor Thomas H. Buckley and Dist. Atty. Thomas F. Moriarty.

Word from Treasurer Hurley that he was tossing his hat into the ring had been expected but he confined his remarks to the need for Democratic strength in the coming campaign.

From Lieut. Gov. Hurley came the assertion that the Democratic party on a program of insuring for the people human rights against the property rights he said are sought by its opponents.

Despite the stormy weather, attendance reached 400, with Treasurer Hurley coming here from Washington and other State officials from Boston.

The incipient boom of Dist. Atty. Moriarty for the Democratic nomination for lieutenant governor that was launched in Greenfield the previous night was given impetus when reference again was made to the balance his choice would give the ticket.

Mr. Moriarty contented himself with vocal support of the Presidential policies even in the face of disastrous Supreme Court decisions and waved away the bouquets tossed toward him with the statement there are many members of the Democratic party especially in the eastern end of the State who well qualified for the lieutenant-governor's post.


Strike Is Unchanged For PWA

Curley May Try For Settlement At Washington

There was no change locally today in the strike situation which has entirely halted operations on the Waltham High School gymnasium and the Beaver Brook railroad overpass, Public Works Administration projects.

Gov. Curley is expected to attempt a settlement of the misunderstanding while in Washington. It also is reported that federal PWA officials are coming to Boston in an effort to reach a settlement before the strike, which started in Waltham, spreads throughout Massachusetts and possibly into other states.

The unions are directing their walkout against the federal government regulation which requires the selection of relief receivers or applicants through the National Reemployment Service for assignment to PWA jobs, barring the unions from their customary procedure of supplying men to the contractors.

Outing of Conroy From the Accident Board Considered

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—The Republican members of the Massachusetts Senate had a caucus at the State House after the session yesterday and discussed proposed legislation, in particular the bill which Senator Donald W. Nicholson of Wareham has drawn, providing that the number of members of the State Industrial Accident Board be reduced from seven to six.

That bill is aimed at Senator William S. Conroy of Fall River, whom Gov. Curley a few months ago appointed to the board. Under the law, a member of the Industrial Accident Board must give all his time to its duties and no person can customarily be paid from the same time two salaries from the State. Senator Conroy did not want to give up his seat in the Senate and so he obtained leave of absence from the board after Att'y Gen. Dever had given an opinion that the board had authority to grant such leave.

Senator Nicholson argued that if the board can perform its duties while one of its members is absent for six months the membership of the board could be reduced. The Republican Senator also talked yesterday about the advisability of asking for an opinion from the Supreme Judicial Court as to whether or not the board has the right to grant leave of absence to one of its members.

No vote was taken on either of these matters.

President James G. Moran of Mansfield, who, although elected to the Senate as a Republican, was chosen President by the votes of the Democratic members of that body, a year ago, attended the Republican caucus yesterday.

Senator Conroy, a Democrat, was not at the State House yesterday. It is said he has prepared a bill which will meet the situation to his satisfaction and save the group counter to Senator Nicholson's bill.
COUNTY DEMOCRATS TO OPEN '36 CAMPAIGN AT BANQUET HERE JAN. 16

Sparkling Program At Town Hall Will Have Gov. James M. Curley As Principal Speaker—Delegates From Every Town In County Expected To Attend—Guest List Includes Many Prominent Politicians.

The Plymouth County League of Democratic Voters, embracing territory from Hull to Point Independence, Onset, are making plans to accommodate some 400 people at a banquet to be held in the Town Hall on Jan. 16. This will be the first public function of the Plymouth County Democratic League this year, and will mark the opening of the 1936 political campaign locally and in the district.

Every town in the district will be represented at the meeting which will have the Hon. James M. Curley, Governor of the Commonwealth as the principal speaker.

The Whitman committee in charge of the event is comprised of William E. Brennan, Secretary Alfred Malagodi of the Plymouth County League, Henry R. Conley, Mrs. Jane Thompson, Mrs. Teresa Condrick, Mrs. William E. Brennan and Miss Minnie Crowley.

The general committee is comprised of the following: James Hanlo, Pt. Independence; Michael J. Roach, East Bridgewater; Walter Garfield, Hanson; Mrs. Robert E. Clark, Bridgewater; Louis D. Reardon, No. Abington; James Fitzgerald, Abington; J. Edward Kane, Rockland; Dr. William E. Bergen, Hull; James Higgins, Cohasset; Thomas Dowd, Scituate; Michael MeMann, Plymouth. The Brockton committee headed by John P. A'Hearn, chairman of the Democratic city committee will include Katherina K. Morrison and Edgar P. Neatsey.

Among the guests of honor will be such important public personages as Lt.-Gov. Joseph L. Hurley; Attorney General, Paul A. Dever; State Treasurer Charles F. Hurley; State Auditor and President of the Plymouth County League, Thomas Buckley; Joseph McGrath, chairman of the state democratic committee; Mrs. Margaret Reardon, William H. O'Brien of Boston; Charles H. McGee, state ballot law commissioner; Congressman William B. Connery of Lynn; Charles McCaffrey of the Brockton Democratic club; Charles Lucey, of the Roosevelt-Curley Club of Brockton; Mayor Lawrence E. Crowley of Brockton, and members of the Whitman Board of Selectmen.

Listed among the speakers for the evening are: Governor Curley, Congressman William B. Connery of Lynn; Mrs. Margaret Reardon of Boston; Joseph McGrath, chairman of the state democratic committee; Edward P. Kelley of Worcester, Democratic floor leader of the House; Mayor L. E. Crowley of Brockton and William H. O'Brien of Boston and Quincy.

A popular musical program has been arranged with Adrian O'Brien, popular Boston radio artist as headliner.

The next meeting of the Plymouth County League following the banquet next Thursday night will be held at the Municipal Building at Hull on Jan. 23.
of the name that would not concern itself with the problem of the institutional care of the unfortunate. The taxpayer is just as sympathetic as is the Governor in this direction, and his sympathy probably antedates that of the Chief Executive, since the taxpayer has seen the system born and has paid for its development to a degree he never anticipated in its earlier stages. It is a common family practice, when a member of the family falls into need, to make the best of what is available in the emergency. It has never seemed practical under such circumstances to build another story on the house and another stall on the garage. The Governor will find

The Governor practically dissolves into tears as he paints the picture of state wards in crowded institutions. It is noteworthy that the Chief Executive has admirable self-control when he comes to consider the taxpayer. He can squeeze out not even the smallest sob when he considers the thousands who have lost their homes and those other thousands of home owners who are engaged in the discouraging battle to save their property. The taxpayer is dismissed thus: "Attempts to gloss over this situation upon the plea of overburdening the taxpayer should no longer be tolerated."

In this connection it is interesting to note that the claim of the Massachusetts Federation of Taxpayers Associations when the 48-hour bill was under consideration that it would mean the addition of 2500 employees to the public payroll, an assertion vehemently contradicted at that time by heads of departments, is now publicly acknowledged by the Governor himself. Thus the Federation's forecast of 100,000 of cost is borne out by the highest authority, and the plain conclusion is that without active co-operation in the solution of the difficult problems of the next administration, "there are those who would destroy the system under which we have lived in this country these last 150 years. There are those who would at all costs fight to preserve it. On a question of such moment should not those who think alike stand together, irrespective of party affiliation?" "Bacon was ever solicitous for the welfare of all the people of Massachusetts and ever scrupulous to safeguard her good name."

**BOSTON, Jan. 10 (AP)—A new political alignment of Democrats and Republicans opposed to policies of the Roosevelt administration is sought by Gaspar G. Bacon, Democratic former lieutenant governor of Massachusetts. He spoke highly last night of former Gov. Joseph B. Ely, Democrat and outspoken New Deal critic, and advocated a return to the "American Constitutional system of government."

Bacon, lieutenant governor during Ely's two terms, spoke highly last night of former governor. He was defeated by Gov. James M. Curley, Democrat. He spoke at a testimonial dinner to District Attorney Edmund R. Dewing of Norfolk and Plymouth counties. "I earnestly hope," he said, "that there may be enlisted here in Massachusetts the active assistance of all those, irrespective of party, who believe in self-government as opposed to autocracy. This assistance should include not only active cooperation in the campaign, but, if this is successful, an influential voice in the councils of those chosen to lead and participation in the solution of the difficult problems of the next administration."

"There are those in both parties who would destroy the system under which we have lived in this country these last 150 years. Those who would at all costs fight to preserve the Constitution of Government."

Gaspar Speaks Highly of Ex-Governor Ely At Dinner

**NOT FAR APART**

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"There are those in both parties who would destroy the system under which we have lived in this country these last 150 years. There are those who would at all costs fight to preserve it. On a question of such moment should not those who think alike stand together, irrespective of party affiliation?"

Bacon, who served as lieutenant governor during Ely's two administrations, spoke highly of the former chief executive. "I have it is not inappropriate for me to say a personal word about one with whom I was closely associated for four years in the State House. Although of opposite political party, be (Ely) and I had strangely few disagreements, and I am inclined to think that on most political questions today we are not far apart," Bacon said.

"Governor Ely was a credit to the office of governor of the Commonwealth, which he served with unswerving fidelity and marked ability. He was ever solicitous for the welfare of all the people of Massachusetts and ever scrupulous to safeguard her good name."
Sees Little Interest in Minimum Wage Plan

Replies Sparse to Hundreds of Letters Sent to Employers and Employes

By DAVID M. FREDERICK, Associated Press Staff Writer

BOSTON, Jan. 10 (P)—Employers and employes in a variety of occupations and industries in Massachusetts don't seem very interested in the state's attempts to establish minimum wages for women and minors.

At least, that was the complaint today of Chairman John J. Murray of the minimum wage commission, which has before it the task of setting up minimum wage scales in 22 occupations, and the power to make them mandatory upon the employer if need be.

Murray is the affable, young and able Boston University professor Governor James Curley appointed as associate commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industries, after he had served capably as a "brain truster" on a commission investigating utility rates.

His commission sent out hundreds of letters to employers and employes in the 22 industries concerned, and as well to chambers of commerce, trade unions and employes' groups, but the replies have been sparse.

What Prof. Murray wants are representative individuals with whom his commission can confer as to proper minimums that should be paid women and minors in the occupations and employments concerned.

After both parties, sitting as wage boards, have given their views, the department will promulgate the determined scales. If, after nine months, the wage scales are not made effective by a majority of employers in the trade or occupation affected, the department may, under legislation passed last year make the wage levels mandatory.

Penalties

And if the employer doesn't comply, he is subject to fines of from $50 to $500, or from 10 to 90 days in jail, or both, with each week in which the prescribed wages are not paid constituting a separate offense.

There is no pay for those who volunteer to serve on the wage boards set up to determine fair minimums for the occupations, and Prof. Murray thought that was one reason the response to his invitation was not greater.

He said he would try to fix that at this session of the Legislature, by offering a bill which provides payment of $6 a day to those who served on the boards.

Air Base Sought

At Hub by Curley

Governor's Island Boosted

As Site in Washington

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 (P)—Con-\fident Boston will get $1,800,000 from the Federal government toward a new $5,000,000 Suffolk County courthouse.

Gov. James M. Curley of Massachu-
setts, today boosted the advantages of an army air base on Governor's Island, Boston Harbor.

The Governor announced assurance of the Federal courthouse contribution after a conference with the President yesterday.

He said that $1,800,000 would be supplied by the Federal government, with 70 percent of the remaining cost to come from the city of Boston and 30 percent from the state.

Curley said he would recommend that the army air base to be located in New England under the Wilcox Bill be placed on Governor's Island in Boston Harbor.

"The island," he said, "represents an investment of the government of $7,500,000 and has advantages over any other site on the Atlantic coast."

The governor has advocated the East Boston airport and Governor's Island, separated only by a narrow channel, be connected.

The Wilcox Bill was passed at the last session of Congress.
SETTLEMENT OF STRIKE PREDICTED BY GOVERNOR

By Gazette State House Reporter

BOSTON, Jan. 10—Quick settlement of the strike called by building trades councils on WPA jobs was predicted this afternoon by Governor Curley.

The Governor said he had asked James T. Moriarty, commissioner of labor and industry, to confer with Andrew Peterson, WPA engineer, in his office this afternoon.

TELEGRAM


JAN 10 1936

HUB COURTHOUSE BUILDING ASSURED

$1,800,000 Federal Funds Promised for Project

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 (AP)—Assurance of a federal contribution of one million and eight hundred thousand dollars toward a new five-million-dollar Suffolk county courthouse in Boston, was announced tonight by Governor Curley of Massachusetts after a conference with the President.

The project was called to the President's attention early today by Rep. John W. McCormack of Boston, who urged that Federal funds be made available despite an earlier rejection of the project by the PWA and WPA.

McCormack said the President appeared interested in and familiar with the courthouse proposition. Under the arrangement the city of Boston to pay seventy per cent of the remaining cost of the building and the Commonwealth the other thirty per cent.

The Governor, who came here to attend last night's Jackson Day dinner, also discussed with Secretary Dern the possibility of enlarging the Boston airport and was told the War Department aeronautical division would study the proposal.

Curley said tonight he would recommend that the Army air base, which will be located in New England under the Wilcox bill passed at the last session of Congress, be placed on Governors Island in Boston Harbor.
Seeking Abolition Of Council Power

Bay State Representative Files Bill To Give Duties To Governor

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—Abolition of all statutory powers and duties now vested in the Executive Council was sought yesterday by Representative Thomas A. Dorgan, of Boston, in a bill filed in the House of Representatives.

He would give the council powers to the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.

"If the legislature won't do something in the near future," said Dorgan, father of the controversial teachers' oath law. "we might as well pack up and turn over the General Court to the council."

His bill would limit the powers of the council to the appointment of justices and notaries.

Abolition of another unit of State government, the State Alcoholic Beverages Control Commission, was asked in a bill filed by Senator Joseph A. Langone, Jr., of Boston.

He would transfer the commission's powers and duties to local licensing authorities.

Calling for Abolition

Bay State Representative

Files Bill To Give Authority to Senate

Rep. Dorgan Would Give Authority to Senate

BOSTON, Jan. 9.—A drastic bill and flippant comment was tossed at the Governor's Council and Governor today by Rep. Thomas A. Dorgan, Boston Democrat. He asked that the Council be abolished and that its powers be given to the Governor, but with gubernatorial action tied up by advice and consent of the Senate. The present Council is Democratic, but the Senate has a Republican majority.

"The power of the Council should be limited to approving notary and justice appointments, which is the only constitutional power really given it. It is enough power for a body that conducts its affairs behind closed doors and in star chamber proceedings," Dorgan said.

Weekly WPA Payments

Considered by Hopkins

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—Governor James M. Curley announced today that Harry L. Hopkins, Federal Works Progress administrator, had agreed to consider making weekly payments instead of fortnightly payments to WPA workers in Massachusetts.

There have been numerous complaints within the past two months from WPA workers whose pay has been delayed.

Visits Hopkins

Secretary Dern promised to send aeronautical division engineers to the site to study and report on the governor's proposal.

Later in the day he visited WPA Administrator Harry Hopkins and took up the problems of strikes among WPA workers in Massachusetts.

Hopkins said he would investigate the alleged use of non-union labor in the opposition of labor unions, purporting cause of the trouble.
Curley Acts to Halt PWA Strike of 700 Workers

Governor Curley took a hand today to end the strike of approximately 700 PWA workers, which has tied up 11 PWA projects, seven of them in Greater Boston.

The Governor, declaring that he believes the difficulty can be ironed out quickly, arranged for a conference between State Commissioner of Labor and Industries James T. Moriarty and Assistant PWA Administrator Andrew Peterson.

Out of this conference is expected to come some solution for ending the disagreement.

Greater Boston projects halted are those at the Dorchester welfare building, the Eliot square school in Roxbury, Faneuil Hall, the East Boston welfare building, a sewer and street project in Medford, the Beaver Brook grade crossing in Waltham and the Watertown high school gymnasium.

At Concord 23 PWA workers who quit Wednesday at the municipal building project, were still out, and at Andover, 40 men walked off the job today on the New Andover junior high school project.

The other projects tied up are those at the Dorchester Welfare Building, the Eliot square school in Roxbury, Faneuil Hall, the East Boston welfare building and a sewerage and street project in Medford.

Two other projects, one in Natick and the other in Framingham, were also tied up. In Framingham, 10 PWA workers engaged in digging the foundation for a new administration building at State Teachers College walked out yesterday, and in Natick 20 men building a powder magazine at the Commonwealth Motor Depot quit.

Meanwhile, for an entirely different reason, 100 PWA workers in Peabody went on strike today because they were ordered to work and make up for last Friday, when it rained.

The men protested that they had been hired in the customary manner, that they would be paid if they reported.

Parade Into Town

Leaving the site of the farm and market roads project on which they had been working, the men paraded into town, where they saw John Dooly, local coordinator. Dooly communicated with the regional office and the men were informed that they had won and would be paid without working today.

The PWA strike on the Greater Boston projects became effective today, despite an appeal from Washington late yesterday to delay the walkout until an official investigation could be made.

PWA officials sought to minimize the walkout last night resulting in the decision of leaders to discuss its extension today.

E. A. Johnson, secretary of the council, stated the strike was a protest by the workers against union labor against the new PWA setup and regulations which allegedly discriminate against union workers whose pride was hurt.

Exemptions from the strike were announced at the addition to Malden state hospital, Robert Gould Shaw school and City Hospital addition. It was said that labor was being hired in the customary manner on these projects.

While PWA authorities were having their troubles there was the usual share of headaches today for officials of the WPA.

Payroll troubles, supposedly settled Christmas Eve, have begun to crop up once more.

Storm Offices

Latest outburst of disgruntled and unpaid workers was the storming of the treasury office in the Park square building by 600 men and women employed on a library project.

The workers, most of them women, declared they had not been paid last Saturday and demanded their money at once. They also charged they had been threatened with loss of their jobs if they insisted on demanding their pay.

After long delay a conference was arranged and promise was made the workers would be paid tomorrow morning.

Lynn Projects Lost

In Lynn officials finally got an explanation of the apparent discrimination against that city as the result of the arrival of Captain Edward C. Hinton, U. S. A., to carry out the probe demanded by Mayor Manning.

He revealed that he learned many Lynn projects were "lost" in Washington and that city officials had not been notified with the result that Lynn did not submit new projects.

Somerville's WPA program now has approximately 1000 workers employed, and Mayor Leslie C. Knox is hopeful of employing the city's entire list of 2200 in a short time.

He also plans to question the legality of $17,000 in bills for materials contracted by the last administrator. Knox said the bills were warranted in anticipation of an appropriation.
Voicing a vigorous endorsement of the BUY AMERICAN campaign, Governor James M. Curley returned from Washington to Boston today.

The governor was in excellent spirits as he alighted from the Federal Express in South Station.

His first statement was to advocate two vigorous steps to protect American business and American employment.

The Governor gave immediate approval to the proposal by the division of the necessaries of life of the State Department of Labor that a $1000 fine be levied on all city, town and county purchasing agents who fail to give preference to Massachusetts and American-made goods.

"It is an excellent idea," he declared. "It has my heartiest approval."

FAVORS EMBARGO
The governor next urged a complete two-year embargo on foreign-made merchandise as a necessary step for the relief of American business.

The report filed by the division of the necessaries of life followed an investigation ordered a year ago at the instance of the BUY AMERICAN campaign of the Boston Evening American.

Governor Curley declared:
"I believe that what America owes as its first duty to its citizens is an insistence requiring preference and employment for American citizens. If we require that, we cannot fail to adopt an embargo on goods manufactured abroad."

"The adoption of such an embargo would mean that 3,000,000 workers in this country would be put to work."

"Reciprocal agreements are a beautiful theory, but in operation every business man recognizes that it is necessary to buy in the cheapest market and to sell in the dearest market."

NEED TARIFF WALLS
"There is no altruism in business, and if we harbor the illusion that by dealing kindly and justly with other nations, we'll discover in the school of experience how sadly we have been taken in."

Governor Curley revealed that he conferred in Washington with a cabinet officer who chided him for his disbelief in "free trade." The governor said:
"Forty or 50 years ago, the problem was entirely different, because the nations with which we were dealing were not highly mechanized industrially, but that condition has been changed abroad.

Today, we not only have a highly mechanized condition abroad but these countries have not the same humane laws for the protection of the workers."

JOBS FOR 3000
"When they do adopt our laws for the protection of workers, then it will be time to talk about free trade."

The governor declared that he was confident the federal promise to contribute $1,500,000 toward the cost of the proposed $5,000,000 courthouse addition would be kept and that the project now was definitely on its way. About 3000 building mechanics, it has been estimated, will be given jobs in the project.

The governor said bids for the 40-foot channel for the harbor, for which $1,000,000 has been allotted by the federal government, will be called for shortly. At the same time bids for widening the approaches, on money appropriated by the state, will be requested, he declared.

OFFICIALS OFFER AID
Pleased with the results of his negotiations with federal authorities, the governor declared:
"It was gratifying to find a ready, hearty and generous response to our requests for various improvements and an apparent willingness by department officials to co-operate."

The governor discussed the conference with Administrator Hopkins concerning WPA difficulties in this state. Concerning the differences between organized labor and PWA officials, the governor said:
"It seems that the cities and towns have a good case. They are paying the bills. They are entitled to some protection in the matter of employment.

"This condition really is not a matter that concerns the federal authorities at all. It must be settled by the cities and towns and organized labor."
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Officials offer aid

Pleased with the results of his negotiations with federal authorities, the governor declared:

"It was gratifying to find a ready, hearty and generous response to our requests for various improvements and an apparent willingness by department officials to co-operate.

The governor then added:

"It is clearly the duty of Massachusetts democracy to have a pledged delegation supporting the renomination of Mr. Roosevelt."
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<td>4:00</td>
<td>Stock Quotations</td>
<td>Betty and Bob</td>
<td>The Lyric Trio</td>
<td>Melodies Moderne</td>
<td>Today’s Winners</td>
<td>B. Brown’s Mr. Fisherman's B</td>
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<td>Musical Clinic</td>
<td>Ray Jones, Songs</td>
<td>U. S. Army Band</td>
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<td>Today’s Winners</td>
<td>Musical Interludes</td>
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<td>Girl Alone</td>
<td>Ward and Muzzy, Duo</td>
<td>Walham High Drama</td>
<td>Ed. Fitzgerald and Co.</td>
<td>Today’s Winners</td>
<td>Knox Manning</td>
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<td>Health Forum</td>
<td>Parent-Teacher Assn.</td>
<td>Tea at the Ritz</td>
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<td>Today’s Winners</td>
<td>Variety Music</td>
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<td>Congress Speaks</td>
<td>N. Mathay’s Music</td>
<td>Musical Cocktails</td>
<td>Hits and Encores</td>
<td>Carrie Lillie Club</td>
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<td>Congress Speaks</td>
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<td>Tom Mix Adventures</td>
<td>Singing Lady</td>
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<td>Al Pierotti, Sports</td>
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<td>“Tuttle” Whitman</td>
<td>Supper Show</td>
<td>Colonel Bob, Sports</td>
<td>Bobby Benson</td>
<td>WMEX Program</td>
<td>Jim McHale’s</td>
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<td>Musical Turn</td>
<td>Mr. &amp; Mrs. Maugie</td>
<td>Music by Rakov</td>
<td>Mixed Quartet</td>
<td>WMEX Program</td>
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<td>Lee Gordon’s Music</td>
<td>Sport Briefs</td>
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<td>Mr. Howell Thomas</td>
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<td>7:00</td>
<td>Amos ‘n Andy</td>
<td>Gov. James M. Curley</td>
<td>Myrt and Marjorie</td>
<td>Jack Fisher’s Music</td>
<td>Jewish Program</td>
<td>Voice of America</td>
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<tr>
<td>7:15</td>
<td>Uncle Eeza</td>
<td>Capt. Tim’s Revue</td>
<td>“Lazy Dan,” Minstrel</td>
<td>Gabriel Heaster</td>
<td>Five Star Final</td>
<td>Voice of America</td>
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<tr>
<td>7:30</td>
<td>Helen Bart, Songs</td>
<td>Lum and Abner</td>
<td>“Lacy Dan,” Minstrel</td>
<td>Terry O’Toole</td>
<td>R. Blair, Pianist</td>
<td>Voice of America</td>
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<td>7:45</td>
<td>Musical Moments</td>
<td>Old Man Winter</td>
<td>Beazie Carter</td>
<td>Ensemble</td>
<td>Detective Mysteries</td>
<td>Voice of America</td>
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<tr>
<td>8:00</td>
<td>Jessica Dragonette</td>
<td>Irene Rich, Drama</td>
<td>Fred Rich’s Tavern</td>
<td>Chemical Society</td>
<td>Voice of Israel</td>
<td>Voice of America</td>
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<tr>
<td>8:15</td>
<td>Jessica Dragonette</td>
<td>Miss Ely, Drama</td>
<td>Fred Rich’s Tavern</td>
<td>Fred Rich’s Tavern</td>
<td>Voice of Israel</td>
<td>Voice of America</td>
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<tr>
<td>8:30</td>
<td>Jessica Dragonette</td>
<td>College Prom</td>
<td>Broadway Varieties</td>
<td>Broadway Varieties</td>
<td>Voice of Israel</td>
<td>Voice of America</td>
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<tr>
<td>8:45</td>
<td>Jessica Dragonette</td>
<td>College Prom</td>
<td>Old Man Winter</td>
<td>Voice of Israel</td>
<td>Voice of America</td>
<td>Voice of America</td>
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<tr>
<td>9:00</td>
<td>Waltz Time</td>
<td>Al Pearce and Gang</td>
<td>Hollywood Hotel</td>
<td>P. Stevens’ Music</td>
<td>Studio Players</td>
<td>Out of the Pa</td>
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<tr>
<td>9:15</td>
<td>Waltz Time</td>
<td>Al Pearce and Gang</td>
<td>Hollywood Hotel</td>
<td>Roland Wingate, Gold</td>
<td>Studio Players</td>
<td>Out of the Pa</td>
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<td>9:45</td>
<td>Court of Human Rel</td>
<td>H. Willson’s Music</td>
<td>Hollywood Hotel</td>
<td>News</td>
<td>Boxing Bouts</td>
<td>Out of the Pa</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:00</td>
<td>First Nighter, Drama</td>
<td>Nickleodeon</td>
<td>Richard Humber</td>
<td>String Sinfonia</td>
<td>Short W</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:15</td>
<td>First Nighter, Drama</td>
<td>Nickleodeon</td>
<td>Richard Humber</td>
<td>String Sinfonia</td>
<td>Boxing Bouts</td>
<td>Re: P. M. 1:00-5:30 GB</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:30</td>
<td>First Nighter, Drama</td>
<td>Nickleodeon</td>
<td>Richard Humber</td>
<td>String Sinfonia</td>
<td>Boxing Bouts</td>
<td>1:30-6:00 78</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:45</td>
<td>First Nighter, Drama</td>
<td>Nickleodeon</td>
<td>Richard Humber</td>
<td>String Sinfonia</td>
<td>Boxing Bouts</td>
<td>2:00-6:00 DJ</td>
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<tr>
<td>11:00</td>
<td>First Nighter, Drama</td>
<td>Nickleodeon</td>
<td>Richard Humber</td>
<td>String Sinfonia</td>
<td>Boxing Bouts</td>
<td>6:30-7:00 EA</td>
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<tr>
<td>12:00</td>
<td>Phil Harris’ Music</td>
<td>Skandor, Violin</td>
<td>J. Reichmann’s Music</td>
<td>Morton Downey</td>
<td>L. Armstrong’s Music</td>
<td>H. Hershsfield</td>
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<tr>
<td>12:15</td>
<td>Phil Harris’ Music</td>
<td>Sunny Weeks’ Music</td>
<td>J. Reichmann’s Music</td>
<td>Morton Downey</td>
<td>L. Armstrong’s Music</td>
<td>Dance Orchestra</td>
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<td>T. Dorsey’s Music</td>
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**GOV CURLEY ARRANGES CONFERENCE ON STRIKE**

Gov. Curley continued his attack on the Federal policy of having 30 percent of the workers on P. W. A. projects come from relief rolls today when he blamed the recent strike of the Building Trades Councils on P. W. A. projects in the vicinity of Boston on this condition.

The Governor expressed the opinion that the strikes would be settled in the near future, and arranged for a conference this afternoon with James T. Moriarity, state Commissioner on Labor and Industries, and Andrew Peterson, engineer, representing the P. W. A.

In calling the strike the Trades Councils stated that the contractors were not abiding by their agreements with the unions.

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**SAYS 600,000 IN MASSACHUSETTS BELONG TO FR COUGHLIN’S LEAGUE**

Rev. Fr. Charles E. Coughlin’s League of Social Justice has 600,000 registered members in Massachusetts, Gov. Curley said when he met together in Washington two days ago. He also said that 87 percent of the total registered vote of Rhode Island was enrolled in his organization, the Governor said. "We had a very interesting hour together."
Globe
Boston, Mass.
JAN 10 1936

WOULD ABOLISH COUNCIL POWER

Dorgan Favors Boost in Governor's Authority

Floyd Wants the Executive's Power Reduced

Legislation stripping the Executive Council of its powers, abolishing the Alcoholic Beverages Control Commission and preventing the seizure of the Council by any Governor, through appointment of successors to resigned members, was contained in bills filed yesterday in the Senate and House as the deadline for introducing measures nears. The filing date expires at 1 o'clock tomorrow.

The bills offered in the House to date are 119 fewer than a year ago, with 84 filed yesterday. In the Senate the 226 measures already in the docket are believed to be slightly more than those in that branch in 1935. The House has 731 bills before it now.

The proposal to take from the Governor the power to fill Council vacancies, offered by Gov Curley twice last year, was offered by Representative Floyd of Manchester in the form of a constitutional amendment which states that the Legislature must prescribe a method for filling Council vacancies during the recess of the Legislature.

The Council would be divested of its powers under a proposal of Representative Dorgan of Boston which would give all such powers and duties to the Governor with the advice and consent of the State Senate. Senator Langone of Boston introduced the bill which would do away with the A.B.C. Commission and would give that board's powers to local licensing officials.

WOULD LIMIT SPEED

A bill introduced by Senator Burke of Boston would compel the equipping of all motor vehicles with governors which would limit their speed to 50 miles an hour.

Sale of gasoline to drunken operators would be prohibited under a bill of Representative McLaughlin of Boston and Rienstein of Revere.

In an attempt to reduce the tax on vehicles, the bill would give all such powers and duties to the Governor with the advice and consent of the State Senate. Senator Langone of Boston introduced the bill which would do away with the A.B.C. Commission and would give that board's powers to local licensing officials.

GOODWIN ASKS WHY 146,662 ISN'T OK

Tells Mathey's Lawyer Others Aren't Kicking

Citing the names of persons who received number plates adjacent to 146,662, furnished Nicholas W. Mathey of Lynn, claimant of the 518 plates which adorn the auto of Charles Mannion, ex-chauffeur to Gov Curley, Registrar of Motor Vehicles Frank A. Goodwin wrote Mathey's attorney yesterday that those persons had not complained that their plates were not "suitable" and asked:

"Why, if these plates are good enough for these four American citizens, does Mr Mathey want something different?"

This was in reply to a communication from Harry T. Talty, Mathey's counsel, declaring he did not consider the 146,662 plates "suitable." He stated that the plates are not suitable," Goodwin answered. "You do not state wherein they are not suitable. Are they too long, too short, or do they lack the color, or would you like to have some other color or, possibly a speckled one?"

