"PLUMS" — According to the local daily, local Democrats will share in political plums within the gift of Gov. James M. Curley next month, according to well-informed Democratic leaders.

Who are the "well-informed" referred to?

I guess that the best informed on Gov. Curley's list is Senator Charles A. P. McAree, who, rumor says, is slated for "a high position in the State Department of Education." I have heard that this "high position" is none other than that held by Payson Smith, the present commissioner, but that "Charlie" McAree, young as he is, has too much common sense to accept such a position, even if the Governor offers it to him.

Everyone expects Senator McAree will be properly awarded for his loyalty to the Governor; but it would look more "poor polities" on the Governor's part to take McAree out of the Senate before next spring, after the 1938 session of the legislature adjourns. It would surely mean the loss of a loyal supporter of the Governor, and that his successor will be a Republican, in either a special or the regular election.

As for other "deserving Democrats," Curley will run true to form if he places some of the local men in positions now held by experienced and faithful officials. If the "deserving Democrats" were Republicans, even a few months ago, their chances are even better than a "regular" Democrat's. Watch the medical examiner contest for proof of this.

It is very clear that Gov. Curley's ambition is to build up a state Tammany organization in Massachusetts. Therefore he is following out the Tammany plan of ruthless punishment of those who oppose him, regardless of what all decent men and women think of him. The Governor has 11 months more — if he lives — to get his presidential election in 1938. The Supreme Court will consider the question whether the New Deal is constitutional or not. The Governor has 11 months more — if he lives — to see that the public utility holding company's attempt to stop interference with business which retards recovery is met by the President's veto. Quick to sense the direction of political winds, the Roosevelt faction will accomplish in the name of an alleged constitutional limit on the New Deal, what the President's veto will not accomplish in any other way.

The holding on Thursday by Federal Judge Coleman in Baltimore that the public utility holding company's act is "unconstitutional in its entirety" comes as a great relief to the hundreds of thousands of people whose investments were threatened by this act. As the Boston News Bureau declared in a leading editorial:

"It is a smashing blow which Federal Judge Coleman has delivered to the entire legal life of the utility holding act. It finds no mitigating elements whatever, and rules, seemingly in every instance, that the case is complete. The judge, with unconvinced, unswayed by all the arguments pro and con, has found that there is no collusion, no "fabricated" conflict and there are the utter defeats of the government counsel, including SRO attorneys, and the particular court battle.

The judge's reasoning goes straight to the heart of the contention that has been going on vigorously that there was no conspiracy in and outside of Congress — that the states attempted to act in the name of an alleged constitutional limit, and not really that which was best for the public interest under the Constitution. It was a neat theory of such interest upon which the act was constructed, and the court holds that only as to things in which the federal government has delegated, and which it has defined as having jurisdiction.

That is much along the line of legal opinions recently expressed by the Constitution's Southern "constitutional limit on the New Deal" in going "far beyond" proper or permissible regulation. Judge Coleman rules in this session that the State of Massachusetts has all pertinent provisions of the Constitution in the right transmission of the Fifth Amendment, and he clings all this by stating the theory that the federal government in doing business with the states in all pertinent activities of the people and that state rights would be better served by such a rule. That is the reverse of the dual idea of our government.

It is a powerful and ringing decision which may lead up to a final word by the Supreme Court. It is a spell emanating from a highly respected, and for the utility industry.
Tendency seems to be in the opposite direction. In the eight years, 1927-1934, there were in all 157 special sessions, 142 in the four states having annual sessions, in 1927 only seven, and not more than eleven in any one session. The number of sessions in this period increased from 52 in 1927 to 67 in 1934, that is, only about one eleventh in any one year. In the eight years, 1927-1934, the New York legislature held five special sessions, New Jersey had five special sessions in one year, New York five in four years, and the South Carolina legislature held three in each of four years, Massachusetts two.

All complications indicate that the tendency of the country is in the opposite direction. In the eight years, 1927-1934, the states are not more than 11 in any one period of years. In the eight years, 1927-1934, there were twice as many special sessions as in the preceding period of years. The number of sessions in this period increased from 52 in 1927 to 67 in 1934, or more than one sixth in any one year.

One or who calls himself a "reformer but loyal Democrat," according to the Boston Herald, suggests that Governor Curley's most valuable contribution to the Democratic party would be for him to oppose Representative George H. Tinkham for Congress. This is the "Jim" cousin of "Tink." Whether or not he could, it's a good thought.

DISGRACEFUL—Disregarding the protest of three of the minority members of the Bar Association of Boston, Democrats and Republicans included, the Governor's fundamentalist, the Governor's fundamentalist, had the City Council on Wednesday to confirm his appointment of Republican Commissioner J. Arthur Baker as Judge of the Supreme Court. Baker's Democratic opponent in the last election, Mr. Baker, was named and confirmed as his successor.

Thus for the second time this year Governor Curley has humbled his nose at the voters of the state. The first repudiation of "the will of the people" was the naming of Commissioner Cote as chairman of the Fall River Water Company. The presentation of the appointment of the defeated Democratic opponent in the Council. The Governor now owns a majority of the Council by the purchase by-purchase, by route, thus having every department of the state government at his command. Few men have the decent people of this state now cry out in their despair of "the COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS! for no other power can.

The Times—Governor of Massachusetts will reach the limit of the "office hour" government when he names the four special sessions. "Jimmie" was a member of the Massachusetts Public Utilities Commission. In the Council, his pay for doing the Governor's dirty work will be $35,000—more than he would earn in the newspaper game if he lived to be a hundred. This appointment is in the opinion of what is new to the various state departments as fast as the official officials run out. The ultimate result will be the same as with the Boston Finance Commission, a grand experiment in "Men" under the thumb of the State's first Musollini—a dictatorship in which the state legislature can be held in line to block his budget program of self-aggrandizement. The legal rewarding of renegade Republicans who "sold their birthright for a mess of pottage" to the people of Massachusetts in the Grant appointments is without precedent on Beacon Hill.

DANCING FIGURES—About this time of the year look out for statistics. Last Tuesday's voting figures were good for another week or more of prophecy. By that time The Literary Digest poll will have another jump in the polls and the figures will be dropped.

I sometimes suspect that Ailie would have fewer critics if he had picked a different woman for a wife for only a superwoman to shine against such an appealing background. If Viola Davenport is a fit model to declarer her campaign for the governorship against Jim, the Jumper from Jamaica, I think that the rivalry would be difficult to hold the votes of his own family.

I have always felt that the Republican party is under an obligation of Joe Warner because of the manner of his defeat for lieutenant governor in 1920, when his opponent was none other than the Motor Master of Malden. It looks like Joe for Joe until the last week of the campaign, when Mr. Fuller fastened his fire close. Joe was then dragged out of the ring by his admirers, a series of bullet holes along his spine showing the manner of the attack and death. Then followed the Republican convention, which endorsed Mr. Lodge and, with unique instability, also Mr. Fuller, who never had any use for Mr. Lodge.

Joe will get a good many votes, and he will deserve those of the few women he has come from the fair sex, because of which I look up Joe in jealousy of the character, for I have never been cursed with personal charm. I have read his statement with a good deal of interest and approval and otherwise. It has a powerful hand and a sharp voice, and it is, more than evident, framed to get the votes, where they are, rather than to appear to the American masses as the Boston Athenaeum and the Massachusetts Historical Society, where they are not. In this style, perhaps Joe shows much political acumen.

I notice, among other assertions, that he says that he stands for a day when age shall have no terror. As I over seven years of age, I confess that this appeals to me, to whom old age has some terrors. I admit that he claims the credit for almost all of the reforms and advances that have been made in history, leaving Mr. Saltonstall and Mr. Halgis, perhaps, for whom I feel that it is one of them who uncovered other.

Mr. Warner is a middle-of-the-road man of a certain age. He is neither for nor against that type of man, sometimes seen in politics, who comes out of Groton Dock School. He can not be exclusively tied into those who wish for fun when they don't need it, neither can he be tied into those who bathe only under dire necessity and as a religious rite. In a way he is too much in touch with both of these elements in the community. All of which facts were forgotten when in 1920 he was benumbed by the politically late Mr. Lodge.
Fuller and became a part of his political museum. For Mr. Fuller makes the rules of any game that he plays. This makes him more of a favorite with those who sit on the bleachers than with those who play the game on the field. Some players are a little old-fashioned and do not like, after a melee, to find their false teeth in the middle of their "transformations."

Mr. Warner will get a large church vote, perhaps as large as any of the candidates. He is an Episcopalian, in good and regular standing, and while the Methodists cast a larger vote than any other one faith except the Roman Catholic, the Episcopalians are not to be sneezed at. But it is an eloquent evidence, that churches have yet some standing, when candidates are seen infesting them during a campaign. And yet Joe is not simply a campaign addict in his religion, as so many other candidates have been. He is as apt to be found there on the day after the primaries as on the day before it, and may be trusted to pass the plate even on the broad aisles, where the product is banknotes, and not simply on the side aisles, where are picked up more silver and coppers.

Mr. Roosevelt is known to have gone to church, that is when he was on his way to be inaugurated. During the McKinley campaign, in 1896, with Bryan, when the vote looked close we read in the morning papers: "Major McKinley attended divine services with his aged mother." It was good for many votes. An aged mother is a good asset in a campaign, if kept well to the front. Even a mother-in-law can be used in such a time as this, as was discovered by the late Calvin Coolidge. Family life is looked upon as an asset, that is in the voting season. I note that our own Henry Cabot Lodge has recently broken out in the press with a portrait of himself, his wife and his children, which I had not seen until his campaign broke. I take it that process was the instantaneous one, for Mr. Lodge was a smile on his face.

Not long ago, I motored with a high public servant and his wife, when he handled the latter quite roughly. And yet, when later in a close fight, he produced his platform and cried out: "She is my spur," I guess she was. All of these domestic assets Mr. Warner is without. Knowing the man as I do, however, I am satisfied that his campaign course will be marked by high purpose and sincerity.

As he lays down this Weekly, today, and pastes it in his scrap book, pursuant to his unbroken policy, I know that he will recognize an obligation to this Weekly, in that it is better to be talked about than ignored.

Recall for Public Officials

Just as a large, high-powered automobile is a dangerous implement in improper hands, so are large official powers in the hands of reckless or ruthless public servants. Massachusetts is having a demonstration of that fact under the present state regime. Through various forms of political strategy, the Curley administration has succeeded in thwarting the will of the people, of which the remodelling of the personnel of the governor's council to the taste of His Excellency is an outstanding example.

The will of the people, as expressed at the polls one year ago, was for five Republican members of the governor's council to serve as a check on the governor, whoever he might be. With the power of appointment at his command, however, His Excellency has succeeded in reducing the Republican representation on that body to three and, apparently, the council now has been transformed into a rubber stamp for the governor's office. Through this same power of appointment, the effort to investigate his administration as mayor of Boston has been frustrated, and at times certain members of the legislature seemingly have been induced to take attitudes not wholly consistent with their normal course.

Incidentally, many appointments have appeared to be below the established standards of Massachusetts.

On the whole, we have a situation in the Old Bay State that is a menace to its public morals, and it raises the question whether the two-year term, without provision for recall, is safe public policy in this age of radicalism. While a return to the system of annual elections should not be considered, it might not be amiss to throw an anchor to windward by creating the possibility of recall at any time during such two-year term that public expediency seems to demand it.
More "Work and Wages"

There was a municipal election in Chelsea last week in which a political satellite of Governor Curley was mowed down in a contest for mayor by a majority of upwards of 4400 votes. The significant feature of this defeat is the fact that the unsuccessful candidate is reputed to have received very material support through the operation of the "work and wages" program whereby hundreds of workers were provided employment. In short, there are indications that public funds were utilized to the political advantage of the Curley mayoralty candidate.

As a single incident of this "work and wages" program, the following narrative is from the Boston Globe:

**It** was discovered that 200 workmen from Chelsea—many of them wearing sport shoes and sweaters and smoking cigars—arrived in five buses to work on the state project to widen the Andover turnpike at Middleton. Hesitant, the foremen on the job were told that these men had been sent on orders from the statehouse and that they were to be put to work. They were given picks and shovels and worked throughout the day, while the buses and their drivers waited.

There is a state fund of $13,000,000 for unemployment relief, and every dollar of it diverted through political channels is an injury to worthy citizens in sore need of such assistance. Certainly, sport shoes and cigars are not suggestive of prosperity on the part of those who were favored on that Middleton enterprise. From present indications the slogan, "Work and wages" won't prove quite as alluring in 1936 as it did in 1934.

A Dubious Honor

While the appointment to the superior court bench of a recent member of the Governor's council will clothe the appointee with judicial authority, it is not likely to carry with it the honor and public confidence that usually are associated with such elevations. Regardless of protestations to the contrary, a very considerable element of the public is certain to interpret the action in the Baker case as a return favor on the part of the governor. Elected as a Republican member of the executive council, the new judge on certain occasions followed an official course more satisfactory to the Democratic governor of the commonwealth than it was to his Republican associates. Now follows the judicial appointment. The chain of circumstances is such as to give the matter a political aspect and was so nauseous in the nostrils of the Boston Bar Association as to evoke a formal protest. This protest availed nothing; however, the appointment was made, the appointee duly confirmed and the Pittsfield lawyer-farmer qualified for judicial authority and emolument. But no governor and no governor's council can bestow upon him the public esteem that is the normal heritage of Massachusetts judges. Mr. Baker, it is to be feared, has attained a dubious honor.

G. O. P. Gubernatorial Candidates.

Republicans in the eastern part of the State may be somewhat lukewarm to the candidacy of John W. Haigis for the Republican nomination for governor, but in the western section of Massachusetts there is a strong sentiment in his favor and a rather strong undercurrent against the eastern control that bars any one west of Worcester being considered for the higher state offices. Republican leaders will no wise if they give the Haigis candidacy fully as good consideration as they do to the candidates who come from east of Worcester. In considering the Haigis candidacy, it safely can be stated that he will receive considerable support in the eastern section of the State and in Lowell, right now, is looked upon with favor by many Republicans. In fact, Lowell may be considered as a real battle ground for "Joe" Warner has many staunch friends here who will go the distance for him, while Leverett Saltonstall is well favored and favorably known and undoubtedly has the poll at the present time. How far the candidacy of Warren Bishop will go in Lowell if he decides to enter the gubernatorial race, is problematical, for while his county associations may be an asset in certain quarters, the incident of the supplanting of Paul R. Foley as an assistant district attorney still rankles. As a general proposition, it may be assumed that in Lowell the candidates at the present time will rank in the following order: Saltonstall, Warner, Haigis and Bishop, but if "Bob" Bushnell should decide to enter the race the picture might be changed considerably, and stranger things have happened than to have "Fighting Bob" throw his hat into the ring in the next week or so. The prospects for Republican success in the yes of Republican politicians seem to be as bright as in days of yore, hence the many candidates, but they may be reckoning too soon for it looks now as if the Curley "Work and Wages" program will be in full swing next winter while general conditions, already on the upturn, may attain sufficient impetus for the latter to give the national administration the boost needed to put it back to where it was three years ago.
County Bar Assn.
Asks Gov. Curley
To Retain Lyons

A resolution recommending the re-appointment of Lawrence W. Lyons as clerk of the Quincy district court was adopted at the banquet of the Norfolk County Bar Association in the University Club, Boston, this week. It was forwarded to Gov. James M. Curley.

Former Dean Albers of the Boston University School of Law, was in the chair, and the speakers were Judge Pinanski of Brookline, Judge Leary of Springfield, and James E. O'Connell of Milton.

Judge Pinanski told of the help being given in the settling of cases by the use of audiencers who thus reduce the congestion of the court docket. He also declared it to be the policy of the court, rigidly adhered to, to refrain from interfering with the legislative end of government.

In attendance from this area were George Arbuckle, first assistant district attorney; George Abele, school committee man; John D. Smith, city solicitor; John W. McAnarney, former city solicitor; Harlep E. Sutherland, all of Quincy; William J. Holbrook, former town counsel of Weymouth, and Raymond Barrett of Milton.