Talty's letter had said: "I hereby state that the registration plates received from you today (Jan 8), numbered 146,662, I do not consider as suitable or in compliance with the order of the Supreme Judicial Court, entered Jan 7, 1936, and I therefore now notify you that these plates are being held by Mr Mathey subject to your order."

"I hereby demand, in behalf of Mr Mathey, that you send him suitable plates in compliance with the order of the court."

Said Mr Goodwin then by mail to Talty:

"On the same day I issued those plates to Mr Mathey I issued to a Mr Donald G. Wood of Shelburne Falls registration number 146,660, to Noelia Dubrule of Cambridge 146,661, to Matthew Pratt of Marshfield 146,663 and to Edwin K. Oxner of Essex 146,664."

"I have not heard from any of these gentlemen to the effect that the numbers issued were not suitable." Mathey was given the 518 plates in 1935 and for several years past. When he did not receive them this year he took the matter to court.
GOV CURLEY EXPECTS BIG COURTHOUSE GRANT

Says $1,800,000 Will Be Given—Now Boosting Governors Island For Army Air Base

WASHINGTON, Jan 10 (A P)—Confident Boston will get $1,800,000 from the Federal Government toward a new $5,000,000 Suffolk County courthouse, Gov James M. Curley of Massachusetts today boosted the advantages of an army air base on Governors Island, Boston Harbor.

The Governor announced assurance of the federal courthouse contribution after a conference with the President yesterday. He said that $1,800,000 would be supplied by the Federal Government, with 70 percent of the remaining cost to come from the city of Boston and 30 percent from the state.

Gov Curley said he would recommend that the Army Air Base to be located in New England under the Wilcox bill be placed on Governors Island, Boston Harbor.

“The island,” he said, “represents a unique investment by the Government of 7,500,000 and has advantages over any other site on the Atlantic Coast.”

The Governor has advocated the

PROPOSED NEW SUFFOLK COUNTY COURTHOUSE

East Boston airport and Governors Island, separated only by a narrow channel, be connected.

The Wilcox bill was passed at the last session of Congress.

GOVERNOR TELLS ROURKE TO HASTEN PROCEEDINGS

Joseph A. Rourke, Gov Curley's appointee to the commission named to supervise the construction of the proposed new Suffolk County courthouse, was ordered by the Governor today to call a meeting of his fellow commissioners and hasten the proceedings on the new undertaking at once.

The Governor contacted Mr Rourke soon after his return from Washington today. While in the capitol, he said, President Roosevelt had promised to appropriate $1,500,000 of the $3,000,000 which will be needed for the building. The balance of the money is to be furnished by the state and by Suffolk County.
FIVE MANSFIELD MEASURES FILED

Mayor Would Appoint the Police Commissioner

Five of Mayor Mansfield's legislative proposals were filed with the General Court this afternoon by Representative Thomas E. Barry of East Boston.

One would strike from the general laws the exemption from taxation afforded property of the United States.

Under another, cities and towns would be reimbursed by the state for one-half of the expenditures for public welfare relief. In obtaining this assistance from the state the Mayor proposes that the State Department of Public Welfare be given supervisory powers over local welfare boards.

Calls for Reimbursements

With respect to old age assistance and mothers' aid, the same bill provides that the state shall reimburse the cities and towns for one-half of the expenditures for these purposes. At present the state only reimburses one-third.

Still another provision of the bill would provide that cities and towns could only obtain one-half reimbursement for relief expenditures made to a person who had a legal settlement in another town. The reimbursement in such cases would be made by the town in which the legal settlement was located.

Another of Mayor Mansfield's bills would allow the Mayor of Boston to appoint the Police Commissioner, who is appointed by the Governor under the present law. The bill provides that the Commissioner's term would be for five years from the first Monday in April of this year.

A fourth bill offered by the Mayor would authorize cities and towns to give a discount to taxpayers paying their bills before Nov 1 of the year in which the bills are due and payable. Local government would be empowered to fix the rate of discount for the roads which would have to be constructed.

Goveror Curley announced this afternoon that President Roosevelt had agreed to find an additional $700,000 to make a first allotment of $1,000,000 towards the proposed National Guard camp at Bourne, and stated that work would commence on it in the near future.

The President's assurance that the money could not come from the War Department but would have to come from the Works Progress Administration, it was reported, was rejected, and after several months of quibbling, the Federal W. P. A. appropriated $300,000 for the roads which would have to be constructed.

The President's assurance that $700,000 more will be forthcoming as soon as he can arrange for it, means that the work can now go ahead more rapidly, the Governor said.

The state's contribution to the project will be the land for the camp, cost of which has been estimated at $600,000.

The Governor said the President told him that the money could not come from the War Department, but would have to come from the Works Progress Administrator Harry W. Hopkins.

When assured that the W. P. A. custom of employing only men from the county where the project is located could be disregarded in this case, the President promised to try and arrange for the money at once, the Governor said.

Legislation for an additional $1,500,000 to complete that project and for an additional appropriation of $3,500,000 for further development of Boston Harbor, would be introduced during the present session of Congress, the Governor said.

Funds Promised

Governor Curley announces this afternoon that President Roosevelt had agreed to find an additional $700,000 to make a first allotment of $1,000,000 towards the proposed National Guard camp at Bourne, and stated that work would commence on it in the near future.

"I assured the President that men from other counties could be placed at work on the camp, even though the money comes from Hopkins as a Federal W. P. A. grant," the Governor said, "and President Roosevelt agreed to endeavor to find the money immediately."

When the huge camp on the Cape was first proposed, the Governor requested a total grant of $2,550,000 from the Federal Government. It was rejected, and after several months of quibbling, the Federal Government appropriated $300,000 for the roads which would have to be constructed.

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Measure Would Cut Size of Accident Board

The Republican members of the Massachusetts Senate had a caucus at the State House after the session yesterday and discussed proposed legislation, in particular the bill which Senator Donald W. Nicholson of Wareham has drawn, providing that the number of members of the State Industrial Accident Board be reduced from seven to six.

That bill is aimed at Senator William S. Conroy of Fall River, whom Gov. Curley a few months ago appointed to the board. Under the law, a member of the Industrial Accident Board must give all his time to its duties. No person can draw from the board after Atty. Gen. Dever had given an opinion that the board had authority to grant such leave.

Senator Nicholson argued that if the board can perform its duties while one of its members is absent, it is not necessary to reduce the number of members, and that the board could be reduced to five. The Republican Senator also talked yesterday about the advisability of asking for an opinion from the Supreme Judicial Court as to whether or not the board has the right to grant leave of absence to one of its members.

No vote was taken on either of these matters.

Pres. James G. Moran of Mansfield, who,although elected to the Senate as a Republican, was chosen President by the votes of the Democratic members of that body just a year ago, attended the Republican caucus yesterday.

Senator Conroy, a Democrat, was not at the State House yesterday. It is said he has prepared a bill which will meet the situation to his satisfaction and run counter to Senator Nicholson's bill.
Boston, Mass.
JAN 10 1936

CURLEY PLEADS FOR COURTHOUSE

Has Roosevelt Interested in Suffolk Proposal

Governor Expects U. S. Will Contribute $1,800,000

Special Dispatch to the Globe
WASHINGTON, Jan 9 — Gov Curley and Representative John W. McCormack of Boston called separately at the White House today and each received assurances from the President of his interest in the proposed new courthouse for Suffolk County.

Representative McCormack’s visit preceded that of the Governor. The President learned from Mr McCormack that there was now available through P. W. A., only $300,000 which might be applied to the construction of the $5,000,000 courthouse. The President is said expressed a sympathetic interest in the project and agreed to confer with Harry Hopkins, administrator of the W. P. A. regarding an appropriation for the courthouse from that source.

Gov Curley Confident

Gov Curley left the White House expressing confidence that an allotment of $1,800,000 will be made from Federal funds for the courthouse. The balance of the cost will be borne, 70 percent by the city of Boston and 30 percent by the state.

Local approval of the proposed courthouse project has been obtained and all data and specifications sent to P. W. A. officials here. If the Government should appropriate its share of the funds work could be started within a short time.

Urges Airport Project

Gov Curley urged Secretary of War Dern to name the East Boston Airport as one of the army’s proposed air bases on which large sums are to be spent.

In a conference with the Secretary the Governor recommended that the present airport be extended to include Governor’s Island, in Boston Harbor, by filling in the narrow channel between them.

“This island,” the Governor said, “represents an investment of $7,500,000 and has advantages over any other site on the Atlantic Coast.”

Curley, as Mayor and later as Governor has advocated that the airport and the island be connected. He pointed out that with expenditure of an additional $1,000,000 this could be accomplished and an excellent air base created.

Secretary Dern promised to have the proposition investigated by army engineers.

Gov Curley also visited Federal relief director Hopkins in regard to the strike called by labor unions on Boston P. W. A. projects. The relief director, who is also an adviser on P. W. A. labor assignments, said he had already started investigation of the matter.

The Governor left for Boston after his official visits.

Globe
Boston, Mass.
JAN 10 1936

ASK REMOVAL OF R. J. KENNEY

Berkshire Sportsmen’s Clubs Wire Governor

PITTSFIELD, Jan 10 — A telegram has been sent to Gov James M. Curley asking him to appoint “a more competent man than R. J. Kenney” as the new director of the game and fish department.

The telegram was revealed today by the League of Berkshire County Sportsmen’s Clubs.

The message was sent in accordance with a vote of the league last night. Criticism of Kenney, according to the league, is that he has spent license money to promote the commercial industry of lobster and oyster fishing; that of the 25,000 pheasants liberated in Massachusetts Berkshie received an unduly small proportion, and the majority of these were so immature that they were easily picked up by predators; that the director failed to make proper investigation of deer conditions in an eastern county, notwithstanding the protest of sportsmen of that area; that he was neither a hunter nor a fisherman and had little practical knowledge of sport.

Curley Says Need This Year Exceeds That in 1935

Gov James M. Curley, honorary chairman for Massachusetts of the birthday ball for the President on Jan 30, at the Boston Garden, and other cities throughout the state, in an appeal to aid infantile paralysis sufferers, has called attention to a greater need for more funds this year as a result of the wide-spread epidemic last Fall, which cost many lives, left hundreds crippled and for the first time in many years delayed the opening of schools, so serious was the situation.

Birthday balls throughout the country raised $1,071,000 last Jan 30, and of that amount, the ball in the Boston Garden contributed almost $11,000. There are 300,000 infantile paralysis victims in the United States, Col Henry L. Doherty, national chairman, in a communication to Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, yesterday, said that while only nation-wide generosity can remedy the plight of the nation’s victims.

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What's on the Air?

Red Cross Rollcall

Gov James M. Curley of Massachusetts will speak on behalf of the 1935-1936 rollcall of the American Red Cross, this evening at 7 to 7:15 over WBZ. This is the second appeal by Gov Curley, his first talk having been given last November.

Press Clipping Service
1 Park Square
Boston Mass.

GOV CURLEY EXPECTS BIG COURTHOUSE GRANT

Says $1,800,000 Will Be Given—Now Boosting Governors Island For Army Air Base

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Gov Curley said he would recommend that the Army Air Base be located in New England under the Wilcox bill which passed on Governors Island in Boston Harbor.

"The island," he said, "represents an investment by the Government of $7,500,000 and has advantages over any other site on the Atlantic Coast."

The Governor has advocated the East Boston airport and Governors Island, separated only by a narrow channel, be connected.

The Wilcox bill was passed at the last session of Congress.
BACON URGES PARTY SHAKEUP
Would Rally Opponents of Roosevelt Policies in Solid Group

Gaspar G. Bacon, former Lieutenant-Governor, appealed last night for a new political alignment of the voters of the two major parties who are opposed to the practices of the present national administration.

He was the principal speaker at the testimonial dinner to Dist. Atty. Edmund R. Dewing of Norfolk and Plymouth counties at the Copley Plaza Hotel. He declared that the alignment he proposed would be logical, sensible, and constructive because of the diametrically opposed views now held by members of both parties or many of the policies of the Roosevelt administration.

Dewing was urged by several of the speakers for the post of attorney-general in the approaching election. In referring to this suggestion, Bacon said Dewing had the capacity and the qualifications for higher office.

Bacon paid warm tribute to former Gov. Ely, under whom he served as Lieutenant-Governor.

Judge Kenneth D. Johnson of Quincy district court was toastmaster.

BACON'S SPEECH

I am sorry that the Democratic Governor who appointed Ed Dewing is not here. But I hope that it is not inappropriate for me to say a personal word about one with whom I was closely associated for four years in the State House. Although of opposite political parties, he and I had strangely few disagreements, and I am inclined to think that on most political questions today we are not far apart. Gov. Ely was a credit to the office of Governor of the Commonwealth which he served with unsurving fidelity and marked ability. He was ever solicitous for the welfare of all the people of Massachusetts, and ever scrupulous to safeguard her good name.

If you will permit me, I shall say one more word of a political but non-partisan nature. We are about to enter upon a very important campaign for the election of the next President of the United States. Upon the outcome of this election will depend the system of government under which we shall live in the future.

There is much more at stake than mere differences of opinion as to policies or remedies. The basic principles of our American constitutional system are at issue. This issue is fundamental. Not since the civil war has a similar issue been presented. It far transcends artificial party lines and rises above traditional party allegiance.

VIEWS IRRECONCILABLE

There are those in both parties who would destroy the system under which we have lived in this country these last 150 years. There are those in both parties who would at all costs fight to preserve it. Each group is diametrically and fundamentally opposed to the other. Their basic views are irreconcilable.

This being so, is it not logical and sensible and constructive that there be a natural alignment of one of these groups against the other in open, frank and vigorous opposition on this paramount issue? On a question of such moment, should not those who think alike stand together irrespective of party affiliation?

I earnestly hope that there may be enlisted here in Massachusetts the active assistance of all those, irrespective of party affiliation, who believe in self-government as opposed to autocracy. This assistance should include, as the resolution points out, not only active co-operation in the campaign but if this is successful, an influential voice in the councils of those chosen to lead, and participation in the solution of the difficult problems of the next administration.

LEGAL PROFESSION

There are a great many lawyers and judges in this company tonight. In these days of unrest and uncertainty the legal profession occupies a position of unusual responsibility. The courts are being called upon more and more not only to do justice but to interpret the law. They are the protectors of the rights guaranteed by our charters of government.

The Supreme Court of the United States is being charged with a tremendous burden. Its decisions are eagerly awaited by a bewildered public. The momentous decision rendered last Monday in the AAA case, following shortly after the NRA judgement, has brought vividly to the attention of the people that the federal government under the constitution cannot encroach upon the reserved rights of the states.

PUBLIC CONFIDENCE

This court is now held in great respect. However one may disagree with any particular decision—for disagreements are inevitable—the people have confidence in the constitution of an impartial tribunal, totally uninfluenced by politics, prejudices, passion, or the whims of the moment, guided solely by their own mature judgement. It represents government under law, as the law of the land. It represents a duly constituted authority; it represents government under law.
AT JACKSON DAY DINNER IN WASHINGTON

Shown at the $50-a-plate Jackson Day banquet in Washington are, left to right, standing: Postmaster-General Farley, Gov. Curley, Senator Sheppard of Texas; seated: Bruce Kremer, Montana national committeeman, and Vice-President Garner.

$1,800,000 FUND PLEDGED STATE
Curley Says President Assures Aid Toward New Courthouse

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 (AP)—Assurance of a federal contribution of $1,800,000 toward a new $6,000,000 Suffolk county courthouse in Boston was announced tonight by Gov. James M. Curley of Massachusetts, following a conference with the President.

The project was called to the President's attention early today by Representative John W. McCormack of Boston who urged that federal funds be made available despite an earlier rejection of the project by the PWA and WPA.

McCormack said the President appeared interested in and familiar with the courthouse proposition. This afternoon Gov. Curley also advocated allocation of federal funds for the courthouse, and said afterward that $1,800,000 would be supplied by the federal government.

HOPKINS CALLS PWA STRIKE 'LOCAL MATTER'

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 (AP)—Controversy over use of union labor on work relief projects in Massachusetts today was termed by Harry L. Hopkins "a local matter" after a conference with Gov. James M. Curley.

Hopkins explained Curley reported that in instances where contractors were authorized to use union labor on the projects, they were bringing in workmen from communities other than those in which the project was being carried out.

"We have specific regulations about that," Hopkins said, adding that he had formed no opinion on the matter.
State House Briefs
By HENRY EHRLICH

Rumors that Councillor Frank A. Brooks of Watertown will be nominated to succeed Richard Olney as chairman of the parole board when the executive council meets again Wednesday still persist, despite Brooks' refusal to comment and the belief at the State House that he would refuse the nomination. The present parole board is under fire because of its alleged strictness in granting reduced sentences to prisoners who have good prison records. Brooks was chairman of the board from 1916 to 1934.

Authority for the city of Boston to construct a Huntington avenue subway from Copley station to West Newton street is asked by Senator Arthur W. Hollis of Newton, on behalf of Henry I. Harriman, president of the trustees of the Elevated. Besides, under the bill, would be issued outside the city's debt limit, and the bill would become effective on its acceptance by the city council, the mayor, and the directors of the road.

On petition of 42 hospital officials, Senator Arthur W. Hollis of Newton filed a bill to exclude from the state weekly payment of wages law employees of hospitals conducted in part by contributions of the state or municipalities and of hospitals which provide treatment of patients free of charge.

Representative Owen Gallagher of Boston filed a bill to prevent the valuation of dwellings from being increased by virtue of improvements made for maintenance, upkeep and habitation.

Senator Harry B. Putnam of Westfield would exempt hotels with 50 or more rooms from the restriction in the state liquor control act against the sale of liquor on election days.

Motor vehicles would be equipped with governors limiting their speed to 50 miles an hour under another Burke bill. He also seeks to delegate a special commission to study the possible abolition of county governments, to place the appointment of the Boston police commissioner in the hands of the mayor instead of the Governor, and to abolish non-partisan elections in the municipalities of the commonwealth.

The Massachusetts Legislature went on record yesterday in favor of the soldiers' bonus now under consideration by Congress.

Senator Theodore R. Plunkett of Adams seeks to take from the Governor the power of appointing clerks of district courts and to place that power in the hands of the presiding justices of the courts in which the vacancies occur.

Hugh J. McMackin of Boston would change the state liquor laws to place a 40 per cent. tax on each gallon of proof alcohol, to prohibit liquor licensees from borrowing funds from liquor manufacturers, wholesalers or importers, and to prevent the holder of one type of liquor license from having an interest in another type.

MAY ASK COURT
OPINION ON CONROY

Senate G. O. P. May Act on Senator Holding Two Jobs

A constitutional amendment providing that vacancies in the council, when they occur during a recess of the Legislature, shall be filled in such manner as the Legislature may from time to time prescribe by law, was filed yesterday by Representative Frank L. Floyd of Manchester. At present, vacancies in the council are filled, when the Legislature is not in session, by the Governor with the consent of the council. Gov. Curley took advantage of this statute last summer when he appointed two Democrats to succeed Edmund Cote of Fall River, now chairman of the Fall River finance board, and Joshua Arthur Baker of Pittsfield, now a member of the superior court, both of whom were Republicans.
BURDICK PLEDGES CURLEY LOYALTY

New Councillor Calls Governor One of Greatest Executives in U. S.

[Special Dispatch to The Herald]

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 9—A pledge to Gov. Curley, that no act of mine on the executive council ever will be against you or your best interests," was made publicly tonight by Councillor Morton H. Burdick of West Springfield before 400 Democrats of western Massachusetts who gathered in Hotel Clinton in testimonial to him.

Mr. Burdick, recently appointed by Gov. Curley to succeed Judge J. A. Baker of Pittsfield, called Gov. Curley one of the greatest executives in the country in informing the assemblage of his personal allegiance.

Although the atmosphere was filled with potential candidates the listening audience, even though the speakers included such public officials as Lt. Gov. Joseph F. Hurley, State Treasurer Charles F. Hurley, Dist. Atty. Thomas P. Moriarty.

JEWISH ADVOCATE
Boston, Mass.

JAN 10 1936

Martin Leftovith to Be Honored by Covenant Lodge

Covenant Lodge No. 16, I. O. O. F., will tender Martin Leftovith a testimonial banquet on January 18, at 7 p.m., at the Apertion Plaza, 257 Warren street, Roxbury. The affair will be held in conjunction with the Thomas Willey Celebration. Governor James M. Curley has promised to attend and address in paying tribute to a veteran who served with him in the old Boston Common Council. Mr. Leftovith has been a member of the Covenant Lodge since 1884 and has been its financial secretary for more than forty-five years.

The program at the testimonial includes greetings and introductions to follow the dinner, music and entertainment, presentation, and dancing till 1 a.m. Jacobson chairman of the committee in charge.

Herald
Boston, Mass.

JAN 10 1936

HEADLINERS

7:00 WBZ — Gov. James M. Curley.
8:00 WNAC — Good Ford; Eleanor Powell; Freddy Rich; Tavern Singers; Four Red Horsemen.
9:30 WNAC — Oscar Shaw; Carmela Ponselle; Elizabeth Lennox.
9:00 WNAC — Norma Denton; Frank Banta; Milton Rettenberg.
10:00 WNAC — Miss Donnelly and her orchestra.
11:00 WBZ — Al Pearce and his Gang.
11:30 WBZ — True Story Court, dramatic sketch.

JAN 10 1936

Courthouse—$5,000,000 Project Declared Approved

With Governor Curley reporting President Roosevelt favorable to the project, Boston today advanced one step nearer a new $5,000,000 Suffolk County Courthouse. The Governor, in Washington, sent word that the site of a structure to rise 18 stories over the present site of Pemberton Square Courthouse.

Recalling that the Courthouse is but a short block away from the Bulfinch facade of the State House, some wondered today how the 18-story structure would affect the Beacon Hill skyline. It is held by many that the architectural beauty of the famous little gold-domed State House should be preserved from too startling a contract with modern skyscraper design.

The project has been rejected by both the PWA and WPA, but recently there have been hints that consideration might be re-opened on the PWA basis of the Government paying 45 per cent of the cost and with the Commonwealth and the City of Boston sharing the remaining 55 per cent. This hint led the City Council to vote an order signifying its approval of the plan a week ago.

Coolidge-Payment of Political Signs Sought

When Senator Marcus A. Coolidge of Fitchburg was running for re-election back in 1930, he purchased 11 illuminated panels from the E. T. Donnelly Advertising Company. According to Mary J. Donnelly, company representative, the price of the signs was $2500 and it is alleged that the senator has paid only $1500 of this amount.

In Suffolk Superior Court, therefore Miss Donnelly filed a suit for $1000 against Senator Coolidge.

Governor Curley's only daughter, Mary, is the wife of Edward T. Donnelly Jr., son of the company's late founder. This year, the Governor will be out for the Senator's job if the present plans hold.

Motor List—Issue of Monopoly of Use Raised

Has the public works commissioner the right to award the 700,000 odd names of motor vehicle owners exclusively to one concern? That was the question under discus...
That would give sufficient time to iron out difficulties such as the battle for convention gubernatorial favor. If State Senator Harry Parkman Jr. steps into the United States senatorial contest, and Sinclair Weeks, former Mayor of Newton, decides his senatorial chances are good, that little skirmish may require considerable convention time.

Up and Down Beacon Hill

State Conventions

The Democratic decision setting June 23 as the national convention date is of considerable importance to Massachusetts politicians, troubled over scheduling the State's primary party convention.

The pre-primary law now provides the meetings must be held by June 15. The Republican and Democratic state committees, eager to avoid pre-primary dates which will conflict with all of those of the national conventions, have petitioned the Massachusetts legislature to extend the time limit to June 20.

Avoiding Conflicts

There seems little doubt that the request will be granted. No sound reason, it appears, can be given for refusal. As a result, with the dates of both national conventions now known (the G.O.P. date is June 9), the state committees should be able to plot out a schedule which would not conflict with the national party latitude.

Two immediate possibilities loom. The state Republicans could avoid a clash with their own national plank -manufacturing conclave at Cleveland by meeting between June 1 and 9.

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Up and Down Beacon Hill

G. O. P. Fireworks

The G. O. P. meeting may prove the more exciting of the two this year. In 1934, when the Gaspar G. Bacon crowd had everything their own way, it was a dull, stereotyped party.

As for the Democratic preprimary convention, with the limit pushed back to June 20 it could be scheduled any time after June 15. This would assure completion of state work before shifting to Philadelphia on June 23 for the national gathering.

Democratic Possibilities

The most exciting fight among the Democrats probably will ensue over the gubernatorial candidacy. If Governor Curley goes through with his Senatorial candidacy, he probably will have little or no struggle in obtaining convention favor. But in the fight for the Governor's seat, sleeves will be rolled up by several contestants. The winner may be either battered before the battle is over.

Two present state officials who appear certain to clash in this fight, if Governor Curley keeps his senatorial word, are Charles F. Hurley, state treasurer, and Lieut. Gov. Joseph L. Hurley. Neither is given to backing water, and each of the two is close to the state committee, point out certain dangers, not the least of which is the antagonism of the followers of Charles F. Hurley, who is a powerful organization throughout the state.

This organization, if sufficiently riled by Curley dictation, might retaliate against the Governor. Treasurer Hurley is eager for higher office, having missed it in 1934.

Of course, Governor Curley's choice of a successor is Lieutenant Governor Hurley, for whom he came out some time ago.

Curley Strategy

Some Democrats believe Mr. Curley should remain completely aloof from the Governor's fight until after the primaries. In this way, he could maintain the support of all gubernatorial candidates in his own senatorial campaign. Otherwise, if, through the Governor's efforts, Treasurer Hurley lost convention favor, the latter might conceivably work under cover, or even in the open, for the Governor's defeat.

Since the reported warning, the Governor has said nothing about supporting Lieutenant Governor Hurley, which several Democratic leaders consider significant. Furthermore, the same Democrats point out that the Lieutenant Governor has not yet made formal announcement of his gubernatorial candidacy. They assert the delay may or may not be important.

Edgar M. Mills
GOVERNOR AT JACKSON DINNER

Noted Democrats are shown at the $50 a plate banquet in Washington Wednesday night. Left to right, standing, Postmaster-General James A. Farley, Governor Curley of Massachusetts, Senator Sheppard of Texas. Seated, Bruce Kremer, national committeeman from Montana, and Vice-President John N. Garner.
The battle started when Mr. Mathey brought suit against Registrar Goodwin to have plates numbered 818 returned to him. The contested plates were originally assigned to the late John O'Malley, a Boston clothing merchant. When he died the plates were turned over to his sister, Miss Nellie O'Malley of Salem.

Through an agreement she permitted Mr. Mathey to have the plates until this year, when she notified Chief Clerk of the Registry Charlen R. Gilley that she did not want Mr. Mathey to have them. The plates were returned to the registry file and later given to Charles Manion, the former chancellor of Governor Curley, who is employed by the State department of public works.

NOT OBEYED

Mathey's Counsel in Sharp Attack on Goodwin

The fight for a low numbered automobile license plate to take the place of No. 818, that was taken from him, was continued last night by Nicholas W. Mathey, wealthy Lynn manufacturer, through his attorney, who sent a letter to Registrar of Motor Vehicles Frank A. Goodwin, accusing him of not complying with an order of the Supreme Court to furnish Mr. Mathey a suitable number. The registrar asked what was wrong with No. 146,662 that was sent him.

REGISTRAR ASKS FOR DETAILS

Registrar Goodwin stated in a letter to Attorney Harry T. Talty, who represents Mr. Mathey:

"I have just received the letter which you sent me as the legal representative of Nicholas W. Mathey of Lynn. You state that registration number plates 146,662 are not suitable. You do not state wherein they are not suitable. Are they too long, or are they too short? Don't you like the color, or would you like to have some other color, or possibly a speckled one?"

"On the same day I issued those plates to Mr. Mathey, I issued to a Donald G. Wood of Shelburne Falls registration number 146,660, to Noelia Dubrule of Cambridge, 165,661, to Matthew Pratt of Marshfield, 146,665, and to Edwin R. Oxner, 146,966. I have not heard from any of these gentlemen to the effect that the numbers issued were not suitable. Can you give me any particular reason why, if these plates are good enough for these four American citizens, Mr. Mathey wants something different?"

The letter sent to the registrar by Attorney Talty stated:

Plates Not Suitable

"Acting for and in behalf of Nicholas W. Mathey of Lynn, I hereby notify you that the registration plates received from you today, numbered 146,662, I do not consider as suitable registration plates, in accordance with the order of the Supreme Court entered Jan. 7, and I therefore now notify you that these plates are being held by Mr. Mathey subject to your order.

"I hereby demand, in behalf of Mr. Mathey, that you send him suitable plates, in compliance with the order of the court."
Leaders

of Democracy shown at Jackson Day dinner at Washington. L to r., Postmaster Gen. Farley; Gov. Curley; Sen. Shepherd of Texas; Bruce Kreamer, national committee-man, and Vice-President Garner.

SOLON MOVES TO STRIP POWERS FROM COUNCIL

A bill to abolish all the statutory powers and duties of the Executive Council, and give them all to the Governor, was filed in the Legislature yesterday by Rep. Thomas Dorgan of Dorchester.

"The sooner we get down to constructive action, the better it will be for the General Court," Rep. Dorgan said. "It was never intended to give all the statutory rights they now possess to the Governor's Council."

"We know it is a dangerous proposition to give too many powers away to a small body. A nod is as good as a wink to a blind horse. My bill would limit the powers of the Council to the approval of the appointment of justices and notaries. In my opinion, that is enough for a body which conducts its affairs behind closed doors in star chamber proceedings."
ANN HARDING IN AIR SKETCH TONIGHT

Gov. Curley to Speak For Red Cross
By STEVE FITZGIBBON

Ann Harding and Herbert Marshall face CBS-WNAC microphones at 9 this evening as the guests of Dick Powell's Hollywood show . . . They'll do a scene from "The Indestructible Mrs. Talbot," their newest flicker . . .

George Givot will do a bit of guest starring on the kilocycles soon . . . Tommy Dorsey slated for a return date here . . . Rosina Scotti, the songbird, spent 9 years in Scotland . . . Mildred Bailey nearly swooned following a recent audition . . . The gent in charge of the doings allowed that Mildred was okay, but he wanted a "hot" singer for the program . . .

Gov. James M. Curley takes to WBZ lanes at 7 this evening on behalf of the Red Cross Roll Call . . . Lois Long will annex a CBS night spot beginning the 12th . . . Vera M. Brown and Sybil Kaye's warbling at the May-centric will be taken up during the Catholic Truth Period on WNAC at 1 p. m. Sunday by Rev. Francis C. Deeny, S. J., of Weston College . . .

Sybil Kaye's warbling at the Mayfair clicking heavily . . . Rudy Vallee goes wire with Rubinoff Saturday night to take part in Rubinoff's 8th Radio Anniversary . . .

Miss M. Harris-Emil Coleman makes his headquarters at the St. Regis Hotel, New York city . . . We hope that your clock meets with his approval . . . Fox and Hounds will stage a series of bridge lunchees beginning the 17th . . . Vera M. Brown and Dorothy Thatcher will be the hostesses.

Billy Marcus, former local trumpeter, cleaning up in South America . . . The boys tell us that Billy is making more down there in a week than he was able to get out in a month. Now don't all go rushing for the boats . . . Jack Maisel, Joe Halmes' drummer, had to buy his bow a baton in order to get back his bell-stick. . . . It seems as though Joe borrowed Jack's bell-stick and found it a great aid in conducting the band . . .

Incidentally, Joe's band will be stationed at the Glen Island Casino this summer . . . Frank Parker in town . . . Joe Morrison has signed with M-G-M . . . It looks as though Joe will be co-starred with Jessie Matthews, the English star, Mildred Dilling, harpist, whom you have heard on numerous NBC programs, signed by Fabien Sevitzky for the 5th People's Symphony concert, to be held at Jordan Hall, the 19th. Adele Astaire, Fred's sister, Stoopnagle and Bud, and Percy Grainger, the pianist, will be guest stars for the Magic Key period on WBZ Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock . . . In the old days Fred Astaire used to be referred to as Adele's brother—today it is reversed.

At Pearce's Gang inaugurate a new series on NBC-WBZ this evening at 8 o'clock . . . This period will be in addition to their regular late afternoon shows on WEEI . . .

Jimmy Flood, the Hollywood reporter, does a very good job on his gossiping but why is it necessary to copy Walter Winchell's airings on the same network so closely? The manner in which he opens and closes his broadcasts must mislead many a dialer . . .

Washington, Jan. 10 (AP)—Confident Boston will get $1,800,000 from the Federal Government toward a new $5,000,000 Suffolk County courthouse, Governor Curley of Massachusetts today boosted the advantages of an Army air base on Governor's Island, Boston harbor.

The governor announced assurance of the Federal contribution for a courthouse after a conference with the President yesterday.

He said that $1,800,000 would be supplied by the Federal Government, with 70 per cent of the remaining cost to come from the city of Boston and 30 per cent from the State.

Curley said he would recommend that the Army air base to be located in New England under the Wilcox bill be placed on Governor's Island in Boston harbor.

"The island," he said, "represents an investment of the Government of $7,500,000 and has advantages over any other site on the Atlantic coast."

The governor has advocated the East Boston Airport and Governor's Island, separated only by a narrow channel, be connected. The Wilcox bill was passed at the last session of Congress.
Senator Coolidge Is Sued for $2000

Allegation Is That Balance Is Due for Twenty Illuminated Panels Furnished in 1930

United States Senator Marcus A. Coolidge of Fitchburg is sued for $2000 as balance due for twenty illuminated panels alleged to have been furnished him in 1930.

Mrs. Mary Shea Donnelly, executrix and trustee under the will of Edward C. Donnelly, doing business as John Donnelly & Sons, instituted the suit in the Suffolk Superior Court.

The suit shows that service of the action was made on the senator's secretary, Mrs. Gertrude Mosher.

Two credits, one for $1000 and one for $500 are noted.

To Confue with Moriarty

The governor said he had arranged a conference for late this afternoon between James T. Moriarty, State commissioner of labor and industries, and Andrew Peterson, PWA engineer, in an effort to adjust the differences.

The governor reported that he had requested PWA administrator Harry L. Hopkins, Federal relief administrator, during his visit to Washington, to amend the PWA regulations so that at least 50 per cent of the persons employed on Federal projects would not have to be taken under the relief rolls.

The governor said he had also asked Hopkins to change the present system so that workers on PWA jobs would be paid weekly instead of twice a month.

He added that Ely "might well speak as a member of the Republican party" because his views were apparently in accord with the opinion expressed by former Lieutenant Governor Gaspar G. Bacon, unsuccessful Republican candidate for governor at the last State election, that both Democrats and Republicans who believed in the preservation of the Constitution should unite to overthrow the New Deal.

To Carry Basis

Immediately after resuming his duties, the governor directed Joseph A. Rourke, his appointee on the commission to expedite plans for the new Suffolk County Court House, to call for a meeting of the commission to expedite plans for the new structure for which he has estimated $302,000 for construction of roads at the present time than the issuance of an order for weekly payments, especially in New England where we are subjected to great extremes of cold during the winter season.

"Of course as I pointed out to you there are few if any persons employed on the PWA that have any reserve and this makes it very hard, especially today when everything seems to be in such a sorry basis.

Consequently a delay of even a day in the payment of wages means starvation and freezing to death for some member of the family. I know for some time that the issuance of an order for weekly payments, especially in New England where we are subjected to great extremes of cold during the winter season.

"I also wish to renew my request that 25 per cent of the persons employed on the PWA, instead of 10 per cent, be taken from outside of the Public Welfare lists.

The governor also reported that while in Washington he had lunched with Rev. Charles E. Coughlin, Detroit radio priest, and Col. Doherty, chairman of the PWA, but that Hopkins had informed him that there were 600,000 registered voters in Massachusetts who had become members of his League for Social Justice.

Father Coughlin also told the governor that 70 per cent of the registered voters in Rhode Island were members of the league.

Curtis Plea for Birthday Ball

Cites Extra Needs Due to Last Fall's Epidemic

Gov. Curley, honorary chairman for Massachusetts of the birthday ball for the President on Jan. 30, said that the Garden contributed almost $11,000. There are 300,000 infantile paralysis victims in the United States and Col. Henry L. Doherty, national chairman, in a communication to Mayor Mansfield, said that only nation-wide generosity can remedy the plight of the nation's victims.

Col. Doherty expressed the hope that the $1,071,000 of a year ago would be exceeded and Col. Maynard, chairman of the Boston Garden ball, says he is confident that the $11,000 will be increased. Last year 30 per cent, $369,2.82, went nationally to Harvard and other universities for research and the balance to local orthopedic hospitals, etc.; Massachusetts General Hospital, $1500; Harvard Infirmary, $1500; Children's Hospital, $1500; Community Health Association, $1500; City Hospital, $1000, and the Industrial School for Crippled and Deformed Children, $300.
## Transcript's Radio Programs

### (In Eastern Standard Time)

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<tr>
<th>Hour</th>
<th>Station 1</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Station 2</th>
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<tr>
<td>4:00</td>
<td>WEEI</td>
<td>580K</td>
<td>Talk</td>
<td>WBZ</td>
<td>303M</td>
<td>Betty and Bob</td>
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<td>WEEI</td>
<td>580K</td>
<td>Musical Clinic</td>
<td>WBZ</td>
<td>303M</td>
<td>Ray Jones</td>
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<td>WBZ</td>
<td>303M</td>
<td>Girl Alone</td>
<td>WEEI</td>
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<td>Piano Duo</td>
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<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
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<td>Little Orph. Annie</td>
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<tr>
<td>5:00</td>
<td>Congress</td>
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<td>Mathay's Orchestra</td>
<td>WBZ</td>
<td>303M</td>
<td>Baseball School</td>
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<td>Records</td>
<td>WBZ</td>
<td>303M</td>
<td>Encores</td>
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<tr>
<td>5:30</td>
<td>Tom Mix</td>
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<td>Singing Lady</td>
<td>WEEI</td>
<td>580K</td>
<td>Jack Armstrong</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Health Forum</td>
<td></td>
<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
<td></td>
<td>Ed. Fitzgerald</td>
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<tr>
<td>6:00</td>
<td>The Tattler</td>
<td></td>
<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
<td></td>
<td>Ritz Tea</td>
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<tr>
<td>6:15</td>
<td>Recordings</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>6:30</td>
<td>Gordon's Orches.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
<td></td>
<td>Buck Rogers</td>
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<tr>
<td>6:45</td>
<td>Recordings</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
<td></td>
<td>Bobby Benson</td>
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<tr>
<td>7:00</td>
<td>Amos 'n' Andy</td>
<td></td>
<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
<td></td>
<td>Earl Lawrence</td>
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<tr>
<td>7:15</td>
<td>Uncle Ezra</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Mixed Quartet</td>
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<tr>
<td>7:30</td>
<td>After Dinner Revue</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Booke Carter</td>
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<td>Recordings</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
<td></td>
<td>Chemistry Talk</td>
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<td>Gov. J. M. Curley</td>
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<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Uncle Ezra</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Dan</td>
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<td>7:30</td>
<td>After Dinner Revue</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Booke Carter</td>
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<tr>
<td>7:45</td>
<td>Recordings</td>
<td></td>
<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Chemistry Talk</td>
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<td>8:00</td>
<td>Jessica</td>
<td></td>
<td>Red Horse</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Ritz Tea</td>
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<td>8:15</td>
<td>Dragonette; Quartet and Orchestra</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Ritz Tea</td>
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<td>8:30</td>
<td>Recordings</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
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<td>Ritz Tea</td>
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<td>8:45</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Ritz Tea</td>
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<tr>
<td>9:00</td>
<td>Frank Munn; Bernice Claire</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Ritz Tea</td>
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<tr>
<td>9:15</td>
<td>Court of Human Relations</td>
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<td>Talk</td>
<td>Health Forum</td>
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<td>Ritz Tea</td>
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<td>9:45</td>
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### Transcript's Radio Programs

**Boston, Mass.**

**JAN 10 1936**

### DONELLY GIRL HAS OPERATION

Miss Catherine Donnelly, daughter of Mrs. Edward C. Donnelly, sister of Col. Edward C. Donnelly, Jr., of Gov. Curley's military staff and sister-in-law of the colonel's wife, daughter of Gov. Curley, is making satisfactory progress at the Brooks Hospital, following an operation for appendicitis by Dr. Archibald Frazier.

### CURLEY FAVORS PLEDGED GROUP

Gov. Curley said today he favors having Massachusetts send a pledged delegation to the Democratic national convention at Philadelphia in June and gave the inference that the delegation should be pledged to President Roosevelt.

The Governor, in commenting on the suggestion of former Gov. Eliot for an unplugged delegation said:

"Was he speaking as a Republican?"

### BURDICK PLEDGES CURLEY LOYALTY

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 9—A pledge to Gov. Curley "that no act of mine on the executive council ever will be against you or your best interests," was made publicly tonight by Coun- cilor Morton H. Burdick of West Springfield before 400 Democrats of western Massachusetts who gathered in Hotel Clinton in testimonial to him.

Mr. Burdick, recently appointed by Gov. Curley to succeed Judge J. A. Baker of Pittsfield, called Gov. Curley one of the greatest executives in the country in informing the assemblage of his personal allegiance.

Although the atmosphere was filled with potential candidates the dinner was marked by the absence of announcements even though the speakers included such public officials as Lt.-Gov. Joseph F. Hurley, State Treasurer Charles P. Hurley, Dist.-Atty. Thomas F. Moriarty.
U. S. denies Curley Courthouse Story

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 - Officials at the White House and at the WPA headquarters today denied that any promise had been made to Gov. Curley of Massachusetts that the United States will contribute $1,800,000 toward the cost of a new $5,000,000 Suffolk county courthouse.

In dispatches from here last night, the Governor was quoted as saying President Roosevelt had promised him that the allotment would be made.

The funds would have to come from the public works administration, if at all, and it was explained that Massachusetts authorities originally had asked for an allotment of $1,800,000, but subsequently filed a new request for $2,100,000.

CURLEY HAS PROMISE OF MORE CAMP FUNDS

President Roosevelt agreed to find money so as to bring the allotments from the federal government for the Cape Cod national guard camp to $1,000,000. Gov. Curley announced in the State House today as the result of his trip to Washington from which he returned this morning.

The money will come from WPA funds, according to the Governor, and will include the $302,000 already allowed for roads.

It was further agreed, according to the Governor, that an additional $1,500,000 for the camp will be asked of Congress this session and that men from Fall River, New Bedford and other places outside the Cape will be allowed work on the project.

The Governor also said that $1,000,000 has been allowed for Boston harbor and an additional allotment for that work will be asked of the present session of Congress.

Meanwhile, Gov. Curley, at the State House today, ordered Joseph A. Rourke, former street commissioner of Boston and now member of the commission named to supervise construction of the proposed new Suffolk county court house, to call a meeting of his members with a view to expedite matters concerning the hoped-for building at Pemberton square.

The proposal to have WPA workers paid by the week instead of every other week was presented by Gov. Curley to Harry Hopkins, federal administrator, in Washington yesterday. The Governor said today.

According to the Governor, Hopkins pointed out the two week system has worked well in other states.

The Governor replied that the situation is different in Massachusetts with severe weather and the need to purchase fuel for cash. The Governor said Hopkins agreed to investigate.

The Governor also left a memorandum with Hopkins requesting that 20 per cent. of those employed be taken from non welfare rolls.

WOULD OUST KENNEY

PITTSFIELD, Jan. 10 (AP) — A request that Gov. Curley appoint a "more competent man than R. J. Kenney as director of fisheries and game" was telegraphed to the chief executive today by the Berkshire County League of Sportsmen.
Ely Wants Unpledged Bay State Delegation

Former Governor Would Have Group Going to Democratic National Convention in Position to Protest Some of the New Deal Policies

Former Gov. Joseph B. Ely said today that he favors the election of unpledged delegates to the national convention of the Democratic party in June.

MAY PROTEST NEW DEAL

In that simple statement lies a possibility that Massachusetts Democrats may be asked to send a delegation determined not necessarily to block the Roosevelt nomination but at least to register in platform deliberations and on the floor a protest against certain New Deal policies.

Prospects also loom, with his statement, that a list containing the name of former Gov. Ely and the names of the Bay State senators may be presented at the polls to the Democrats of the state in direct conflict with a list headed by Gov. Curley.

"A national convention cannot be a deliberative body with pledged delegates," Ely said. "That was demonstrated to me altogether too clearly in Chicago in 1932.

"An unpledged delegation is always difficult to achieve. People like to attach themselves to an individual as a symbol of policy," he added.

From his comments might also be implied the intention of conservative Democracy to continue to battle Roosevelt policies within the framework of the Democratic party; and a diminishing likelihood that "Al" Smith, Gov. Ely and their Democratic colleagues of the American Liberty League will bolt their party in the spring.

Ely reaffirmed his distaste for the major portion of New Deal measures.

DISCUSSES SECURITIES ACT

He conceded that the securities act "affords the investor a measure of security."

"And yet," he offered, "in 1927 and '28 and '29 the incorporation of companies for the most part was honestly done, and the promoters were for the most part honestly mistaken as to values, and the same would happen again."

Good enough, he said as to the securities act, but negligible in weight.

"There are some improvements in the bank structure," he allowed.

"Work relief, as it is organized-terrible! Federal funds should be spent through state channels. Federal relief money should go to the state and the state should distribute it to city and town agencies. It would be more efficient and such a system would reduce the administrative expense."

"AAA? I don't pretend to know anything about the farm problem."

But it would seem to me that if the farmers would utilize the laws giving them the right to combine and fix prices, they'd help themselves a whole lot. They have privileges of combination in restraint of trade not accorded to business. Possibly such co-operatives might break up easily because farmers are notorious individualists."

He shrugged his shoulders and smiled.

"Of course one of the farmer's chief difficulties is due to the old land boom. The farmer had to make earnings on inflated land values. In due time I believe those land values will find their proper level."

The former Governor dismissed proposals for constitutional reform in the national government as unnecessary, "with the possible exception of a child labor amendment."

"Labor, on the whole, he ventured, will achieve advances in the wage-and-hour structure in industry in the entire nation without federal intervention. "Labor has made great progress in Massachusetts through its own efforts," he reasoned.

On the other hand, he favors a change in the state constitution.

"The attorney-general and auditor, and the secretary of state are just as well appointed by the Governor. We have too many constitutional officers in the state, and we would do well with a shorter ballot."
CURLEY MOVES TO END STRIKE

Tries to Reach Hopkins
As 500 Remain Out on PWA Projects

Stating that he believed difficulty that caused the strike of union workers in the building trades employed on PWA projects could be settled quickly, Gov. Curley today communicated with Washington in an effort to reach Harry L. Hopkins, federal relief administrator.

Unable to reach Hopkins, but told that he could be reached later, the Governor planned again to call Washington today and place the matter before the relief administrator.

Prior to the Governor's telephone call, James T. Moriarty, state commissioner of labor and industry, and Andrew Peterson, an engineer representing the PWA, conferred, but were unable to reach an adjustment. The Governor attributed the trouble to an allegation that contractors were not abiding by the terms of their contracts.

Approximately 500 union workers were on strike today from PWA projects, according to Ernest A. Johnson, business agent for the building trades council of Boston and vicinity. The question of what action will be taken on projects in various parts of the state, he said, will be discussed at a meeting of the state executive committee of the Building Trades to be held tomorrow at the Hotel Bellevue.

One of the largest projects to be affected is the construction work on a new Andover junior high school building at Andover, where 40 union workmen quit and tied up work today. Representatives of the union men said the strike was called to protest the employment of five non-union workers.

Meantime, Johnson announced, the council is "just standing pat."

More than 60 union men quit work on five PWA projects in Greater Boston yesterday, supplementing the move of 200 men who left their jobs Wednesday in four outlying cities and towns. Pleas of the PWA executives for postponement of the strike were ignored by representatives of the Boston council.

Men were working on a project at the Boston City Hospital today, it being announced that all union workers were employed on the project. No workers were seen, however, at the school project at Elliot square, Roxbury, where about 30 were employed.

The strike is in protest against giving preference allegedly to workers on relief rolls.

100 STRIKE AT PEABODY

AND WIN THEIR POINT

PEABODY, Jan. 10 — More than 100 men, employed on a WPA farm-to-market road project and a fire lane project in West Peabody, went on strike today when they were ordered to report for work to make up for a day's work lost last Friday on account of rain.

The men protested today that because of the rain last night the woods were drenched and working conditions there were bad. After arguing for about an hour, the men won their point and were told they would not have to work.
TIMES
Beverly, Mass.
JAN 11 1936

VERITIES
ABOUT PEOPLE
AND THINGS
in Current News

RANK SOCIALISM — That is what President Roosevelt's Jackson Day dinner address, as the majority of others he has pressed upon our Nation, was, without any more needing to be said.

Some will rise up in ire at that statement; however, so let's settle right down to a conscientious analysis of that political "wordfest" of Wednesday night.

"I am naturally grateful for this support (a large number of "appreciative letters" received after the address to Congress) and for the understanding on their part that the Government of the United States seeks to give them a square deal and a better deal—seeks to protect them and to save them from being plowed under by a small minority of business men and financiers, against whom you and I and to save them from being plowed under by a small minority of business men and financiers, against whom you and I shall continue to wage war."

Nothing more nor less than a vicious effort to divide class against class, with the ultimate goal in view of obliterating from America, responsible, thinking people; so that eventually the sting but human machines will exist in this country, dominated by a dictator such as has arisen in many of the nations abroad. That is rank socialism.

Every citizen of the United States, man or woman, who has the ability to think and analyze realizes what President Roosevelt ... it is men such as they to whom the rest of us are indebted for being able to "keep our heads above water," if no more.

"Jackson sought social justice and fought for human rights in his many battles to protect the people against autocratic or oligarchical aggressions—putting himself as a "holier than thou." Roosevelt cleverly recalled the life and career of Andrew Jackson and played about with the slogan, "History repeats itself."

"Social justice"—That is what the President considers his programs of enormous spending for useless ends. ever-increasing taxation, breaking down of tariff walls and destroying American industry and agriculture, encouraging discontent among working peoples against their employers and continuing wild New Deal experiments despite the fact that their enemies have been knocked from under them through their own fallacies, inefficiency and inconsistencies. —All of which, if not actually intended to do so, is certain to construct a socialist state.

"The true issue before the United States is the right of the average man and woman to lead a finer, a better and happier life."

Why only the "average" man and woman? It has always been the purpose of all groups, whether they be Republicans, Democrats, Communists or self-acclaimed Socialists, to improve every last citizen, no matter who he or she is or what his or her position in life may be. No monopoly in this direction can be granted by the Administration of the party it represents—So doing is hardly other than socialism.

"You will need to analyze the motives of those who make assertions to you."

Meaning that everyone who does not agree with the New Deal tactics "has been misled" or "would mislead." In other words, there is only one group of people in the United States distinguished as "right" in their convictions, those who swallow the Rooseveltian sentimental appeal and follow in the path of its leadership.—Is that not arouses one faction against another? Hence—socialism.

"We are at peace with the world; but the fight goes on. Our frontiers of today are economic, not geographic. Our enemies are the forces of privilege and greed within our own borders."

Offhand, can you think of many "dastardly recruits" among people you know? Those "forces of privilege and greed" that will be classified as existing primarily in our Federal and Massachusetts governments, those who use their public office for obtaining high personal desires—"autocracies" or socialist dictatorships.

If in that quotation is again assailing "big business," he is again endeavoring to create class hatred. All men in business consider it "big" if it butters their bread. Long as this continues, it cannot be too long to omit the following paragraphs from the Detroit Free Press:

The push-cart peddler looks upon his Business as the biggest thing in his economic life and, therefore, the biggest thing in our country.

The bigger the business, as a rule, the more liberal are the men at the head of it and the more liberal the lines on which it is run. Conservatism and reaction are found may often in small business, which cannot afford to be liberal and to do for its employees and for the community what bigger business can do.

"Are certain industries to be denounced because they have been forced to take political notice of the attempt to destroy them?"

Now, let's return to President Roosevelt's Jackson day address.

"I speak tonight to this Democratic meeting in the same language as if I were addressing a Republican gathering, a Progressive gathering, an independent gathering, a gathering of business men or a gathering of workers or of farmers."

He was speaking non-partisanship, the President opined, but it may have been noticed that his audience did not regard it in any such light. They accepted it for what it was—another appeal to party and class prejudice, an appeal for the perpetuation of rule by the Democrats through the work of those in the Democratic party.—Again, a socialist endeavor.

"As greatly and perhaps even more greatly than on any other occasion since I have been in the White House, I have the definite feeling that the great problems that face us as a nation received a responsive, an appreciative and an understanding answer in the homes of America. This means a lot to me."

In his usual eloquent manner of reading forth words, President Roosevelt appealed to the "family home" and expressed his gratitude that so many had sent him "messages of confidence" and urged him to reiterate, which he did, his statement of the Congressional opening day address. "It is but a minority in business and finance that would 'gang up' against the people's liberty, the work they are doing more business, once more the drive toward rank socialism.

Playing with the heartstrings of youth, the President issued a new appeal for the support of the younger people of the country, adding: "Enthusiasm and the intelligence of the youth of the land are necessary to the fulfillment of that destiny. " (The "high destiny" of which the Nation, "still young, still growing," is "still conscious.") Then comes this statement:

"It is the sacred duty of us who are vested with the responsibility of leadership to justify the expectations of the young men and women of America."

The "young men and women of America" are, for the most part, convinced that some other deal than the New Deal must be found and they will demonstrate that feeling in the coming fall.—They do not want to become "human cattle" in another 'Soviet."

"A government can be no better than the public opinion that sustains it."

Hence, the socialistic Rooseveltian government is headed for a mighty fall, if the truly-interested, thinking people continue to refuse to "sustain" New Deal extravaganzas—and drive onward to eliminate socialism from the White House!

It looks as though the soldiers full bonus payment bill is going through this time. The House has approved it, and the Senate will after a certain amount of arguing. They both passed it, in different form, a year ago. President once...
from Boston this week hinted: ult in a period of semi-prosperity, ie due for full payment until 1945. is fall, I doubt greatly whether to support State Senator Henry Parkman, Jr., of their city, for the cap on a ton more taxes in 1937 James A. Curl Democratic aspir- ant for t as ington office. jority of the leading Republicans in selves and are working for the can- didacy of State Representative Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., of Beverly, for that nomination by the Grand Old Party in June. Parkman is a whirlwind speaker and is generally liked by those who know him, but, as was pointed out in a letter many weeks ago, he has too many political enemies to win the election. Lodge's popularity is increasing daily. He is conducting a wide speaking program and continues to make new friends everywhere he goes. There is no doubt that he is the man who can and will defeat Curley, if he is the Demo- cratic nominee, or whatever Demo- cratic who is lined up for the important Massachusetts seat in Washington, formerly so capably filled by the Beverly man's re- nowned grandfather, Henry Cabot Lodge. Mr. Lodge has every- thing that Mr. Curley hasn't, and with that he can defeat his Demo- cratic opponent. * * *

The Lindberghs are in England. Dr. "Jasfe" Condon has left for Eng- land. It seems they fear re- opening of the trial of Bruno Haupt- mann, convicted abductor-slaver, in the New Jersey court of pardons today is weighing Hauptmann's fate for the last time. How they do this other than uphold Bruno's trial decision? "I. J. Faulkner" could not be found; now we write again and says Haupt- mann "bought" the "hot" ransom money from him. That would have been a much more plausible story for the condemned Bronx carpenter to give instead of insisting that Is- dore Elish left it in his custody. How can that testimony be refuted justly? * * *

GOOD NEWS—Approval of the plans for making Water street a boulevard and turning an eyeSore into an attractive entrance to the city is pleasing to me. I have advocated this for more than three years and means of copy have appeared in the Times about the worthwhile character of this proposed improvement. Mayor Torrey has co-operated in pushing this project, which now bids fair to become a reality. * * *

The New Deal continues to fall be- fore the attacks of the Literary Digest. Thirty-six states are already listed as opposing it and 12 favoring it. (In the South, however, complete returns are not yet to be reported. New England is the strongest in protest; the South, rattan polling indicating that this section of the country will have a lot to say about a different "deal" in the forthcoming Precinct election. * * *

TEN BEST MOVIES — "David Copperfield" was selected as the best picture of the year by 451 critics representing every section of the United States in the 14th poll of the nation's critics conducted by the Film Daily in New York. The Beverly Evening Times' motion picture department participated. Lawrence S. P. Stanton, City Editor of the Times, picked seven of the first ten and nine of the first thirteen on the list. The ten best pictures for 1935 and the votes they polled were: "David Copperfield," 339; "The Lives of a Bengal Lancer," 160; "The Informer," 256; "Ninotchka," 155; "Les Miserables," 235; "Rug- gear," 221; "The Red Gerard," 222; "Top Hat," 174; "Broadway Melody of 1938." A total of 166 pictures received nomination for the "Ten Best" list compared with 173 the previous year.

Mr. Stanton chose "Imitation of Life" in place of "Ruggles of Red Gap" and "Alice Adams" instead of "Anna Karenina." Many of us were surprised to learn that Senator Walsh was not known to have been interested in the bowing report that he had nearly drowned. Guess he decided that some of the issues before Congress would act upon without a recording of his vote. * * *

COMPLAINT—Someone laid the following clipping from the Boston Record on my desk with the re- quest that I reprint it, although I have heard no vigorous protests locally which particularly warrant its application to this city:

Two weeks ago the ERA workers were given cards to get a weekly supply of food. I, being one of the workers, married and having four children, went to the food station to get my supply. I received one can of hambug steak. The cat had a nice meal and died the next day.

Then came a piece of frozen veal. After being in the freezer for six hours it was still not thawed out. Having no dog I could not try it out so I did away with it. I also received two pounds of rice and one peck of potatoes which I could use. Thanks for that.

(Signed)—"PAT AS A WHALE." * * *

Although the invalidation of one or two New Deals hardly warrants a resolution of the Constitution, Sen- ator Schwellenbach, Democrat from the state of Washington, following the AAA's death, leads the way for an amendment for speedier changes in the Constitution by popular vote of three-fourths of the Legislatures or State conventions, plus a two-thirds approval in each House of Congress.—Wonder how often other people spell his name "Swollen- back." * * *

Postmaster-General Farley, chairman of the National Democratic committee, followed President Roose- velt's Jackson day address with the statement that the 1936 Presidential campaign will be "the bitterest and certainly the most political struggle ever. With no "dirt" as yet having been thrown by administra- tion-opposition forces, it appears that Mr. Farley is starting the ball rolling for that kind of campaign. * * *

Hauptmann's attorneys are pleading clemency for him today. If the state of New Jersey $120 for that court of pardons hearing. If Bruno looses, it will cost $219.24 to pay the expenses of putting him to death. One cent will be the cost of the electricity for this execution, the end of a million dollar murder case, we hope —Some rather interesting figures.

President Roosevelt is reported as refusing to allow former Governor Alfred E. Smith and John W. Davis to be delegates from his home state of New York at the Democratic National convention. That is true, it's a lovely example of the rule of a dictator. * * *

The weatherman continues to be good to us. Perhaps we can establish a wintertime-summer resort here for Floridians. "Bud" King just got back from the so-called "sunny South" and reports frigid tempera- tures which necessitated overcoats and warm blankets. * * *

Philadelphia has been the scene of three Republican National conventions, two followed by out- one by defeated. That being a "prefer- red" city for the Republicans, wonder how it will result for the Democrats this year.

"What Shall We Name the Baby?" is the subject of an item in the Boston Post. Imagine my pleasure at reading: "Carl, also spelled Karl and Karl, is a masculine personal name of Teutonic origin, signifying strength and manliness." Of course, it is a somewhat elaborated derivation of "Carl," but almost everyone knows me by the merciful name. Guess I've got a lot to live up to, my friend, who said to me: That definition came to my undivided at- tention. • • •

"Isn't This a Lovely Day?"
—CARLTON B. HOVEY.

Enterprise
Brockton, Mass.
JAN 11 1936

Three Resign From Education Board

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—(AP)—The resignation of the members of the State advisory board of educa- tion, who quit in protest against the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner of educa- tion, were more Gov. James M. Curley to-day.

The three were Lincoln Filene, Boston merchant and member of the board 20 years; Walter V. McDuffee, Springfield educator and member of the board for 17 years; and Henry B. Sawyer, appointed by former Gov. Joseph B. Ely three years ago.
Mrs. D. B. Matthews Gives Talk for League of Women Voters

Impressive Plea for World Peace Made by Speaker.

Mrs. David B. Matthews, chairman of international co-operation in the Brockton League of Women Voters, gave an interesting, as well as informative talk, Thursday, at the meeting of the league at the Brockton Public Library.

Mrs. Susan F. Hunt, president of the league, presided. Mrs. Charles F. Garniss acted as secretary pro-tem.

Mrs. Matthews made an impressive plea for world peace, and said more friendships are needed and not more battleships.

"Conformity in religion or unity in spirit," she said, "is the most important thing toward promulgation of peace in the world to-day. Switzerland is used for a storage plant for war implements, undoubtedly against her will, and 53 nations have agreed to keep from Italy everything that will promote war."

She said that Europe will never find peace until the true spirit of brotherhood is felt. She urged cooperation with youth, stating that young people do not want war.

Mrs. Matthews was given a vote of thanks for her interesting talk.
GOVERNOR CURLEY TO HOLD CONFERENCE ON STREET RAILWAY CONSOLIDATION

Governor Curley will hold a conference with the various representatives, the senator, and other interested parties of Chelsea and Revere at his office at the State House Tuesday at 1 p.m. for the purpose of discussing with him the apparent delay in the final action on the consolidation of the Boston Elevated and the Chelsea Division of the Eastern Mass. St. Ry. Co.

GOVERNOR CURLEY TO FAVOR EXECUTION OF BONUS BILL

Governor Curley said in an interview that he was favoring the enactment of the McCormack-Bonor bill calling for immediate and full payment of the soldier's bonus. He declared that the bill was a just bill and should be passed.

GOVERNOR CURLEY TO APPROVE BONUS BILL

Governor Curley approved the bonus bill and declared that he would sign it if it came to his desk. He said that he believed in the plan and that it was a just and equitable measure for the payment of the soldiers who had served in the World War.

GOVERNOR CURLEY TO CONFER WITH SENATOR

Governor Curley will confer with Senator Borin on the consolidation of the Boston Elevated and the Chelsea Division of the Eastern Mass. St. Ry. Co. on Wednesday at the State House.