DR PAYSON SMITH
CAN'T BE MATCHED,
DESMOND ASSERTS
Chicopee Schools Superintendent Strongly Favors Retaining Present State Education Head

Dr Payson Smith, Massachusetts commissioner of education, is a national figure in educational circles and as such should not be replaced for political reasons, Mr. Desmond, Jr., of the Chicopee schools declared yesterday. Mr Desmond and the Hampden County Teachers' association and past president of the Massachusetts School Superintendents' association took active part in the drive to support Dr Smith at the convention of superintendents at Boston Friday and yesterday.

Feels Smith Can't Be Matched

"There isn't a Massachusetts man who could match him," Supt. Desmond said last night. He pointed out that Dr Smith was brought to Massachusetts a commissioner of education some 17 or 18 years ago from Maine where he had made a distinguished record in a similar capacity. His abilities as an educator and an executive, Desmond added, had made him in the top rank of the nation.

Dr Smith's term expires December 1. Reports were current that Prof Rogers, who has made many public appearances in Western Massachusetts in the past, is expected to draw strength from this area.
Says Government Policy Creates a ‘Serious Situation’—Confers With Callahan and Hultman

From Our Special Reporter

Boston, Nov. 15—That a “serious situation” has been created by the adherence of the federal authorities to a policy of employing only men on the welfare rolls, was made known by Gov. James M. Curley today following a conference with Public Works Commissioner William F. Callahan and Eugene C. Hultman, chairman of the metropolitan district commission.

The governor said he was particularly disturbed by the fact that all work arranged for the Boston area has been completed, with no present prospects for additional projects. He declared that he has directed Commissioner Callahan to consult Federal Administrator Arthur D. Rotch in an endeavor to secure funds for improvement projects in the Boston area to be carried out under the supervision of the metropolitan district commission.

The entire $20,000,000 to be spent under the direction of the public works department, the governor said, will be expended on projects entirely outside the Boston area. “All the work in the Boston area,” the governor added, “is find has been completed. We discussed the possibility of securing funds to have the district commission construct sidewalks along its parkways and also to generally improve the parks and beaches under its jurisdiction. I have talked with Mr. Rotch on the matter and have directed Commissioner Callahan to consult him further in an endeavor to get funds for work in the Boston area. I am anxious to have positions created for those, not on the welfare rolls, who are out of work.”

The governor said that the opinion has been prevalent that the state was to carry out projects in its own right and that they will have to be done by Mr. Rotch and the federal agencies.

“It is a serious situation” the governor said, “and if the federal authorities adhere to the policy of employing only those who have been on the welfare rolls up to November 1, I don’t see how any others, out of work, and not on the welfare rolls can be employed.”

Questions as to whether the district commission had any funds available to carry out work projects in Boston and vicinity, Commissioner Callahan said, “They will have to get the money from the federal government” the governor added. “Commissioner Hultman said his commission has been employing between 1400 and 1600 men for the past few months but pointed out that all of these were formerly on the ERA lists.

The governor, when questioned as to how much he felt should be spent in the Boston area, declared that considering the throng that crowds his office daily and the 50 who visit his house each morning, he felt 25 per cent more money should be spent in the district.

Boston, Nov. 15—(AP)—An assertion by Gov. James M. Curley that Boston would have to obtain additional federal relief funds to avert a “serious situation” was answered pessimistically tonight by Arthur C. Rotch, Massachusetts WPA administrator.

Roth declared Boston could get no more than its proportionate share of the $40,000,000 in WPA funds allotted to Massachusetts for the period ending March 15. The allotments are made to the cities and towns, he explained, on the basis of their relief needs, compared with the total state relief need.

The entire $20,000,000 to be spent under the direction of the public works department, the governor said, will be expended on projects entirely outside the Boston area. “All the work in the Boston area,” the governor added, “is find has been completed. We discussed the possibility of securing funds to have the district commission construct sidewalks along its parkways and also to generally improve the parks and beaches under its jurisdiction. I have talked with Mr. Rotch on the matter and have directed Commissioner Callahan to consult him further in an endeavor to get funds for work in the Boston area. I am anxious to have positions created for those, not on the welfare rolls, who are out of work.”

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GOV CURLEY TO SEE SON PLAY FOOTBALL

From Our Special Reporter

Boston, Nov. 15—Gov. James M. Curley left for New York tonight. He plans to witness the football game tomorrow between Georgetown and Manhattan university and particularly the efforts of his son, Leo, who is a member of the Georgetown eleven. He left his office at 3 this afternoon.

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THE BAR AND JUDICIARY

Mr. Wickersham’s Plea For the Selection of Judges Free From Politics.

To the Editor of The Union

Sir: In view of the protest by the Boston Bar Association concerning the Judges Baker matter and the Governor’s characterization of it as “an unwarranted impertinence” I thought you might be interested in a recent communication I received from George W. Wickersham, former Attorney General of the United States, President of the American Law Institute and one of the outstanding members of the Bar of the United States. I might add that I have Mr. Wickersham’s permission to release this communication.

Very truly yours,

GEORGE R. FARNUM.

My dear Mr. Farnum:

It is a matter of constant comment in the press that lawyers today do not exercise that influence in the community which they used to possess, and which is, or should be, the natural result of the position they occupy in a community so affected by law as is our modern American state. Like many other current theories, there is some truth and much error in this statement. The Association of the Bar of the City of New York, for example, was organized for the purpose of combating the control which the Tweed ring had established over the administration of Justice in the City of New York, and due largely to its work that situation was cleaned up, corrupt judges were driven from the bench, by impeachment or otherwise, and a new era of the administration of justice was established in this city.

One of the most important functions which our Association has exercised from that time on, has been the sitting out of the qualifications of candidates for the bench, the awakening of public sentiment in favor of the continuance of judges in office, and the appointment of judges who have done well, and opposition to the selection of unfitted candidates, either by the Governor to fill vacancies, or by the political parties as candidates for election. The association has tendered its services to the Federal authorities, as well as to those of the State, for the purpose of suggesting names of persons who might appropriately be appointed to the Judicial office. All nominations are considered by the Committee on the Judiciary of the Association, and in many instances the Governor has submitted the names of proposed appointments to the Association, which have been considered by the Committee, and reports rendered to him with respect to the fitness of the nomination. I have no doubt that other bar associations in different cities and states have rendered like services in this field, but I speak especially of the one I know about.
The selection of judges, by whatever process, is one of the most important things in our governmental system. It goes without saying that judges should be learned in the law, experienced in its practice, and intelligent in the discharge of their duties; but there is something even more important than that, and that is, that they should be of unimpeachable character, and free from strong political bias. Under the American system, a judge is frequently called upon to stand as arbiter between the citizen and his Government. He must interpret and apply without prejudice, class or otherwise, the principles of the constitution of his State and of the United States. He should not be the representative of any class, because if he were, he could not fully discharge these duties, and, above all, he must possess the confidence of the Bar. Lawyers know one another's character and qualifications, and the best method of choosing a suitable candidate for judicial office is to submit his name to the consideration of the bar association of the community in which he practices.

Not less important than this matter of choosing judges is the duty of the Bar to be swift in condemnation of those judges who abuse their high office. Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty. It is also the price of the sound and proper administration of justice. It is to the credit of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York that it has driven from the bench on more than one occasion men who had disgraced the ermine. I know of no greater service that can be rendered to the community by a professional organization than this.

After all, the practice of the law is not a mere business, and its aim and object is not merely earning a living. It is a great public function, involving responsibilities as well as privileges; its highest responsibility is to preserve from stain the honor and the dignity of the bench.

Very truly yours,

GEORGE W. WICKERSHAM,
New York.

BOSTON, Nov. 15 (AP) — An assertion by Gov. James M. Curley that Boston would have to obtain additional Federal relief funds to avert "a serious situation" was answered pessimistically tonight by Arthur G. Rotch, Massachusetts WPA administrator.

Rotch declared Boston could get no more than its proportionate share of the $40,000,000 in WPA funds allotted to Massachusetts for the period ending March 15. The allotments are made to the cities and towns, he explained, on the basis of their relief needs, compared with the total State relief need.

Earlier in the day Gov. Curley asserted that the adherence of Federal authorities to a policy of employing only men on welfare rolls had brought about a serious situation in Boston.

"I am anxious to have positions created for those not on the welfare rolls but who are out of work," the Governor said. He added that $28,000,000 to be spent by the State Public Works Department would be expended on projects outside the Boston area.

Rotch announced that WPA engineers here would work through Sunday to rush through 1100 projects, so that they might be relayed to cities and towns next week. These projects, he said, would provide employment for 113,700 persons.

The new projects, Rotch added, would bring the number of WPA undertakings in the State to 2000. Already he had sent out 1922 projects, calling for an expenditure of $17,000,000 by the Federal Government and $3,000,000 by the communities and providing employment for 72,000 persons.

Rotch announced that 20 more farm-to-market roads would be built at a cost of nearly $500,000 and that they would afford work for 800 men.
Scene at Funeral of DeWitt DeWolf

Casket holding the body of DeWitt Clinton DeWolf being borne from the church through the ranks of the honorary bearers. The active bearers were James H. Ellis of Chester Hill, Arthur P. Goodwin of Pittsfield and Gen. John H. Agnew of Brookline, all sons-in-law; Eugene Ward of Springfield, a cousin; Leon J. Kelso and Harry R. Bromley, both of Chester Hill.

STATE LEADERS ATTEND DEWOLF FUNERAL RITES

Many Prominent Persons in Gathering That Fills Old Church at Chester Hill

BY A STAFF REPORTER

CHESTER, Nov. 15—The entire State joined with the residents of the hilltop community of Chester Hill today in paying final tribute to DeWitt Clinton DeWolf, commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry, for four years executive secretary to former Governor Joseph B. Ely and for the past quarter century a prominent figure in Democratic councils of Western Massachusetts and the State at large.

The gathering, which completely filled the little three-quarters century-old Congregational Church, was cosmopolitan in the extreme, for, sharing pews with former-Governor Ely, more than two-score present and past State officials, department executives, members of both branches of the State Legislature and prominent civic leaders were scores of men and women who have known Mr. DeWolf as neighbor and close intimate friend for many years, all united for the common purpose of paying him final earthly honor.

The exercises were without the least ostentation, following as they did the prescribed ritual familiar to New England communities for three centuries, yet by their very simplicity they created an atmosphere of solemnity which might well serve as solemn benediction as the career of DeWitt DeWolf reached its formal close. Back among the hills he loved and the people with whom he had rubbed elbows from the time of his birth these services in his honor must have been as he would have preferred them—brief, impressively sincere, of the same character as those held in the same community over the remains of his forefathers.

The casket, occupied a position directly in front of and below the pulpit, and beneath the strains of beautiful funeral tributes, from State officers, Gov. James M. Curley, heads of State departments and from many leaders in national, State, county and municipal affairs, as well as from personal friends. The services were conducted by Rev. Irving P. Childs of Huntington, assisted by Rev. Francis Anderson, pastor of the church in which the services were held. Rev. Mr. Anderson opened the services with a reading of the familiar 23rd psalm, followed by the 31st psalm. Westfield sang "Beautiful Isle of Somewhere" following which Rev. Mr. Childs conducted the main portion of the service.

No Formal Eulogy

He spoke from the text found in the first two verses of the 21st psalm—"I will lift up mine eyes unto the hills from whence cometh my help. My help cometh from the Lord who made Heaven and earth." His words did not comprise a formal oration, but instead reflected the spirit of the hills in which Mr. DeWolf was born and spent some of the happiest and best years of his life, and sketched the influence of those hills on his character.

Rev. Mr. Childs followed with Fanny Dicidonna's simple yet beautiful poem, "Just For Today" as an expression of hope eternal and of life everlasting. Then, at the request of Mr. DeWolf's family, read the entire text of the 21st psalm.
Mr. Ely then concluded the service with the singing of the old familiar hymn, "Rock of Ages," followed by one or two of the more familiar hymns while friends, relatives and associates in public life filed slowly past the casket.

The body will be cremated, then the ashes will be buried in the family lot in the Chester Hill Cemetery at the convenience of the family.

The honorary bearers were former Gov. Joseph R. Ely of Westfield, Frank M. Paige of Chester, a boyhood friend and lifelong friend of the deceased; Leonard F. Hardy of the State Board of Public Utilities; Dr. Arthur J. Logie of Westfield, Mr. DeWolfs' personal physician; Frank H. Lyman of Easthampton, associate commissioner of the Department of Public Works; Dist. Atty. Thomas F. Morrisey of Springfield; Judge James O'Brien of Chicopee, chairman of the State Mill Commission, and James R. Savory of Pittsfield, a lifelong friend.

Their other bearers were James H. Ellis of Chester Hill, Arthur F. Goodwin of Pittsfield and General John H. Ashley of Florence.

Among those attending the services were State Treasurer Charles F. Butler, former Attorney General Paul A. Devlin, Daniel F. Doherty of Westfield and Springfield, member of the Emergency Finance Commission; Miss Mary E. Medhaug, acting commissioner representing the Department of Labor and Industry of which Mr. DeWolfs was commissioner; Raymond V. McNamara, Edward Fisher and John L. Harris, associate commissioners of the department; John F. Meade, Roswell Phelps and John F. McBride, division directors of the department; Maj. John J. Higgins, former Gov. Ely's military attaché; Deputy U. S. Marshall John Hall of West Springfield.

Charles F. Ely and Edwin W. Smith of Westfield, brother and brother-in-law respectively of former Gov. Ely, Atty. Paul E. Torney and former State Auditor Francis X. Hurley; members of the State Board of Tax Appeals; former State Senator Frances X. Quinley of Holyoke representing the Governor's office; Immigration Commissioner Miss Mary Ward; Hampden County Commissioners Thomas J. Costello of Springfield, Charles W. Bray of Chicopee and Maurice G. Daumus of Holyoke; William H. Enslow of Westfield; Atty. Robert W. King of Northampton; Atty. Robert W. King of Springfield; A. D. Robinson of Westfield and Harold Doughtery of the Westfield River Parkway Association who conducted the service at the gravesite.

The stage has been set, even by the governor's political opponents, for a masterly move by the chief magistrate of the state in gratifying the almost universal desire for the reappointment of Dr Payson Smith and in recognition of pre-eminent public service.

Gov. Ely announced that his mind was made up for economy in a way that will effect a reduction of local taxes. Department heads, apparently, will be cut at all. It is probable, therefore, that the

Voluntary Economics

It is unlikely that the city departments, or any of them, will respond to Mayor Martin's demand for economy in a way that will effect a reduction of local taxes. Department heads, while they may consider that they are economizing, view a situation first from their own point of view, as indeed they should, since if a department did not fight for its own standards nobody else would fight for it. Reduction of expenses here and there, while they may look large to the department heads, appear pitifully small when they are contrasted with the whole budget, which contains big items that cannot be cut at all.

It is fortunate that Gov. Ely on Friday announced that his mind was still open regarding the Smith nomination. The unanimous Smith sentiment disclosed among those attending the convention at Boston of the Massachusetts School Superintendents' Association by Superintendents Campbell of the Boston public schools was a notable revelation of the high esteem in which Dr Smith is held by those most competent to appraise his public service and his qualifications for the position he has now held for 18 years.

Dr Smith is easily one of the outstanding leaders of public education in America. When the National Educational association, at Denver last summer, voted on the selection of the 11 most representative educators of the United States, Dr Smith's name remained on every ballot during five hours of voting. Philadelphia once sought him for the position of city superintendent of schools.

Gov. Pinchot tried to persuade him to accept the post of state commissioner of education in Pennsylvania; President Coolidge offered to Dr Smith the office of national commissioner of education. Massachusetts has held him in spite of such tempting opportunities in other and even broader fields. Dr Smith's years, 62, count nothing against him; he is still at the height of his usefulness.

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Starting the Tercentenary

This newspaper hopes to present during the coming year a good deal of reading matter that will be a definite and valuable contribution to the real history of the early Springfield (or Agawam) colony. The article on William Pynchon in the magazine section today, while it is far from being in the severe style of the historian, suggests that historical stuff may be what the printer calls “good reading” while yet being accurate and in accord with the findings of the latest research.