GOVERNOR CURLEY TO MEET WITH REPRESENTATIVES

Governor Curley will meet with the leaders of the American Legion, the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and other veterans organizations to discuss the consolidation of the Boston Elevated and the Chelsea Division of the Eastern Mass. St. Ry. Co.

GOVERNOR CURLEY TO CONFERENCE WITH LEADERS

Governor Curley will hold a conference with the leaders of the American Legion, the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and other veterans organizations to discuss the consolidation of the Boston Elevated and the Chelsea Division of the Eastern Mass. St. Ry. Co.

GOVERNOR CURLEY TO ANNOUNCE SUPPORT

Governor Curley announced his support for the bonus bill and said that he believed it was a just and equitable measure for the payment of the soldiers who had served in the World War.

GOVERNOR CURLEY TO ENDORSE BILL

Governor Curley endorsed the bonus bill and declared that he believed it was a just and equitable measure for the payment of the soldiers who had served in the World War.

GOVERNOR CURLEY TO ANNOUNCE DECISION

Governor Curley announced his decision to favor the bonus bill and declared that he believed in the plan and that it was a just and equitable measure for the payment of the soldiers who had served in the World War.

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Governor Curley announced his support for the bonus bill and said that he believed in the plan and that it was a just and equitable measure for the payment of the soldiers who had served in the World War.

GOVERNOR CURLEY TO ENDORSE BILL

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ROOSEVELT SPEAKS

The Address To Congress, The Supreme Court Decision and the Jackson Day Banquet Start
Political Activity Through the Country—Gov. Curley Returns from Washington with Money
For Large Public Improvements

The Presidential campaign is on with some heat. The Supreme Court decision by a 6 to 3 vote, with the minority saying the harshest things ever uttered against the assumption of the Court to pass on the acts of Congress has aroused the entire country. And this with the conventions to be yet held, and the election as we have November.

President Roosevelt delivered a splendid address to Congress last Friday evening. It compares in strength and vigor with any other address that has been delivered in its field. It is perhaps the strongest address ever delivered by a President of the United States, and it is certainly the strongest of all the addresses delivered this year. It is a master piece of oratory, and is a masterpiece of eloquence.

The Jackson Dinner
At the dinner on the anniversary of the birth of Andrew Jackson the speech of President Roosevelt was a militant statement that the Democratic party has restored confidence to the people of the country. It is a statement that the Democratic party has restored confidence to the people of the country. And this with the conventions to be yet held, and the election as we have November.

Gov. Curley who was in Washington to attend the dinner took advantage of his visit to check up on public improvements for Massachusetts. Assurance of a federal contribution of $1,800,000 toward a new $5,000,000 Suffolk county courthouse in Boston was announced by Gov. Curley following a conference with the President. This sum would be supplied by the Federal Government with the City of Boston to pay 70 per cent of the remaining cost and the Commonwealth the other 30 per cent.

Congressman McCormack supported Gov Curley's efforts.

The Airport
Gov. Curley urged Secretary of War Dern to name the East Boston Airport as one of the army's proposed air bases on which large sums are to be spent.

In a conference with the Secretary of War the Governor recommended that the present airport be extended to include Governor's Island, in Boston Harbor, by filling in the narrow channel between them.

"The island," the Governor said, "represents an investment of $7,500,000 and has advantages over any other site on the Atlantic Coast." Curley, as Mayor and later as Governor, has advocated that the airport and the island be connected. He pointed out that with an expenditure of an additional $1,000,000 this could be accomplished and an excellent air base created.

Secretary Dern promised to have the proposition investigated by army engineers.

Barry Busy
Representative Thomas E. Barry has filed a bill in the Legislature providing for the issuance by the Commonwealth of bonds aggregating $200,000 for the purpose of developing the waterfront of East Boston for commercial, industrial and recreational purposes. This move is in connection with Gov. Curley's plan to make Boston the best port in the country.

Forum

Editor's Notes: Anonymous communications to the Herald News will not be published. All expressions upon topics of general interest are welcome, but they must bear the signature and street address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

SENATOR CONROY,
Dear Editor:
After reading the "Political Grab Bag" outline of what Senator Conroy said at the Jackson dinner, I have come to the conclusion that he is one who knows little about James Michael. If he could only read the resolutions of 1930, he certainly could not be considered a real defender of James Michael; and I wonder if he is sincere now, and could he honestly say that James Michael has kept his word with the people of Fall River?

I am sure that if the writer of the "Political Grab Bag" did attempt to meet "Little Willie" on the platform, that "Little Willie" would be missing. He did not dare to meet a certain young man who challenged him in the past election for mayor, but the "Bombastic Willie" quit cold in the Anawan and Amiot halls when this young man appeared to meet the little senator, who said his throat was sore and his voice was weak. I believe the senator showed signs of cold feet.

And I dare the senator to tell what he said to the chairman, when the chairman told him the young man was in Anawan hall.

I have known the senator when he was a member of the Democratic City committee from Ward Five and who he supported for senator when Rubin ran against McLane, and can show where he supported an independent candidate for election in Ward Three against the Democratic nominee, Timothy Shea, and I dare the Senator to deny that charge.

I think he is the biggest disappointment the people ever had in public office. How he talked about the people on "the hill"; and the first chance he got he ran up "the hill" and staked there.

And how he cried about the poor old couple that was going over the hill to the poor house and to make sure that they would have a one-way ticket he grabbed himself another position. There is no need of me using all my powder now. I will save some until the senator takes the platform and hand to him a worse sheilacing than he got in the Curley club.

A DEMOCRAT.
Political Grab Bag

By Thomas K. Brindley

Curley Name Dropped—

It was no surprise to political observers when the Curley Club changed its name.

The members have been considering the move for months. Disgusted with the manner in which Governor Curley has been administering the affairs of the State, one observer commented, ‘‘The Curley Club was the first organization of its kind in the State. Its members hailed the election of Governor Curley with more enthusiasm than many who now profess to be his most loyal supporters. They believed he would do all he promised."

The failure of his work and wages program to do more than provide headlines and headaches disgusted the members.

The action of the Curley-controlled Senate on the bill which would have given home rule to the Fall River Police Department was repulsive to them.

And his failure to consider the merits of qualified members of the organization for jobs when vacancies were to be filled was the last straw.

One member of the club, who was a vigorous supporter of the Governor during the 1934 campaign, expressed himself very clearly following the selection of attaches of the State Department of Taxation and Corporation. The man had the necessary qualifications for such a job and his disgust with the shabby treatment accorded him is one of the principal reasons why the Curley Club took the action it did.

Blow at Racing Racket—

Representative William P. Grant and a group of colleagues in the Massachusetts Legislature deserve commendation for their efforts to bring before the public the true status of the State Racing Commission.

They are taking an effective step in seeking to have the salary of the chairman of that group reduced from $6,000 to $5,000 and the rest of the members from $5,000 to $4,000.

Mr. Grant explains why he feels such a move should be made in the following brief statement:

“This bill should pass because these men are paid lucrative salaries on a full time basis, when in truth, they only work during the racing season. In fact, there is some question in my mind whether they work then."

Eventually, it is the hope of the merchant life of Massachusetts, as well as all thinking citizens, that racing will be driven from the State and decent sport only allowed to prevail.

Racing has become a racket in Massachusetts, run for the benefit of a few politicians, the syndicates which control the tracks, and the touts who live off the gullible amateur bettors.

Health Board Aroused—

The Board of Health is prepared to roll up its sleeves and contend with any members of the City Council who plan to make charges that there is politics involved in the decision of that body to maintain an outpatient division at the General Hospital.

Reports that some Councillors intended to attack the Health
Commission's move were discussed at a recent meeting of the group, it has been learned, and some pretty sharp opinions were expressed.

One plan known to be under consideration by the Health Commission is to invite the Councillors to attend a conference with members of the hospital staff and explain to the medical men just wherein they anticipate there will be politics played in the outpatient division.

Whether that conference will be arranged remains to be seen. Meanwhile, plans for launching the outpatient division are progressing rapidly and considerable work is being done.

Member Ready to Quit—

It is quite likely that the Board of Health will suggest that if the City Council refrains from interfering, there will be no politics in the new setup. It is a matter of record that it was members of the old Board of Aldermen who clogged the books of the former outpatient division with accounts in red ink.

The Health Commission says it plans to operate the institution "exclusively for the benefit of the sick."

In the discussion of the reports that the Councillors are complaining that politics is being played in renewing the outpatient division in the municipal hospital, one member of the Board of Health is reported to have informed his colleagues he will resign if any one in the city government proves to him there is anything involved in the change other than a move to give the needy the best available treatment at the least possible cost to the taxpayers.

Interesting Observation—

An interesting observation on politics in hospitals is the following, taken from a newspaper editorial.

"Interference by petty politicians or board members as such is absolutely demoralizing, "*" destructive to the morale of the institution, efficient treatment of the patients, and the reputation of the hospital as a safe and desirable place for treatment."

3 Quit Board; Resent Ousting Of Dr. Smith

BOSTON, Jan. 11 (AP)—The resignations of three members of the state advisory board of education, who quit in protest against the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner of education, were before Gov. James M. Curley today.

The three were Lincoln Filene, Boston merchant and member of the board 20 years; Walter V. McDuffee, Springfield educator and member of the board for 17 years; and Henry B. Sawyer, Boston financier, appointed by former Gov. Joseph B. Ely three years ago.

In their letter of resignation the three wrote:

"We take this action because of our feeling that irreparable harm has been done to the state department of education by the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith.

"Our position as members of the board is, under the circumstances, untenable. In the public eye we have a definite responsibility. Under the law we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department or its expenditures."

When Dr. Smith's term expired last month, Gov. Curley appointed James G. Reardon of Adams to the post.

The appointment of three persons to the board of seven will give the governor a large majority. In November Curley appointed Mary E. Murray of Cambridge to the board in place of Grace S. Mansfield, sister of Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield of Boston, Reardon serves ex-officio.

The board, of limited power, acts as an advisory body for the commissioner of education.

NOT INDISPENSABLE

When Gov. Curley dismissed Dr. Payson Smith from office and swore in a successor, James G. Reardon, he took occasion to say that nobody was indispensable. That was merely a way of saying that the commonwealth could get along without Dr. Smith, who had served it for a quarter of a century.

It was a parting shot administered after Dr. Smith had been shown the door. It was the same sort of treatment accorded to other faithful servants of the commonwealth by the Curley administration.

Now, when three members of the advisory board of the state department of education—Lincoln Filene, Walter V. McDuffee and Henry B. Sawyer—resign in protest against the removal of Dr. Smith, the governor returns to his aphorism and enlarges upon it.

"There is every indication," he says, "that the department of education will continue to function" without the three men who resigned.

(They resigned because they felt "irreparable harm" had been done to the department of education by Dr. Smith's dismissal).

The governor added: "There will be no calamity. This old world has been in existence for more than a billion years and there always has been some one to fill every place. No two men are the same, no pair of finger prints is identical and no man has two ears alike. We come and go and the world goes on apace. Perhaps he feels that he is a second Calvin Coolidge in his facility to utter aphorisms and epigrams, but his attempts fall flat. Hopefully, the voters of Massachusetts may decide next November that Mr. Curley himself is not indispensable in public office, and will retire him permanently to private life.
Our Answer to Mr. Conroy
(EDITORIAL)

William S. Conroy, by his own spoken word, today stands exposed as a low-grade creature who fully merits the scorn of respectable people.

In what was supposed to be a Jackson Day address, he framed, out of his hateful mind, an attack on this newspaper, its publisher and its political writer.

He succeeded in offering himself as a worthless political exhibit to a shocked audience, for he presented to them the real Conroy.

No newspaper critic could have so completely and effectively torn aside that thin veneer of respectability in which, in his crass ignorance and stupid egotism, he has tried so long to clothe himself.

Mr. Conroy attacked the personal honor and professional integrity of our political writer and assailed our publisher for his business methods.

As an answer to every charge, every statement and every mean inference he uttered against our political writer, this newspaper brands our State Senator, with the full knowledge of its awful significance, as a mean, vicious and contemptible liar.

As for what he said and inferred about our publisher, we answer that if reputation for fair dealing and a decent regard for the rights of all are highly prized qualities of mind and heart, they would cease to be of any value if a descent were necessary to answer an attack when made by so low a personality as William S. Conroy.

Never have we been so tempted to chase this political abomination to his favorite stamping ground, and meet and answer him in the gutter where he belongs and is so much at home.

We hesitate only because it might offend too many of our readers who might regard this fight as a personal controversy, rather than a civic contribution to the cause of decent, honest government.

Gutter type of politics has been so long his habit of mind and the ruling passion of his life that he takes refuge in the thought that self-respecting men will hesitate to answer him, by going to the necessary low level to meet and answer his abuse and scurrility.

This newspaper regards it as a plain duty to deal with him and all his kind. The forced retirement of political fakers to private and, we hope, more respectable lives, is our only reward and likewise our only satisfaction.

The Herald News never has had and never can have the support and good will of any cheap politician.

We consider this a compliment and our badge of merit.

It is the justification for our claim for the continued support and confidence of our citizens and our readers.

This newspaper does not share the opinion of our
Senator's few friends that his speech was made at the
instigation of our Governor.
Governor Curley is well able to defend himself, and
in our judgment, is too astute to seriously regard or de-
pend upon so weak and contemptible a political faker as
blights our senatorial district.

Publisher's Note
All that is written as editorial opinions in this news-
paper follows strictly in accordance with its policy.
Its editorial policy is based solely on what it consid-
ers to be for the best interests of the people it strives
to serve.
It totally disregards the selfish interests of politi-
cians—high or low—whose lives and acts have so often
disgraced and well-nigh ruined this fair city.
Its columns are open to all readers to express their
opinions and ideas whether the writers be honestly dis-
posed citizens, or foul-mouthed political blatherskites.

It is our conception of service to this community to
persist in holding up the self-seeker and the political
trickster to the public gaze—and, with the facts before
them, we then depend upon our readers to properly clas-
sify these mountebanks.

It is our confident belief that Mr. Brindley's untiring
efforts in the cause of good government are appreciated
by fair minded, straight-thinking citizens. It is the reason
why he is held in high regard and sincere appreciation
by this newspaper.

HERALD-NEWS
Fall River, Mass.
JAN 1 1 1936

Curley Is Not Humanitarian
Amalgamated Club Declares

On the records of the Amalgamat-
ed Club of Fall River today is
spread a resolution that the mem-
ers do not regard Governor Cur-
ley as "the great humanitarian he
would like to be because, up to the
present time, he has not come to
the assistance of the little children
in the district formerly served by
the Ferry Lane School."

Hurley, Others, Invited

The club voted last night to in-
vite Lieutenant Governor Hurley,
Governor's Councillor Russell, and
Representatives Rubin and Grant
to next Friday's meeting in the
rooms of the St. Louis Club, on
Brightman street, to receive first-
hand evidence from the parents of
the school children of that dis-

error the feeling prevalent about
reopening the Ferry Lane School." At its meeting in the Roosevelt
Charity Club, the Amalgamated ap-
plauded the action of the Curley
Club in changing its name to the
Cascade Social Club.

Social Planned
The amalgamation plans a social
at the Vasco de Gama Club in the
near future, with the following in
charge: Frank Wager, Anthony
Moniz, William O'Brien, Charles
Cabral, James Rapoza, John Al-
meida, and Mortimer A. Sullivan.

An application from the Ward
Four Unit of the National Union
for Social Justice was received and
three delegates accepted. The
amalgamation endorsed the 16
points of the union and mailed a
copy of its resolutions to Rev.
Charles E. Coughlin.

Quit Board
In Protest

Filene, McDuffee and
Sawyer Resign Because
Smith Dropped.

BOSTON, Jan. 11, (AP)—The res-
ignations of three members of the
State Board of Education, who quit
in protest against the replacement
of Dr. Payson Smith as Commis-
sioner of Education, were before
Governor James M. Curley today.
The three were Lincoln Filene,
Boston merchant and member of
the board 20 years; Walter V. Mc-
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and Henry B. Sawyer, Boston finan-
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In their letter of resignation the
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"We take this action because of
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"Our position as members of the
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The appointment of three persons
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2

November Gov. Curley appointed Mary
E. Murray of Cambridge to the
board in place of Grace S. Mans-
field of Boston. Commissioner Rear-
dan serves ex-officio.

The board, of limited powers, acts as an advisory body for the
Commissioner of Education.
The State Tax.

The question of abolishing the state tax, or limiting it, at least, to a size that will not be particularly burdensome, will become a live issue at the present session of the legislature. A bill for an amendment to the state constitution to restrict the amount of the tax to no more than five per cent of the annual expenditures has already been filed.

Under this plan the legislature would be forced to get from the state revenue the money needed for running the government. A narrow latitude to meet contingencies is allowed in the five per cent concession as a direct state tax.

It is pointed out that this would, on the basis of present outlay, amount to about $3,000,000, which is about one-third of the recent state tax levy.

Support for the proposed change has been given in the report of the special commission on taxation and has been approved by Governor Curley. It is figured that since the state tax becomes a burden on local taxable property, it actually increases local taxes under another name.

How the change would affect the funds annually distributed to cities and towns from the state treasury, which offset the state tax in part, will presumably be shown in the debate on the measure. If these are to be retained in order to balance the state budget without the help of a specific state tax, the benefit to cities and towns would not be so important.

There is, however, some consolation for the taxpayers to learn that practical steps towards lifting the tax burden from real estate age under consideration at the present session, and that something of widespread benefit may be worked out.

State Education Board Members Quit In Protest

Filene, Sawyer and McDuffee Object to Smith Ouster

BOSTON—Walter V. McDuffee of Springfield, A. Lincoln Filene and Henry B. Sawyer of Boston, members of the advisory board of the state department of education, resigned yesterday in protest against the replacement of Commissioner Payson Smith. The action, predicted several days ago, is expected to be followed by several acts, by the new commissioner, James G. Reardan of Adams, with which the resigning members had no sympathy.

Filene had been a member of the board for 28 years and McDuffee for 18 years. Until 1934, McDuffee for many years was head of the Latin department of the Classical high school at Springfield.

The resignations were made public by the board members. Gov. James M. Curley said he had not received the resignations and would make no comment. Commissioner Reardan expressed the belief that it might be "one of those rumors."

Although, because of his broad powers as commissioner, Mr. Reardan was believed to have had complete control of the situation, the resignation of the three men was held to leave his power unquestioned. The resignation was regarded as the direct result of a long meeting of the board with the commissioner held last night at which several replacements in the state educational system were said to have been discussed.

Idle Here to Get 4 Work at Bourne

When the $700,000 which Governor Curley says has been promised him for preliminary work at the National Guard Camp in Bourne, is made available by President Roosevelt, local men will be given a chance to work on the project. The Governor says he has obtained an agreement from the President to waive WPA regulations so unemployed men here and in New Bedford can be employed on the project.
PAROLE—WEAK AND STRONG

Governor Lehman of New York and Governor Curley are about as far apart on the matter of paroles as Ethiopia and Italy are in their opinions of what is right and wrong. Governor Curley is busily engaged in trying to weaken the parole system we have. Governor Lehman, who is the chief executive of a state having parole laws that are equally strong or equally weak, as you prefer, with ours, wants them strengthened.

Governor Curley and his council want the privilege accorded prison officials to determine what prisoners shall be released before the expiration of their minimum sentences. Governor Lehman wants that privilege taken away from heads of some correctional institutions that now have that power.

Governor Lehman is convinced, as are most of the rest of us, that the parole system is either abused or administered by men who lack soundness of judgment. He knows, as do most of the rest of us, that a tremendous number of the vicious men who are taken for major crimes have been paroled at least once.

Governor Lehman's message is a very long one but such portions of it as have to do with parole system could be read with profit by Governor Curley and his council.

BILLBOARD DICTATORSHIP

(The Gardner News)

Every municipality in the state and every resident who cares in the least about the appearance of his home town will be interested in the outcome of the hearing next Wednesday in Boston by the State Board of Public Utilities at which the Athol selectmen will appear to make their fight against state control of billboards in towns and cities. It is merely the further development of the increasing attempt of politicians to obtain control of matters in which they have no right. This Athol case is a typical instance of state and national policies as exemplified at present.

The Donnelly Advertising Co., headed by Governor Curley's newly acquired son-in-law, is one of the major companies in this section that handles billboard advertising. It has these scenery-obscuring eyesores stuck up in thousands of places in New England. To obtain what it desires it, and similar concerns, do business through the state agencies if they cannot obtain the right from town and municipal authorities.

The case in point has to do with a large billboard erected on School street in the neighboring town of Athol. The company asked a permit from the selectmen as required by law and it was refused for the particular location because the selectmen rightly believed it would be an unjustifiable defacement on the site desired.

The company immediately went to the state board and that body overruled the men elected by their fellow townsmen to handle town affairs. In other words, the interests of a business concern with strong political affiliations is permitted to dictate to a town what privileges it shall accord. The Donnelly company got its permission in spite of the feeling of Athol residents.

The case now comes up and the state board graciously permits the selectmen to appear before it and yell their heads off before granting the renewal.

It is another sample of the growing tendency to deprive units of a state of the right to say their government is their own. It is another phase of the growth of dictatorship which should be fought and fought, vigorously by every chamber of commerce and representatives of every municipal government in the state.

If not, do not be surprised to awaken some morning to find a monstrosity staring at you from a vacant lot across from your home. What does a dictatorial state organization care for the feelings of residents of some small unit of government?
BLUE BLOODS IN POLITICS

The attempt of Governor James M. Curley to smear Leverett Saltonstall with the Royal Purple stigma has drawn attention to the contrast between these two personalities. The arch demagogue Curley thinks that Boston and Newton aristocrats should not aspire to high political office. He appeals to the moron vote to repudiate them. They are blue bloods, aristocrats, and of the Royal Purple. The same tactics helped to defeat the Back Bay Republican politicians.

The same tactics helped to defeat the Back Bay Republican politicians.

If the voters knew on which side their bread was buttered they would vote for Miss Lucy A. Hickey, member of the executive boards of the Business and Professional Women's club and the Holyoke Women's club, and the Holyoke Business and Professional Women's club, the Holyoke Women's club, and the Blonde club to be held at the Nonotuck hotel on Monday evening. January 20. Gov. James M. Curley is to be the guest speaker.

Miss Lucy A. Hickey

Miss Regina Kirkpatrick

Many reservations have already been made. Persons planning to attend should make their reservations immediately with Mrs. Harvey J. Hewitt, president of the Holyoke Business and Professional Women's club, Miss Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Martin J. Judge or Miss Hickey. No one will be admitted except for dinner.

Many Reservations Made For Club Dinner When Governor Will Be Guest

BOSTON. — The furious controversy over who has the right to possess automobile license No. 518 took on a new angle Tuesday when Nicholas W. Mathey of Lynn, who with his secretary had joint ownership of 518 for several years, declined to accept plates numbered 146,662 this year.

For 1936 Mathey made application in his own name for license 518. From his secretary, however, went a letter to Registrar of Motor Vehicles Frank A. Goodwin stating that she had not authorized Mr. Mathey to do this. Registrar Goodwin thereupon issued license 518 to Charles Marion, who was Gov. Curley's private chauffeur until recently appointed as a superintendent of a State garage on D St., Boston. Mathey was given license 36,518, but rejected it as having brought action in the Supreme Court to recover his old number.

The court ordered that "suitable plates" be sent to Mathey and Registrar Goodwin issued him 146,662 in compliance with that order. Mathey did not consider the new number suitable and, through his attorney, has demanded that the court order be complied with.

To this Goodwin retorted: "You state that registration plates are not suitable. You do not state wherein they are not suitable. Are they too long or are they too short? Don't you like the color, or would you like to have some other color, or possibly a speckled one?"

"On the same day I issued those plates to Mr. Mathey, I issued to a Mr. Donald G. Wood of Shelburne Falls registration number 146,660, to Noelia Dubrule of Cambridge, 146,661, to Mathew Pratt of Marshfield, 146,663 and to Edwin K. Oxner of Essex, 146,664.

"I have not heard from any of these gentlemen to the effect that the numbers issued were not suitable. Can you give me any particular reason why, if these plates are good enough for these four American citizens, Mr. Mathey wants something different?"

Transcript

Holyoke, Mass.

JAN 1 1 1936

Shelburne Falls Man Held Up As Example In Mathey Squabble

RECORDER

Greenfield, Mass.

JAN 11 1936

Miss Lucy A. Hickey

Miss Regina Kirkpatrick

Dinner When Governor Will Be Guest

January 20. Gov. James M. Curley is to be the guest speaker.

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Democrats Have Chance
To Secure More House
Seats in Redistricting

County Commissioner Brennan Will Insist on Additional
Places for Lowell—Curley’s Influence Will Also Help
in Overcoming Republican Gerrymander.

By WARREN M. POWER.

One of the most important sub-
jects before the legislature this
year, insofar as Lowell is con-
cerned, will be the division of
the state into senatorial, council-
lor and representative districts.
Under the statutes, the legisla-
ture determines how many repre-
sentatives shall be assigned
to each county, but the divi-
sion of the respective coun-
ties is set forth in the sole func-
tion of the county commissioners as to the makeup of those representative
districts.

In Middlesex county for the first
time in many years the Democrats
hold one of the three places on
the commission. County Commissioner
Brennan will undoubtedly be quite
consistent that such a Democratic
city as Lowell should be represented
by more Democrats in the lower
branch of the legislature than is the
case at the present time. A strong
and determined effort will be made
to convince the County commission
that the Democrats of Lowell, in propor-
tion to their voting strength, are entitled to more than two rep-
resentatives while the so-called mi-
nority party based on the local vote
has four representatives.

The redistricting of the county
into representative districts will un-
doubtedly react to the benefit of
the Democratic party and it is a
safe bet that Lowell will have more
representatives on the Democratic
and in the legislature if County Com-
missioner Brennan has his way.

Happily for the Democrats there
are several county commissions in
the state wherein the Democrats
are in control, and this will mean
increased representation for the
Democrats.

Under the law the General Court
lays out the councillor and senatori-
al districts. The county commis-
sioners have nothing to do with this
matter, and here will come a test
of strength, for the margin of Re-
publican control in the upper and
lower houses is very scant. What-
ever the General Court determines
in the matter of new councillor and
senatorial districts will have to run
the gauntlet of approval or disap-
proval of Governor Curley. In this
connection it is recalled that 10
years ago Governor Alvan T. Fuller,
Republican with some independent
leaning, positively refused to give
approval to one of the sections
which the Republicans had prepared
in the senatorial redistricting act.
There was much hue and cry among
the Republicans at that time about
the governor's attitude, but he re-
mained adamant.

Governor Curley is expected to
make a strong play for more equita-
ble representation and with the rec-
ord that he has chalked up for out-
withing the Republicans, the guess
is made that he will come through
with flying colors. The Republicans,
of course, will expect that in the
main conditions will remain the
same as they are. They feel that
they will recover in the next elec-
tion, the several councillor and sen-
atorial districts lost to them in 1934.
But there will be an insistent de-
mand by the Democratic senators
drawn in such a way as to make
them safe and sure for the Demo-
crats.

The question arises as to which is
the minority and which is the ma-
jority party in the state. Under
the gerrymandering process prac-
ticed by the Republicans for years,
and even with this handicap, the
Democrats came within a few votes
of controlling both branches of the
legislature. In the wide-state con-
test the Democratic party gained
all but one of the major offices on
the state ticket. Just what the
decision will be as to which is the
majority party remains to be the
bone of contention when the redist-
cting matter is definitely tak-

Curley Carried Middlesex.

Insofar as the allocation of rep-
resentatives in Middlesex county is
concerned, County Commissioner
Brennan will have a forceful argu-
ment in demanding more represen-
tatives of his party in the lower
branch of the legislature. The Demo-
cratic candidate for governor,
James M. Curley, carried Middlesex
county in the last election, receiv-
ing a vote of 166,223 against Gas-
pert Bacon's Republican support of
140,758. In the absence of any
standard to make up the represen-
tative districts in Middlesex county,
it is obviously fair to interpret the
vote of the Democratic party in old
Middlesex as demanding a change
from the present order of things.
To that end it is believed the Dem-
ocratic forces in the Middlesex
County Democratic League will lend
all possible assistance and encour-
gement to County Commissioner
Brennan.

Doing Away With
Welfare Board

The abolition of the Welfare board
by Mayor Archambault and the re-
turn to single-headed supervision
of outdoor relief and the Chelmsford
Street hospital mental case, of course,
a change in the directing heads of
these divisions and brings up a
question that is very generally dis-
cussed throughout the city.

What will be the actual cost of con-
ducting the Welfare department for
the year 1935? In this column last Sat-
urday we intimated that some nne
day in some municipality in Mas-
sachusetts, welfare costs will run
parallel with the costs of conduct-
ing our schools. This has happened
in one city in Massachusetts, as
revealed by Mayor Bates in Salem
when he made his 15th inaugural
address. The thought has been ex-
pressed in Lowell that when the
figures are compiled as to the 1935
costs it will be well over a million
dollars. Some believe it will run
into a million and a quarter, which
comes pretty near flirting with the
expense of maintaining our city-
wide school system.

It is possible that Mayor Ar-
chambault in seeking a more com-
prehensive system for the expendi-
ture of federal funds, to which he
referred briefly in his inaugural,
will find that one of the big con-
tributing factors harassing welfare
authorities in some cities has been
The functioning of the WPA, regulated more or less as it is by federal red tape, in many instances it has been called evidenced by a number of officials that the WPA was not functioning as satisfactorily as the ERA or its predecessor the CWA. Whether it is the looseness of the system, in many cities that permits several members of one family to be given employment while others deserve a job have to go on the public welfare rolls because their needs do not meet WPA requirements will be something undoubtedly that Mayor Archambault will discover when making up his budget for welfare. There is no question that the welfare department in ever municipality, not excepting Lowell, is bound to supply many worries for those in control of municipal destinies. The suggestion has been made that the appointment of a local commission, representing capital and labor in the city, could make a study of the federal appropriation allotted to this city and bear on welfare expenditures. Mayor Archambault's initial effort to do away with the welfare board indicates that the appointments are some plan in mind as to the functioning of the Welfare department and its various subdivisions.

Lowell friends of Attorney Peter J. McSweeney of Haverhill will be gratified to learn that he has been selected at city solicitor in that city. Attorney McSweeney is a classmate of several Lowell lawyers at Boston university and in-fraternities cities. He was for many years district deputy of K. of C. for Lowell council. Mr. McSweeney a few months ago was named as attorney for the closed Haverhill National bank. He is a cousin of the Hon. Daniel J. Cavan, presiding judge of the Haverhill District court, also a personal friend of Judge James E. O'Donnell.

Dow in Marlboro at the induction into office of Mayor Lyons, the opening prayer at the exercises was said by Rev. Francis P. McNeil, formerly curate in St. Columba's church in Pawtucketville before the pariah name was changed to that of St. Rita's.

In Chicopee City Solicitor Napoleon J. Vigeant, formerly a resident Pawtucketville, relinquished his place in the Law department to Peter J. Garvey, well known in educational circles throughout the state. Attorney Vigeant's appointment two years ago came from Mayor O'Neill Deroy, who suffered a setback in the municipal election when Anthony J. Stolina, an American Polish resident, was elected mayor. Mayor Stolina had previously been defeated by Mayor Deroy.

Judging from his inaugural address one is moved to believe that Mayor John J. Irwin of Medford is by no means an out-and-out economist and the thought is born of the fact that His Honor advocates an addition to the police garage, a modernization of the Fire department headquarters with new high speed equipment; an civic centre around the proposed new City Hall. He added that the project has encountered obstacles both at the State House and at Washington. The claim is now made that a Presidential promise has been made to spend $1,000,000 in the development of the camp and workmen under the direction of Adj. Gen. William J. Rose, are building roads through the camp with Federal money. At first it was proposed to spend $2,000,000 of Federal money for the development of the camp.

Representatives of political committees, clergymen, legislators and a councilman presented a solid front at a hearing by the State Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission and argued that South Boston has reached the saturation point in the number of liquor licenses granted, in opposition to the appeal of Supreme Market, Inc., for a package store license. The point was stressed by the opponent that the premises adjoined a church and that local dealers would be undersold by the market. Attty. William J. Hickey appeared for the appellant. Daniel J. Young appeared in the interests of opposing package store dealers Among those who opposed the appeal were Sen. Edward C. Carroll, Michael J. O'Leary, of the South Boston Citizens’ Association; Rev. George Busbee, representing the church; R. ps. Owen Gallagher and John F. Weizel (City Councilman George A. Murray), and Patrick J. McDonough of the Democratic ward committee and Norman E. Dresser, the State Emergency Finance Board yesterday granted authority to the city of Newton to negotiate a $250,000 loan to be used for public works projects, of which 45 per cent. will be borne by the federal government; for the city of Chicopee to borrow $250,000 against tax titles for the payment of revenue loans; the city of Somerville to borrow $40,000 against its tax titles for the purchase of WPA supplies; Rockland for the borrowing of $63,000 for street construction, and the city of Everett to borrow $20,000 against tax titles, for relief.

Commissioner of Public Welfare Walter V. McCarthy yesterday released another group of 20 employees, as their places were filled with the new commissioner's designated appointees. He has previously dismissed 23 temporary employees as his first official act, declaring that they had been given "their turn."

Overproduction still faces the citrus industry, according to the report of the University of California agricultural extension service.

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Rep. Valentine Files Bill to Tie Up Governor's Scheme.

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—Rep. John H. Valentine, of Chelmsford, yesterday filed in the House a bill that would tie up Gov. Curley's employment office, which he has maintained since soon after he took office, for his own benefit. Under the provisions of the bill employment by the State Department of Public Works, except for positions under Social Service, shall be restricted to persons registered at free public employment offices, "under exclusive control of the Division of Public Employment offices." Another provision is that employment shall be in the order of registration.

Gov. Curley declared yesterday that "somebody, in the belief that the camp was a political asset to him, has been sticking pins in it," and that his Honor advocates an addition to the police garage, a modernization of the Fire department headquarters with new high speed equipment; an civic centre around the proposed new City Hall.
**EAGLE**
Lawrence, Mass.
JAN 7 1936

**TAKE STEPS TO END MASS. PWA STRIKES**

Federal and State Officials Attempt to Adjust Difficulties

BOSTON, Jan. 10 (AP) — Federal and state officials swung into action tonight to halt the strike on public works administration employment in eastern Massachusetts.

Estimates of the number on strike ranged from 120 to 500.

The strike was called by the local Building Trades Council in protest against the federal requirement that 90 per cent of employees on PWA jobs be taken from relief rolls.

A federal investigation was begun by David J. Barry of Providence. R. L. who said he would report to Secretary Harold L. Ickes, head of the public works administration.

At the same time Governor James M. Curley took a hand in the strike, announcing he had called a conference between James T. Moriarty, state commissioner of industries, and Andrew Peterson, Massachusetts PWA administrator.

Work on the construction of Andover's new $553,000 junior high school building, one of the largest PWA projects undertaken in this vicinity, was at a standstill, Friday afternoon, and will remain off until the matter has been adjusted.

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Mr. Hoff and Mr. McDonald stated that the grievance is a double one, since the employment of a non-union engineer and a non-union asbestos worker, two separate crafts are involved in the issue.

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TRIBUNE
Lawrence, Mass.

ACTIVITY SPEEDS UP AT STATE HOUSE

BOSTON, Jan. 10 (AP)—With Governor James M. Curley back from a trip to Washington, Massachusetts State House activity speeded up today, with legislators jamming the House and Senate offices in last minute rush to file bills before the deadline tomorrow afternoon.

The governor was obviously pleased to report that President Roosevelt had agreed "to try to find" $700,000 with which to start road and clearance work on a new proposed national guard camp at Bourne, on Cape Cod, for which the state has appropriated $800,000 for land.

For months there has been delay in obtaining the necessary funds from the War department, and the president, the governor added, said he would try to obtain the money from WPA funds.

Curley also said that while in Washington, where he attended the Jackson day dinner, he had obtained an agreement from WPA Administrator Harry L. Hopkins to consider weekly payment of WPA workers in Massachusetts.

Hearings before committees were few today, pending final assignment of all bills that may be filed by the deadline tomorrow. Only the House met, and then for 10 minutes. It will be busier when committees begin reporting out bills for debate in both branches.

The bills filed today dealt for the most part with minor matters, an exception was one filed by Senator Joseph A. Langone, Jr., of Boston, who would have all inmates of the Lyman and Shirley schools for boys given mental examinations, and those found sane transferred to Concord reformatory.

He would use the school buildings "for the adequate and proper care and treatment of age eligible citizens of the commonwealth and convalescent hospitals."

Rep. Thomas A. Dorgan of Boston wanted a recess commision inquiry into ways and means of reducing highway accidents. Senator Thomas M. Burke of Boston sought legislation which would facilitate the construction of municipal lighting plants.

Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield of Boston filed several bills, through various legislators, one of which would require federal property in the state to be taxed. It is now exempt.

Another tax measure was filed by Richard H. Long, shoe manufacturer, who would authorize municipalities to fix tax rates of $12 or more a thousand on real estate, machinery, merchandise, securities and other properties, and in return abolish state income taxes or sales or inheritance levies.

Abolition of Governor Curley's employment office was sought by Rep. John H. Valantine of Chelms-
TAKE STEPS TO END MASS. PWA STRIKES

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At the same time Governor James M. Curley took a hand in the strike, announcing he had called a conference between James T. Moriarity, state commissioner of labor and industries, and Andrew Peterson, Massachusetts PWA administrator.

Work on the construction of Anthony's new $200,000 junior high school building, one of the largest PWA projects undertaken in this vicinity, was at a standstill, Friday afternoon, pending a conference over a dispute arising out of the alleged employment of non-union labor in two crafts. Between 45 and 50 men are involved. They were ordered off the job, Thursday afternoon, and will remain off until the matter has been adjusted to the satisfaction of the union.

According to union officials, the spraying of asbestos, which they claim Joseph B. Grossman, a member of the Governor's Council, is president, has employed two non-union operatives on the job, one an engineer and the other an asbestos worker. The issue, they said, developed six weeks ago, and at that time the general contractor agreed to meet them in conference before employing the two men again.

Scheduled to attend the conference are: John W. Hoff, heat and frost insulators and asbestos workers, local No. 6; James R. J. MacDonald, hoisting and portable engine er, local No. 4; John J. Hill, plasterers' union; Daniel F. Glynn, plumbers' and steamfitters' union; Herbert Lally, painters' union; Merwin Boomhower, carpenters' union; Charles Driscoll, electricians' union; James F. Hughes, bricklayers and stonemasons' union and representative of the Sprayo-Flake company, Thomas O'Connor of Cambridge, general contractor was also expected to attend the conference.

According to Mr. Hughes, when the contract was awarded, it was agreed to have the project a union job entirely. This plan was carried out, Mr. Hughes stated, until the arrival of the engineer a few days ago. Mr. Hoff and Mr. MacDonald stated that the grievance is a double one, since the employment of a non-union engineer and a non-union asbestos worker, two separate crafts are involved in the issue.

QUIT BOARD OF EDUCATION

BOSTON, Jan. 11 (AP)—The resignations of three members of the state advisory board of education, who quit in protest against the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner of education, were before Governor James M. Curley today.

The three were Lincoln Filene, Boston merchant and member of the board 20 years; Walter V. McDuffee, Springfield educator and member of the board for 17 years; and Henry B. Sawyer, Boston financier, appointed by former Governor Joseph B. Ely three years ago.

In their letter of resignation the three wrote:

"We take this action because of our feeling that irreparable harm has been done to the state department of education by the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith.

"Our position as members of the board is, under the circumstances untenable. In the public eye we have a definite responsibility. Under the law we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department or its expenditures."

When Dr. Smith's term expired last month, Governor Curley appointed James G. Reardon of Adams to the post.

The appointment of three persons to the board of seven will give the governor a large majority. In November Curley appointed Mary E. Murray of Cambridge to the board in place of Grace B. Mansfield, sister of Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield of Boston. Reardon serves ex-officio.

The board, of limited powers, acts as an advisory body for the commissioner of education.
STATE-WIDE STRIKE HINTED

BOSTON, Jan. 11 (P)—A strike of union workers on greater-Boston P. W. A. building projects may result in a special convention of the Massachusetts building trades council to vote on state-wide action.

The Boston building trades council, which called the strike, instructed a committee to meet the executive board of the state council today and ask that a special convention be called for that purpose.

The strike is in protest against a federal requirement that 90 per cent of the employees on P. W. A. jobs be taken from relief rolls. Estimates of the number who have walked out range from 120 to 500.

A federal investigation was begun yesterday by David J. Barry of Providence, R. I., who said he would report direct to Secretary Harold L. Lokes in Washington, and Governor James M. Curley announced a conference between James T. Moriarty, state commissioner of labor and industries, and Andrew Peterson, Massachusetts P. W. A. director.

FALL RIVER CLUB REBUKES CURLEY

FALL RIVER, Jan. 11—By changing the name of their organization, members of the Curley Club of Fall River hope to administer a stinging rebuke to Gov. Curley. Henceforth the club will be known as the Cascades Club, said William E. Kirkman, an official, and it will enroll members from any political party, except the communist.

The club owed its origin to the days of 1934, when its 1000 members and ladies of the auxiliary worked for Curley as Governor in the primaries and election.

"Now we find they don't know us in Boston," explained Kirkman. "Curley doesn't need Fall River votes now—it's too early. But just wait until this fall."

Three Resign In Protest Over Dropping Of Smith

Trio on State Advisory Board of Education Inform Governor Curley That They Feel Irreparable Harm Has Been Done to Department of Education by Replacement of Commissioner—Board Has no Power Over Conduct of Department Now Headed by James G. Reardon, Former Adams Superintendent—Appointment of Successors Will Give Governor Large Majority on Board.

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CURLEY MOVES TO FILL POSTS

Three Education Board Men Quit Because of Smith Ouster

BOSTON, Jan. 11 (INS)—Taking lightly the resignations of three members of the State Advisory Board of Education, Governor Curley today took steps to fill the positions vacated because of the ousting of Dr. Payson Smith as Commissioner of Education.

Resigned were Lincoln Filene, of Boston, national authority on vocational training; Walter V. McDuffee, of Springfield, retired educator, and Henry B. Sawyer, of Boston, business man and philanthropist.

They charged in a letter of resignation to Curley that the ousting of Dr. Smith had done irreparable harm to the department. Dr. Smith was replaced by James G. Reardon.

"The indispensable man has not yet been found," declared the Governor commenting on the resignations.

The Governor said he would accept the resignations and would submit the names of three successors for confirmation at the next Wednesday meeting of the Executive Council.

In a joint letter of resignation, the three members of the board said:

"Our position as members of the board under the circumstances is untenable. In the public eye we have a definite responsibility. Under the law we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department or its expenditures."
Supposes Ely Speaking for G. O. P. in Asking Unpledged Group

BOSTON, Jan. 10 (AP) — That old adage that politics makes strange bedfellows seemed borne out tonight by developments which found a sympathetic bond between Republican and Democratic parties.

But the complimentary references to Republican and Democratic governor of the Commonwealth made about his one-time political chief, the Governor Joseph B. Ely, Al Smith, Democratic and caustic critic of the Roosevelt administration, left the present Chief Magistrate unperturbed.

"Is Mr. Ely speaking for the Republican party? I should judge he might very well be doing so," was the Curley comment on Ely's suggestion that Massachusetts send an unpledged delegation to the Democratic National Convention at Philadelphia.

The controversy recalled the time when Ely, then governor, led a Smith-pledged delegation to the Chicago convention which nominated President Roosevelt.

Curley, mayor of Boston, defeated in his attempt to put over a Roosevelt slate which included the future President's son, James, went to the convention anyway by persuading a Puerto Rican delegate to yield him his seat.

Last night Bacon, in his first public utterance since the last election, when, as the Republican nominee he was defeated for governor by Curley, called for a new political alignment in Massachusetts and at the same time paid high tribute to Ely.

Apropos of the proposed realignment, he said: "There are those in both parties who would destroy the system under which we have lived in this country these last 150 years. On a question of such moment, should not those who think alike stand together irrespective of party affiliation?"
Governor Curley's recommendations for adequate accommodations for the state's mentally ill and feeble-minded persons provoked considerable hostility by reason of the language in which they were expressed. Charges of "brutal disregard" for the state's mental patients, of "duplicity" and "a low order of knavery" naturally caused resentment among members of the legislature to which they were applied. The public, however, is not much interested in recriminations of this kind. Hurting the feelings of the legislators, if they were hurt, is of little importance in comparison with the question of whether the state is taking adequate and decent care of those unfortunate who, because of their mental condition, require institutional treatment.

We have seen no convincing challenge of the facts which the Governor has presented. There are 16 institutions under the control of the Department of Mental Diseases. Thirteen of these are for the care and treatment of the mentally ill. Their capacity is 17,671 patients. They are actually housing 21,923. They are, therefore, overcrowded some 17 percent. The department officials believe that 2,000 is the maximum number of patients that can suitably be cared for in a single unit, and the Governor therefore recommends that the 12 hospitals whose capacity falls short of that figure be enlarged to the 2,000 maximum. This would relieve the present overcrowding and provide accommodations that would be adequate for some years to come.

The three schools for the feeble-minded, the Governor points out, have a capacity of 3,698 inmates, and are actually housing 5,651—the overcrowding in this instance being 30 percent. Nor does that tell the whole story. The department has on file 3,200 applications for persons who presumably are in need of the care these schools give, but who cannot be admitted. Even if the institutions were enlarged to accommodate 2,000 each, which is what the Governor recommends, they would still be inadequate.

The present hospital for the criminally insane is at Bridgewater and under the control of the Department of Corrections. On the ground that these patients should be in charge of the Department of Mental Diseases, the legislature last year authorized the construction of a hospital for them at Norfolk at a cost of $1,750,000. It failed, however, to provide the money. The Governor asks that this building be built, so as to give the criminally insane proper care, and at the same time relieve the overcrowding at Bridgewater. Equipment of the school for research into problems of mental hygiene built some time ago at Wrentham, but never occupied; and the provision of living quarters for an additional 1,500 employees of institutions for mental cases, complete the Governor's program with respect to facilities for the care of the insane.

Eight million dollars is the estimated cost of this proposed new construction. That is a lot of money, even when the amortization of the debt to be incurred is spread over a period of 20 years. But the commonwealth cannot continue to neglect the well being of the feeble-minded and the mentally ill by perpetuating conditions under which they cannot be properly and safely cared for. In this connection it is well to quote from the Deputy Commissioner of the Department of Mental Diseases, who has said: "When you consider that the great majority of the citizens who are in the state hospitals are there against their wills, and that the commonwealth has assumed the responsibility of their care and treatment, I feel that I can say without successful contradiction that they are entitled to the best care and treatment the commonwealth can possibly give them."
That reminds me...

Often it is remarked that the man behind the scenes is overlooked, and it is well to note in the story of the annual meeting of the National Mahaiwe Bank in Great Barrington that the service record of Almon P. Culver, was included. Here is a man, starting as a clerk in the bank some 30 years ago, moved upward in a relatively short space of time and will complete 20 years as cashier next September. Being cashier of a large institution as the National Mahaiwe Bank is no small matter, taking a good deal of responsibility on a pair of shoulders, and in this office Mr. Culver has enjoyed success. In addition he has been vice-president of the bank for three years, thus revealing that the directors place the utmost confidence in his ability.

The National Mahaiwe Bank, although not the oldest in Berkshire County, is unique, as far as its history goes, in that many of the presidents were prominent persons in various branches. One of the best known was John L. Dodge, a leading citizen of Southern Berkshire, whose daughter built Hillcrest estate. He served as head of the bank for a long period. His grandson, Dr. J. Dodge Peters, is a summer resident. Another outstanding individual, who served as president of the National Mahaiwe, was Frederick N. Deland, a veteran of the Civil War and one of the few in this section receiving a citation and decoration from the government for his courageous acts during the war. He served St. James' Episcopal Church as treasurer and as a vestryman for a time, and died in later years in Pittsfield.

The Mahaiwe has included in its history one robbery. This took place during the term of Mr. Deland, but the bandits failed to get their hands on the whereabouts. They found President Deland in his home and marched him to the bank in front of two pistols. They failed in their attempts to force the president to open the vaults where the money was kept, inasmuch as a time lock had been installed only three or four days previous. The story goes that the bandits carefully marched the bank head back to his home before they departed.

John H. C. Church was for a time president of the bank. Lansing Wilcox, a native of the town, and the outstanding banker in South America at the present time, began his career at the National Mahaiwe. He started as a clerk, made a rapid rise to the presidency, later went to Boston and is known in banking circles at present as one of the leaders of the current time. In fact, his recent circulated only recently, is to the effect that he is to complete his office in South America and will return to this country to be associated with the Morgans in New York. This report never has been verified.

The president of the National Mahaiwe at present, John B. Hull (the middle initial is the full middle name) is starting his third term. A former state senator and widely known he has lived up to the reputation of the Hulls who first came into prominence in Berkshire County back in the early days of Stockbridge. Conservative when speaking of his individual accomplishments, Mr. Hull hesitates to mention that he holds various other official positions, many of which are of a civic nature. His son, John B. Hull Jr., is also to be a banker, having been named a director for the first time at the annual meeting of the National Mahaiwe Bank this week. Joseph H. Lansing, who John B. Hull succeeded as president, is treasurer of the Great Barrington Savings Bank.

A recent Pittsfield reform has much to commend it. Persons who send cake to sales are requested to place their name and address on the package. Thus identification is established and it is known who is who in the cause. The name on a contribution to a subscription is a good thing, too. Then persons who do not give cannot get away with the old army game, "I was the 'A Friend' whose gift you saw." John Dittman, out of work for a year, who was inured recently the night before he was to report for duty, was born in 1898, the year of the blizzard. Several years ago he was featured in The Eagle as The Blizzard Baby, having arrived in this vale of tears in the midst of the most dramatic snowstorm the country ever knew.

Richness and beauty were in the illuminated cards which the State's Executive sent in response to salutes from friends everywhere. In the upper left hand corner was the date 1895—in the upper right, 1936. Top center was the familiar seal of the Commonwealth—below the crossed sprays in gold. The text: "Governor James M. Curley and family gratefully acknowledge your kindly holiday remembrance and extend to you their sincerest wishes for a happy and prosperous New Year." The whole is most handsomely embossed.
THREE BOARD MEMBERS QUIT

Education Board Members Resign as Protest Against Smith's Replacement

BOSTON, Jan. 11 (P)—The resignations of three members of the State Advisory Board of Education, who quit in protest against the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner of education, were before Governor James M. Curley today.

The three were Lincoln Filene, Boston merchant and member of the board for 20 years; Walter V. McDuffee, Springfield educator and member of the board for 17 years; and Henry B. Sawyer, Boston financier, appointed by former Gov. Ely three years ago.

In their letter of resignation the three wrote:

"We take this action because of our feeling that irreparable harm has been done to the State Department of Education by the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith.

"Our position as members of the board is, under the circumstances, untenable. In the public eye we have a definite responsibility. Under the law we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department or its expenditures."

When Dr. Smith's term expired last month, Governor Curley appointed James G. Reardon, former superintendent of schools at Adams, to succeed Dr. Smith one month ago. They attended a monthly meeting of the board with Commissioner Reardon at the State House Thursday afternoon.

Their joint letter of resignation to the Governor follows:

"After careful consideration, we hereby tender our resignations as members of the advisory board of the State Department of Education, to take effect immediately.

"Our resignations are accepted, and the Governor follows:

"The resignations have been anticipated since the Governor appointed James G. Reardon, former superintendent of schools at Adams, to succeed Dr. Smith one month ago. They attended a monthly meeting of the board with Commissioner Reardon at the State House Thursday afternoon.

"Their resignations will be accepted," the Governor said last night, "and the department will continue to function without calamity as the result of their withdrawal.

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"We take this action because of our feeling that we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department or its expenditures."

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"After careful consideration, we hereby tender our resignations as members of the advisory board of the State Department of Education, to take effect immediately."
Schofield Files Bill to Punish Nuisance Creators

Victory Looms in Long Fight to Rid the District of Cinders and Dust

With a bill now presented to the Legislature by Representative Martin R. Schofield of Ward 6, there appears a certainty that the smoke and cinder nuisances and the coal dust situation in the vicinity of East First street is about to be eliminated through the passing of this law. If passed the law will give authority to the Attorney General to prosecute in criminal courts those responsible for causing these nuisances and when this is carried out it is certain that the organizations responsible for the conditions will desire to avoid the natural publicity which follows action in a criminal court and the necessary equipment to eliminate these nuisances will be installed.

The fight to prevent the various corporations on East First street, from continuing to spread ashes, cinders and coal dust over the entire neighborhood of the City Point has been going on year after year. The Trade Association of this district organized a number of years ago and headed for a number of years by the late publishers of this paper, John J. Toomey, battled on and on. The South Boston Citizens' Association took up the fight and special committees have appeared at hearings and have tried to get legislation that would eliminate the troubles of the section. General Edward L. Logan has spent money and time in personal efforts to battle these nuisances which could easily be seen would soon ruin the entire City Point section as the railroads have ruined the lower end as a result of the smoke nuisance. The South Boston Women's Civic Club, headed by the late Dr Belle Scott Carmody took up the fight as one of its first efforts to better this district. All these individuals and organizations have done a noble job and now that the actual goal of elimination is near all should share in the glory.

The fight is not over yet. There will be hearings on the bill that has been presented by Representative Schofield. The people should attend these hearings and voice their indignation and demand justice.

When this job is done, the attention of all should center on the railroads. This has been a fight for a long time, but once real legislation is started, it will be hard for those who fail the people to win back their office whether they live in and around Boston or in any other section of this State.

The rights of the people must come first.
M’DUFFEE AND TWO OTHERS LEAVE STATE EDUCATION BOARD

Resign Because of Replacement of Dr. Payson Smith

McDuffee, Filene and Sawyer Say “Irreparable Harm Has Been Done” to Mass. Education Department

REARDAN, CURLEY HAVE NO COMMENT

New State Commissioner and Governor Decline to Talk as Noted Men Leave Advisory Board

BOSTON. Jan. 10—Walter V. McDuffee of Springfield, Lincoln Filene of Boston and Henry B. Sawyer of Boston have tendered their resignations to Gov. James M. Curley as members of the State Advisory Board of Education.

This action by three members of the seven-man board was taken because of “our feeling that irreparable harm has been done to the State Department of Education by the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith.”

Dr. Smith, who had held the office of commissioner of education for many years, was not reappointed last month by Gov. Curley when his term expired. He was replaced by James G. Reardon, superintendent of schools in Adams.

Since Reardon’s appointment there have been rumors of dissension within the education department. One man, Harry E. Gardner, head of the teachers’ placement bureau, has resigned. Another education official, Jerome Burtt, supervisor of secondary education, gets through tomorrow, with no reason given by Commissioner Reardon.

Shortly after Dr. Smith was replaced, several members of the advisory board of education gathered at the home of a member for what was presumed to be an investigation meeting, and it was freely rumored that resignations would follow. Until to a move to safeguard his health. When the first was named to the board it had complete power over the commissioner and Department of Education. In the reorganization about 18 years ago, the commissioner was given more executive power and the board made advisory.

It is, however, that regardless of the changed status of commissioner and board since the reorganization Mr. Smith had continued to be guided by the advice of the board and had continued to place his problems before the members for their full consideration. His relationship with the board was one of the most harmonious of its kind in the State.

The letter of resignation was as follows:

“After careful consideration, we hereby tender our resignations as members of the Advisory Board of Education to take effect immediately.

“We take this action because of our feeling that irreparable harm has been done to the State Department of Education by the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith.

“Our position as members of the board is under the circumstances untenable. In the public eye we have a definite responsibility. Under the law we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department or its expenditures.”

McDuffee on State Board 18 Years

Mr. McDuffee retired a year ago from Classical High School at Springfield, he was named to the State Board about 18 years ago, and has continued to be a member of that body for the last 18 years. At present he is serving a three-year term that would have expired in Nov. 30 of this year.

Mr. McDuffee said last night, in response to inquiry, that his resignation was self-explanatory. Dr. Payson Smith had been in the Department of Education for many years and had enjoyed the full confidence and complete respect of the board.

Mr. Filene had been on the advisory board for 28 years and the third who resigned, Mr. Sawyer, was appointed for the first time four years ago. All three men are known widely for their knowledge of and interest in education and have received considerable praise for their work as advisers to the department.
Scott May Be Next to Go

In State Education Battle; Trio Quit Board, ‘Powerless’

KELLY MAY REPLACE TEACHERS COLLEGE HEAD, RUMORS HINT

Bridgewater Post Predicted to Be Given to Dean in Place of Smith Appointee

SCOTT DENIES THOUGHT OF GIVING RESIGNATION

Former Local School Leader’s Removal Feared, Though — Kelly, Who Taught Here, Friend of Reardan

Dr Zenos E. Scott, president of the Bridgewater State Teachers college, since his resignation as superintendent of the Springfield school system in 1933, will soon be replaced by John J. Kelly, dean of men at the college and a former teacher in the local school system, according to a report now so widespread that it has been heard at both ends of the state. Dr Scott was appointed to the post by Dr Payson Smith, former commissioner of the state department of education.

Removal Has Been Expected

Dr Scott’s removal has been feared by educators in this section of the state since Commissioner Smith was refused reappointment. Nor will be the only one, it is now felt, to lose his post under the new regime. Jerome Burt, former principal of the High School of Commerce, has already been dismissed from his post as superintendent of secondary education, it has been reported. Numerous other officials are soon to be released as the new commissioner gets under way.

Supporting these fears are reports that, in various parts of the state, educators who have been friendly to Mr Reardan have been voicing the expectation that they would soon be holding places in the state department. Several of them, according to reports, have even enquired for the positions which they expect to hold. In at least one instance, it was said last night, a definite offer has been made to a superintendent of schools to quit his post for a state job.

From insiders in Springfield circles the report has been received that Commissioner Reardan has privately said he expected to appoint men who had educational philosophies similar to his own. The replacement of several executives in the department by men with whom he was friendly, in the short time he has been commissioner, has been as the active result of this intention.

Kelly Here Before the War

Mr Kelly came to Bridgewater from the Fitchburg Normal school in about 1922. He was named dean of men about four years later. He taught manual training in the grammar schools (there was no junior high schools then) in Springfield previous to the World war.

During the World war he was engaged in construction work at Fort Devens. He later went to Fitchburg to teach practical arts. At the time Dr Scott died at Bridgewater a faculty group was named to conduct the affairs of the college, and Kelly was strongly boomed as his successor.

Dr Scott Came Here in 1923

Dr Scott came to Springfield as superintendent of schools in September, 1923, succeeding Dr James H. Van Sickle. On Dr Scott’s appointment in March, 1923, Dr Van Sickle said: “I think the appointment of Zenos E. Scott as superintendent of schools in Springfield is the very highest compliment that the Springfield school board could have paid to the retiring superintendent. It is an ideal choice.”

“Acceptance of Inevitable”

The action of three members of the advisory board in resigning their posts yesterday was said in some quarters to be not only a measure of protest against impending changes, but an acceptance of the inevitable. With the power of appointment in the hands of Gov James M. Curley and a friendly connection their posts would probably be filled anyway, it is thought, by persons friendly to the Reardan policies, when their terms expire.

Whether these resignations will speed up the reorganization could not be guessed last night, nor could anyone say whether Mr Reardan’s “clean sweep” would be effected by a quick group removal or be accomplished by successive removals and replacements.

When reached by telephone at Easter last night, Dr Scott disclaimed any knowledge of any change in his status. He could only say that the idea of resigning had not entered his mind, and that he did not expect that it would happen.

Kelly was mentioned as a possible choice for the presidency of the state teachers’ college. The name Dr Scott was appointed to succeed the late Arthur C. Boyden and numerous legislators were understood to have sought Kelly’s case.

Mr Reardan have been voicing their protest against these impending changes, but an acceptance of the inevitability is that Kelly is a personal friend of long standing with Commissioner James G. Reardan. This friendship started, according to report, when Reardan was superintendent of the school system at East Bridgewater.

Dr Scott retired from the local school system after a service of 10 years to accept the post in September, 1923, of president of the Bridgewater State Teachers college. The appointment was made by former Commissioner of Education Payson Smith.

Coming here from the position of superintendent of schools at Louisville, Ky., Dr Scott left a $10,000 a year job to accept $9000 here. He took the state post 10 years later at a reduction of practically one-half his annual salary, saying at that time that he welcomed the opportunity to take part in the actual teaching and training of teachers, a step in which he felt himself best fitted for service.

Born in Indiana about 57 years ago, Dr Scott was graduated from the Indiana State Normal school and later from Moore’s Hill college, with a B. A. degree. He was a student at the summer sessions of Indiana State University for some years and later studied at the Teachers’ college, Columbia university.

In professional life he was first a school principal and school superintendent in Indiana, also teaching in the department of education at Moore’s hill college. Later teaching and executive experience included terms as superintendent of schools at Millville, Ashbury Park and Trenton, N. J., and four years as assistant state commissioner of elementary education under the late Dr Calvin N. Kendall, who was then commissioner of education.

1920 to 1923 he was superintendent of schools at Louisville, Ky., and during those three summers was a member of the faculty of the summer school of Teachers’ college at Columbia. At the time of his retirement from the local school system, Dr Scott was considered one of the six leading superintendents of the country.
Protesting Replacement of Smith, Advisory Board Members Give Up Fight

H ave responsibility, no power, they feel

McDuffee, Former Classical Teacher, on Board 18 Years—New Developments Predicted Soon

Boston. Jan. 10—Walter V. McDuffee of Springfield, A. Lincoln Filene and Henry B. Sawyer of Boston, members of the advisory board of the state department of education, resigned today in protest against the replacement of Commissioner Payson Smith. The action, predicted several days ago, is expected to be followed by several acts by the new commissioner, James G. Reardon of Adams, with which the resigning members had no sympathy.

Mr. Filene had been a member of the board for 23 years and Mr. McDuffee for 18 years. Until 1934, Mr. McDuffee for many years was head of the Latin department of the Classical high school at Springfield.

Reveal Own Resignation

The resignations were made public by the board members. Gov. James M. Curley said he had not received the resignations and would make no comment. In a statement by Commissioner Reardon implied the belief that it might be "one of those rumors.

Although, because of his broad powers as commissioner, Mr. Reardon was believed to have had complete control of the situation, the resignation of the three men was held to leave his power unquestioned. The resignation was regarded as the direct result of a long meeting of the board with the commissioner held last night, at which several resolutions in the state educational system were said to have been discussed.

Reasons Given by Trio

The statement, issued by the resigning men, follows:

"After careful consideration, we hereby tender our resignations as members of the advisory board of education, to take effect immediately.