There is reason to suppose that the early history of Springfield needs a good deal of rewriting. There has been no real contribution to the story of a vastly interesting venture in colonization for two or three decades and the picture of the early plantation has been highly conventionalized. Yet during this time the study of records and documents has been going on with the result that new light has been thrown upon William Pynchon and his purpose in colonizing the upper Connecticut river valley.

The new facts and inferences will be published by The Sunday Union and Republican from time to time and it is possible that these contributions will ultimately be the basis of a major history of Springfield, or at least of a school history, which will replace or supplement the books already available. In any case, this newspaper expects to present a large amount of material of more than ephemeral value which will find a place at least between the covers of numerous scrapbooks.

While 1636 has been the accepted date of the beginning of the Springfield colony, 1635 might have been fully as accurate. It is a matter of little consequence that the first house should have been placed on the west side of the river instead of the east and should not have been permanent. Pynchon’s plans had then been matured and the one date might as well have been taken as the other. At any rate, the printing of tercentenary matter properly begins in 1935 and will continue so long as valuable and interesting material is available.

Progress of Probation

The state-wide conference to be held at Boston, Tuesday, under the auspices of the Massachusetts board of probation is designed to include not only probation officers but police, court and prison parole officials and governmental executives generally, since the two principles of probation and parole are closely related in the advanced practices in penology, in which this commonwealth for many years has been a leader.

It is not to be assumed that these principles have won universal approval, even in Massachusetts, at least to the extent to which they are applied. Law enforcement officials are inclined to be skeptical about the resumption of the innate good in the characters of persons who have been once guilty of crime. Yet the theory and practice of probation have continued to win their way so as to prove that the weight of opinion is in their favor.

The state board makes a number of factual claims in behalf of the probation system that attract attention. It is declared that its centralized system of criminal records is the only one in the United States and is of constant value to courts in disposing of cases intelligently, as well as to the police in catching confirmed criminals. It is of value, furthermore, to various other agencies, federal, state and local, including the registry of motor vehicles, which keeps a clerk on full time in the probation office checking up on automobile offenders.

While the mainspring of the probation service is to be found in social and humanitarian ideas, it also has its dollar argument. The board asserts that it costs about $450 a year to keep a man in prison, whereas to supervise a person on probation costs only $22 a year. Since annually on the average 5000 juveniles and 50,000 adults are put on probation, the economic argument cannot be overlooked, particularly as it can be shown also that numerous offenders who have been put on probation can pay their fines by working who otherwise would have been a charge on the state while in prison and that more than $1,250,000 is collected in a year from persons who have been found guilty of not supporting their families.

The principal object of the coming conference is no doubt to improve the probation system. Quality must depend on efficiency of administration. The board is apparently not seeking authority in the appointment of confirmation of probation officials with which it is not now clothed. Appointments are now made by the judges of the superior and district courts, and a judgment as to the desirability of this or a different system of appointment would rest on an opinion as to the relative wisdom of the judges and
the board. But, since in any case it is the judges who actually decide whether or not a prisoner is to be put on probation, the present method of appointment seems logical.

Nature’s Wood Cutters

Those to whom the beaver is one of the most interesting of the wild animals have cause for satisfaction in the recent report from Lanesboro of a colony of beavers which, on its own motion, has taken possession of a section of the town brook where it flows through private land near Gunn’s Grove road. The owner has been asked by the game warden to post it for the protection of the beavers which have constructed a dam, flooded part of a meadow and built for themselves a large lodge.

In view of the fact that there is no open season in Massachusetts either for hunting or for trapping beaver this ought not, in theory, to have been necessary; but anyone familiar with what alleged sportsmen will sometimes do in the woods will agree that it was wise.

Presumably anyone who has a naturalist’s real interest in the beaver can obtain permission to see what is to be seen of the Lanesboro colony and its work, although it should not be supposed that these are the only beavers in Western Massachusetts since they are believed to have migrated from the larger colony in West Stockbridge. There are also the beavers which were imported, with final success after some disappointments, into the game sanctuary at Lenox to aid the making of a lake which would attract the wild duck. The extraordinary patience with which a beaver cuts through and moves young trees that would seem too large for him to handle, is one of the marvels of Nature. He is possessed, too, of some very human characteristics, among which is a temper which can be palpably “riled” if in mere curiosity, without any show of menace, one intrudes, too often, on his regular schedule of passage over his private waters.

But if the increase of the beavers were the only news, in these days, of Nature’s wood cutters, the outlook for many owners of buildings hereabouts would be more cheerful than it is. For in only too many cases what has been written of the amazing destructiveness of those tiny devourers of wooden beams and posts, the termites, is now being demonstrated as tragically true.

The Chest Campaign’s Success

It is pleasant to believe that the success of the Community Chest in achieving its quota for the first time in three years is due in part to improved economic conditions. It is also pleasant to believe, and indeed to know, that this happy result is due in part to the perfection of an unselfish and hard-working organization which has not been afraid of difficulties and discouragements but has kept going untringly in behalf of a good cause.

When one is inclined to be discouraged about the survival of any sort of civic solidarity in Springfield the annual assemblage of the Chest workers gives a bit of cheer. In the ranks are men and women of many walks in life, many of whom have in common only the desire to aid institutions which are essential to the welfare of the city and who are willing to perform a task in their behalf which has its disagreeable aspects.

It is certain that without such an organization the Community Chest could not be financed and that if there were no Chest many of the institutions which are now supported by it would have been on the rocks long ago.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM

NOV 1 6 1935

BOARD OF APPEALS

The Board of Appeals on Compulsory Motor Vehicle Insurance disposed of 44 appeals at its monthly session yesterday in the City Hall Common Council chamber. The board came with its new secretary, Charles M. Stiller, named by Governor-Curley to replace Grover C. Hoyt. Mr. Stiller is a former member of the State Industrial Accident Board.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM

NOV 1 7 1935

M’CABE’S ‘FIRING’ BECOMES OFFICIAL

Curley’s Ex-Gardener Gets Formal Notice

By telegram State House Reporter
BOSTON, Nov. 16.—The firing of Tom McCabe, the man who has tended the garden and lawns of Governor Curley’s Jamaicaaway home, from his latest job as an inspector in the motor truck division of the Department of Public Utilities, was given an official touch and flourish today.

The mystery surrounding the matter last night, the reticence of officials in discussing it, faded somewhat when out from the office of Civil Service Commissioner came the news that Frank Riley, director of the motor truck division, had given formal notice McCabe was through.

From the proverbial “authoritative source” came information that Francis J. Mannix of Dorchester would be appointed in McCabe’s place. In New York the Governor declined to discuss the affair. The explosion gleefully anticipated by some over what they considered a tossing for his gardener didn’t take place. What he may say, if anything, when he returns awaits his arrival on Monday.

The firing of McCabe, which looked as if it might stir up things, began tapering off. The reason for discharging him was given as inefficiency by Riley when he secured approval for the step from Chairman Henry C. Atwill of the Public Utilities Commission.

Some still held that it might be an “incident,” for, on the face of it, firing the Governor’s gardener isn’t exactly the nicest thing one could think up. Just what was really behind the firing and how far it may have been approved still isn’t clear.
As the Industrial Safety Associates of the Department of Labor and Industries paid tribute to Elmer I. Christenson of West Boylston, retiring inspector, last night: Left to right, Mrs. Christenson, Mr. Christenson, Miss Mary E. Meehan, acting commissioner; and Andrew M. Goff, president of the associates.

Mr. Christenson, the guest of honor, began his service with the division of industrial safety when that department was under the Department of Public Safety. He served in Boston until 1919 and was transferred to the Worcester office in 1920. Working out of Worcester he has covered industrial plants in the northern part of the city and in neighboring towns of the county.

Tribute to him as a "faithful servant" and a "hard worker" was brought by Acting Commissioner Meehan, John P. Meade, director of the division of industrial safety, John J. McDonough, chief inspector; and Gen. E. Leroy Sweetser, former commissioner. Director Meade presented Mr. Christenson a wrist watch and Mrs. Christenson with a bouquet.

Mr. Christenson had the greetings of Capt. Robert E. Kane of Pittsburgh, Pa., national commander of the Spanish War Veterans.

The committee in charge was headed by Andrew M. Goff, president of the associates, who presided and John D. Hassett, both of the Worcester office. An entertainment and dance followed the dinner. More than 125 guests from all parts of the state attended.
TELEGRAM
NOV 1 6 1935

PAYSON SMITH
BATTLE GROWS

Retention Move Efforts
Of Educators in Bay
State Redoubled

N. E. A. MAY ASSIST
Prof. Rogers Would Not
Accept Appointment
If Curley Acted

By CLINTON P. ROWE
Telegram State House Reporter
BOSTON, Nov. 15.—The battle
over retention of Payson Smith as
Massachusetts' Commissioner of
Education, in the face of Gover-
nor Curley's reported intention to
remove him Dec. 1, became New
England-wide tonight — and gave
promise of becoming nation-wide.

A hundred Massachusetts school
superintendents, meeting in spe-
cial session to consider the situa-
tion, urged Dr. Smith's reappoint-
tment. The demand was imme-
diately echoed by the New Eng-
land Association of School Super-
intendents, and later tonight the
Massachusetts group offered the
assistance of the National Edu-
cation Association.

Refused U. S. Post

In 1932, President Coolidge of-
ered Dr. Smith the position of
United States commissioner of edu-
cation but Dr. Smith liked his
present job so well he declined.
Last Summer Dr. Smith was active
in opposition to the teachers' oath
bill.

Prof. Robert E. Rogers, of the
M. I. T. English department—who
authored the phrase, "Be a snob,
marry the boss' daughter"—said he
was not a candidate to succeed Dr.
Smith, in the event of the latter's
removal. It had been reported that
Governor Curley had Prof. Rogers
in mind for the position.

As the Massachusetts school
superintendents were completing
plans for an active campaign to
place parent-teacher, civic organi-
zations and citizens behind the

Fight for Retention

The Massachusetts group, active
throughout the day as the reported
plans of the Governor to replace
Commissioner Smith were discus-
sed, said that superintendents pre-
sent would contact parent-teacher,
civic and other sources in behalf
of Dr. Smith's retention, and that
each superintendent would be
furnished with a copy of a resolu-
tion adopted yesterday on motion
of Supt. Patrick T. Campbell of
the Boston school department.

The Massachusetts group met
after the New England Association
of School Superintendents' annual
convention in the Gardner audi-
torium had adjourned.

While Professor Rogers had ap-
parently taken himself out of con-
sideration for the position, as indi-
cated by his statement and the
day's developments, there was a re-
port in State House circle, that he
might not be altogether out of con-
sideration, and that further de-
velopments might center around him.

Dr. Stoddard, in his address told
the Massachusetts group that their
associates outside the state were
ready to "do anything on the prob-
lem." He termed Commissioner a
foremost educator of the country
and in elections for 11 educators to
serve on the National Educational
Policy Commission had received
the highest number of votes.

"That shows the attitude of the
nation toward him as an educator,"
Dr. Stoddard said. Following the
meeting, Dr. Stoddard said he will-
ingly, at the suggestion of the Mas-
sachusetts Superintendents' Asso-
ciation, to urge personally before
Governor Curley, Commissioner
Smith's appointment.

$9000 a Year Post

The salary of the Commissioner
of Education is $9000 a year.

Prior to the session of the Massa-
uchusetts superintendents' group,
Prof. Rogers had said he would
favor Supt. Patrick T. Campbell of
the Boston school department. Since
Supt. Campbell did not desire the
appointment, Prof. Rogers, said he
would urge that Commissioner
Smith be reappointed.

Governor Curley, denying that he
had discussed an appointment with
Prof. Rogers, said he had not de-
cided definitely to reappoint or re-
place Commissioner Smith, and
added there was plenty of time for
consideration of the matter, with
the term not expiring until Dec. 1.

During the forenoon, the New
England Association of School Su-
perintendents, meeting in an annual
session at the Gardner Auditorium,
had cheered when Burr J. Merriam
of Framingham had read an item,
quoting Prof. Rogers as saying he
was not interested in the appoint-
ment.
Voke Is a Vote-Getter

Chelsea Man, Comparative Newcomer in Politics, Won Mayoralty in Impressive Sweep—Grant Steps From Agitation to Responsibility

By BEACON HILL

BOSTON, Nov. 16.—One accession to the political field, and one departure from it, mark the week at this end of the state and the other. The arrival is Edward J. Voke, triumphantly elected mayor of Chelsea, where they take their politics excitedly. The departure is Joshua Arthur Baker, on his way to the Superior Court, and thus saved from the otherwise inevitable excitement in Western Massachusetts were he again to seek an elective office.

Possibly a third name should be added to this brief note of rearrangements and readjustments: Richard D. Grant. Certainly no single figure in Massachusetts politics for the past several months has been more colorful than Mr. Grant. For so long as he remained on the firing line, or within call for violent political oratory and service, none could outmatch him in his field. Now, as he goes to the State Department of Public Utilities as a commissioner, he steps into quite a different field. From agitator, advocate, and irritant he assumes a semi-judicial post, wherein those qualities which brought him the headlines will not serve, and where he has an opportunity to show more substantial qualities.

Now we want to say a few words about Mr. Grant. They may not please some of our Republican friends, nor all of our Democratic friends. Mr. Grant has had a singular capacity and propensity to irritate those not in political accord with his chief. We have heard some very uncomplimentary epithets applied to him. When announcement was made of his elevation to this important state commission we heard it called a bad appointment. However, we know a little about Mr. Grant, and we have watched the careers of a good many men in public life who leaped from the quivering springboard of vituperative politics onto lofty plateaus of responsibility. It is our observation that responsibility has a very steadying effect on most men, no matter how jittery they may have been in less responsible positions.

He Needs No Blueprints

How Mr. Grant will work out as a public utilities commissioner we do not prophesy. Time will demonstrate the truth. He is a man of ability, quick-minded. He needs no diagrams, blueprints, maps, charts, to discover the point at issue. He did service as a newspaper man in reporting state political affairs; as such he had a "nose for news," with a tendency towards the sensational. He was ever a partisan—positive in his statements. Some of his political stories were criticized. One thing was certain: He never wrote a dull story.

This is not an effort to ballyhoo Mr. Grant. The fact is that he is now about to serve on a very important state commission—some say it is the most important of the lot. What interests us, then, is what is the particular equipment he brings to the office. It is principally, we believe, this alertness of mind.

As for the propriety of the appointment, it is no new thing for a Governor to promote his chief secretary. Mr. Coolidge appointed Henry F. Long to be commissioner of corporations and taxation. Mr. Fuller made Herman MacDonald associate commissioner of public works. Mr. Allen put his secretary, John D. Wright, on the state board of tax appeals. Mr. Ely made official provision for his secretary, Mr. DeWolf, who has just died. These are the recent instances of a usual procedure.

As for Mayor-elect Voke of Chelsea, he commands interest. He is comparatively a newcomer in competitive politics; and he stepped into a very lively arena. His opponent, Representative William H. Melley, is no tyro in politics, and he had powerful backing, or appeared to have. He was snowed under by Mr. Voke. Such an achievement by this new figure—he carried 11 out of the city's 12 wards and lost one by only 48 votes—is impressive. It is the way of all of us to look to every contest to see what significance it might have on larger rivalries. Thus we have to set down the name of Edward J. Voke, vote-getter extraordinary. Whether he aims at higher political honors, and whether if so he could do as well outside of Chelsea as he has just done there, we do not know. We believe he has become by that local election a figure of state-wide importance.
Strange Chapter Closed

The case of Mr. Baker is unusual, if not unique. In current interviews he again protests that he acted in good faith and according to his conscience in the matter of strange Council proceedings. There is no profit in discussing that curious political chapter now. If he had remained in active politics, and had sought to return from his district to the council, or had sought other elective office, then that chapter would have been live matter, inevitably open for discussion. Now it becomes a chapter closed.

From the news sense this is almost too bad. A campaign for his re-election would have offered points of interest. Prophecies were that he would be overwhelmingly defeated; but who knows?