"We take this action because of our feeling that irreparable harm has been done to the state department of education by the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith.

"Our position as members of the board under the circumstances untenable. In the public eye, we have a definite responsibility. Under the law, we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department or its expenditures.

Meaning "Between the Lines"

From a source, believed to be reliable, the following comment was heard:

"If anyone is unable to read between the lines of their resignation for the real reason, let him wait for events during the next few days which will dispel any doubts he may have in his mind.

The report is gaining circulation that Commissioner Reardon will continue the replacement of present officials in the department by men favorable to him and his philosophy.

"The speech which he had written for delivery at a testimonial dinner for Counselor Morton H. Burdick at Springfield last night was seen as the expounding of his philosophy, and the basis on which he will operate and insist that his subordinates operate.

NEWS

Salem, Mass.

JAN 11 1936

Advisory Board Members Resign

As a Protest to Smith's Ousting

Three Members of the State Educational Board, Messrs Filene, Sawyer and McDuffee, Say Job Untenable

Over Conduct or Expenditure in Education; Governor Says Indispensable Man Has Not Yet Been Found

Boston. Jan. 11—Charging that the ousting of Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner of education has done irreparable harm to the state department, three members of the state advisory board of education resigned last night.

They are Lincoln Filene of Boston, national authority on vocational training; Henry B. Sawyer of Boston, business man, philanthropist and patron of the arts; and Walter V. McDuffee of Springfield, retired educator.

Protesting the replacement of Dr. Smith by Gov. Curley with James G. Reardon, the trio who signed the letter of resignation held that their position is untenable, lacking as it is under the law any power over conduct or expenditures in education.

"After careful consideration, we hereby tender our resignations as members of the advisory board of education to take effect immediately," the members wrote the governor.

"We take this action because of our feeling that irreparable harm has been done to the state department of education by the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith.

"Our position as members of the board under the circumstances untenable. In the public eye, we have a definite responsibility. Under the law, we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department or its expenditures.

"It must be another one of those rumors," said Commissioner Reardon when asked to comment on the reported resignation last night. "I had a very nice meeting with the board only yesterday."

"The Indispensable Man has not yet been found," said Gov. Curley when asked of the resignation last night. He had not received the communication, but when the text was read to him the governor said: "This old world is about 1,000,000,000 years old. Men have come, lived their brief lives and passed on. No two have been alike. We are told that not only do the fingerprints of each man differ from his fellow but even the ears and the eyeballs.

"As the world has grown in years it becomes a better place not a worse one. It progresses. The passing of one man has made no difference in that progress. In other words, the indispensable man has not yet been found."

Pending receipt of letter of resignation the governor had no opinion to express on the names of the trio he would appoint to succeed the resigned members, but will accept the resignation as requested and submit three names to succeed them at the next meeting of the executive council.

The advisory board of education, as a result of these wholesale resignations, will have almost an entirely new complexion within a week. Gov. Curley took advantage of the expiration of the term of Grace S. Mansfield, sister of Mayor Mansfield of Boston, to supplant her with Mary E. Murray, a Cambridge school teacher, Nov. 27.

At the same time, he reappointed Anna M. Power of Worcester by the term of Grace S. Mansfield. Sullivan of Millbury does not expire until 1937, the same reason for the timing of Lincoln Filene, Walter V. McDuffee and Henry B. Sawyer would have terminated.
Curley to Fill 3 Vacancies
On State Education Board;
Takes Resignations Lightly

Filene, McDuffee and Sawyer Quit in Protest Over
Ousting of Payson Smith; Executive Council Will
Get Names of Successors Next Wednesday

Boston, Jan. 11—Taking lightly the
resignations of three members of the
state advisory board of education,
Governor James M. Curley today took
steps to fill the positions vacated be-cause of the ousting of Dr. Payson
Smith as commissioner of education.

Resigned were Lincoln Filene, of
Boston, national authority on voca-
tional training; Walter V. McDuffee,
of Springfield, retired educator, and
Henry B. Sawyer, of Boston, business
man and philanthropist.

They charged in a letter of resig-nation to Governor Curley the oust-
ing of Dr. Smith had done irrepar-
able harm to the department. Dr.
Smith was replaced by James G.
Boardman, who declared the resigna-
tions must be rumors. He added he
had a "nice meeting" with the board
yesterday.

"The indispensable man has not
yet been found," declared Governor
Curley commenting on the resigna-
tions.

The governor said he would accept
the resignations and would submit
the names of three successors for
confirmation at the next Wednesday
meeting of the executive council.

In a joint letter of resignation the
three members of the board said:
"Our position as members of the
board under the circumstances is
untenable. In the public eye we have
a definite responsibility. Under the
law we have no power over the day-
to-day conduct of the department or
its expenditures."

As a result of the resignations se-
veral other changes in the department
were anticipated.

Governor Curley this afternoon
formally accepted the resignations of
the three members. He made no men-
tion of their successors.

Governor Curley said:
"I am unaware of any individual
being endowed with such extraordin-
ary power that in the event of his
retirement, the world might come to
an end. If one may judge the future
by the past, there is a possibility that
it may go on better in the days to
come."

Governor Curley said he was un-
aware of any restrictions against the
board. The trio had charged that un-
der the law they had no power over
the conduct of the department or its
expenditures.

A Few Quotations
From the State House

"Half the Kids in Those Schools Is Nuts" Is Classic
From Mouth of Senator Joseph A. Langone, Jr.

BOSTON, Jan. 11 (P)—State House Quotes:
"Half the kids in those schools is nuts"—Senator Joseph A.
Langone, Jr., Boston, in asking for mental examination of Lyman
and Shirley School inmates and transfer of the sane to the Concord
reformatory.

"Is Mr. Ely speaking for the Re-
publican party?"—Gov. James M.
Curley, commenting on suggestions of
his predecessor, Joseph B. Ely, (D.)
that Democratic delegates from
Massachusetts go to the convention
unpledged.

"When more people are killed on
the highway than in war, it is about
time to act"—Rep. Thomas A. Dor-
gan, Boston, in seeking a recess legis-
lative commission to devise a highway
safety program.

"The sliding scale plan of utility
rate making is impractical in opera-
tion, contrary to fundamental prin-ci-
iples of Massachusetts law and gravely
inequitable in its effect on the con-
sumer of gas or electricity"—Atty.
Wycliffe C. Marshall, Watertown, in
asking the Legislature to prohibit
adoption of the method.
Resign As Protest To Naming of Reardon

Three Members of Board of Education Say Displacing of Dr. Payson Smith Has Done 'Irreparable Harm'

By Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—Taking the step in protest against the action of Governor Curley in replacing Payson Smith as Commissioner of Education recently, three of the seven members of the State Advisory Board of Education resigned this afternoon.

Lincoln Filene of Boston, Walter V. McDuffee of Springfield and Henry B. Sawyer of Boston, jointly signed a letter to Governor Curley in which they said irreparable harm had been done the State Department of Education by the replacement of Dr. Smith.

Informed late this afternoon of the resignations, Governor Curley said he had not received them and would have no comment until he had. The resignations, in prospect for some time, were no surprise to the Governor.

Shortly after Dr. Smith was replaced by James G. Reardon of Adams, several members of the Advisory Board of Education gathered for an indignation meeting. Rumors of resignations were then freely circulated.

The letter to the Governor reads:

"After careful consideration, we hereby tender our resignations as members of the Advisory Board of Education to take effect immediately.

"We take this action because of our feeling that irreparable harm has been done to the State Department of Education by the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith.

"Our position as members of the Board is under the circumstances untenable. In the public eye we have a definite responsibility. Under the law we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department or its expenditures."

Reardon’s appointment came after his endorsement by officials of the Massachusetts Federation of Teachers.

The Board whose powers are only advisory in the Department of Education, consists of the Commissioner of Education, Mrs. Anna M. Power of Worcester, Mr. McDuffee, Mr. Sawyer, Mr. Filene, Thomas H. Sullivan of Millbury and Mrs. Mary E. Murray of Cambridge.

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GAZETTE

JAN 1 1 1936

TO REPLACE THREE ON SCHOOL BOARD

Curley Takes Lightly Resignations of Members Over Smith Move

BOSTON, Jan. 11 (INS)—Taking lightly the resignations of three members of the State Advisory Board of Education Governor Curley today took steps to fill the positions vacated because of the ousting of Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner of education.

Resigned were Lincoln Filene of Boston, national authority on vocational training; Walter V. McDuffee of Springfield, retired educator; and Henry B. Sawyer of Boston, business man and philanthropist.

They charged in a letter of resignation to Governor Curley the ousting of Doctor Smith had done irreparable harm to the department. Doctor Smith was replaced by James G. Reardon, who declared the resignations must be rumors. He added he had a "nice meeting" with the board yesterday.

"The indispensable man has not yet been found," said Governor Curley, commenting on the resignations.

The Governor said he would accept the resignations and would submit the names of three successors for confirmation at the Wednesday meeting of the Executive Council.

In a joint letter of resignation the three members of the board said:

"Our position as members of the Board under the circumstances is untenable. In the public eye we have a definite responsibility. Under the law we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department or its expenditures."

As a result of the resignations several other changes in the department were anticipated.
Report Gardner's Release Hazard

PSYCHIATRISTS FILE FINDINGS WITH GOVERNOR

Special Board Declares City Firebug's Release Would Present "Hazard Common to Alcoholism"

CURLEY MAY PRESENT REPORT TO COUNCIL

By Gazette State House Reporter

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—A specially appointed board of psychiatrists, reporting to Governor Curley today on the condition of Henry A. Gardner, serving a prison sentence for firing two Worcester churches and other buildings, said that while Gardner is not suffering from nervous or mental disease, his release would present "the hazard common to alcoholism." The Governor said he was inclined to refer the report to the Governor's Council at its Wednesday meeting and ascertain the viewpoint of members before taking definite action.

The examination of Gardner was ordered by the Governor on request of Dist. Atty. Owen A. Heenan of Worcester county, who remembers being questioned at Police Headquarters. "He does not remember making and confession, though he says he was subjected to a third degree in an attempt to make him sign a typewritten paper which was the alleged confession. Patient has a good insight in so far as his drinking is concerned and realizes that he has been the victim of alcoholism and that it will be necessary to keep him away from it. "It is obvious that this man is not suffering from nervous or mental disease, the only psychiatric diagnosis possible being alcoholism. In so far as any morbid tendencies having to do with setting fires are concerned, we do not see how we can express an opinion."

Two Assumptions "We must assume one of two things, either the man is guilty as charged, or that he is innocent. If we assume that he is innocent, then there is no psychiatric problem. He should be pardoned because of his innocence and for no other reason. If we assume that he is guilty, which it seems we must assume, then he is not telling us the truth and we do not see how we can postulate any theories as to his criminalistic tendencies unless we can have the freest access to the workings of his mind.

Gardner Denies Guilt

In part a report submitted by Dr. L. Vernon Briggs and Dr. A. Warren Stearns said: "He absolutely denies guilt of participating in the fires. He does not remember being arrested. He remembers drinking at a lunch cart and start-
Curley Employment Plan
Is Opposed in Proposed Bill

By Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON. Jan. 10.—Legislation that would tie up operations of the employment office which Governor Curley has maintained since shortly after he took office was filed in the House today by Rep. John H. Valentine of Chelmsford.

The bill provides that employment by the Department of Public Works, other than positions under civil service, shall be restricted to persons registered at free public employment offices "under exclusive control of the Division of Public Employment offices." There is further provision that employment shall be in the order of registration.

Veterans' civil service preference would be practically abolished under a bill filed by Rep. Frank M. Leonardi of Boston. His measures provides that between preference shall not favor a veteran against anyone too young or too old to serve at the time of the World War, or who was rejected because of physical disability.

Rep. Timothy J. Cooney, Worcester, filed a bill requiring non-glare devices on automobile headights. He also filed a bill to require citizens to maintain in good working form air pollution devices in industries and in buildings of twenty-five or more persons.

The bill provides for a tax rate of 5½ or more a $1000 on real estate, machinery, merchandise, stocks, bonds, mortgages, deposits in financial institutions and all other personal property for 1936, 1937 and 1938.

To fix travel allowance for legislators at 25 cents a mile, one way, instead of 25 cents a mile, one way, a session.

To repeal compulsory automobile insurance law and substitute a financial responsibility act.

To establish flat rates under the compulsory automobile insurance law.

To fix travel allowance for legislators at 25 cents a mile, one way, instead of 25 cents a mile, one way, a session.

To make insanity a ground for annulment of marriage.

State-Wide Action
On the PWA Strike

Boston Union Men Protest Relief Role Requirement of Government

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—A strike to control the Massachusetts Democratic delegation to the national convention, rumbling for some time, was more clearly indicated today as Governor Curley cracked down on a suggestion by former Gov. Joseph E. Ely that the delegation be unpledged.

The Governor said the delegation should be pledged and pledged to President Roosevelt. Mr. Ely is a bitter critic of Roosevelt policies, even to the extent of declaring they have a socialistic tinge.

For several weeks the Democratic State Committee, headed by Joseph McGrath, has been trying to work out some plan whereby a Roosevelt delegation could be sent to the convention with everything having a surface appearance of rosy and harmonious hue.

Several months ago one Democratic element was quietly plotting unpledged delegates to gesture in the direction of a third party, to make the President act a little more kindly toward Massachusetts.

Governor Curley inquired if Mr. Ely were a spokesman for the Republican party when asked for comment on an Ely suggestion for unpledged delegates.

By reason of Gaspar G. Bacon's speech at a testimonial dinner here last night Mr. Ely might well "speak as a member of the Republican party," the Governor said.
Bill Filed to End Veterans Preference

Provides Preference Would Not Apply to Those Unable to Enter War Service

(State House, Boston, Jan. 11-

would wipe out the preference nov examinations, has been filed with
sentatives by Representative Frank
Leonard's measure provides that the
present veterans' preference shall
not apply in favor of a veteran "as
against any person who, by reason of
having been above or below the ages
at which he would have been accepted
for enlistment, or by reason of
physical disability, was unable to en-
enter the service of the United States
in the World War."

If the bill were enacted into law it
would mean that a veteran and a
man who was too young or too old to
fight or was disabled at the time of
the war, would have their position
on the list fixed by their
markings in the examination alone.
Inasmuch as a practical matter a
great majority of the applicants for
civil service positions would be in-
cluded in the definition of the class
of persons against whom the prefer-
ence could not act, the Leonard bill
if it became law, would have the ef-
fect of wiping out the veterans' pre-
ference."

State Executive

Establishment of the position
of official state executioner in
the state Department of Correc-
tion is provided in a bill filed on
petition of John M. Macauley of
Revere. The appointment would
be made by the Governor. At the
present time the state employs an
out-of-state executioner to throw
the switch at state prison.

Two Beacon Hill residents, Godfrey
L. Cahot and Fred C. Permail are
the petitioners for legislation to re-
peal the law authorizing the licensing
and conducting of the game common-
tly called Bean. A bill, which, if enacted into law, would probably result in the abolition of
Governor Curley's employment of
one who is a freelance executioner,
could only employ persons registered at the various
public employment offices.

Lists of persons eligible for ap-
pointment to civil service positions
would be posted in a conspicuous
place in the State House under the
provisions of the bill filed by Rep.
Nelson B. Crosby of Arlington.
Establishment of a recess commis-
sion to devise ways and means for
reduction of highway accidents, is
provided in a resolve filed by Rep.
Thomas Dorgan of Dorchester and
Francis W. Irwin of East Boston.

State licensing of wrestling
matches and exhibitions is sought
in a bill filed by Rep. Bernard
P. Casey of Boston. He would
also put two additional members
on the boxing commission. An-
other measure is dealing with the
subject of sports provides for a
$10,000 state contribution to help
defray the expenses of sending
the American Olympic team to
Berlin. This was petitioned for
by Harry L. Clark of Boston.

Insurance Commissioner Francis J.
DeCelles has requested the Legisla-
ture to allow car owners to pay their
automobile insurance premiums in
installments.

The bulkiest bill thus far to be
filed was on petition of Paul Potter,
Boston. It contained 60 pages and
provides for a uniform traffic regu-
lation system for the entire state.
The time for filing bills expires at
1 o'clock this afternoon and the in-
dications are that last year's "all
time record" for the number of
measures presented will be practically
equalled.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 11-

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State House Quotes

BOSTON, Jan. 11 (AP)—State House quotes:

"Half the kids in those schools is nuts"—Sen. Joseph A.
Langone, Jr., Boston, in asking for mental examination of Lyman
and Shirley school inmates, and transfer of the same to the Con-
cord Reformatory.

"Is Mr. Ely speaking for the Republican party?"—Gov.
James M. Curley, commenting on suggestions of his predecessor,
Joseph B. Ely (D) that Democratic delegates from Massachu-
setts go to the convention unpledged.

"When more people are killed on the highway than in war,
it is about time to act"—Rep. Thomas A. Dorgan, Boston, in
seeking a recess legislative commission to devise a highway safety
program.

"The sliding scale plan of utility rate making is impractical
in operation, contrary to fundamental principles of Massachu-
setts law, and gravely inequitable in its effect on the consumer
of gas or electricity"—Attorney Wycliffe C. Marshall, Water-
town, in asking the Legislature to prohibit adoption of the
method.

DEVER CONSIDERS
GOVERNOR'S RACE

Friends Say He Will Run
If Two Hurleys Do

By Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—If the two
Hurleys—Charles F. and Joseph L.
are candidates for the Democratic
 nomination for Governor, Attorney
General Paul A. Dever may enter
the contest, according to reports
here tonight. It was said that
 supporters of the attorney general
were urging him to wedge in be-
tween the similarity of names in
both the pre-primary convention
and the primaries.

If Governor Curley adheres to
his announcement he will seek the
Democratic Senatorial nomination.
State Treasurer Charles F. Hurley
and Lieut. Gov. Joseph L. Hurley
are regarded as candidates for the
gubernatorial nomination. Some
think the Governor intends to go
after renomination rather than the
Senate, but aspirants for the gov-
ernorship nomination are laying
plans.

Lieutenant Governor Hurley is an
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nomination. Long regarded as a
candidate, the State Treasurer,
those tenure of office expires this
year under a limiting statute,
has made no formal announce-
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Alcohol Hazard?

**HENRY A. GARDNER**

**Alienists Report On Firebug Case**

Gardner Not Victim of Mental Disease

Curley, who ordered the mental examination of Gardner after Worcester ministers and police officials protested proposed commutation of sentence, said he would refer the report to the executive Council next Wednesday. The council must act on all pardons.

The psychiatrists who examined Gardner were Drs. L. Vernon Briggs and A. Warren Stearns. They said Gardner denied confessing setting the fires and that the prisoner asserted he was innocent.

"If we assume that he is innocent," their report said, "then there is no psychiatric problem. He should be pardoned because of his innocence and no other reason."

"If we assume that he is guilty, which it seems we must assume," the report continued, "then he is not telling us the truth . . . It is obvious that this man is not suffering from nervous or mental disease, the only psychiatric diagnosis possible being alcoholism. Insofar as any morbid tendencies having to do with setting fires are concerned, we do not see how we can express an opinion.

Drs. Stearns and Briggs continued, "Upon his release he will present the hazard common to alcoholism. In addition to this alcoholism he has apparently uncovered a propensity to set fires.

"If he does not drink, we do not doubt but that he will get along well."

"If he drinks, he will presumably again become a hazard."

Gardner had been proposed for a Christmas pardon last year.

He was accused of setting two Worcester churches and other fires.

**TELEGRAM**

**Worcester, Mass.**

**AMERICAN**

**Boston, Mass.**

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"Is Mr. Ely speaking for the Republican party? I should judge he might very well be doing so."

He said he also referred to a statement of Gaspar G. Bacon, unsuccessful Republican candidate for governor against Curley in 1934, who recently said that both Democrats and Republicans who believed in the preservation of the Constitution should unite.

"It is clearly the duty of Massachusetts Democracy to have a pledged delegation supporting the renomination of Mr. Roosevelt," said the governor.

Former Governor Ely, who nominated Alfred E. Smith for President in 1928, recently said he would back Smith for the presidential nomination again if the former New York State governor desired to run.

**SAYS LEAGUE HAS 600,000 IN STATE**

By Telegram State House Reporter

**BOSTON, Jan. 10 —** A voting strength of six hundred thousand is claimed for the League for Social Justice in Massachusetts, Governor disclosed today after his return from Washington, where he lunched with Rev. Charles E. Coughlin, radio priest and sponsor of the league.

Governor Curley is an announced candidate for the Democratic nomination for United States Senator on a platform of social security, which he has espoused frequently.

**AMERICAN**

**Boston, Mass.**

**TELEGRAM**

**Woonsocket, R. I.**

**CALL**

**Woonsocket, R. I.**

**JAN 11 1936**

**Governor For Pledged Massachusetts Delegates**

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**Curley to Fill State Board**

Nominations to fill the vacancies caused by the resignation of three members of the State Advisory Board of Education were being considered today by Governor Curley.

Declaring that further service on the board was "untenable" for them and that "irreparable harm" had been done with the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith by James G. Reardon, the trio sent their resignations to the governor.

Those who resigned were: Lincoln Flied, Head of the board; Henry B. Sawyer, retired Boston banker; and Walter V. McDuffee, of Springfield.

With these three posts filled by men of the governor's own choosing, he will have a large majority in the new board. Miss Grace S. Mansfield, sister of Mayor Mansfield, was recently replaced by Curley.

**Curley on Retreat**

Governor Curley, over the weekend, will engage in a religious retreat at the Franciscan Friary, Rawson road, Brookline.
AWAITS WPA REPLY

Governor Curley today awaited a reply to his telegram to Harry Hopkins, WPA administrator, urging weekly WPA paydays and scrapping of new PWA regulations as a means of settling current troubles here.

The governor's action followed conference with Andrew Petersen, PWA engineer, on the PWA strike now in progress in Greater Boston and other parts of the state.

The suggestion of weekly paydays for WPA workers came as a result of complaints from many in this branch of federal relief that their pay was delayed and they lacked food and clothing and the means to obtain it.

AHEAD OF TIME

State WPA Administrator Arthur G. Rotch explained the recent payroll troubles as being due to the fact that 25,000 workers were paid ahead of time before Christmas.

"WPA checks are due about 19 days after the time work is started," Rotch said.

"After that the checks are due every two weeks. When a project is completed the checks are received five days after work. Those paid the day before Christmas under normal conditions would not have been paid until two days later."

In his message to Hopkins, Governor Curley pointed out that New England winters made it advisable for workers to have weekly payments. Otherwise, he said, workers could not hope to keep themselves and their families clothed and warm.

TREMENDOUS SAVING

"Of course, it represents a tremendous saving to them to pay the workers every two weeks, but it seems hard to justify it," Governor Curley said.

He also asked Hopkins to allow employment of 23 per cent of the WPA quota from persons not on relief instead of 10 per cent as at present.

In the PWA strike situation some settlement is expected to come from the conference between State Commissioner of Labor and Industries James T. Moriarty and PWA Administrator Andrew Petersen.

At present, approximately 700 PWA workers are on strike, mainly in Greater Boston.

There'll be a nice meat bone for this dog, Miss Margaret Rooney's pet, "Happy," at supper time tonight, thanks to the fact that this was payday for 800 WPA workers, including Miss Rooney herself. She brought "Happy" along with her when she came to the WPA disbursing office at 400 Shawmut avenue, South End. Miss Rooney's home is in Roxbury.
Long-Awaited Pay Cheers WPA Workers

AMERICAN
Boston, Mass.
JAN 1 1 1936

END PWA STRIKE
CURLEY PLEA

Governor Curley tried unsuccessfully today to contact Administrator Hopkins at Washington in an attempt to end building trades strikes on WPA projects in Greater Boston.

The governor sought to have Hopkins permit WPA contractors to hire their own employes, so that organized labor could supply workers in cities and towns where members are an insufficient skilled craftsmen.

His decision followed a conference with State Labor Commissioner James T. Moriarty and Andrew Peterson, representing the local WPA.

AMERICAN
Boston, Mass.
JAN 1 1 1936

2 Days to Live, Clark Not Told

With death in the electric chair only two days away, Miller F. Clark, murderer of Ethel Zuckerman, a South End bakery clerk, ate a hearty luncheon this noon, still not knowing that his doom is sealed.

Although Governor Curley declined earlier in the week to commute his sentence, Clark had not yet been informed and was still buoyed up with hope today.

He will be the 50th person to die in the Massachusetts electric chair. Plans are made to kill him shortly after midnight Monday.

After long days of anxiety and financial scrimping, dating back to the eve of the Christmas holiday, these WPA workers drew their first January paychecks today at the WPA disbursing office, 400 Shawmut avenue, South End. Wages were received by more than 800 persons, including 400 girl library employes.
BUY AMERICAN CAMPAIGN
LAUDED BY MERCHANTS

BOSTON BELIEVES IN BUYING AMERICAN!
And from the State House to the man in the street the response to the campaign of the Boston Evening American and Sunday Advertiser has been whole-hearted and enthusiastic.

Governor Curley has already voiced his approval.

Commissioner Robert of the Division of Necessaries of Life has presented to the Legislature a BUY AMERICAN program.

BUY AMERICAN and thus maintain the front line defense of the AMERICAN STANDARD OF LIVING.

The answer of William H. Cliff, secretary of the Home Market Club, is indicative of the general sentiment. He said:

"The Boston Evening American is to be congratulated upon its patriotic leadership in waging its BUY AMERICAN campaign.

"The United States, unlike other important countries, has failed to recognize the worth of promoting a national pride in its own products.

"This BUY AMERICAN movement, untainted with ulterior motives, should go far toward instilling a just faith in the breasts of loyal Americans for which that is American."

ENDORSED BY KENNEDY

Equally ringing was the endorsement given by W. J. Kennedy, president of Kennedy's Summer street clothing store. He said:

"Speaking from my long years of experience as a merchant, it is my opinion that the BUY AMERICAN campaign originated and fostered by the Hearst newspapers can be developed into a peace-time drive to support American industries.

"Even leaving aside the element of patriotism, I am convinced that the American consumer should buy goods made in this country because they are of superior quality and better workmanship.

"Especially at the present time we do cheap imports threaten American producers. It is the duty of every citizen to realize that his first thought in making a purchase should be for his home market."

BETTER QUALITY

From the Boston Better Business Bureau comes another sweeping approval of the drive.

"Buying American-made goods not only safeguards the American standard of living but, in many instances, safeguards the American standard of quality and dependability.

"For example, so-called cheap imported lamp bulbs which are misbranded are expensive for the American consumer. Instead of saving money, the consumer loses through imperfect and inefficient lighting equipment.

"They are also unfair competition for properly branded and American-made bulbs and, of course, the foreign labor spent in manufacturing the bulbs is so much labor which fails to go to our American unemployed."

"This is but an example of some other types of imported merchandise which may have attractive price tags but which are made so cheaply and are so poorly constructed as to actually be expensive.

"We have found many cases of imported shoddy merchandise in competition with legitimately manufactured American goods made according to high American standards and comparatively high wage rates."

RIGHT DIRECTION

From Representative Thomas Barry of East Boston, came his promise of 100 per cent support of a BUY AMERICAN campaign not only personally but on the floor of the House. He said:

"I am completely behind your drive and the recommendations of the Commissioner of Labor.

"Your program of education and his proposed laws are long steps in the right direction."

An authority in his field was equally emphatic in his approval of the need for buying at home. Patrick J. O'Hara, president of the O'Hara Brothers Company, incorporated, leading fish dealers said:

"I most certainly endorse the campaign," he said, "and I believe it is one of the most important issues of the day."

"Speaking for my particular field I say: "Buy and sell fish caught by American vessels."

TREMENDOUS SAVING

"Of course, it represents a tremendous saving to them to pay the workers every two weeks. When a project is completed the checks are received five days after work. Those paid the day before Christmas or weekly pay was due were delayed and they lacked food and clothing as a result of complaints from many in this country that then that their pay was delayed and they lacked food and clothing and the means to obtain it.

AHEAD OF TIME

State WPA Administrator Arthur G. Rotch explained the payroll troubles as being due to the fact that 25,000 workers were paid about 13 days after the time work is started.

"After that the checks are due every two weeks. When a project is completed the checks are received five days after work. Those paid the day before Christmas or weekly pay was due were delayed and they lacked food and clothing as a result of complaints from many in this country that then that their pay was delayed and they lacked food and clothing and the means to obtain it.

"WPA checks are due about 13 days after the time work is started," Rotch said.

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"Buy and sell fish caught by American vessels."
Snow Probe GROWS

CALL 1934-35 COUNCILLORS

Several members of Boston City Council of 1934 and 1935 will be summoned to appear at the Finance Commission hearings next week to tell what they know, if anything, about expenditures of money for snow removal during those years.

This was announced today by E. Mark Sullivan, chairman of the commission. He explained:

"The evidence uncovered to date justifies us in going ahead and making a thorough investigation of the expenditures of city funds for snow removal during those two years."

Commenting upon the action of Mayor Mansfield directing City Purchasing Agent D. Frank Doher to disregard the Finance Commission's directive last year to make formal awards for $675,000 worth of trucks, Sullivan said:

"I have no desire to enter into a personal controversy with anyone, including the mayor."

"The facts we will bring out at next week's hearings will speak for themselves."

Sullivan reiterated that he would summons officials of Capitol Construction Company and City Councilor Henry Selvittella of East Boston, who made certain charges in 1934. He also said he would summon City Councilor John F. Dowd who was president of the City Council in 1934.

Plea to Public

Although Sullivan would not discuss it today it is known that the question of summoning Mayor Mansfield has been discussed by members of the Finance Commission.

The mayor had issued a statement explaining his stand and attacking the commission for reappointing Charles L. Manser as special investigator, as follows:

"I have directed the superintendent of supplies to disregard the vote of the Finance Commission not to make formal awards until their investigation is concluded."

"The city must be prepared to remove snow when it comes. As no one knows when the investigation will terminate, the city might be without equipment if the vote of the commission was observed."

"I take this opportunity to ask the public to reserve judgment on the investigation until all the evidence is in."

"In the meantime, let me assure the people of Boston the only end sought in the purchase of this equipment was to serve the city."

"As for Manser, he was publicly discredited by Chairman E. Mark Sullivan of the Finance Commission last year when he insisted that his statements on his investigation of snow removal be made public."

"If that was Chairman Sullivan's opinion then, it is perfectly evident that he would not now re-hire a man he had denounced unless he was obeying the orders of his master."

"It will also be recalled that Manser was originally hired by the Finance Commission at the behest of Governor Curley."

Confident that the $1,800,000 federal allotment for the $5,000,000 Suffolk courthouse would be forthcoming, Governor Curley has called a meeting of the special courthouse commission to expedite plans for the structure.

"We'll get the federal contribution all right," the governor declared in answer to reports from Washington denying that any such assurance had been given.

The Washington report quoted White House spokesmen and PWA headquarters as saying that no such assurance had been given the Massachusetts governor.

"It will be noted that Congressman John W. McCormack visited the White House before I did Thursday," Governor Curley pointed out today.

"He came out with the same assurance, according to stories in the newspapers yesterday morning."

"We will build a new Suffolk County courthouse; we will deepen the channel in Boston Harbor and we will construct the National Guard camp at Bourne—all with federal aid," the governor declared.

He said President Roosevelt had promised him $700,000 more for the Bourne project in addition to the $300,000 federal appropriation for roads which are to be constructed in the site.

He also stated that legislation was to be introduced in the present session of Congress for an additional $1,500,000 to complete the Bourne project, and an additional appropriation of $2,000,000 for further development of Boston Harbor.

The governor conferred with Andrew Peterson, PWA head here and later ordered Joseph A. Bourke, his appointee on the courthouse commission, to call the other members into conference to expedite plans.
AMERICAN
Boston, Mass.
JAN 11 1936

CURLEY RUSHES
PLAN FOR NEW
COURTHOUSE

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"We'll get the federal contribution all right," the governor declared in answer to reports from Washington denying that any such assurance had been given.

PWA officials in Washington, however, said that no action had been taken on the amended application of Boston for a $2,151,000 grant for a new Suffolk county courthouse.

PWA officials declared that no communication had been received from the White House.

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BOSTON REVIEW
Boston, Mass.
JAN 11 1936

WHO WILL BE THE NEXT MAYOR OF
THIS HIGHLY INDEPENDENT CITY

Fairly Clever Experts Decline To Answer Questions Which One
Of Councilman Clement A. Norton's Constituent Asks—Another
Charter Revision Or "Improvement" Would Make Prophecy At
Present Time Utterly Futile—Next Change, In Desperate Effort
To Accomplish Impossible, May Be Appointment Of Municipal
Conservator

By Third House

A gentleman who says that in his opinion Councilman Clement A. Norton of Hyde Park would make an ideal mayor of Boston, desires to know who, in his opinion will be the next mayor. I thank him for whatever value he places on my opinion, but he has asked a question which far wiser prophets than myself would have to treat with a gesture or a guess. Let him bear in mind that, if the so-called municipal reformers should reign their influence on Beacon Hill, they might obtain an amendment to the Boston city charter, or might secure the repeal of the charter. Therein the danger lies.

Tinkering with Boston's city charter has brought nothing but an increased cost of living for those who live or pay taxes in Boston. There have been two forces at work ever since it has been decided to improve the much abused charter. One force has been that of those who merely desired to get the ins and outs, in order that they might have a good deal to say about the distribution of the loaves and the fishes, to say nothing of the cakes and the champagne. The other force has seen that of those who actually had an idea that by amending and "improving" the city charter they could secure for the taxpayers of Boston something more than a fifty per cent return on the face of their tax bills.

The result has been disastrous. It is true that much of the tinkering has resulted in substituting a new set of ins for the old set, but the returns to the taxpayers have never exceeded what is actually a normal fifty per cent on their payments. But still there are those who are positive that by amending and improving and disfiguring the city charter they are going to give Boston taxpayers one hundred per cent return on their assessments.

Their idea is, of course, as impossible as was the idea of preventing a mayor from succeeding himself after a four years' term. That idea as we all know, was hailed by the reformers as the greatest contribution to the cause of super-pure municipal government that this country had ever known. But what happened? Nothing much, except that James M. Curley, at whom that particular amendment of the charter was aimed, obtained three majority terms of four years each, separated by two four year recesses, in which, as ex-mayor, he had a fine opportunity to patch the loopholes in his fences, and after he had obtained his third term, breezing all records for service as mayor, he proceeded from the City Hall to the State House as if the city charter had been amended in such a manner as to compel him to take that route.

And that is one good reason why, in my opinion, our fervid reformers should abandon their efforts to obtain municipal reform by amending and improving the city charter. The result of all their tinkering, aside and abetted by a General Court which is never famous for its seeking after stringent reform in the government of the Commonwealth, has been a record-breaking increase in the per capita cost of Boston's city government, why not even a temporary decrease when a so-called reform mayor has been elected.

The only permanent political organizations in which the populace as a whole have the slightest reason to feel confidence, are forbidden by the statute to make nominations for municipal office. I refer to the Republican and Democratic parties. You and I, my dearly beloved reader, may not have the highest possible confidence in the operation of those parties, as far as Boston is concerned, but even in these days each of them represents politically a much larger percentage of
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR HURLEY'S FRIENDS
BOOM HIM TO SUCCEED GOVERNOR CURLEY

Announcement Of His Candidacy For The Governorship Several Days Ago Has Brought Him Numerous Offers Of Support From All Parts Of The Commonwealth—Has Made Lieutenant Governorship Full Time Job And Has Demonstrated His Ability To Conduct Business Of State Every Time He Was Acting Governor.
—Excellent Record As House Member And Mayor Of Fall River.

Supporters of Lieutenant Governor Joseph L. Hurley are soon to begin an active and vigorous campaign that they confidently believe will boost their candidate into the office of Governor of the Commonwealth when the State election is held in November.

Announcement several days ago by Lieut. Gov. Hurley that he would definitely be a candidate to succeed Governor Curley, himself an aspirant for the United States Senate seat now held by Senator Marcus A. Coolidge, has brought an extremely favorable reaction from the voters of the State.

During the past year, Lieut. Gov. Hurley has established himself as a leader on Beacon Hill and is considered to be one of the most popular officials in the State House. His unusual capacity for work and his strict attention to the duties of his office have virtually made the Lieutenant Governorship a full time job instead of a more or less honorary position as it was in the past.

Frequently, during the absence of the Governor from the State, the Lieutenant Governor has been called upon to fill the Governor's chair. His conduct as acting Governor during those periods have provoked favorable comment not only from department heads at the State House but from the members of the press and the general public as well.

As the presiding officer of the Governor's Council in the Governor's absence, he has demonstrated that he is a natural executive and chairman.

It is not considered by those who profess to know the sentiment of the public, that Lieut. Gov. Hurley will experience any difficulty in landing the endorsement of the delegates to the Democratic State Convention when his name is presented as the candidate to succeed Governor Curley.

From that time on, it is believed that an active campaign will result in his election to the highest elective office in the Commonwealth. In his appearances before public gatherings in the last campaign and since then in his capacity as Lieutenant Governor, Hurley has made a lasting and favorable impression upon his auditors. His ability as a public speaker and his attractive personality have already brought him thousands of admirers. His record in office bears the closest scrutiny and has won him the confidence of the electorate.

Although a comparatively young man, the Lieutenant Governor has had many years of experience as a public official. He was elected in 1922 to the Massachusetts Legislature, serving as a representative from his home district in Fall River. His re-election came without opposition from either political party.
Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
Boston, Mass.

Globe
Boston, Mass.
JAN 11 1936

Henry E. Lawler demonstrated through an increase of over $88,000,000 in deposits in our State banks exclusive of credit unions.

The total assets during 1935 reached $3,349,000,000. Savings deposits increased $35,000,000 in 1935 while credit unions have increased to a total of $12,000,000. Without doubt because of the careful and economical principles of Commissioner Pierce, many closed banks paid one hundred per cent of its saving department deposits.

The department has been very fortunate in having the able services of Frederick D. Bonner, who is not only known to be an expert on banking law, but who in addition has the highest esteem of the Judges of our Supreme Judicial Court, which passes judgment on all questions involving closed banks. Mr. Bonner has returned to private practice as has also Judge Thomas F. Quinn who was Supervising Agent of Liquidations.

In the place of Judge Quinn the Commissioner will be assisted by Henry E. Lawler, former Assistant Corporation Counsel of the City of Boston and Supervising Agent Mr. T. Gregory Sullivan and Mr. John J. Grady will continue to appear before the Supreme Judicial Court as they have in the past.

The rule of the Commissioner that the utmost courtesy and fairness be shown to all, having dealings with the closed banks is being rigidly adhered to, which without doubt is one of the reasons that the department is able to make such an enviable record.

Globe
Boston, Mass.

JAN 11 1936

DEMAND W. P. A. PAY BEFORE DUE

Workers Fail to Figure Christmas Advance

So complicated are the W. P. A. wage-paying schedules that thousands of workers throughout the state are unable to figure out just when their pay days come.

This was indicated yesterday when nearly 100 men marched to Cambridge City Hall demanding wages which were due this morning. Thursday night nearly 500 women stormed the special office of the United States Treasury at the Park Square Building demanding pay which also was not due until today.

Other reports of persons demanding wages ahead of time were received yesterday from Clinton and other cities and towns. State W. P. A. Administrator Arthur G. Rotch said he expected to hear many more reports of such demands.

The Cambridge workers will be paid this morning as will the women employed on the Boston Public Library project, who marched to the Treasury office.

Three or Four Days Later

Most of the difficulty arises from the effort of State W. P. A. officials to speed up payroll disbursement before Christmas. Rotch said approximately 25,000 of the 75,000 workers paid in the two days before Christmas received their checks from three to four days before their way was actually due.

Workers are now figuring their pay is due two weeks from the date on which they received their last pay checks. In many cases, Rotch said, wages are actually not due until two weeks and three or four days after the time of their last payment, because the early payment established in order to give them funds before Christmas is not to be extended.

There is a great load on the payroll division at present because so many pay days will fall due within the next week. Rotch said an effort is to be made to stagger the pay system so that so many persons will not have wages falling due at the same time. "This will make even fur-
he voting population than any other
of the so-called reform organizations
which have been proving their utter
nubility to think straight while in-
empt mainly on protecting the pocket
books of our heavy tax-payers.
Perhaps I have wandered afar from
the question which has put to me
by a gentleman of Hyde Park. Per-
haps, I can best answer him by say-
ing that, of all the reformers, real
and synthetic, who have endeavored
to induce Boston voters to support
none but the good and the true and
the politically beautiful. Councilman
Norton of Hyde Park comes as close
as any of them to the essential facts
when he takes his pen in hand to give
his opinions to the Boston Transcript.
But I do not opine that he will be the
next mayor of Boston. I cannot get
rid of the idea that, ere Mayor Mans-
field's term expires, a little band of
reformers, with a voting strength of
not more than thirty-nine, will suc-
cceed in having a conservator for the
city seem necessary and that he will
be elected by a joint session of the
surviving charter members of the late
Good Government Association and
other human relics of the days when
the municipal reformers could almost
muster a quorum when they met to
select and indorse candidates for may-
or.

BOSTON REVIEW
Boston, Mass.
JAN 1 1 1936

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party councils, he was a delegate to the last Democratic State Convention and to the Democratic National Conventions in 1924 and 1928.

Lieutenant Governor Hurley was graduated from the Law School of Georgetown University and since then, with the exception of a year and a half while he was connected with the legal staff of the Federal Reserve Board in Washington, he has been a practicing lawyer in Fall River. He is married and has two children.

He is a member of the American Legion, the Knights of Columbus, the Elks, the Eagles, the Moose, the Catholic Order of Foresters, the Massachusetts State Granges and many other social and fraternal organizations.

Henry E. Lawler

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Governor Urges Weekly Pay

Gov. Curley said yesterday he had asked Federal W. P. A. administrator Harry L. Hopkins to allow employment of 20,000 men from non-relief persons. This will be considered in Washington, Curley said.

The Governor said he had asked Hopkins to allow employment of 20,000 men from non-relief persons. Otherwise, he said, they would not be able to keep their families fed and clothed and warm.

"Of course, it represents a tremendous saving to them to pay the workers every two weeks, but it seems hard to justify it," the Governor said.

Federal Investigators' Reports for Sec Ickes

INQUIRY INTO P. W. A. STRIKES

Federal Investigation of the strikes called by Building Trades Councils on nine P. W. A. projects in Boston and vicinity, was started yesterday by officers of the special division of Investigation of the F. E. R. A., at 10 Postoffice sq.

David J. Barry, director of the division, said he has men working on the investigation and has obtained partial reports. It is expected that a complete report of the strike activities will be submitted by Barry today to Secretary Ickes, director of the Public Works Administration.

Gov. Curley conferred yesterday with Andrew H. Peterson, state P. W. A. administrator and State Commissioner of Labor and Industries, James T. Moriarty concerning the strike on Massachusetts P. W. A. projects. The Governor declared that the situation could be quickly ironed out.

Curley Writes Hopkins

Gov. Curley tried to contact Harry L. Hopkins, Federal relief director, by telephone, to present the union's case to him. Finding that he could not reach him, he sent a letter outlining the situation here and requesting that Federal officials take steps to settle the controversy.

E. A. Johnson, secretary of the Boston Building Trades Council, told the Governor that in Ohio and some other states, regular union-contractor agreements were allowed and union officials could not understand why relief workers should be given preference in employment over union men in Massachusetts.

The strike in Boston was not nearly as serious as was anticipated. A survey yesterday indicated work had been stopped on only one project, construction of the Rialto school in Revere. A total of 13 men were at work on this project.

The inquiry made by the Building Trades Council's list, as these are operated under the old P. W. A. program which allows contracts to employ union workers whether they are on relief or not.

Total of 150 on Strike

A total of approximately 150 men are on strike, it was estimated last night, including the projects in Medford, Framingham, Natick, Concord and Waltham. The new P. W. A. program is just getting under way and there are only 490 men at work throughout the entire state, Peterson said.

A total of 11 contracts calling for $12,000,072 worth of construction had been let up to last night, Peterson said.

The Massachusetts State Building Trades Council meets this noon at Hotel Bellevue to consider calling strikes on all other P. W. A. projects in the state in protest of the ruling which requires assignment of work to the men through the Reemployment Service. If this council approves the strike it may seriously affect the initiation of the $12,000,000 construction program.

Contracts let yesterday call for construction of a new hospital building at Westfield Sanitarium, at a cost of $768,362; addition to high school in Spencer, $173,000; construction of hospital at Braintree, $576,2, and Framingham of elementary school in Watertown, $155,948.

The committee of the Building Trades Council was instructed last night to ask the executive board of the Massachusetts Building Trades Council to hold a special convention at which state-wide action could be voted.

The meeting was held at the headquarters, 600 Commonwealth av., at which it was reported that four projects in Boston, four in the jurisdiction of the Newton Building Trades Council, one at Medford and one at Fitchburg had been tied up.

Yesterday a representative of the state administrators met with the union committee and discussed in detail the situation existing and the reasons for it.

Projects Sure, Curley Asserts

Declares Harbor, Camp, Courthouse Funds Coming

"We will deepen the channel in Boston Harbor; we will construct the camp at Bourne, and we will build a new Suffolk County Courthouse, all with Federal aid," was the answer of Gov. Curley last night to a published report from Washington quoting White House officials and W. P. A. headquarters as saying the guarantee of a $1,800,000 Federal contribution towards the courthouse.

"It will be noted that Congressmen John W. McCormick visited the White House before I did Thursday and came out with the same assurance according to the newspapers," Gov. Curley stated.

In addition to these assurances which the Governor announced after leaving the White House in Washington only to be confronted with printed denials on arrival in Boston, Legislation to authorized an additional $1,500,000 to complete the Bourne project, and for an additional appropriation of $3,500,000 for further development of the money comes from Hopkins as a Federal W. P. A. grant," Gov. Curley said, "and President Roosevelt agreed to endeavor to find the money immediately."

When the Cape Cod camp was first proposed the Governor requested a total grant of $2,550,000 from the Federal Government. It was rejected and the Federal Government finally appropriated $1,600,000 for which to have to be constructed at the camp. The state's contribution will be the land for the camp. Originally it was believed the funds would come from the War Department, but Gov. Curley said the President told him that the money could not come from the War Department, but would have to come from W. P. A. Administrator Harry Hopkins.

When assured that the W. P. A. custom of employing only men coming from the county where the project is located could be disregarded in this case, Gov. Curley said, the President promised to try and arrange for the money at once.

In an Associated Press Dispatch from Washington yesterday Gov. Curley was quoted as announcing assurance of the Federal Courthouse contribution after a conference with the President. He said then that $1,800,000 would be supplied by the Federal Government with 70 percent of the remaining cost of $3,200,000 to come from the city and 30 percent from the state.

On his arrival in Boston, the Governor called Joseph A. Rourke, his appointee to the commission delegated to supervise the Courthouse construction, and ordered him to call an immediate meeting of the commission to hasten plans on the undertaking.
Three Quit in Protest Over Dr Payson Smith

Lincoln Filene, Sawyer and McDuffee Resign From State Advisory Board of Education

Charging that the ousting of Dr Payson Smith as Commissioner of Education had done irreparable harm to the State Department, three members of the State Advisory Board of Education resigned last night.

They are Lincoln Filene of Boston, national authority on vocational training; Henry B. Sawyer of Boston, businessman, philanthropist and patron of the arts, and Walter V. McDuffee of Springfield, retired educator.

Protesting the replacement of Dr Smith by Gov Curley with James G. Reardon, the trio who signed the letter of resignation held that their position is untenable as they do under the law any power over conduct or expenditures in education.

Harm Done, They Say:

"After careful consideration, we hereby tender our resignations as members of the Advisory Board of Education to take effect immediately," the members wrote the Governor. "We take this action because of our feeling that irreparable harm has been done to the State Department by the ousting of our member, to whom we have been allied. We are told that not only do the fingerprints of each man differ from his fellow but even the ears and the eyebrows.

"As the world has grown in years it has become a better place, not a worse one. It progresses. The passing of one man has made no difference in that progress. In other words, the indispensable man has not yet been found."

Pending receipt of the letter of resignation the Governor had no opinion to express on the names of the trio he would appoint to succeed the resigned members, but will accept the resignation as requested and submit three names to succeed them at the next meeting of the Executive Council.

Miss Mansfield Supplanted

The Advisory Board of Education, as a result of these wholesale resignations, will have almost an entirely new complexion within a week. Gov Curley took advantage of the expiration of the term of Grace S. Mansfield, sister of Mayor Mansfield of Boston, to supplant her with Mary E. Murray, a Cambridge school teacher, Nov 27.

At the same time he reappointed Anna M. Power of Worcester for another term so that she holds her post through the instrumentality of Gov Curley. The term of Thomas H. Sullivan of Millbury does not expire until 1937, the same year that the terms of Lincoln Filene, Walter V. McDuffee and Henry B. Sawyer would have terminated.

Filene Expert in Field

In the resignation of Lincoln Filene from the board the state loses the services of a man who has continuously for 28 years been identified with educational guidance under state auspices. From 1907 he was continuously a member of the Massachusetts State Board of Education and when that board was abolished he became a member of the Advisory Board of Education for the State Department of Education, a board in which the commissioner is ex-officio chairman.

He is one of Boston's best-known merchants and an authority on social, educational and economic problems.

Mr Filene was in the forefront of the movement for vocational education and is a national authority on the subject. He was a member of the State Commission on Industrial Education, which started the public trade schools and agricultural schools of Massachusetts. President Roosevelt recognized his ability in guidance of vocational training by naming him as the Federal Board for Vocational Education.

Sawyer Named by Ely

Henry B. Sawyer was named to the Advisory Board of Education by Gov Ely in 1932 to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Arthur H. Lowe. Mr. Sawyer was also an appointee of former Gov Ely to the Fall River Finance Commission. He was with Stone and Webster from 1890 to 1931, at one time treasurer of all the companies under the executive management of Stone and Ely, later a member of the firm and vice president of Drayton-Leary, Inc, although he had planned to retire from all business affiliations in 1931 at the age of 69.

Walter V. McDuffee, now retired as a teacher, was one of the best known educators in the state. After his graduation from Dartmouth and the conferring of an A. M. at Harvard he became a teacher in Lincoln, Neb. From 1896 to his retirement he was identified with the Central High School in Springfield, where he came to head the classical department.

It was generally believed that the protests against the ousting of Payson Smith and the appointment of James G. Reardon had ceased but these three prominent members of the Advisory Board of Education is indicative of a continuation of those protests against the action of Gov Curley.

The Governor, who commented on the resignations just after completing an address for the Red Cross over the radio, expressed no disturbance over the action of the trio but smiled as he discussed their retirement from the field of education.
The Globe
Boston, Mass.
JAN 1 1 1936

PREFERENCES OF VETS AT STAKE

Leonardi Bill Would End Civil Service Status

Bacigalupo Wants Regime of Mansfield Investigated

"Veterans’ preference" in Civil Service would be wiped out as far as persons are concerned who were too young to serve in the World War, or were refused enlistment because of physical disability, under a bill offered in the Legislature yesterday by Representative Leonard of Boston.

The measure was one of hundreds filed in the Senate and House yesterday as the time for filing approached its expiration. Today at 1 o'clock is the deadline. A proposal of Representative Dorgan and Irwin of Boston for a special re-election commission to study means of reducing automobile accidents and a measure for an investigation of the administration of Mayor Mansfield of Boston were among the more important measures put in yesterday.

The effect of the Leonardi bill would be to virtually end the veterans’ preference. It would also remove from the list of positions on the Civil Service, a petition of Representative Hurley of Holyoke, that the former share the profits from coke with their gas customers. The total number of bills filed in the House yesterday had reached 1013, 61 fewer than a year ago at the same time, but the Senate had received 331 petitions, and expected to exceed the number filed last year by the time today’s offerings are in.

Mansfield’s Bills

Mayor Mansfield introduced a number of measures, among them a bill to allow the Mayor to issue a bill to the Boston Police Commissioner, a right now held by the Governor. The Mayor also seeks to remove the exemption now accorded United States Government property and would make it possible to give city discounts from 1 to 3 percent to cities and towns for complete work before Nov. 1 of the year in which they are due. These petitions were filed for Mayor Harry of East Boston. Bills filed for Mayor Mansfield by Representative Cohen of Boston follow:

To require banks to disclose whether welfare applicants have bank accounts.

To increase from 25 to 50 percent the amount of the state’s share of taxes from horse and dog racing given to cities and towns.

To allow Civil Service appointment to similar positions without reexamination where city departments are abolished.

Payment of compulsory auto insurance premiums in installments is asked by Insurance Commissioner Francis J. DeCevelis.

A five-year survey of office and increase in pay provisions for the Adjutant General is sought by Representative Sirois of Lawrence.

The salaries of all probate judges would be $500, under a bill of Senator Hurley of Holyoke.

Asks Insurance Inquiry

Senator Donovan of Chelsea asks an investigation of all fire insurance companies doing business in Massachusetts. For William F. Andrews of Revere Senator Donovan offered measures for an investigation of the rates of the Suburban Gas and Electric Company of Revere, to repeal the Compulsory Auto Insurance law and substitute that in effect in New Hampshire and to give municipalities in which horse and dog tracks are located 3 percent of the handle. Fishermen and mariners would be entitled to absentee ballots at elections, a bill of Senator Haley of Rowley provides.

"Massachusetts would have its own executioner under a proposal of John M. McCauley of Revere to have that official appointed by the Governor from among local talent.

A 60-page bill was filed by Paul Potter, Beacon St., Boston, seeking a uniform traffic system for the state. A state highway over the old Mid-Dieux turnpike from Arlington to Chelmsford is asked in a bill of Commissioner of Public Works William F. Callahan and Richard K. Hale, his associate. An investigation of "alleged discriminatory" electric rates in Greater Boston is proposed by Representative McDonald of Chelsea.

Boston School Committee appropriations would be subject to approval by the Mayor, under a bill filed by Representative Leonard of Boston.

Investigation Asked

An investigation of the administration of Mayor Mansfield of Boston under Mayor Mansfield is sought in a resolve filed by Representative Bacigalupo of Boston, who asks for a memorial to Congress against sanctions and embargoes on American products shipped to war- ing countries except guns, ammunition and implements of war. Representative Centracchio of East Boston filed a similar measure.

The State Civil Service commissioner would be given power to reinstate persons illegally removed from office or employment under Civil Service, a petition of Representative O’Toole of Pittsfield. An appropriation of $250,000 for construction of a municipal building in Ward 10, East Boston, was sought in a bill filed by Representative Hennigan of Boston.

Bills for stricter regulation of gas and electric companies and requiring that the former share the profits from coke with their gas customers were filed by Senator Burke of Boston, who also seeks to have provided an appeal from refusal of local officials to grant a common vintner’s license where liquor licenses are involved.

Repeal of the law authorizing "beeroids" is asked by Godfrey L. Cabot and Fred C. Fernald, both of Boston.

A memorial asking Congress to make the Citizens Conservation Corps permanent is offered by Representative Boland of Springfield.

Job Office Bill

All employment by the state outside Civil Service would be through the regular state employment office, a measure of Representative Valentine of Chelsea provides, and bureaus such as the Governor’s special employment board would be banned. Bonds of $25, negotiable as local tender, would be issued by cities.

The Globe
Boston, Mass.
JAN 1 1 1936

PROJECTS SURE, CURLEY ASSERTS

Declares Harbor, Camp, Courthouse Funds Coming

Says Bourne Work Will Begin Soon, With $1,000,000

"We will deepen the channel in Boston Harbor; we will construct the camp at Bourne; and we will build a new Suffolk County Courthouse, all with Federal aid," was the answer of Gov Curley last night to a published report from Washington, quoting White House officials and W. P. A. headquarters as denying a promise to him of a $1,000,000 Federal contribution towards the courthouse.

"It will be noted that Congressman John W. McCormack visited Washington only to be confronted with the Governor said yesterday that an appropriation of $700,000 more for the Bourne National Guard Camp in addition to the $500,000 to complete the Bourne project, and for an additional appropriation of $3,500,000 for further development of Boston Harbor, will be introduced at the present session of Congress, Gov Curley said. In addition to these assurances, which the Governor announced after leaving the White House in Washington, he plans to be confronted with printed denials on arrival in Boston. the Governor said yesterday that President Roosevelt gave him assurance of $700,000 more for the Schoharie National Guard Camp in addition to the $800,000 Federal appropriation for roads which have to be constructed. Legislation for an additional $1,500,000 to complete the Bourne project, and for an additional appropriation of $3,500,000 for further development of Boston Harbor, will be introduced at the present session of Congress, Gov Curley said.

[Continued]
Expects $1,000,000 Soon

Work will begin in the near future at Bourne, the Governor said in his press conference on return from the Jackson Day dinner and his visit to the White House. A total of $1,000,000 will be available soon, he predicted.

"I assured the President that men from other counties could be placed at work on the camp, even though the money comes from Hopkins as a Federal W. P. A. grant," Gov Curley said, "and President Roosevelt agreed to endeavor to find the money immediately."

When the Cape Cod camp was first proposed the Governor requested a total grant of $2,550,000 from the Federal Government. It was rejected and the Federal Government finally appropriated $302,000 for roads which have to be constructed at the camp. The state's contribution will be the land for the camp. Originally it was believed the funds would come from the War Department, but Gov Curley said the President told him that the money could not come from the War Department, but would have to come from W. P. A. Administrator Harry Hopkins.

Cites President's Promise

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RESIGNATIONS OF FILENE
AND TWO ARE ACCEPTED

Gov Curley in Sharp Comment Suggests Sawyer Also Quit Fall River Finance Post

In resigning the three members of the board of six stated that their positions were untenable, since, under the law, they had no control over the conduct or expenditures of the Department of Education. They did not enlarge on the subject.

While the new Commissioner of Education has revealed no plans for increasing expenditures of the department in a speech before the Massachusetts Adult Teachers' Association today, he praised Massachusetts for its long record of willing generosity towards education.

Supports Teachers' Oath

In the same address he placed himself once more firmly behind the teacher's oath bill, which is believed to be the basic cause of one resignation in the department since Reardon replaced Smith.

Suggestion to Sawyer

Gov Curley today accepted the resignations of the three members of the Advisory Board of Education, suggested that one of them, Henry B. Sawyer, might also serve the Commonwealth by resigning from the Fall River Finance Commission, and defend his commissioner of education, James G. Reardon.

The Governor expressed surprise at their reason for resigning, which was the fact that they had no control over expenditures by the department, and reminded them that the statutes had not changed nor had they lost any power as a result of the removal of Commissioner Payson Smith.

The Governor said that the three men—Lincoln Filene, Sawyer and Walter V. McDuffee—had tendered their resignations on a single sheet of paper and remarked that they were "certainly economical."

Reardon Expresses Surprise

Commissioner Reardon expressed surprise at the sudden resignation of the three men, but refused further comment. The members resigned on the grounds that the removal of Dr Payson Smith had done irreparable harm to the State Department. Mr Reardon said that the board had met with him Thursday and that they had given no intimation at that time of such action.
MAYOR DEFIES THE "FIN COM"

Orders Award of Snow Trucks Contract

Says "Master" Curley Told Sullivan to Rehire Manser

Mayor Mansfield last night ignored the formal request of the Boston Finance Commission to hold up his $163,000 snow removal truck and instructed City Purchasing Agent D. Frank Doherty to go ahead with the consummation of the contract.

At the same time, he joined Finance Commissioner Alexander Wheeler in protest at the rehiring of Charles Manser as a Finance Commission Chairman E. Mark Sullivan, "was obeying orders of his master," Gov. Curley, in re-hiring Charles L. Manser to investigate snow-removal contracts, alleging that Gov. Curley, "master" of Finance Commission, "was responsible for this act.

The Mayor said of Manser's new job: "I will be remembered that when Manser insisted that the Finance Commission make public Manser's statements on snow removal, Commissioner Alexander Wheeler repudiated him, and the value of his testimony and the value of his testimony was alleged to have unearned.

"If that was Chairman Sullivan's opinion then, it is perfectly evident that he was now re-hire a man he had denounced unless he was obeying orders of his master. I will also be recalled that Manser was originally hired by the Finance Commission at the behest of Gov. Curley. The contract for the purchase of $163,000 worth of motor trucks for snow removal work has been the subject of the Finance Commission inquiry to date, with charges that the contract is illegal in that the trucks failed to meet specifications. To that charge, evidence was brought here the commission tended to show that the company, by substitution of a larger motor in each of the 52 trucks purchased, did meet the specifications."

Councilors to Be Called

The contract had not been signed by Mayor Mansfield last night, but the award was designated and the turn-in of 51 city trucks has been negotiated toward the purchase price. Resumption of the investigation next Tuesday will see three or four City Councilors called as witnesses by the Finance Commission, it was learned last night.

This subpenas may have to issue in order to bring some of the Councilors before the Finance Commission where he left off in the Fall. Last Fall when Manser's reports were heard behind closed doors, he was insistent upon a public airing of them and at that time his work was minimized by Chairman Sullivan, who refused a public hearing.

GOVERNOR CLAIMS COURTHOUSE APPROVAL

Gov. Curley yesterday directed Joseph A. O'Keefe to call a meeting of the commission to supervise the construction of a new $5,000,000 courthouse, following his return from Washington with assurance that $1,000,000 in federal funds would be available for the proposed construction.

The meeting will be called in spite of subsequent denials from Washington that the Governor had been given definite assurance that the federal grant would be made toward the $5,000,000 that will be required to complete the construction.

From Washington came the announcement that President Roosevelt and PWA officials, while interested in the courthouse proposal, are not ready to provide the grant of funds.

The Governor stated that the President also "has agreed to find the money" to complete the construction of the national guard camp at Bourne. This will require $700,000.
MAYOR ORDERS TRUCKS BOUGHT

Rejects Fin. Com. Request
Says None Knows How
Long Probe Will Last

Asks Citizens to Defend Judgment

Mayor Mansfield last night rejected a request by the finance commission to hold up the award of contracts for several hundred thousand dollars' worth of trucks to be used in snow removal. He instructed D. Frank Doherty, city purchasing agent, to execute formal contracts at once with the manufacturers allotted the orders a week ago.

He instructed Doherty to disregard the commission's request of Thursday to hold up the purchase of the 105 trucks until it concluded its current investigation of the proposed contract awards.

"The city must be prepared to remove the snow when it comes," he said, "and...no one knows when the investigation may terminate." At the same time the mayor made a statement attacking yesterday's reappointment of Charles L. Manser as an investigator to make a new inquiry into snow removal work last winter.