There is yet a fourth political figure that bobbed up in the week's news: Our old acquaintance Andrew J. Gillis of Newburyport. The final election of mayor in that city will come on Dec. 3. The primary was held this past week, with four candidates. In that field Bossy Gillis won handily. He had 2776 votes. His nearest competitor, John M. Kelleher, now a city councilman, had 1715—a lead of 1061. These two will fight it out next month. Gillis's vote was not a clear majority. The total vote for the other three candidates was 3164—of which one candidate received only 20. If the anti-Gillis forces now join to beat him they may do it.

Bossy Gillis is one of the most picturesque figures in our Massachusetts politics. It was a cause of amazement to many when he leaped into local power in his home town some years ago. He flourished for some time, then dropped out of sight, so far as the rest of the state knew. He has been defeated twice running—he was set down as "all through." Whether he is or not, next month will tell.

In quite a different category is the name of Bayard Tuckerman, Jr., of Hamilton, who will seek to enter the Executive Council next year from his district, now represented by William Hennessey who defeated Eugene Fraser in 1934. Mr. Fraser may seek to go back into the office for which Mr. Hennessey defeated him, in which case we would see a brisk primary campaign.

Bayard Tuckerman has been an important figure in Republican politics for some years—though he is grouped with the "young Republicans." Any Republican who has had less than 10 years in some public office is a "young Republican." Mr. Tuckerman has had no years at all in any state-wide office, but has sat as a member of the Legislature and as a town selectman in Hamilton. For the past six years he has served on the Republican state committee, and is a force on his town committee; and he has been delegate at state and national conventions.

Tuckerman's Prospects

Thus we may add the name of Bayard Tuckerman to the list of the week. No newcomer in politics, no stranger to the active men and women of his party, a prominent man in business and social affairs as well as in politics, he is a known quantity—but what now offers is the prospect that he may step into the more important field of state-wide politics. If he should gain admission to the Executive Council next year he might be on his way towards even more important political eminence.

So altogether the week has been of some special interest to the political-minded. New potentialities. Voke for the Democrats and Tuckerman for the Republicans. Eliminations from political controversy: Baker and Grant.

Another new note of the week was the eager projection, from Quincy, of the name of Joseph B. Grossman as a possible Republican nominee for Lieutenant-Governor. Mr. Grossman is one of the three horsemen of the Republican eclipse on the Executive Council. He does not now say that he seeks or wants or would take the second-place nomination on the state ticket; but some of his friends want him there and are sending up trial balloons to see how the wind blows.

There has been little talk among Republicans hereabouts concerning the second-place nomination. Doesn't anyone want it? Last week in a lively discussion about first place on the ticket, in which the participants were partisans of Messrs. Saltonstall and Haigis, the brilliant idea was evolved that the ticket should be Saltonstall for Governor and Haigis for Lieutenant-Governor. One very good friend of the Greenfield man seemed to think this was a bright idea. The only flaw in it is that Mr. Haigis undoubtedly would not have the slightest interest in any such arrangement.

There are some cogent arguments against it, of course. Mr. Haigis was the second-place candidate last year and he was defeated. That defeat is no bar to his nomination for first place; nor does that defeat at all indicate that he would not run well in first place. The two candidacies are quite different. The candidate for Lieutenant-Governor is hopelessly overshadowed in any state contest. It was so last year. All the effort was for Bacon. Mr. Haigis went down in the flood.

All personal considerations aside, old-timers will tell you that to name for the same office a man who has just lately been defeated in a contest for that office would be folly. To name a man defeated for one office as a candidate for a higher office might be entirely justifiable. So we must suppose that the state ticket situation has not changed at all during the week—Bishop, Haigis, Saltonstall and Warner, marching alphabetically.

Presidential Aspirers

The city of Beacon Hill is to have a glimpse of one of the thousand-and-one potential Republican candidates for President this week, in the person of Hamilton Fish. Monday he will speak before the Republican Club of Massachusetts. Tuesday he will debate with Upton Sinclair at the Ford Hall forum.

From a general point of view the debate at Ford Hall may be the more interesting occasion. From the practical political point of view the Republican Club speech will probably loom larger. Whatever he may say, every mind in the room will think of him as a possible presi-
We are not getting anywhere in this matter of presidential candidates for the Republicans. The collection of candidates is being shaken and whirled around and around week by week and so far none of them has any edge. Mr. Hoover acts very mysterious, when as a matter of ordinary human fact it is a safe guess that he would give his best shirt for the nomination—and why shouldn't he? Mr. Borah pauses in Illinois and Ohio and makes cryptic remarks, while it is undoubtedly the fact that he would like nothing better than to be nominated. Governor Landon of Kansas just won't talk politics—but my word how his mind is gnawing at the thought that he may be nominated! Senator Vandenberg is conspicuously silent for a few moments, but he certainly reads the newspapers diligently and in the deep and cherished recesses of his heart still hopes.

**State “Menace”**

The article reads:

"The menace confronting Massachusetts is the substitution of government by personal domination for decent, orderly government as previously known in this Commonwealth under Republican and Democratic administrations alike.

"Once the personal power is sufficiently built up and entrenched, the rights of all who stand in the way are ruthlessly disregarded. Government by due process of law gives way to government by threats, coercion and bullying. "The machine of personal domination is being built. Its growth has for some time been clear to those in touch with the State House. It has now reached a point where it can be seen by the public at large. The familiar methods are being used. The Key positions are filled with men who are entirely subservient to the will of one man. They are made to understand that all the subordinate positions throughout the length and breath of the state service are to be filled only in accordance with the desires of the appointing power."

"No longer can the heads of departments control their personnel as the good of the service may require."

"Similarly, control of the vast spending power of the state is centered in the hands of one man. When Governor Ely secured a bond issue for public works, the control of the spending was lodged in an Emergency Finance Commission, composed of strong, qualified men, not subject to any one person. But when Governor Curley was given a $13,000,000 bond issue, mostly for roads and sidewalks, with vast possibilities for patronage and fat contracts, the control of spending that huge sum was left in the hands of one official, a Curley appointee."

"People Awakened"

"The people of Massachusetts are awakened to the terrific consequences this system will bring. They are watching the machine of personal domination being built. But they must know that if they take it lying down, and refuse to act, the fate of Louisiana is in store for Massachusetts."

In other sections of the Bulletin, reference is made to recent city elections, including Worcester, where Republicans were victorious on the issue of Curleyism. It criticizes changes effected by the Governor in the political complexion of the Governor’s Council.
ECHOES
FROM THE
State House

By Telegram
State House Reporter

Anybody who gets sleep during a session of the 1936 legislature should be packed off for public exhibition to show what calmness and steady nerves really are.

It won't be any surprise if the horse and dog racing interests present the tentative proposal to give the state a heavier slice on the take.

These interests can be very articulate when the occasion demands. In fact they have been articulate on past occasions and there is no reason to believe that their vocal chords have been yanked out.

I good racing row in a legislature or elsewhere can stir things up as about nothing else in the world can stir them up. Some legislators who in the past have favored racing are now galloping about, vowing its elimination.

By way of keeping things going in the 1936 session, there will be other proposed taxation measures. Such as a limited real estate tax, taxation of securities according to valuation rather than income.

It isn't wholly improbable that a drive will be made to revive the sales tax. This tax popped up at the last session, was milled around a while and then sent to a special committee for study.

The Republican Club of Massachusetts has snapped into action. It fetes the recent Republican election winners on Dec. 12. Tomorrow night, at its semi-annual meeting, it will hear those, who are real or avowed candidates for office at the 1936 state election.

Watching special election or mayoralty election results has become a pastime in State House circles. The general result has been satisfaction for Republicans and not so much satisfaction for Democrats.

By Telegram

The next one coming under scrutiny is the special election in Ward 6, Worcester, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Rep. Victor Bossy. Time was when Bossy hankered, front his appearance, but the Sergeant looks like a rising young boxer than a banker.

Witness the ease of Rep. Bill Melley who ran for Mayor of Chelsea. Melley claimed Curley support and was handed a handsome shellacking by Ed Voice. It has been thus in other cases.

The question now arising is whether Bossy will maintain his golden silence.

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BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM

M'Carthy May Get
State Welfare Job

Commissioner Conant To
Be Ousted, Is Belief

By Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON, Nov. 16.—With Governor Curley already having indicated that sweeping changes will be made in appointments for a number of highly paid State Department jobs, attention centered today on the commissioner of public welfare.

The name of Walter V. McCarthy of Boston, who has been known as a personal friend of the Governor and identified with him politically, was mentioned for the position. The job is now held by Richard K. Conant, who is believed to have a place on the Curley proscription list.

Under Governor Curley as mayor and until Mayor Mansfield took over executive control of Boston, McCarthy was executive director of the Boston Board of Public Welfare.
'36 Legislature's Stand
"On Curley is Pondered"

Discussion Centers Chiefly on Those G. O. P.
Legislators Who Left Party Ranks to
Vote With Governor; Chelsea Election
Reverberations Are Still Echoing

By CLINTON P. BOWE
Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON, Nov. 16.—The type of legislative program Governor Curley will present to the 1936 session of the Legislature is widely discussed by legislators as they gather informally at the State House. A sharp difference of opinion is noted. One element contends the Governor will present a large, ambitious and controversial type of program, but another element says—perhaps hopefully—that the program will be a modest one, with little noise and battle attached to it.

Since the Governor hasn't disclosed what his legislative hopes may be and probably won't until later in the year, the matter, for the present, rests upon discussion. This discussion, however, is interesting because of the possibilities involved. Of major interest is the question of how the Governor's strength in the Legislature, if put to a test in 1936, would stand up in comparison with that manifested in the turbulent 1935 session.

Work and Wages

A chief topic of speculation is whether or not the Governor will renew the work and wages program. The recent session of the Legislature, a rather pitable Legislature when the Governor began bearing down, translated a portion of such a program into action by voting a $13,000,000 bond issue for highway, sidewalk and other work. It did not, however, grant the Governor the $35,000,000 he had asked and it granted a public buildings program to finally cut the originally requested amount to the $15,000,000 figure.

There have been hints from Governor Curley of another bond issue for a building construction program. How much further a work program might extend is problematical. Also a matter open for question, according to views expressed by legislators, is how many members, who last year voted for the bond issue, over the protest of many legislators and the public, would align themselves with the Governor a second time. The discussion centers particularly on Republicans who left the party ranks to support the Governor. There were 37 of them in the House. The developing criticism of the bond issue and job distribution under it—notably the Chelsea case, are factors not to be ignored. Representatives and Senators who sided with the Governor, in most cases, will seek renomination next Fall.

Hardly Comforting

They have been hearing from their Republican constituents and the things they have heard have not been at all comforting. The disapproval of their action has been generally emphatic and of such a nature as to allow no chance for misunderstanding. It is said in legislative circles that many of them have taken note of this and might not, through consideration of possible political consequences, give the support of the last session.

Some Democrats have been none too enthusiastic over the "work and wages" program. They have howled fiercely that they were not allowed to share justly in job distribution. There has been talk that the jobs were handed out—these are Democratic as well as Republican charges—for the chief political benefit of the Governor. A charge, of course, that the Governor would deny promptly.

Quite aside from this aspect of "work and wages" is the now famous—or choose your own adjective—Chelsea jobs. State-wide attention centered on the incident involving the handout of 1500 jobs by Rep. William H. Melley, candidate for mayor against Edward H. Vokes.

The jobs were distributed by Melley following a conference with Frank L. Kane, manager of Governor Curley's employment office. Some of men were sent into Essex County. The Governor stepped into proceedings with a ringing call-down of Kane and Commissioner of Public Works William F. Calahan and told them that jobs must be cleared through established agencies and not politicians.
I show that they did not. It may be the state. Some Democrats said they that Grant put sincerity into every, ed Grant's own thought and atti-
ly those which sounded so vindica-
tive of the radio audience and the gathering tomorrow night will help to keep that enthusiasm alive.

He has been a figure of color—a dashing sort of chap who has whirled into many a fray, at times a bit after the Don Quixote style of windmill tilting, to be sure, but never asking quarter.

Mr. Grant has, indeed, been a fighter. Those who do not like him are very sincere about it. None could mistake their feeling. His friends and his followers are equally sincere in their estimate of Mr. Grant, who is completing 11 months' service as Governor Curley's private secretary, and his alter ego of the radio. His following and his opposition has been sharply divided.

"Richly Phrased"

One of the choicest Grant diver-
sions has been to engage in radio battles with the opposition. He has left alone, with wild sweeps, calling on the richness of the English language to get an idea across. He has been highly inventive in phrase. There are those who have privately expressed the thought that the radio addresses, delivered each week by Grant, should have been toned down and toned down sharply.

In many cases Grant had been blamed personally and censured for the nature of the addresses he has given over the air. They have been taken as the personal act of Grant and the construction placed on them been that they represent-
ed Grant's own thought and atti-
tude.

There is, of course, nothing to show that they did not. It may be that Grant put sincerity into every radio speech that he made, especially those which sounded so vindica-
tive to the radio audience and which stirred up widespread dis-
cussion and comment throughout the State. Democrats said they did not advance the cause of the party.

Regardless, however, of Grant's own thought or preference, it may be borne in mind that he has been an employee of the Governor, whose cause he espoused with violent enthusiasm over the radio prior to Mr. Curley's election. It might also be taken somewhat for granted that the speeches would not have continued without the approval of the Governor. Nobody could very well believe that Mr. Grant would continue if he had been forbidden to do so by the Governor.

No Great Surprises

There has been talk for some time that Grant would be promot-
ed to another job—that he would leave the Governor's personal ser-
vice. It was no particular sur-
prise when he did. Several others have been sent to other branches of state work. When the Governor went to Florida last Spring, Grant and William A. Bodfish, social sec-
retary and writer of poetry, tag-
ged up over the question of who was boss. Grant said he was boss. The Governor said no, too. Mr. Bodfish was promoted to the State Board of Insurance Appeals later.

Taken together, agreeing or dis-
agreeing with him, Mr. Grant wrote considerable State House history. He has move with a calm, dignity and gracious poise never suspected by those who have seen him in moments of battle and struggle. Mr. Grant is a man of inherent ability, and is capable of giving high service on the new job to which he goes Dec. 1.

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Boosters Club to Hold Dinner

Gala Affair Set for Wednesday Night

At a special meeting of the officers and entertainment committee of the Automotive Boosters Club of New England at Hotel Kenmore the final plans were approved yesterday for the annual dinner and show of that organization next Wednesday night at Hotel Bradford. It promises to be the most successful ever held by the club.

It is the big social event of auto show week and the Boston Automobile Dealers Association gives its approval to the club’s activity. There will be about 1000 men affiliated with the motor industry throughout New England present, many coming here to visit the show and enjoy the dinner.

Plans call for starting the dinner at 7 o’clock. During the courses the entertainment will begin. On the program are some of the best known vaudeville artists from the various theaters. This entertainment will continue through the evening until 10:30.

Gov. Curley, Mayor Mansfield and a number of other prominent people have been invited to attend. There will be no addresses, but an exception will be made if Gov. Curley wishes to address the gathering.

Following the entertainment a number of valuable gifts will be presented to members and their friends. Silvio Amoroso has edited an admirable souvenir book to be given away.


BOSTON LIKELY CITY FOR G. O. P. ’36 CONVENTION

Decision Favoring Hub Seen as Setback to Haigis, Seeking Nomination for Governor

By BERNARD J. DOHERTY

Boston will be picked as the G. O. P. 1936 state convention city.

At least this is the conclusion arrived at by insiders to the struggle being played out by the forces of former State Treasurer John W. Haigis of Greenfield before the state committee to hold the convention in Springfield.

The committee held a meeting last week and will get together again on a date to be announced in December. A decision in favor of Boston will be interpreted as a severe setback to the hopes of Haigis to secure the nomination for governor as it will remove the battle arena from the district in which the Greenfield man has his greatest strength.

Speaker Leverett Saltonstall of the House, former Attorney General Joseph E. Warner of Taunton, and District Attorney Warren L. Bishop of Middlesex county, the other three candidates in the field will benefit. Saltonstall the most. The New York candidate is looked upon as having the backing of the so-called machine.

HAS MACHINE BACKING

Both the governorship and senatorial situations may be further complicated as a result of a big meeting called for tomorrow night in the Hotel South’s ballroom by the Republican Club of Massachusetts.