He characterized Manser as a one-time campaign supporter of his who had since become a political foe, and said that in appointing him, Chairman E. Mark Sullivan of the commission did the Waffle a disservice. He said Manser had been publicly discredited by Sullivan at the time he issued his report to the...master. It will also be recalled that Manser was originally hired by the finance commission at the behest of Gov. Curley.

MANSER'S CONTENTION

The proposed contract awards covering purchase of the trucks has been the subject of much testimony taken at public hearings conducted by the finance commission earlier this week. Chairman Sullivan said the evidence showed that in the case of one bidder, awarded a contract to supply 52 trucks, the specifications established by the purchasing agent were not legally met. The commission on Thursday wrote a letter to Doherty requesting him to hold up the formal awards until the investigation was completed.

According to yesterday's announcement by the finance commission, Manser is to be employed as an investigator on a temporary basis for an indefinite period at $75 a week. He was similarly engaged by the commission to examine testimony and make an investigation of snow removal work by contractors a year ago. At that time the mayor characterized him as a "discredited state agent" who had openly expressed bias toward him. Manser was released by the finance commission after being on the payroll five weeks. He subsequently made a report of his investigation to the papers.

MAYOR'S ASSERTION

Mayor Mansfield said yesterday Manser had been publicly discredited by Sullivan at the time he issued his report to the papers. "If that was Chairman Sullivan's opinion then," said the mayor, "it is perfectly evident he would not now rehire a man he had denounced unless he was obeying the behest of his master. It will also be recalled that Manser was originally hired by the finance commission at the behest of Gov. Curley.

Wheeler, the lone dissenting member of the "fin. com." on the proposal to re-hire Manser, issued this statement last night:

"I am opposed to the employment of Charles Manser by the finance commission and have been so recorded in the minutes of the commission. My reasons are, first, that I believe that the present personnel is competent and adequate to do the work of the commission; and, second, that I do not believe that during the weeks that Charles Manser was employed by the commission last winter anything was done which justifies his re-employment.

MUST BE PREPARED

"The city must be prepared to remove the snow when it comes, but...
Three Good Men Resign

Lincoln Filene, Walter V. McDuffee and Henry B. Sawyer, who resigned yesterday from the advisory board of education, have been replaced by Dr. Payson Smith, who took office last November.

These resignations will leave only two members remaining of the seven who composed it when Gov. Curley took office. They are Thomas H. Sullivan of Millbury and Anna M. Power of Worcester. Grace S. Mansfield, sister of Mayor Mansfield, was appointed last November by Mary E. Murray of Cambridge. The commissioner is chairman of the board.

It was predicted last night that the Governor will offer a place on the board to Robert E. Rogers, professor of English at Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Filene, prominent Boston merchant, has been a member of the board for more than 20 years and during that period he has been prominently associated with educational activities of various descriptions.

M. McDuffee, a Springfield educator, has been on the board since 1918, while Sawyer, a retired financier, has served for only three years, having been appointed by former Gov. Fall River finance commission.

The board meets annually with the commissioner of education as a school committee, with full powers over the operation of the department. That is not at all the status of the commissioners. Actually the board has a strictly limited authority. A new law allows it to pass on the appointment of directors for the three main divisions of the department, and that is about all.

And that was apparently enough when a commissioner of the Payson Smith type was in charge. Under him, the board had a regulation that non-civil-service employees should not be discharged until the board had considered each individual case. Dr. Smith also consulted the board on major polices and on the selection of presidents of the Teachers College and the Massachusetts School of Art. It is extremely unlikely that his successor will choose to follow this salutary course. "Hiring and firing" will presumably be attended to in an entirely different way.

The identity of the three men who will succeed Messrs. Filene, McDuffee and Sawyer is not known yet. If the Governor or his new commissioner is able to persuade men of equal intelligence, public spirit and aptitude to take their places, the state will be extremely fortunate.
Herald
Boston, Mass.
JAN 11 1936

State House Briefs
By HENRY EHRlich

Another group of 20 employees were released yesterday by Walter V. McCarthy, commissioner of public welfare, and their places were filled with appointees of the new commissioner's own designation. As his first official act since his appointment, McCarthy last week dismissed 23 temporary employees of the department with the declaration that they had been given "their turn."

State Auditor Thomas H. Buckley, one of the staunchest critics of the New Deal in the Democratic party, lunched yesterday with James Roosevelt, eldest son of the President.

Asked to comment on the statement of former Gov. Ely that delegates to the national Democratic convention from Massachusetts should go unpledged, Gov. Curley asked yesterday, "Is Mr. Ely speaking for the Republican party?" He said, "It is clearly the duty of the Democratic party to have a delegation pledged to the renomination of President Roosevelt." The Governor referred to his conversation with Fr. Coughlin. The Governor claimed that 600,000 registered voters in Massachusetts and 67 per cent of the total registration in Rhode Island are members of the League of Social Justice.

Christian Science Monitor
Boston, Mass.
JAN 11 1936

Resign—Three Members of Education Advisory Board

Stating that in their opinion, "irreparable harm" has been done by the State Department of Education by the removal of Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner, the directors took it upon themselves without comment as to how it was obtained.—Ed.

Dear Boston Day Column:

Whether one of our family finds something in the Monitor that doesn't appear to be purely factual is something for us to consider.

An article that appeared recently pertains to the action of the Massachusetts State Federation of Teachers regarding the dismissal of Dr. Payson Smith and the appointment of James G. Reardon. It stated that the federation voted to request Governor Curley to appoint Mr. Reardon. This is not true.

The fact is that a small group of the directors took it upon themselves to do some electioneering for Mr. Reardon and made use of the members of the federation without their consent (and much to their disgust) to put over a low-down political deal.

Members of the federation resent very much being used to further the political ambitions of a few of the directors and are laying plans to make the federation an educational, instead of political, organization.

Sincerely,

J. J. B.
Newton, Mass.

On Dec. 17 the federation directors, acting for the federation, voted 12 to 8 in endorsement of Mr. Reardon. This fact was published without comment as to how it was obtained.—Ed.
Summary of Bills Awaiting Massachusetts Legislators

Massachusetts' legislative machinery has rolled along at low speed since Governor Curley delivered his 12,000-word Annual message 10 days ago. The first 1936 legislation has already been approved. A memorial to Congress in favor of the veterans' bonus was among the first bills to weather legislative action.

Meanwhile, the legislators, realizing that today is the deadline for filing bills, provided considerable leeway for the General Court. This week, Up to last night, a total of 1936 measures had been filed in the House and Senate. The record for total bills filed was established last year when the number reached 2130. The more important of this week's bills include:

**Bill: Graduated state income taxes**

Significance: The State tax on cities and towns balances the State budget. It was $10,000,000 this year and last. It burdens real estate. Limited, it would have been $3,000,000 this year. Its passage would aid economy efforts.

**Bill: Reduction of the eligibility age for old-age assistance from 70 years to 65 or even 60.**

Significance: This would take care of those persons over 65 who will not be aided by the federal pension system. Several measures provide minimum monthly payments of $45 to $50, instead of the present $26 average.

**Bill: A $2 fee for petitioning legislation.**

Significance: Would probably cut down the number of petitions filed by outside organizations, and speed up the legislative year.

**Bill: Provision that club liquor licenses be restricted to one for every 5000 population in cities of 25,000 or over.**

Significance: The proposal would weaken the liquor law when now restricts club licenses to one for every 10,000 persons.

**Bill: A similar bill was tossed out last year.**

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**Bill: Elimination of preference for veterans in civil service examination.**

Significance: Would place all contestants for positions on equal terms.

**Bill: Equipment of motor vehicles with 50-mile speed governors.**

Significance: A similar bill was tossed out last year.

**Bill: Elimination of all the statutory powers of the Governor's Council.**

Significance: The Council would retain its constitutional powers to approve appointments of justices and notaries.

**Bill: Investigation of the Mansfield administration of Boston's municipal affairs.**

Significance: Some commentators suspect this may be a direct attack on Mayor Mansfield to screen the city's suit against Edmund L. Dolan.

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**Bill: Bacigalupo Bill Gives Big Powers to Probers**

Appointment of a special commission with sweeping powers to investigate the administration of Mayor Mansfield of Boston to determine whether or not his administration has been "economically and financially wise, sound, efficient and honest" was asked for in a resolve filed yesterday by Representative Edward P. Bacigalupo of Boston.

The West End Democratic legislator would have the commission composed of the Attorney-General or one of his assistants, three persons designated by the Governor, three members of the House of Representatives and one member of the Senate, and its report to the Legislature would be made not later than June 1. Mayor Mansfield declined to make any comment on the Bacigalupo resolve last night.
POST
Boston, Mass.
JAN 1 1 1936

PLAN FIN.
COM. QUIZ OF MAYOR

Inquiry on Purchase of Snow-Removal Equipment

Mayor Mansfield probably will be summoned to appear before the Boston Finance Commission next week for questioning in connection with the commission's investigation of the purchase of $675,000 worth of trucks and snow-removal equipment by the city, it was learned last night.

DISCUSS CALLING HIM

While no definite decision yet has been reached concerning the summoning of the Mayor, it was disclosed that the possibility of calling him already has been discussed by Chairman E. Mark Sullivan and other members of the commission and that at least two members of the body definitely favor such a move.

Although the summoning of Mayor Mansfield would provide one of the sensations of the hearings being conducted by the Finance Commission it would not establish any precedent for any other investigating body to disregard the order of the Finance Commission and issue formal contracts therefor.

PUBLIC INTEREST COMES FIRST

"And I take this opportunity of asking the public to reserve their judgment on the snow-removal equipment investigation until the evidence is all in. The Finance Commission is having its investigations now and will come presently.

"In the meantime let me assure the people of Boston that the only end sought by me in the approval by purchase of this equipment was to serve the best interests of the City of Boston. I think the people will be satisfied of this fact when the evidence is all in and the commission's investigation is concluded."

MAYOR HITS NAMING OF MANSER

The disclosure that the commission is considering the possibility of summoning Mr. Mansfield followed the heels of an announcement by the Mayor that he had instructed his purchasing agent to disregard the order of the Finance Commission to withhold formal award of contracts for the purchase of trucks and snow-fighting apparatus until the present probe is concluded.

In a statement issued last night Mayor Mansfield also charged Governor Curley with ordering the Finance Commission to reappoint Charles L. Mansfield, a political foe of the Mayor, as a special investigator in connection with the snow-removal probe.

MUST HAVE EQUIPMENT READY

"I have directed the superintendent of supplies to disregard the vote of the Finance Commission not to make formal awards or issue formal contracts for the purchase of snow removal equipment until the investigation is concluded," the Mayor said.

"The city must be prepared to remove the snow when it comes, but since no one knows when the investigation may terminate, the city might be without equipment if the vote of the Finance Commission were to be observed. And accordingly I have instructed the superintendent of supplies to proceed without delay to purchase the equipment as already planned and to execute formal contracts therefor."

POST
Boston, Mass.
JAN 1 1 1936

THREE QUIT IN PROTEST OVER SMITH

Tender Resignations From State Board of Education

"The indispensable man has not yet been found," said Governor Curley when asked of the resignation last night. He had not received the communication, but when the text was read to him the Governor said: "This old world is about 100,000,000 years old. Men have come, lived their brief lives and passed on. No two have been alike.

"We are told that not only do the fingerprints of each man differ from his fellow, but even the ears and the eyes.

"As the world has grown in years it has become a better place, not a worse one. It progresses. The passing of one man has made no difference in that progress. In other words, the indispensable man has not been found."

Pending receipt of the letter of resignation the Governor had no opinion to express on the list of the trio he would appoint to succeed the resigned members, but will accept the resignation as requested and submit three names to succeed them at the next meeting of the Executive Council.

NEW MEMBERS ON BOARD

The Advisory Board of Education, as a result of these wholesale resignations, will have almost an entirely new complexion within a week. Governor Curley took advantage of the expiration of the terms of Dr. Payson Smith, the State Commissioner of education, serves as chairman of the board, as already planned and to execute formal contracts therefor.

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FILINE AN AUTHORITY

In the resignation of Lincoln Filene from the board the State loses the services of a man who has continuously for 23 years been identified with educational guidance under State auspices. From 1913 he was continuously a member of the Massachusetts State Board of Education and when that board was abolished he became a member of the Advisory Board of Education for the State Department of Education, a board in which the commissioner is ex-officio chairman.

He is one of Boston's best known merchants and an authority on social, economic and economic problems.

Mr. Filene was in the forefront of the movement for vocational education and is a national authority on the subject. He was an active member of the State Commission on Industrial Education, which started the public trade schools and agricultural schools of Massachusetts. President Roosevelt recognized his ability in guidance of vocational training by appointing him to the Federal Board for Vocational Education.
GOVERNOR MOVES TO SETTLE STRIKE

In an effort to bring about a speedy settlement of the strike of building trades mechanics on PWA projects in Greater Boston, Governor Curley yesterday sent a telegram to Harry Hopkins, director of WPA at Washington, but no reply had been received up to late hour last night.

The telegram was sent following a conference at the State House between Andrew H. Peterson, State PWA engineer, and James T. Moriarty, commissioner of labor and industries. E. A. Johnson, secretary of the Building Trades Council, said the council is waiting for some action from Washington.

This noon the executive board of the Massachusetts State Building Trades Council meets at the Hotel Bellevue to decide what section will be taken on other WPA work throughout the State. If the policy of giving preference in work to those on relief roles, instead of union men, some action may be anticipated on other work in the State.

INSIST AID IS TO BE GIVEN

Federal Money for Courthouse Certain, Curley Says

Satisfaction that the federal government would contribute $1,800,000 towards the cost of the proposed $6,000,000 Suffolk County courthouse construction project was expressed by Governor Curley last night in commenting on dispatches from Washington reporting White House spokesmen and PWA authorities as denying that any such assurance had been given the Governor.

"We'll get the federal contribution, all right," said the Governor. "I have been conferring this afternoon with Andrew Peterson, representative of the federal government here, and I am satisfied that the courthouse allotment will come through."

The Governor directed Joseph A. Rourke, his appointee on the special courthouse commission, to call the other members into conference for the purpose of expediting the plans for the building addition.

CHAPLAIN NIGHT AT CURLEY COURT

James M. Curley, Jr., Court, M. C. O. F., will hold its annual chaplain's night at Hotel Statler tomorrow night. The Rev. Harry M. O'Connor will be tendered a public reception. Francis X. Rooney, noted lecturer, will give a talk on "His Visit to the Island of Father Damien." Larry Thornton, radio star, will entertain. Arthur Scena will also entertain with violin solos.

Invited guests include Gov. Curley, Maurice J. Tobin and Henry J. Smith.

CURLEY SCORES AGAIN

It looks as though Boston is to have its new courthouse, after all, and Boston can thank the perseverance and "go-get-it" of Governor Curley.

At a time when the project appeared to be bogged down, the Governor hustled off to Washington and literally took the bull by the horns. He found the right people and talked to the right people, with a result that announcement is made that the federal government will provide a grant of $1,800,000 toward the project.

The remainder of the cost will be borne by the Commonwealth and the city, 30 per cent by Massachusetts and 70 per cent by Boston. The total amount of $5,000,000 will soon be available, and work can start.

Suffolk County sadly needs this new courthouse. The old institution in Pemberton square, long-outmoded, is no longer adequate. Massachusetts men need the jobs that will be made available.

Suffolk County, and Boston, can thank the Governor for the spur that was needed to put the project over. He has what it takes.
CURLEY ACTS IN PWA STRIKE

Speedy settlement of the strike involving 500 union building trades workers on seven local PWA projects was looked for following the entrance yesterday of Gov. James M. Curley into the controversy over the manner of hiring union labor.

The governor called a conference of James C. Moriarty, commissioner of labor and industry, and E. A. Johnson of the Building Trades Council of Boston, and said he would present the union's case to Relief Administrator Harry Hopkins.

The Governor was unsuccessful in trying to locate Hopkins by phone yesterday.

Andrew H. Peterson, state engineer in charge of local PWA projects, reiterated his previous statement that the rules for hiring PWA help were made in Washington and that he had no authority to change them.

Johnson claimed that in Ohio, and other states, union workers were not discriminated against because they were not on relief rolls.

MANSFIELD TURNS GUNS ON MANSER

After directing the superintendent of supplies to disregard the finance commission and prepare the city for snow removal and purchase equipment as arranged, Mayor Mansfield last night scored the rehiring of Charles E. Manser as special investigator of the commission.

"It will be remembered when Manser insisted the finance commission make public the statement of his investigation that Chairman E. Mark Sullivan of the commission repudiated Manser," the mayor said regarding Mayor's rebuffing.

"It will also be recalled," the mayor concluded, "that Manser was originally hired by the finance commission at the behest of Gov. Curley."

CURLEY ACTS IN PWA STRIKE

Sound Advice on Judicial Appointments

The latest report of the Judicial Council of Massachusetts emphasizes a significant remark once made by the only man who served both as President and Chief Justice of the United States, William H. Taft. If a popular revolt ever should occur against shortcomings of the American administration of justice, said Mr. Taft, it will not be on account of any failure of the high courts, the courts of appeal and review, but by reason of a breakdown in the courts of first instance. These are the courts closest to the people, the chief justice went on to say, the courts where the common man must look for the support or defeat of his rights in every-day living.

"The civil trials in the Boston Municipal Court alone," the Judicial Council explains in its new report, "exceed those of the Superior Court for the entire State. All told, district court trials probably treble in number those tried in the Superior Court. And with our population shift from rural to urban, litigation has tended to center in the cities. About half the Superior Court law entries are in Suffolk county. About 40 per cent of all the district court civil actions are brought in Suffolk county."

For so great a volume of litigation, directly affecting thousands of men and women who bring their pleas to the district courts, who shall be the judges upon whose learning, character and fairness the grant of justice or the wreaking of injustice depends? On this score one member of the Judicial Council, Herbert B. Ehrmann, voices concern.

"I believe," he says in the official report, "that a large portion of the bar is convinced that during the past ten or fifteen years merit has frequently not been the decisive factor in appointments to the district courts. Some of the difficulty has undoubtedly been due to the Siamese twin handicaps of part-time service and inadequate salary, but probably also, occasionally, to a mistaken belief that the district courts are unimportant and therefore nominations to them offer a harmless method of liquidating purely political obligations. Such appointments not only injure the particular court to which they are made and lead to a lowered public confidence, but tend further to discourage sterling citizens already on the bench who by their character and self-sacrifice have won the esteem of their respective communities.

"In considering the future of the district courts, therefore, it would seem to be vital that the same high standards of character and capacity should be demanded of its judicial appointments as have generally been recognized in Massachussets as applicable to more conspicuous, but no more important, branches of our administration of justice." Here is sound counsel. It upholds the view and advice given by William H. Taft. The need of highly qualified men to serve as judges in the courts of first instance has not been adequately observed in gubernatorial appointments of recent years. If Governor Curley wishes to protect the people's interest, and support the cause of justice as he so earnestly professes he does, he can serve these ends by exerting great care in every appointment hereafter made to his district bench.

Resignations of Three on Education Board to Be Accepted

Gov. Curley will accept the resignations of Lincoln Filene, Walter V. McDuffee and Henry B. Sawyer as members of the advisory board of the state department of education. The trio resigned in protest against replacement of Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner of education with James G. Bearden, former superintendent of schools at Adam.

Robert E. Rogers, professor of English at M. I. T., may be offered a place on the board. Resignation of Filene, McDuffee and Sawyer leaves only two members remaining of the seven who comprised it when Governor Curley took office.

In a joint letter to the Governor the trio just resigned wrote: "Smith's removal had done irreparable harm" to the department of education.

Gov. Curley, commenting on the resignations, declared that the department of education would "continue to function and there will be no calamity."

Filene, prominent Boston merchant, has been a member of the board more than 20 years. McDuffee, Springfield educator, has been on the board since 1918. Sawyer, retired financier, has served three years. The board members serve three-year terms, two members being appointed annually, making it a continuing and rotating body. The members are nominated by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the executive council.
Fight Slated to Get Repeal of Oath Law

Bill to Kill Controversial Act Filed in Legislature for State Teachers' Union

Dorgan Seeks to End Pre-Primary "Deals"

Langone Hots School Department, Asking Civil Service for Instructors

Petitions for the repeal of the teachers' oath and the pre-primary convention laws were outstanding in the avalanche of proposals for legislation filed with the general court today before the expiration of the time limit for introducing measures to be considered during the present session of the legislature.

A total of 1414 bills had been filed in the House of Representatives at 1 P.M., when the time for introducing petitions for consideration of the 1933 legislature expired.

In the Senate 419 bills had been filed, making a total of 1833 to be considered by the General Court this year.

This total compares with the record of 1936 for the previous year. The oath law and the pre-primary convention laws were outstanding in the avalanche of proposals for legislation filed with the general court today before the expiration of the time limit for introducing measures to be considered during the present session of the legislature.

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TRAVELER
Boston, Mass.

Horse-and-Buggy Politics?

The Boston finance commission, which is appointed by
the Governor of Massachusetts to watch the spending of Bos-
ton's money, is investigating the cost of snow removal last
year and the method of purchase of snow-removal equipment
this year.

In so doing the commission is performing a work which
the commission is supposed to do.

But the commission is not supposed to play politics
against any officeholder. The commission, through the years
of its existence, has done so more than once, in our opinion.

Just now, over and above the investigation of snow
removal and the purchase of snow equipment, it appears that
the present commission would like to embarrass Mayor
Mansfield.

The Boston Traveler does not know for a fact whether
there was cheating during snow removal last year. The
Boston Traveler does know that cheating can be done
ing against any mayor unless he were dozens of mayors and at dozens
of spots at midnight and 4 o'clock and 6 o'clock in the
morning while snow plowing is in progress.

As to the purchase of snow-fighting equipment this
winter; long before specifications were made, the Traveler
pointed out that this was only the second time in 300 years
the city had bought any big amount of snow-fighting equip-
ment, and while we were about it we should get the best,
regardless of price. This, particularly in view of the fact that
it will probably be years before the city buys more.

Mayor Mansfield was determined that the big purchase
would be on the level. He tried to safeguard the program
at every hand. Upon him the responsibility would fall, and
upon him alone. If the equipment should turn out to be poor,
the mayor would have to take the blame. Mayor Mansfield,
above everybody else, needed this transaction to be 100 per
cent clean.

In our opinion it was clean, unless there was very subtle
dirty work which has escaped the close scrutiny, of the mayor,
and ours as well. If dirty work has been done, nobody would
be more pleased to have it disclosed than Mayor Mansfield.
Of that we are sure, not from information from him, but from
our knowledge of the mayor’s integrity.

While we support the finance commission in its inquiry,
we would like the commission to know that its transparent
effort to belittle an honest, courageous mayor is being dis-
cussed rather widely as cheap stuff, reflecting little credit
upon the membership of the commission.

The times are too serious for long outmoded and tiresome
political antics.
The world will go on notwithstanding a successor having been appointed to Dr. Payson Smith as State Commissioner of Education by the replacement of Dr. Smith, and you further state 'under the law we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department of its expenditures.'

With reference to the latter statement, I beg to state that there has been no change in the statutes that I am aware of restricting the Advisory Board of Education in the conduct of the duties of that office that has been made during the past year, so that the statement is without basis, since every right enjoyed by the Advisory Board of Education prior to appointment and confirmation of the successor to Dr. Smith remains in precisely the same position that it was during the term of office of Dr. Smith.

I regret exceedingly the viewpoint which prompts the statement that the replacement of Dr. Smith will result in irreparable harm to the State Department of Education.

I am unaware of any individual being endowed with such extraordinary power and gifted with such talent that in event of retirement from an office of any character or even from the scene of his daily labors, the world might come to an end.

The statement suggests to my mind the old lines:

"The folly of his expectation."

"That all around that all is done with color in tropical plants and birds and animals — can see for themselves how the traditional glory of the finest Gobelin looms been idle. During the French Revolution the number of weavers was small, and a period of decadence followed."

The twentieth century, however, marks a renaissance. Connoisseurs viewing the four large and several smaller examples in Jordan's exposition ranging from designs after Boucher to the woven reproduction of a Cezanne and the strikingly "South America," gorgeous with color in flower vendors to statues in the Versailles gardens, the world about him, everything transitory which he might focus and fix in a hovel, from flower vendors to statues in the Vassar, the hovel, from flower vendors to statues in the Vassar gardens,

The Provisional Training Course

Having started the course last week with a lecture by Mrs. Eva Whiting White, president of the Women's Educational and Industrial Union, on "Social Problems of Today," "The Challenge to Youth," and one by Mrs. Nathalie Linderholm of the Family Welfare Society on "People Social Workers Know," the provisional members will spend the next three weeks hearing lectures, reading books, and going on field trips which are concerned with American standards of family and child life. On Tuesday they will listen to Cheney Jones, superintendent of the New England Home for Little Wanderers, on "The Rights of Childhood," and on Friday Miss Ruth Lloyd of the Simmons School of Social Work, will talk on "Children Who Need Special Understanding."

Education Head Hits Back at His Critics

Charges Some Professors and Others Seek to Replace Democracy with Communism

Certain college professors, school teachers, editors, clergymen, lawyers and business men in Massachusetts seek to install Communism in place of democracy in the United States, according to James G. O'Keefe, newly commissioned head of the State Department of Education.

GovernorCurley sent a letter today to the three members of the State Advisory Board of Education who resigned yesterday in protest against the replacement of Dr. Payson Smith as State Commissioner of Education, in which he declared that "the world will go on notwithstanding a successor having been appointed to Dr. Smith and notwithstanding your resignations, and if one may judge the future by the past, there is a possibility that it may go on better in the days to come than it has in the past.

The governor informed the three members, Lincoln Filene, Walter V. McDuffee and Henry B. Sawyer, that he had accepted the resignation to take effect at once.

In the communication which you have addressed to me and which has been given to the press," the governor wrote, "you state that irreparable harm has been done to the State Department of Education by the replacement of Dr. Smith, and you further state under the law we have no power over the day-to-day conduct of the department of its expenditures."

"With reference to the latter statement," the governor said, "I beg to state that there has been no change in the statutes that I am aware of restricting the Advisory Board of Education in the conduct of the duties of that office that has been made during the past year, so that the statement is without basis, since every right enjoyed by the Advisory Board of Education prior to appointment and confirmation of the successor to Dr. Smith remains in precisely the same position that it was during the term of office of Dr. Smith.

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Gerard Foley, 10, of 116 Phillips street, Quincy, was found dead today in the cellar of his home, two hours after his mother, Mrs. Edith Wall Foley, left the house to do some errands. He had been playing in the cellar with ropes and was found hanging from a rope strung over a pipe. Police believe death was accidental. The boy habitually played with ropes and similar equipment lying about the cellar.

Heads of the state departments have failed to present to the Governor any productive plans to reduce the expenditures of their departments, Gov. Curley said today in discussing the annual state budget, which he is now preparing. The Governor said the heads of the departments mean well, but get into a rut. The Governor said the 1936 budget will be higher than the one for 1935, although he did not give an estimate as to how much higher.

Gov. Curley does not expect any action on the parole board situation for some time, he said today. He said he did not expect the council would act until after it had discussed the parole situation with a representative of Atty.-Gen. Cummings, who will be in Boston next week. P. Emmett Gavin, member of the parole board, was a caller at the Governor's office today, but the Governor said it was on a personal matter.

Gov. Curley made public today the report of the psychiatrists who made an examination of Henry A. Gardner, Worcester pyromaniac, and the report said that if Gardner refrains from drinking he will get along well and if he does not it is to be presumed he will become a hazard. The doctors, A. Warren Stearns and L. Vernon Briggs, made no recommendation as to whether Gardner should be released from state prison, as was the original thought of the Governor before a protest arose as to Gardner's ability to take a place in society safely. The Governor said: "I am inclined to refer the matter to the Governor's council and go over it with them to see what their viewpoint is before arriving at any decision."

He asked the office of Harry Hopkins to rescind the rule adopted less than two months ago and to again allow contractors getting WPA contracts to hire whomever they please instead of being forced to take employees from certain groups.

The governor was informed by James T. Moriarty, state commissioner of labor and industries, that if the federal officials will do this the strikes will end.
TRAVELER
Boston, Mass.
JAN 11 1936

SCARP PWA RULES,
CURLEY ADVISES

Would Settle Strikes Here, He Tells Hopkins

Scraping of new regulations governing PWA jobs, as a means of settling strikes now in progress on PWA operations in Greater Boston and elsewhere, was urged by Gov. Curley yesterday in a telegram to Harry L. Hopkins, federal relief administrator. "I think this should be done at once," the telegram concluded.

The Governor's action followed a conference held in the executive chambers with Andrew H. Peterson, state PWA engineer, and James T. Moriarity, state commissioner of labor and industries. The strike, according to officials of the Boston Building Trades Council, is in protest against the giving of preference to workers on relief rolls.

"It is the contention of labor forces that, provided the old regulations are permitted, which are still in force on jobs that have been let prior to the last 30 days, there is no occasion for any labor dispute or trouble," Gov. Curley's telegram said. "In other words, the trouble is due to the more recent regulations adopted by the federal agencies with reference to the conduct of this work.

"If you can have these regulations scrapped at once, and permit the work to be done in conformity with the regulations which were in operation prior to one month ago, disputes of this character can be avoided and I think this should be done at once."

The Governor also made public a letter to Hopkins urging weekly, instead of bi-weekly payments to WPA workers, and asking that 25 per cent. of the persons employed by the WPA be taken from outside the public welfare lists, instead of 10 per cent., as at present.

Union representatives and PWA spokesmen differed last night as to the number of men affected by Thursday's walkout of union mechanics on five projects in Greater Boston and on several projects the previous day in Waltham, Natick, Concord and Framingham. Construction work on the new junior high school building in Andover was tied up yesterday when 40 union workmen quit as a protest against the employment of five non-union workmen.

The trouble also spread to Fitchburg, where a "one-man strike" tied up the work of excavation for the $1,500,000 high school building. An agent of the voicing union had instructed the operator of the steam shovel to quit work until the union's differences with the government have been straightened out. The operator complied.

The Boston Building Trades Council, at a meeting last night took steps toward bringing about an extension of the strike to all parts of the state. A committee was instructed to attend today's session of the state body to propose a special convention in Boston at which plans for making the strike movement state-wide would be considered.

Curley Scores Resignations
Sawyer Should Also Quit Fall River Board, Says Governor

Henry B. Sawyer, who resigned from the advisory board of the state department of education along with Lincoln Filene and Walter V. McDuffie, should also resign from the Fall River finance commission, Gov. Curley said today in accepting the three resignations.

"If Mr. Sawyer cannot give his time to education, I think he should get off the other board," the Governor said.

The Governor wrote the three men today pointing out that no man is indispensable and that he does not agree with their viewpoint in resigning because of his failure to reappoint Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner of education. He said that there has been no change in the law so as to reduce the board's powers from what they were under the Smith regime.

DEMENTATS
IN CONFERENCE

Worcester Looms as Site Of Convention as Committee Meets

Indications that Worcester would be chosen as the city for the state convention were seen as the Democratic state committee opened its session at the Hotel Bellevue this afternoon to decide on the convention site.

At the last meeting of this organization, a committee of five was appointed to decide the time and place. It was to make its report to the main body. It was believed that June 4, 5 and 6 would be suggested.

These dates would coincide by a few days the opening of the national Republican convention in Cleveland, June 9. Two years ago both the state Democratic and Republican conventions were held at Worcester.

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2 Park Square
Boston Mass.

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