A short business session will be held at which the nominating committee will be picked to propose a list of officers for 1936. After this meeting, members and guests will hear “those who have announced their candidacy and others who have been prominently mentioned for gubernatorial and senatorial offices.”

PARKMAN REMAINS MUM

Included in this list are Saltonstall, Haigis, Warner, Bishop, the four avowed candidates for governor; Representative Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., of Beverly and former State Senator James F. Cavanagh of Boston, openly in the field for senator; and Senator Henry Parkman, Jr., of Boston, former Governor’s Councillor Mark M. Duff of New Bedford, Mayor Sinclair Weeks of Newton and Governor’s Councillor Winfield A. Schuster of Douglas.

The inclusion of Parkman’s name is regarded as significant, in view of the fact that Parkman is a former president of the club and a consistent critic of Governor Curley.

PIERCE REPLIES ON BANK RATES

Some Massachusetts banks charge as low as 5 per cent for mortgages and this State has always had a comparatively low rate, it was declared yesterday by Bank Commissioner Henry H. Pierce.

Commenting on President Roosevelt’s plea for lower interest rates all over the nation, Bank Commissioner Pierce said he believes the President referred principally to banks in the west and middle west, where the rates sometimes run to 7 and 8 per cent.

It was recalled by the commissioner that Governor Curley, shortly after taking office, held a meeting of savings bank and trust company officials of the State and suggested reductions in the mortgage interest rates.

A cut from 6 per cent to 5½ per cent was voluntarily put into effect soon afterward on residential property.
Safety on Roads Gov. Curleydge

The Boston Automobile Dealers' Association has again excelled in the perfection of plans for the 1935 Automobile Show which opened in Mechanics Building yesterday.

The display is an exhibition in keeping with the spirit of optimism that is spreading throughout the United States and demonstrates the courage, faith and forward spirit of the industry. This present show transcends all past achievements and gives to all a new feeling of confidence in the future.

To the end that more cars may confidently venture on the road and co-operating with the manufacturers who have utilized all the ingenuity at their command in providing devices to make their cars more responsive to drivers' control, I have committed my administration to a program of Safety on the Highways.

It is obvious that when haphazard methods are replaced by safe and sober planning to minimize the present heavy losses to life and property, more cars will venture out on the road resulting in increased health and pleasure to the community in general, and sales will be stimulated. Great progress has been made in reducing the toll of deaths and highway accidents. The program of advertising, industrial, and educational advantages should greatly increase the visitors to our communities and benefits to the people of wealth, and to the motor industry.

The new models exemplify in the highest degree the genius and the worker's skill. There are many models and modestly priced new exhilaration and thrill of relaxation and longer service. The increased riding comfort provides the added appeal of previous showings.

As Governor of Massachusetts, I, James M. Curley, Governor of Massachusetts, of the Boston Automobile Show which has the attractive American qualities of lightness, smart company and youthful spirit, will enjoy this show.
Howard Murphy, 40, of Osterville, farmer, engineer and mail truck driver, will be named commissioner of agriculture by Gov. James M. Curley to succeed Edgar L. Gillett, of Canton, whose term expires Dec. 1.

This was learned from a reliable source yesterday as the State House air was thick with rumors about possible successors to state department heads who are expected to retire or be removed at the end of their terms two weeks hence.

Murphy is a Democrat and a personal friend of the governor. He has been active in party affairs on the Cape and was prominent among the supporters of the governor in the last campaign.

A report which seems to have more substance than others is that Payson Smith will be retained as commissioner of education.

A rumor that he was to be succeeded by Professor Robert E. Rogers of M.I.T. has drawn a statement from the professor that he had not been tendered the post, and that further, he thought Smith was a good man in the position.

School superintendents throughout the state have also expressed a hope that Smith would be retained.

As Governor Curley himself has not said he would replace Smith, it is believed likely that he will remain at his post.

A rumor that Richard Grant, the governor's secretary, would resign, the $7000 public utility post to which he has been appointed in order to take the $7000 post as commissioner of labor and industry was spiked yesterday by Grant himself.

"I have heard the rumors. They are not true. I am perfectly satisfied with the job I have."

Although the salary of the post held by the late DeWitt C. DeWolf pays $500 a year more than the utilities post, the latter appointment is for five years, while the former is for only three years.

Theodore "Teddy" Glynn, former fire commissioner and more recently named clerk of the Roxbury Court also has been mentioned for DeWolf's post.
NO, NO, NANTUCKET!

Warner Jolts Plot to Secede

The move of summer visitors to separate Nantucket from Massachusetts received a kindly jolt yesterday, in an opinion humorously handed down by Joseph E. Warner, former attorney-general and newly elected president of the Sons and Daughters of Nantucket.

His opinion was larded with a salam of respect to Bassett Jones, New York engineer, Morris E. Ernst, lawyer and other summer residents of the island who started the secession crusade.

"Of course Nantucket likes to have her summer residents live there and they'll always be welcome. But I think they are just having a little fun."

"I always thought Nantucket was legally linked to the Commonwealth or incorporated. I've always supposed that it was part of the old state since 1690 or thereabouts."

"I presume that the lapse of years would be more or less of a deterrent for any separationist movement now. There is no question Nantucket is part of the Commonwealth. It has written its story of clipper ships and whaling vessels into the story of Massachusetts."

"It would be as impossible to separate the island from the state as it would be to erase the names, fame and prestige it gave to Massachusetts."

Also, Mr. Warner revealed that he had not heard any real Nantucketer say anything about breaking away. Nor did he hear of anyone getting excited about the plan.

The movement was started because of several factors. First was the ousting of Alfred E. Smith—not the well-known Al Smith but the Republican postmaster. He was supplanted by Miss Alice Roberts, a Democrat.

Second, was the appointment by Governor Curley of Miss Caroline Leveen, Boston woman lawyer, a summer resident, as judge of the Nantucket court.

Miss Leveen is the only woman holding a full judgeship in the state. Her home is in the Back Bay. She announced she intends to live in Nantucket the year round.

There was another cause for secession. It had to do with scallops, but town folk always have worried about scallops and politics, old timers say. So the shellfish angle didn't play too strong a role in the proceedings.

Backers of the secession plot claim the island never legally became a part of Massachusetts. They want Washington to rule Nantucket, thereby erasing county expenses and saving money to taxpayers.

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Boston, Mass.

NOV 17 1935

JOHN S. FOLEY HONORED BY 700 AT BANQUET
About 700 guests gathered at Hotel Somerset last evening to honor John S. Foley, national vice president of the National Association of Letter Carriers, who has been appointed supervisor of the Boston Postal District. A group of associates came from the national headquarters at Washington to join in congratulating the honor guest and fellow officer.

Peter J. Cahill, president of Branch 34, Boston, of the N. A. L. C., was toastmaster. Gov Curley, who planned to attend, wired from New York, sending greetings. He commissioned Theodore A. Glynn to give the greetings of the Commonwealth. Postmaster Peter F. Tague, brought the greetings of the Postal Department and congratulated Mr. Foley on his splendid and efficient service.


The committee on arrangements was Thomas Meade, chairman; John Buckley, Frederick Grehan, John Plotti, John Fleming, Henry Carroll, John Morris, Joseph Considine and Peter J. Cahill.

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NOV 17 1935

TEACHERS TO SEE CURLEY ABOUT COMMISSIONER

The directors of the Massachusetts Teachers Federation, appointed a committee yesterday to wait on Gov Curley to discuss the appointment of a Commissioner of Education.

The committee comprises Miss Annie C. Woodward of Somerville, ex-presidents of the Federation; Mrs Grace I. Woodbury of Melrose; Mrs M. E. Martina McDonald of Boston; Dwight S. Davis of Orange, a member of the executive committee; and Harry A. Boyle of Worcester, first vice president of the Federation.
MILITARY AND NAVAL

Legion Auxiliary to Entertain Last Grand Army Man of Cambridge

By GEORGE NOBLE

Extremes may meet at the Luncheon of the Middlesex County Council of the American Legion Auxiliary at 1 Saturday at the First Congregational Church, Garden and Mason Sts., Cambridge—abreast where the Washington elm used to 'stand.

Mrs. Emily J. Squires is chairman of the American Legion Auxiliary over the Middlesex County Coliseum, survivor of Charles Beck Post 56, the only G. A. R. man left in Cambridge. Among the invited guests is Francis J. O'Reilly of 9 Saville St., the sole survivor of William H. Smart Post 27, now lives in Randolph.

If the health of this Cantabrigian of 90-odd permits him to accept, he is not unlikely to meet several of the Junior auxiliary potentialities.

Other invited guests are Congressman, Mayor and Mrs. Richard M. Russell, State Commander John H. Walsh, Deputy Insurance Commissioner Michael T. Kelleher, commander, and Dr. John Keachman, chaplain of Cambridge Post 27; Rev. Dr and Mrs. Raymond Calkins, First Congregational Church, and Mrs. Elizabeth C. Gribbin, department president of the auxiliary.

Mrs. Emily J. Squires is chairman of the committee arranging the affair; Miss Rilla Rolfe, treasurer; Misses Rilla Rolfe, treasurer; Misses Margaret Reardon, reservations, and Mrs. Marion G. Onahan, reception.

OTHER LEGION NOTES

Immediate payment of the adjourned service certificates on the basis of the mandate of the St. Louis national convention was designated as the first of four primary Legislative objectives for 1936 at the recent Indianapolis meeting of the national executive committee.

Other items of the major Legislative program for the year are: Government protection for the widows and orphans of World War veterans; a universal act providing for the conservation of capital, industry and manpower in the event of war, and the use of each in the service of the nation without special privilege or profit; completion of that part of the national defense program which has not yet been enacted into law, and maintenance of gains made.

The department ball will be held under the auspices of the Worcester County Council at the Hotel Bancroft, Worcester, Saturday evening. County Commander William Meehan of Berlin will be in charge of arrangements.

Y-D BALL


Capt. T. J. Mulcahy is chairman of the Reserve Officers' committee of Greater Boston, along with officers of the 84th Division.

The ball will be not in color.

There will be the Legion blue, the olive drab of the Regular Army and the V. F. W., the 1st Corp Cadets, in their cream and blue; the Lynn Y-D drill team, in blue and white; the New England champion Junior Bugle Corps, in their red uniforms, the Sons of the Legion, in their new uniforms of French blue National Guardmen and representatives of the various consulates, with their staffs.

At 11 o'clock the Y-D Juniors and Sons of the Legion will salute the colors and "Taps." This will be the only interruption from the dancing. The reception will be from 8 to 9.

FRANCIS J. O'REILLY

followed by the grand march.

Ceremony at Somerville Branch Postoffice

Congressman Healey, Mayor Hagan Assist With Trowel

Prominent Federal, state and city officials yesterday afternoon participated in ceremonies attending the laying of the cornerstone of Somerville's first government-owned branch postoffice building, being erected at the corner of Washington st and Bonney av, on land purchased from the city, which was for many years the site of the Prospect Hill School and, later, the Union-st Branch Public Library.

The location is a minute's walk from the site of the town of Somerville's first postoffice station, established in 1846 in a small grocery store at the intersection of Washington st and Somerville av. Somerville people had previously traveled to either Charlestown, Cambridge, or Boston, for their mail. The three present local postal stations have always occupied leased quarters.

The Federal Government allotted $203,500 for the new building, and from that amount the city of Somerville was paid $20,750 for the land. Plans were drawn by Maurice P. Meade, of Boston, consulting architect to the United States Treasury. For construction, the award was made to the lowest bidder, Edmund J. Rawall, of Cambridge whose bid was $142,900. Ground was broken by Mayor James E. Hagan, Sept 3, this year. It is expected the new office will be ready for occupancy next April or May.

Postal Officials Attend

The Somerville, Winter Hill, and West Somerville postal stations were closed at 1 o'clock to permit their respective superintendents, Michael J. Conley, Frank Curtis, Joseph Finn, and the clerks and carriers to attend the exercises, which began at 2, under auspices of the Union-st Business Men's Association, whose president, Frederick J. White, was introduced as presiding officer by Supt. Conley, of the Somerville postal station.

Rev James H. Phelan, pastor of St Joseph's Church, with a brief Invocation. Chairman White delivered an address of welcome. Then followed brief remarks by William E. Brown, United States construction engineer; Mayor Hagan, Mayor-Elect Leslie E. Knox; Owen A. Keen, a chief clerk in the Postoffice Department, representing Postmaster General Farley; State Auditor Thomas P. Buckley, who spoke for Gov Curley, and Congressman Arthur D. Healey, who was given much praise by preceding speakers for his active interest in obtaining the appropriation for the new building.

Construction Engineer Brown deposited in the box a metal box containing local historical data. Boston's Acting Postmaster Peter F. Tague formally laid the stone with appropriate remarks. The latter, Congressman Healey, Mayor Hagan, and several others, using a silver-plated trowel, enunciated the date of the laying and name of Mr Tague, spread cement between the block and foundation.

Healey, Tague in Union

Postmaster Tague presented the trowel to Congressman Healey. Both, in accordance with an established custom, were inducted into the Bricklayers' Union by an official of the Somerville local.

Other speaking participants were United States Marshal John J. Murphy, John J. Breshn, Postoffice Inspector in charge; State Senator James C. Scanlan, and Councilor James J. Brennan. Benediction was by Rev Walter R. Jerge, pastor of the Park Hill Congregational Church, Somerville. Music was provided by the band of William L. Harris Post, A.L.

GOV CURLEY SEES GEORGETOWN WIN

His Son Leo Gets Into Game—Score 13-0

Special Dispatch to the Globe

Worcester Man Is Given Watch and Purse

Worcester, Nov 16 — Elmer J. Christenson, who is retiring from office as an inspector in the State Department of Labor and Industry after 23 years’ service, was given a testimonial dinner and a gold watch by the Industrial Safety Associates of the Department of Labor and Industry in Hotel Bancroft. Mr Christenson, who is a Spanish War veteran, was also presented a purse of money by Mabel J. Shumway Auxiliary of the Spanish War Veterans.

The watch was presented by Andrew M. Soff, who presented at the dinner, and the purse by Mrs Mattie N. Green, who also presented a bouquet to Mr Christenson. Address of appreciation of Mr Christenson’s efficient and faithful service were made by Miss Mary E. Meehan, acting Commissioner of Labor and Industry; Senator E. Leroy Sweeter, former Commissioner of Labor and Industry; Ralph N. Robert, head of the division of necessities of life; John P. Means, director of the division of industrial safety and John J. McDonough, chief inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry.

Robert urged the appointment of Miss Meehan as Commissioner of Labor and Industry to succeed the late De Witt C. DeWolf. Robert said if it was the will of the assembly, he would see Gov Curley present Monday as the representative of the inspectors in the department and ask for her appointment to the office, the duties of which she has performed during the past two years. Applause which greeted the suggestion caused Mr Robert to say he would carry out the will of the meeting.
the third quarter, when Leo Curley went in at one tackle and Herbie Stadler at the other. Between them, with Curley playing a leading role, they turned back a Manhattan threat on the Georgetown 23-yard line, to take the ball on downs. A few moments later Meglen broke up another rally, intercepting Jimmy Downey's pass after the Green Battalion had forced its way to Georgetown's eleven.

Stage Another Drive

Not only did the happy Hoyas forestall any Manhattan counter rally, but they staged another drive in the fourth period. This time three passes by the same Keating, the third one a lateral flip, pulled Georgetown up to the Manhattan two-yard line, for a first down. From there, the battering Meglen carried over on the first play and with but seven minutes remaining, the Hilltoppers' victory was assured. The summary:

GEORGETOWN—Cavadine, Schmid, Bucknell.
MANHATTAN—Fridley, Noone.

Touchdowns, Meglen 2. Point by goal.

GEORGETOWN .......... 7 0 0 0 7 6 13
MANHATTAN ............ 0 0 7 0 7

Governor Curley's recent appointments to office and his statement that the heads of state departments whose terms expire next month are in danger have caused a good deal of public comment. Such appointments are quite different from the changes the Governor has brought about about the Executive Council in the latter case he has appointed Democrats to fill vacancies caused by the resignations of Republicans, so having thus turned the Council into a Democratic body, he has hoped to influence the voters elected a Republican majority therein. It is commonly believed that the Governor's acts in relation to the Council will come home to plague him next year.

The chiefs of the state departments are in a different situation. They were not elected by the people, but were appointed by earlier Governors, and when they accepted their posts, although they hoped and expected to stay in office as long as they wanted to do so, they knew their tenure was uncertain. Their terms are about to expire and the Governor is doing a strange thing when he substitutes members of his own party for Republicans.

It is true that no adequate defense can be made of the policy which demands that every Republican in an important position must be ousted when the Democrats get control of the government, or vice versa. The public service will never be satisfactory until faithful and efficient servants are retained during good behavior, but the Federal Government and the several State Governments seem to be as far away as ever from the ideal.

Republicans and Democrats do not differ much in that particular, A glance through the State Manual for the years when the Republicans ran the State Government will make it plain that practically all of the appointive officials during that period were Republicans. The latter party never, except in the strongest position, would be in a stronger position now if a fair portion of the places had been given to Democrats in the years when the Republicans were in control.

It looks now as though Gov Curley intended to appoint a Democrat to almost every office which becomes vacant during his term. The only thing that can be said in favor of his attitude is that it is no worse than that of most of the Republicans who preceded him. So long as he puts honest and competent men in the vacant places the public will probably not become highly indignant in spite of the evident fact that, until a long time has elapsed, new men, no matter how good, cannot be equal to predecessors who have served for years.

CONTINUED
Democratic Reconciliation

Although, as has been said, the Democrats are divided into factions which have shown no inclination to get together, one of the current rumors is that Gov Curley, in spite of his announcement that he might not reappoint some of the men whom his immediate predecessor put in office, will hereafter pay attention to conciliatory tactics within his own party.

The first step, according to this story, will be a statement from the Governor that he intends to be a candidate for reelection and not for the United States Senate. Then the Governor can give his support to Senator Marcus A. Coolidge, who would like another term in Washington. Although the latter did not take a conspicuous part in the contest for the Democratic nomination for Governor last Fall, he has always been counted in the Walsh-Ely wing of the party, and Senator Walsh and Ex-Gov Ely would doubtless be glad to see the Governor support Senator Coolidge for another term. Any movement from either side toward an agreement would lead to others, and in this way the two Democratic factions might be reconciled to some degree.

Gov Curley is an experienced politician, and he doubtless knows as well as any one that some of the things he has done recently have not commended themselves to the members of his own party. Most of the politicians seem to think that the Administration in Washington, whatever its popularity may be in other sections of the country, has lost some of its hold on Massachusetts and New England generally. In view of that condition, since Gov Curley intends to be a candidate for reelection or for the United States Senate, he will naturally be anxious to maintain as far as possible the strength he had last year, and one means of doing that will be to placate those Democrats who do not like him. How far he will go, and the measure of success he will have, are matters of doubt, but many politicians expect him to change his tactics.

In the meantime, the Republicans are so sanguine that they predict any strong Republican will be able to carry the state against Gov Curley next November. That belief has led three Republicans to become candidates for Governor, and others may be expected. All of the Republicans who seek places at or near the top of the state ticket have been asked to speak at the semiannual meeting of the Republican Club of Massachusetts tomorrow evening, and their respective supporters will have an opportunity to cheer their favorites.

Concluded
Regional Body to Hold 10th Gathering of Kind Thursday and Friday

BETTER CONDITIONS SPUR PROMOTERS

Under more auspicious business conditions than have marked the meetings in recent years, the 10th annual New England conference, sponsored by the New England council, will be held in the Hotel Statler, Thursday and Friday.

Definite signs of improvement in business will give the Governors of the New England states and business leaders an opportunity to plan for the future with better assurance of the fulfillment of programs for the benefit of New England than has been possible in recent years.

It will be the aim of the Governors and business leaders, many of whom have participated in the previous annual conferences, to chart the courses of organized, cooperative business development activity for the coming years, particularly the next.

No Governor who held office when the New England council was organized in Worcester in 1926 is now Governor of any state. But all the present New England Governors will participate actively in the conference this week.

The program will include discussion of topics of interest to industry, the taxpayers, the farmer and the recreational interests of New England.

LEADING SPEAKERS

Outstanding speakers will include James M. Landis, chairman of the securities and exchange commission, Dr. Glenn Frank, president of the University of Wisconsin, and Louis M. Brownlow, director of the public administration clearing house in Chicago.

The Governors will speak at the opening session of the conference Thursday afternoon. Each will also address the gathering representing his own state at dinner Thursday evening.

A new feature will be the first presentation in New England of the new price and production program for industry developed after four years of research by the Brookings Institute of Washington. The program will be discussed Thursday evening by Harold G. Moulin, president of the institution.

Mr. Brownlow will talk on "The Future of the New England Community" and H. J. Baker, chairman of the northeastern agriculture conference, will discuss "Agriculture in the Industrial Northeast."

In an endeavor to promote mutual understanding of regional economic problems, the council has asked O. Max Gardner, former Governor of North Carolina, to be the spokesman for southern industries and W. W. Waymack, associate editor of the Register-Tribune of Des Moines, Ia., to represent the West.

The addresses of Landis, Gardner and Waymack will be given at the Friday afternoon session.

SPECIAL GROUP MEETING

Industrial relationship will be dealt with at a special group meeting Friday morning. Speakers will be Whiting Williams, industrial consultant, Bennett Chappell, vice-president of the American Rolling Mill Company of Middletown, O., Mayor George J. Bates of Salem and George C. Clarke, executive secretary of the Pawtucket, R. I., businessmen's Association.

Taxation, public expenditures and local governmental efficiency will be discussed by John F. Tinsley of Worcester, Judge Howard L. Bevis of the Harvard graduate school of business administration, and H. Findley French, director of the Industrial Bureau of Baltimore.

In the field of recreational development speakers will include Col. William A. Barron, Ernest M. Smith, executive vice-president of the American Automobile Association, Goodrich Murphy, assistant passenger traffic manager of the New Haven railroad, and Frank A. Black, chairman of a council committee which has been making a study of recreational promotion literature.

The agricultural group session speakers will be Harry R. Lewis, chairman of the New England Council's agricultural committee, Dr. John B. Black of Harvard, and Prof. James E. Rice, president of the Northeastern Poultry Producers' Council.

HERALD
Boston, Mass.

NOV 17 1935

10TH CAVALRY SHOW SCHEDULED FOR DEC. 5

More than ever comparable to the horse shows of Boston Garden fame, the annual horse show of the 10th cavalry, Massachusetts national guard, at Commonwealth armory, Dec. 5 to 8, will have more than 30 of the leading stables of the East competing for $3000 in prize money and valuable trophies.

Recently crowned national champions at the Madison Square Garden in New York and scores of top-notch bluebloods known wherever horse show fans gather are entered in the events of the four-day show at the armory.

Curley has accepted the cavalry's invitation to serve as honorary chairman of the affair. It was announced today by Col. Franklin Brown, commanding officer of the regiment and general chairman of the event.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
Boston, Mass.

NOV 17 1935

HERALD
Boston, Mass.

BOOSTERS DINNER WEDNESDAY NIGHT

At a special meeting of the officers and entertainment committee of Automotive Boosters Club of New England at Hotel Kenmore the final plans were approved yesterday for the annual dinner and show of that organization next Wednesday night at Hotel Bradford. It promises to be the most successful ever held by the club.

It is the big social event of automobile show week and the Boston Automobile Dealers Association gives its approval to the club's activity. There will be about 1000 men affiliated with the motor industry throughout New England present many coming here to visit the show and enjoy the dinner.

Plans call for starting the dinner at 7 o'clock. During the course of the entertainment will begin. On the program are some of the best known vaudeville artists from the various theatres. This entertainment will continue through the evening until 10:30.

Gov. James M. Curley, Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield and a number of other prominent people have been invited to attend. There will be no addresses, but an exception will be made if Gov. Curley wishes to address the gathering.

Following the entertainment a number of valuable gifts will be presented to members and their friends. Silvio Amoroso has edited an admirable souvenir book to be given away.

Rhode Island School Head Looms As Curley Choice to Succeed Smith

James G. Reardan of Adams also Strong Candidate

HURLEY TO RETAIN CIVIL SERVICE POST

By W. E. MULLINS

If Gov. Curley eventually decides to deprive Dr. Payson Smith of Brookline of a new term as state commissioner of education, it is highly probable that his final choice for a successor will be between James F. Rockett, Rhode Island's director of education, and James G. Reardan, superintendent of schools at Adams.

Reardon, a Boston College graduate, has an engagement this week with the Governor to present his qualifications for the commissionership and he already has in his possession numerous recommendations from educators who have concluded that this important state post should be given to a younger man than Dr. Smith.

Rockett, a native of Watertown and a graduate of Holy Cross College, is not an active candidate for the commissionership but his qualifications earned in the study of the science of pedagogy at Boston Normal School, Harvard, Boston College and Boston University are said to appeal to the Governor.

He was appointed director of education in Rhode Island early this year after having served as superintendent of schools at Woonsocket. Prior to that he taught in the Boston school system and in the year 1919 he was loaned to the U. S. government for special work in the education and rehabilitation of disabled war veterans.

Howard Haines Murphy of Hyannis is the most conspicuous candidate to succeed Edgar L. Gillett as state commissioner of agriculture while it is believed that Walter V. McCarty of East Boston, former executive director of the Boston board of public welfare, is reasonably sure of being appointed to succeed Richard K. Conant of Lincoln as state commissioner of public welfare.

These are the most important changes pending in the shake-up of state department heads scheduled for Dec. 1 when the terms of nearly a score of the state's prominent executives will expire.

From sources close to the Governor it has been indicated that Lt.-Col. Paul G. Kirk will be retained as commissioner of public safety, that Arthur T. Lyman will continue to serve as commissioner of correction and that James M. Hurley, although recently threatened with elimination from the state service, will be saved as commissioner of civil service.

James T. Moriarty, prominent executive in the state federation of labor, and nominator of the Governor at the 1934 pre-primary convention at Worcester, apparently is slated to succeed the late LeWitt Clinton DeWolf as commissioner of labor and industries, with Councilman Thomas Green favored to succeed Edward Fisher as associate commissioner of labor and industries.

The position held by Samuel A. York as commissioner of conservation has been promised to Representative Ernest J. Dean, Republican from Chilmark, and it is reliably reported that Philip A. Chapman can have Maj. George J. Cronin's position as state purchasing agent if he so desires.

No definite successor has been selected for Joseph B. Jacobs as member of the metropolitan district commission but the Governor has let it be known that he cannot have another term.

The refusal of Lt.-Gov. Joseph L. Hurley and other Democrats in the executive council to agree to confirm a successor to Hurley as state civil service commissioner is believed to have been the deciding factor in the decision to retain him, because the Governor bluntly told Hurley's sponsors more than a month ago that a Boston Democrat would be given this commissionership.

In spite of the strong pressure being brought to bear in favor of the retention of Dr. Smith, the Governor is determined for reasons of his own to place this department under a new head. The refusal of Prof. Robert E. Rogers of Massachusetts Institute of Technology to consider a proffer of the position has cleared the way for the Governor to some extent in his original plans for a change.

The striking qualifications possessed by Rockett and his reluctance to leave his present Rhode Island post apparently have intrigued the Governor, because there are nearly a score of active candidates for Dr. Smith's position.

Several of these nominations probably will be submitted to the executive council at next Wednesday's regular weekly session with the rest to be presented at the meeting scheduled for Nov. 27.
Laying the cornerstone of Somerville's $203,000 postoffice. Left to right—William E. Brown, construction engineer; Thomas F. Buckley, state auditor; Arthur D. Healey, congressman; Peter F. Tague, Boston postmaster; Frederick J. White, president of the Union Square Business Men's Association.

NEW P. O. STARTED IN SOMERVILLE

Oratory Principal Part of Cornerstone Exercises

Exercises replete with oratory yesterday accompanied the laying of the cornerstone of a $203,000 postoffice building in the Union Square district of Somerville. Three hundred persons braved a drizzle to listen to two hours of speeches and see the first trowel work on a structure which is scheduled for occupancy in June.

Congressman Arthur D. Healey and Peter F. Tague, acting postmaster of Boston, wielded the trowel. In order to do this amateur labor, they were handed union cards by Neil MacKenzie, a union official. Mr. Tague insisted that Mr. Healey, as one prominent in the effort to give Somerville a new postoffice building, should keep the trowel as a souvenir.

In the principal speech of a program almost entirely devoted to speech-making, Owen A. Keen of Washington, chief clerk of the postoffice department, praised citizens for constructive thinking in regard to political problems. As a representative of James A. Farley, postmaster general, he pointed out that the postoffice department, once a drain on public coffers, has supported itself for two years.

Frederick J. White, president of the Union Square Business Men's Association, was chairman of the exercises. Among the speakers were Mayor James E. Hagan of Somerville; Leslie E. Knox, who will succeed Mr. Hagen as mayor; Michael J. Conley, superintendent of the Somerville postoffice; James C. Scanlon, state senator, and William E. Brown, U. S. construction engineer. Band music was furnished by the William L. Harris post, American Legion.
LOCAL POLITICS

By W. E. MULLINS

Of all the municipal election results so far this fall, the one that probably was the hardest for Gov. Curley to accept was the victory of Edward J. Voke over Representative William H. Melley in the contest for mayor of Chelsea. Not that the Governor has anything against Mr. Voke or any high regard for Mr. Melley. In fact, he probably does not know the new mayor-elect.

The Governor, however, does know Mr. Voke's chief sponsor, Mayor Lawrence F. Quigley of Chelsea, who holds down a lucrative state job as commandant of the Soldiers' Home in Massachusetts, from which the Governor is powerless to remove him. The Governor probably would go to almost any length to put a new commandant on the job.

He tried to have the Legislature turn the home back to the federal government and thus abolish the job, but his bill to accomplish this was defeated. The board of seven trustees was appointed by former Gov. Ely and the executive council will not permit him to remove the board and appoint a new group.

For years Mr. Quigley has probably been the Governor's most severe critic in the Democratic party, but Mr. Quigley is a warm friend of Councillor Daniel H. Coakley and not even the newly re-established friendship between the councillor and the Governor is sufficient to persuade Mr. Coakley to interfere with Mr. Quigley's hold on his job.

Mr. Quigley did an artistic job in the recent Chelsea election. Mr. Melley had been preparing for this contest ever since he was beaten two years ago, but the mayor picked out Mr. Voke, persuaded him three months ago to change his Republican enrolment to Democratic, and he walked into the office without even a hard fight.

EFFECT OF CHELSEA RESULT

This Chelsea election result, just as those in Worcester, Somerville and Lowell, will make it all the more difficult for the Governor to organize his campaign for next year. In Worcester, Somerville and Lowell, the new Republican mayors will be in position to organize their cities politically against the 1936 election, while the Governor will be forced to proceed in Chelsea without an officially friendly administration.

These new Republican mayors-elect, incidentally, will be the guests of honor at a victory banquet to be staged the night of Dec. 2 at the Boston Chamber of Commerce by the Republican Club of Massachusetts. The Republican victors in the other special legislative elections in Salem and Maynard also have been invited to attend, and it should be quite an event because it has been a long time since the Republicans have had a chance to celebrate any substantial victories in Massachusetts.

The same club tomorrow night is staging a sort of rally at the Hotel Statler to which have been invited all the prospective candidates for nominations for high office on next year's Republican ticket.

The list of speakers includes Leverett Saltonstall, John W. Haigis, Henry Parkman, Jr., Joseph E. Warner, Mark M. Duff, Warren L. Bishop, James F. Cavanagh, Sinclair Weeks, Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., Winfield A. Schuster and Robert T. Bushnell. No restrictions will be in force and the audience probably will be given some pertinent arguments with respect to the character and quality of the candidates who should be selected to represent the party next year.

OTHER NAMES

Other names that well might be added to this list are those of Dist. Attys. Edmund R. Dewing, William C. Crossley and Owen A. Hoban, Judges Kenneth D. Johnson and Frankland L. Miles, Councillor Joseph B. Grossman and former Postmaster William E. Hurley, all of whom are being urged by their political friends to seek places on the ticket.

The numerous successes of the Republicans in the special and municipal elections undoubtedly are responsible for the widespread demand for recognition by the many candidates who are stepping out in various sections of the commonwealth. Some of them have become convinced that a Republican ticket, regardless of the identity of the various candidates, is sure to be elected next year.

While it is true that the signs point to a sweeping victory of that character, the fact is that enthusiasm born of success is responsible for this attitude. The shrewd politicians know that the outcome of the state election will depend almost entirely on the candidates that are nominated.

The ruthless tactics that have been employed by the Governor are helping the Republican cause, and the sweep he has been preparing to make in next month's long batch of appointments will stimulate the general public dissatisfaction.

Gov. Curley has definitely established the practice of making political rewards out of the jobs in the various state departments. Quality of service and devotion to duty by Republicans and Democrats no longer are to count and the only recourse for the Republicans will be to retaliate when they again are in office by turning out every Democrat. In the past the Republicans have not used the appointments of department heads as political patronage, but they are learning an expensive lesson.
Red Cross First-Aid Stations to Dot New England, Combating Careless Driver

Menace

We have a war at our very doors:
One hundred and ninety-six men, women and children were killed, 15,316 other persons were injured last year.

What are we going to do about it?

The Red Cross comes to the rescue and Ramone E. Eaton, field representative in Greater Boston, is now establishing first aid stations in this area. This is a story of this great new important work.

"Rushing" an injured person to the hospital is bad business. Yet almost every report of a road accident, signs scattered here and there to say they will have their effect in warning all drivers to be careful.

It is planned to have two trained first-aiders at each station and the usual Red Cross equipment for prompt treatment.

A Thousand First-Aid Stations

This determined move by the Red Cross to do its part in lessening automobile accidents will reach a thousand first-aid stations in this area. This is a new instance, has the "rushing" statement. Persons will have preliminary medical treatment on the spot, and often the "rushing" will save some life and r-r-r.

If the injured man is "rushed" before he receives any medical attention, he may lose an unnecessary amount of blood and, if he has a fracture, his suffering may be greatly lessened even to involving permanent injury.

For these reasons, the American Red Cross has just launched a campaign in the country and it plans to have highway first-aid stations everywhere they are needed so that, if possible, the man or woman in an automobile smash-up or may have some kind of immediate treatment at the scene of the accident and before he is jack-knifed into the car of a well-meaning helper and goes through the "rushing" process.

In New England there will be at least a thousand of these highways first-aid stations as soon as they can be set up. In Greater Boston the quota is 29 stations and the first one has already been established at the Belmont police station in charge of Captain John J. O'Brien, who is trained in Red Cross first-aid methods. These stations as a rule, will be in police stations, fire houses, filling stations and the like; and good-sized metal signs along the roads will indicate the presence of these stations.

Many Lives Can Be Saved

Ramone S. Eaton, the field representative in Greater Boston, says of this new programme, "We know, out of our experience, that with proper and immediate first-aid care, many of the lives lost on our highways might be saved and further serious results to others greatly reduced."

"Many accidents occur where it is not possible to obtain the services of a doctor at once; and to be most effective first aid should be given at the scene of an accident."

So we believe we are returning to the roads a Good Samaritan in the guise of a highly trained Red Cross first-aider.

"Working in every State in the Union and through our 290 chapters we plan to offer our first-aid training to the State highway patrols, and they will make valuable outputs for life-saving before the doctor or hospital can be reached.

"The telephone companies and other public service companies have many men trained in first aid and we are travelling the highways, and we shall greatly enlarge the number of these trained aiders."

"Everywhere the programme is being taken up enthusiastically, and George P. Johnson, director of first aid at the Boston Metropolitan Chapter, has arranged for local stations in different Massachusetts towns, as follows:

New First-Aid Station Locations

1—North Woburn—Route 38.
2—Woburn—Routes 8 and 118.
3—Revere (Point of Pine)—North Shore road (Route 1A) and Revere Beach Parkway.
4—Revere—Lynn Marsh road (Route 107).
5—Revere—International Highway (Route 60), near Mulberry Field.
6—Revere—Everett-Calloway—Revere Beach Parkway (Route 1A), beyond Webster avenue.
7—East Boston—McCollan Highway (Summer Street Highway bridge), 
8—South End—Whitney Street (Route 9).
9—South End—Revere Beach Parkway.
10—Brookline—Fire Station, Brookline Fire Department.
11—Belmont—Pleasant Street (Route 60), near Dedham Line.
12—Woburn—Indian Avenue (Route 1A), near Dedham Line.
13—Brookline—Revere Beach Parkway.
14—Brookline—Route 8 near Hammond street.
15—Brockton—Colony Boulevard (Morgan Street).
16—West Roxbury—Street (Route 90) near Dedham Line.
17—West Roxbury—Street (Route 90) near Dedham Line.
18—Boston—Route 1A.
19—South Boston—Route 1A near Dedham Line.
20—South Boston—Route 1A near Dedham Line.
21—Revere—Everett-Calloway—Revere Beach Parkway.
22—South Braintree—Route 8 near Chilmark Street.
23—South Braintree—Route 8 near Holbrook Line.

Death List Terrific High

In the territory of the Boston Metropolitan Chapter, according to the report of the registrar of motor vehicles, 201 persons were killed in motor accidents in 1934, and 15,316 other persons were injured. The figures for fatalities and casualties in the country over were high enough to make one pause and ask what the country is coming to. The Red Cross is attempting therefore to answer this question.

"Lack of this programme and offering fullest co-operation are Governor Curley, Mayor Mansfield, Registrar Goodwin, and Lewis E. MacBrayne, general manager of the Massachusetts Safety Council," goes on Mr. Eaton. "Other supporters of the Red Cross efforts are Dr. Frederic J. Cottin, chairman of the Mayor's committee on ambulance service—a committee just established; Dr. Charles Scudder, chairman of the re..."
And What to Do About It

"It is my firm belief that this Red Cross plan for Massachusetts will have a decided effect on reducing the accident rate in Massachusetts, and, when unfortunately, accidents do occur, prompt attention will not only ease the suffering of the victim, but frequently will prevent loss of life."

The Massachusetts Safety Council, of which General John H. Sheburne is the president, gives warm endorsement to the new plan of the American Red Cross for the establishment of highway first-aid stations at strategic points in New England. Lewis E. MacBrayne, general manager of the council, in conference with National Red Cross officers in Washington last week, told them that in the last six years 1,461 persons had been killed and 285,225 injured by motor vehicles in Massachusetts, and that it was approximate a war, it was as close to it as anyone desired to come.

"New Massachusetts Safety Council is of the opinion that the first-aid stations will not only reduce the severity of injuries received, especially where the person may die from loss of blood, but the constant sight of the highway signs marking the stations will remind motorists that they are on a road of high accident frequency," Mr. Mac- Brayne said.

First Aid Most Vital

"We have had many reports of accidents that occurred in the country between towns, where a doctor was not available within a distance of several miles. Passing motorists, anxious to be of assistance, but not trained in first aid, do further injury by their method of transportation."

Mr. Eaton says, in conclusion: "You see we have a war at our very doors—a war against reckless driving, and a war to prevent careless handling of injured persons. But we are waging a war to save lives—not to take them. Leading State and safety officials are with us, all right-minded persons and persons of sense are with us."

Governor Curley, former President A. D. Eaton, and Mrs. Citation, study this programme and help us? Do you share in this life-saving movement? Because it is this plan to stop the careless handling of injured persons that we are waging a war to save lives—not to take them. Leading State and safety officials are with us, all right-minded persons and persons of sense are with us."

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FOUR STATE HEADS MAY KEEP JOBS

Many Expected to Be Replaced by End of Month

BY ROBERT T. BRADY

In the group of State department heads whose terms expire during the next two weeks, only four appear to have better than an even chance of being reappointed, according to close friends of Governor Curley, and last-minute changes of mind by the Governor in these instances may eliminate them from the public service.

LONG MAY STAY

In the opinion of those who are known to be generally "on the inside," Henry F. Long, commissioner of corporations and taxation; Paul G. Kirk, commissioner of public safety; Charles F. Cronin, chairman of the State Racing Commission, and Arthur T. Lyman, commissioner of correction, are regarded at the present moment as likely reappointees.

In the event that Governor Curley is not able finally to persuade Professor Richard K. Hale of Brookline, associate commissioner of labor and industry, to accept an appointment as commissioner of education, it is regarded as likely that Fayson Smith may be allowed to hold over pending further developments, after Dec. 1, the date on which his term expires. It is believed, however, that the Governor is at the present determined not to reappoint Mr. Smith at the close of his present term, despite the strong endorsements which he has been able to show to the Governor recently.

McSweeney Urges Hurley

Those who have had opportunity to observe Governor's keen desire to have Professor Rogers take the place feel certain that he will still make every possible effort to go through with his plans, which may have been put before the Governor by the Boston Teachers' Union. Because of a long-time school-day friendship in Marlboro, Professor Eugene M. McSweeney of Boston is understood to be making a most earnest effort to have the Governor name James H. Hurley of Marlboro as Civil Service Commissioner. At the same time there have been reports that the Hurley post would be given to City Councillor Thomas H. Green of Charlestown, who did not seek re-election. It is understood, however, that he expected to be named to a State position.

Fighting for York

Within the last week or two considerable pressure has been brought by various sportmen's clubs elsewhere for the retention in office of Samuel A. York, commissioner of conservation. But his relations with Governor Curley are said to have been friendly and he may be permitted to hold the job.

Many of the friends of the Governor, however, thing that Mr. York and his friends have more work to do to prevent his being placed. Although there is no falling out as to the identity of his probable successor. It is likely that if Mr. York should fail of reappointment, he would become a Democratic candidate for Congress in the First District against Congressman Treadway next fall.

Edgar D. Gillett, commissioner of agriculture, is also an Ely appointee, and for that reason many of the Governor's intimates believe his chances are not good for reappointment, particularly in view of the fact that he is a former Westfield neighbor and is personally close to the former Governor.

Fisher on Thin Ice

Edward Fisher of Lowell, associate commissioner of labor and industry, is another official generally regarded as being on thin ice as far as Governor Curley is concerned. As a Democrat, he is a member of the House and Senate, Mr. Fisher is chairman of the State Board of Arbitration. As such he has been obliged to intervene in controversies between employers and employees over a long period of years. Although he has acquired some enmities, although he may be permitted to hold the fort. Efforts made recently in behalf of an opposition candidate are known to have failed to appeal to the Governor at the time.

Fisher is regarded at the present moment as likely to be succeeded by a Democrat.

Green May Succeed Hale

In this connection there is a possibility of a change in the Governor's plans to some extent. When Senator Charles F. Connors got his original appointment as a member of the State Racing Commission from former Governor Ely, it is believed certain that Mr. Connors will be reappointed.

Kirk Likely to Keep Job

Colonel Paul G. Kirk's reappointment as commissioner of public safety has been freely predicted at the State House during the past week, although prior to that time there was considerable talk to the effect that he would lose his official head. Commissioner Kirk has disagreed with the Governor on some important questions during the year, notably when the Governor announced his intention of transferring the State detective force from the department of public safety to the office of the Attorney-General, and again on the matter of reappointment of former Governor Louis B. Banner.

Moriarty in DeWolf's Place

It is generally believed in labor circles that the Governor will select James T. Moriarty as commissioner of labor and industry to succeed the late DeWolf Clinton Doherty. Moriarty has been one of the most loyal supporters of the Governor for years. He was selected by the Governor as the man to place him in nomination at the pre-primary convention in Worcester last year. He is extremely popular with labor or-
Mrs. Larz Anderson Heads Pourers

Countess Elektra Rosanska, operatic soprano, formerly of the San Carlo Opera of Naples and Staats Opera of Berlin, will give a programme of songs and music Sunday afternoon, Nov. 31, at 4:30 o'clock in the Empire Room of Hotel Vendome, Boston. Harold Chapman, Boston pianist, will be the assisting artist and "high tea" will be served in the candle-lighted salon at which Countess Rosanska will greet her guests at the close of the musicale.

Officiating at the tea will be Mrs. Larz Anderson, Mrs. Edward D. Donnelly, Jr. (Mary Curley), Mrs. Joseph H. Hurley, wife of the Lieutenant-Governor of Massachusetts; Mrs. Malcolm Bradley French, Mrs. James J. Phelan, Mrs. Frank Sawyer, Miss Katherine Cunningham Gray and Mrs. William Arms Fisher.

Mrs. Larz Anderson Heads Pourers

Governor James M. Curley has accepted the invitation to be the honorary chairman of the annual horse show to be staged at Commonwealth Armory, Dec. 5 to 8. It was announced today by Colonel Philip L. Brown, commanding officer of the regiment and general chairman of the event.

The honor of making the first entry in the show belongs to Miss Marion Atherton, Swampscott equestrienne, who will show her sensational new combination saddle and driving star, Peeping Moon.

Miss Judy King, Webster Knight II, Of West Warwick, R. I., and Mrs. Florence F. Dibble, Newbury will furnish thrill for the horse lovers by exhibiting their famous four-in-hands.

There will be a coaching class this year for the first time in the cavalry exhibition. Mrs. Dibble, donor of the "Flowing Gold" trophy which her former national saddle champion will present "in person," plans to show 10 horses.

Boston real estate promoters are seeking government insurance of a $3,800,000 limited-dividend, low-cost housing development for Washington Heights at Commonwealth avenue and Washington street, Brighton.

John F. Malley, State FHA director, announced yesterday that he has been asked by FHA officials in Washington to survey general housing conditions in Boston. On his report, it was indicated, FHA officials in Washington will make up their minds whether or not to approve federal insurance of 80 per cent of the $3,800,000. Insurance would last for 30 years.

This is the third project of such magnitude to be forwarded from Boston for government assistance. The huge Neptune Gardens housing development for East Boston was defeated by local real estate interests when the PWA several years ago was asked to finance it.

A Columbia Gardens project for South Boston also failed to make the grade several years ago. It was to occupy a site further out than the $6,000,000 Old Harbor Village housing project which the government is now constructing opposite Columbia Park.

Says Governor Behind It

On report here that the FHA is being asked by local interests to assist a $3,800,000 development of Washington Heights, Mrs. Hannah Connors, of Milton, protested vigorously. She charged that Governor Curley is "behind this project as well as similar ones in Hyde Park, Jamaica Plain and the North and South Ends of Boston."

"Why these people cannot let real estate alone I cannot see," she said.

"There are already more than enough vacant houses for the lowest rent, middle class rents and the highest rents without building any more houses."

"Such projects as these will merely draw people out of the homes they now live in and leave them vacant. Then what is the owner going to use for tax money?"
Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
Boston Mass.
POST
Boston, Mass.

NEW SOMERVILLE P. O.
Building Is Dedicated

LAYING CORNERSTONE FOR POSTOFFICE
At the spot where the first American flag was unfurled after the battle of Lexington, the cornerstone of the new Somerville postoffice was laid yesterday. This photo shows the stone being laid in place.

Acting Postmaster Peter F. Tague laid the cornerstone of the new $300,000 Somerville postoffice building at Bonner avenue and Washington street, yesterday. Several hundred persons stood through the wintry blasts during the ceremony. Frederick J. White, president of the Union Square Business Men's Association, presided at the exercises after being introduced by Michael J. Conley, superintendent of the Somerville branch postoffice.

Governor Curley was represented by State Auditor venues B. Buckley of Abington and Postmaster-General James A. Farley by Owen A. Keen, chief, clerk of the Postoffice Department at Washington. They were among the speakers as were also U. S. Marshal John J. Murphy, Congressman Arthur D. Henley, State Senator James C. Scanlan, Mayor James E. Hagan and Mayor-elect Leslie E. Knox.

The Rev. James H. Phelan, pastor of St. Joseph's Church, offered the invocation, and benediction was pronounced by the Rev. Walter B. Jerge, pastor of the Prospect Hill Congregational Church. The exercises were brought to a close by the rendering of the "Star Spangled Banner."
Gatelee Asserts State Labor Federation Wants Moriarty As Late Dewolf's Successor

Says He Possesses Confidence of Employers and Workers and Is Fitted to Carry On Governor Curley's Policies; Warns Against 'Untried Man or Impractical Theorist'

BOSTON, Nov. 18—James T. Moriarty, former president of the State Federation of Labor, will be appointed state commissioner of labor and industries if he desires the position, Gov. Curley announced today.

Special Dispatch to The Daily News. Boston, Nov. 18—President John F. Gatelee of the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor, in a statement today concerning the several candidates seen, the birth of state commissioner of labor and industries, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dewitt C. Dewolf of Chester, declared that the federation wants James T. Moriarty, the former president, as commissioner. Gatelee's statement in full follows:

"In the interest of the million men and women wage-earners of Massachusetts, we are vitally interested in making sure that the man chosen to head the department, labor and industries, possesses the character, experience and capacity to administer faithfully the department which so closely affects their economic welfare, physical health and daily livelihood—even their very lives. These people and their families look to Governor Curley to select a man whose ability and whose determination have been proved beyond possible doubt."

"Today we especially need a real leader in the labor department. Economic disputes and conflict ever imminent, endanger the march forward to better conditions. Such disputes can be minimized and conflicts averted only if the wage-earners of Massachusetts have real confidence in the sincerity, knowledge and zeal of the personnel in the department of labor."

"For the best interests of the employers, the man chosen must be one who possesses the confidence of the employers, who has the ability to judge each case on its merits. The commissioner of labor must be able to keep the wheels of industry moving under decent conditions which assure the employers their profits and the employees adequate wages, suitable hours and proper working conditions."

"Massachusetts, unfortunately, has had too many glaring examples of wrong administration in the labor department. I believe this was one of the major reasons which caused our convention last year to take an active and wholehearted part in the state election in 1932. We were confident that Governor Curley would not give us a new deal in the labor department by making unsuitable appointments as vacancies occurred. We are sure he will choose a man whom employers and employees alike will trust implicitly and work with wholeheartedly."

"We are sincere in saying that we want a man who is already trusted on both sides. This year, for the first time, labor and industry got together on legislative matters. We found there were many measures on which we could agree and for which we could work together in the interests of all the people of our state. As a result of these meetings and the Governor's sincere interest in labor measures, in the first year of his administration, labor saw more of its proposals enacted into law than ever before. But legislation without wise administration is useless. Without a good labor commissioner, our legislative gains will mean nothing."

"There is no question in our minds as to the name of the man who most fitted for this position, Labor has known him through many years of faithful service, successful deliberation, ready to base his honest decision on the facts of each case. The Governor himself has long known the value of his steady, wholehearted friendship and sage advice."

"The Massachusetts Federation of Labor looks forward with confidence to the appointment of James T. Moriarty as commissioner of labor and industries and pledges to Governor Curley that our membership stands ready for the utmost cooperation with decent employers throughout the state under an administration of the fine, enlightened laws which have resulted from the cooperation of employer and employee and the Governor's legislative program."

James G. Reardon, superintendent of schools in Adams since July 1 of last year, is considered a likely candidate for the post of commissioner of education, now held by Dr. Payson Smith, Boston newspapers reported yesterday. The Evening Post reports had it that Reardon, who is a graduate of Boston College, has an appointment with Gov. James M. Curley this week, during which the possibility of his succeeding Dr. Smith will be discussed.

Last week Reardon's correspondent in Adams failed to locate Supt. Reardon. Mrs. Reardon proved uncommunicative and said the superintendent could not be reached last night. In Adams, although it was understood that Mr. Reardon had said nothing about the possibility of his being appointed to the state post, there had been reports that he was being considered for the position.

Since he came to Adams in July, Mr. Reardon has won the favor of pupils, teachers and parents of the present pupil population. His appointment brings an annual salary of $300. He lives on B street, and came to Adams from East Bridgewater, where he held a similar position. Reports have it that his wife's father, the late Judge Thorndike, wielded some influence in East Bridgewater and surrounding cities and towns, and that the thought was hazarded last night that it may be through this connection that Mr. Reardon came to the attention of Gov. Curley, as a possible choice for commissioner of education.
O'Donnell Points to Tender Heart of Gov Curley in Retaining Late Mr De Wolfe in Office

Latter, Holyoke Man States, Was Appointee of Curley's Bitterest Enemy, Joseph B. Ely

Holyoke, Nov. 18—In a letter to the public today former postmaster at the Fourth Estate has not painted the picture of Gov James M. Curley as it should be painted. There are certain phases of the governor's nature which the press has not and some say Mr. Curley himself should be brought out. He points to the tender heart of the governor in allowing DeWitt DeWolfe to remain in office although appointed to that office by Mr. Curley's bitterest enemy, the former Governor Joseph B. Ely. His letter is as follows:

"I feel that the editors throughout our state have expressed a fine appreciation of the personality and color of the late DeWitt C. DeWolfe, and I share with them the thought that Joseph B. Ely, ex-Governor, made a fine appointment when he selected the 'Sage of Chester' for his eloquent secretary, and later promoted him to the position of Commissioner of Labor and Industries.

"But, is it not the duty of the Fourth Estate to present the whole picture? To present the entire truth unbiased and free, the truth which reflects the perfect mirror of the mind and does not hold back or secrete the fact that it was for ex-Governor Ely to name his friend, was it not finer, more noble and magnanimous of the present Governor, James M. Curley, to retain in that office of commissioner of labor and industries, the invalid friend of his political enemy? The great poet said that, "Revenge has ears more deaf than adders to the voice of any true decision." But, however militant our Governor may be with people in good health, he showed the finest of manhood in his consideration for the sick Commissioner.

"Again, when that commissioner expressed the desire to some of his friends, myself among the, that he would like to leave the Bellevue hotel, O'Donnell while place he conducted his duties, and go to his home in the Berkshire hills, would be better cared for, a consideration the governor gave his heartiest approval and encouragement to allow Mr. DeWolfe to try to regain his health at his home on the heights of Chester.

"It has become almost a regular function of many scribes to paint the picture of our present governor without disclosing this tenderness of heart and manhood that was so marked in the case of Mr. DeWitt C. DeWolfe, and the picture of the manhood that is shown by the Governor in his life as a pure and loyal husband and for his children."

News
Springfield, Mass.

REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.

NORTH ADAMS MAN SAID POSSIBLE HEAD FOR STATE SCHOOLS
Supt. Reardon Reported Likely Candidate to Succeed Dr Smith as Education Commissioner

James G. Reardon, superintendent of schools in Adams since July 1 of this year, is considered a likely candidate for the post of commissioner of education, now held by Dr Payson Smith, Boston newspapers reported yesterday. The Boston reports had it that Reardon, who is a graduate of Boston college, has an appointment with Gov James M. Curley this week, during which the possibility of his succeeding Dr Smith will be discussed.

Last night it was announced that the thoughtful consideration which our brilliant Governor gave to my late personal friend, DeWitt C. DeWolfe, Massachusetts may well be proud of our governor, who is one of the dynamic forces that makes the world go round and still possesses all of the solid virtues of old New England, with a culture that excelled most of Johnnie Harvard's sons.

"In the simple interest of truth, even in a delicate matter of this kind, knowing the facts that are involved here, I feel that the public should distinctly have their attention called to the thoughtful consideration which our brilliant Governor gave to my late personal friend, DeWitt C. DeWolfe, Massachusetts may well be proud of our governor, who is one of the dynamic forces that makes the world go round and still possesses all of the solid virtues of old New England, with a culture that excelled most of Johnnie Harvard's sons.

O'Toole is Mentioned For State Appointment

O'Toole said he had no comment to make upon the reports.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

POST

O'Toole Is Mentioned For State Appointment

(Special to The Post)

BOSTON, Nov. 18—The name of Councilman Maurice V. O'Toole of Worcester was being mentioned in State House circles today as a possible successor to the late DeWitt C. DeWolfe of Chester as a member of the State Board of Labor and Industries. The birth pays $7,500 annually and the appointment would be for five years.

O'Toole is now a member of the State Board of Tax Appeals. He managed the Curley campaign in Worcester last fall.

He also has been mentioned as a possible appointee to the public safety commission.

O'Toole's nobility had no comment to make upon the reports.
Baker Inducted

BOSTON. — J. Arthur Baker, former Republican member of the Governor's council was inducted today as the exercises were held in the first jury waive session of Suffolk Superior court.

Above Party Lines

It is unfortunate that newspapers opposed to the theories of the New Deal are berated as reactionaries, diehards and Tories. Yet to many an independent publisher the issue transcends party lines. The issue is clearly, as the Detroit Free Press recently explained in a full page editorial:

"The rights of the individual American citizen against the tyranny of bureaucracy,

"The battle is for American independence against Communism and Fascism.

Emphasizing the fact that it is neither pro-Republican nor anti-Democratic, The Free Press recalls the Democratic platform of 1932 and considers it "one of the finest ever presented the voters by a major political party."

What happened to this platform? "Roosevelt, "explains The Free Press," gave his word of honor at Chicago that he would carry it out 100 percent. He did; he carried it out to the alley and dropped it into the ash can.

"As President he has gathered around him a nebulous collection of half-baked theorists, some Communist, some Fascist, in their leanings. He has imported to this country warring ideas from the conflicting schools of thought that dominate dictator-ridden Europe."

"The battle is for American individualism, American courage, American initiative, American thrift and American industry," end the Free Press.

"And we pray to God that it will carry on through the generations to come against the forces that would Stalinize, Hitlerize or Mussolinize our people—that this historic institution of journalism will never deviate in its way to safeguard our Democratic-Republican heritage of government, of and by and for the people."

Every one of the great automobile manufacturers of the country are this fall flocking back to the newspapers as the most effective and cheapest medium by which to reach the greatest number of prospective buyers. Here's a lesson to every advertiser, small or large.

L. — R. — H.

Up With The Times

By L. R. H.

Hedging? — An unequivocal assertion that the nation's business need feel no "uncertainty as to what may come in the future with respect to governmental measures" came last week from Secretary Hoover. Major significance was attached by those who have followed Mr. Roosevelt's legislative program and pronouncements of economic-social policy to these two statements in Mr. Roper's speech: "The basic program of reform has been completed. I am convinced that we are to be motivated primarily by the assumption that bigness must be penalized and restricted merely because of its size, broad and penetrating recovery will be impossible."

L. — R. — H.

For Safety — Efforts of newspapers and municipal governments were given credit for the current reduction in the nation's traffic death toll by the National Safety Council last week.

The press has aroused public opinion while officials of many cities had pressed vigorous drives to compel safe and sane driving, said Sidney J. Williams, head of the council's division of public safety.

Williams praised the efforts of the press to reduce motor-vehicle deaths. At least fifty newspapers are printing pledges through which motorists promise to be careful.

This newspaper is among the many which are waging a continuing campaign in story and cartoon against careless, incompetent, reckless and drunken driving on our highways, with good results; but the complete cooperation of all good citizens is needed to accomplish the real objective, stressed in his report every week by Register of Motor Vehicles Frank Goodwin.

L. — R. — H.

The famous crack in the Liberty bell is more than 100 years old. Some other cracks in liberty are newer.

— The Miami Herald. And far more dangerous.

L. — R. — H.

IN THE MIRE — In an editorial entitled "Massachusetts, c'est nos," the Harvard Crimson, undergraduates daily, styled Governor Curley as "the man who has dragged the governorship of Massachusetts down to a level where almost no one has confidence in, or respect for, it."

The editorial reads as follows:

"With the autocrat's usual contempt for criticism, Governor Curley has forced through the appointment of Arthur Baker as judge of the Massachusetts Superior Court. Even a hardy political homotader like President Roosevelt should take off his hat to his Boston understudy who has exchanged
with a member of his own executive council one of the highest judicial posts in the Commonwealth in return for the failure to vote on an important appointment.

"In wording their letter of protest against the Baker appointment the members of the Bar Association expressed a hope which was too optimistic and a politeness and respect which His Excellency hardly deserves. Black may be white, and Mr. Blake may be Galahad fresh from the table round, as the Bar tactfully suggested, but public opinion has been quite definitely on the other side. One would, of course, like to think that the appointment is a case of "post hoc sed non propter hoc," and this thesis is just as absurdly as Mussolini's recent self-appointment as the Abraham Lincoln of the dark continent.

"No one will be surprised at the governor's blustering indictment of the Bar Association's efforts. The motives of most people are not always as clear as those of Mr. Curley himself, but it appears obvious that the Bar saw a glaring injustice in the Baker appointment and voiced its unqualified disapproval as under our form of government all citizens have a right to do. The association was certainly not dictating an appointment, merely trying to prevent a poor one.

"All the quotations from Rufus Choate the Bar Association can summon up will have little enough effect upon the man holding the whip in the State House. To say that such a rank political trick endangers public confidence in the courts is too obvious a truth to emphasize. But, after all, what influence can such a trivial consideration have upon the Napoleonic mind of Mr. Curley? It is almost comic to hope that the integrity of the judiciary will mean anything to the man who dragged the governorship of Massachusetts down to a level where almost no one has confidence in, or respect for it."

L. E. H.

I would like to see every public and private relief-giving agency in this country adopt the ruling that children under sixteen years in families receiving relief must not leave school for work.—Courtenay Dimwiddie, National Child Labor Committee.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
Boston Mass.

ENTERPRISE
Brockton, Mass.

NOV 18 1935

Investigators Took Time Off.

The appointment weeks ago of some 25 investigators for the motor truck division of the State department of public utilities drew general condemnation as flagrant payment of political debts by way of the public treasury. Civil service requirements were disregarded. The essential qualification was to be "on the inside." Confirming this general impression is the reported dismissal of Thomas J. McCabe, former gardener at the governor's Jamaicaway home. McCabe gave up gardening for a $50-a-day job as one of the State auditors at the race and dog tracks, where, it may be, he was competent, although auditors don't grow in gardens.

When the tracks closed he was taken care of—made a motor investigator. What sort of investigator may be gleaned from a comment by Chairman Attwill of the utilities department: "As I gather the facts, no one knew where McCabe was half the time." Furthermore, the practice was so general that recently the investigators were called in and warned that their work was unsatisfactory.

The dismissal of the man said to be the worst offender is important only in so far as it shows what type of service the State may expect when fitness is secondary to politics.

Boston Mass.

ENTERPRISE
Brockton, Mass.

NOV 18 1935

Case of Dr. Payson Smith.

The last word from the governor's office was that he has not definitely decided to reappoint Dr. Payson Smith, State commissioner of education, or replace him. Developments so far indicate that Dr. Smith will not be reappointed. He doesn't wear the right political tag.

Not that one political tag or another matters in Dr. Smith's work, which has to do solely with education, and which, according to the Massachusetts School Superintendents Association, is a record of "eminently successful work." Brockton indorses this finding.

It will be a loss to public education if Dr. Smith is not continued in the post he has filled so creditably. There is extraordinary unanimity of opinion among educators on this point, with Supt. Patrick T. Campbell of the Boston school department as one of Dr. Smith's warmest admirers.

The State has need of officials whose ability and fairness and high standards win such unanimous indorsement. Gov. Curley may have his own ideas. The matter is in his hands.
Every Red Cross membership button is a decoration.

A fan had to be fortified with more than enthusiasm to enjoy himself in the football bowl Saturday.

Ramsay MacDonald made an honest attempt to serve his country instead of his political constituency. You may have noticed what happened to him in the British general election.

Gov. Curley finds no fault with Payson Smith, State commissioner of education, yet is not to reappoint the commissioner. Blame the spoils system practiced by both political parties.

Two "Big Money" Projects Proposed

The two most sizeable projects were the construction of a new bridge across the Taunton river at a point north of the location of the Brightman street span and the wrecked Slade's Ferry bridge, and the installation of a sewage disposal system along the waterfront.

This plan of financing is not acceptable for the city, so it was decided if either project was worked, it would have to be on a 100% Federal contribution basis. Thus far the government has shown no disposition to give the city any full measure grant and the two projects are still in the "talked about" stage.

The bridge, of course, is the less-likely-to-be-started because the politicians have some say in it.

Until such time as Governor Curley and his devoted lieutenant, Joseph L. Hurley, forget politics and give some thought to the needs of the latter's "good neighbors" in Fall River, there is likely to be little done about a new bridge. Federal authorities say it is up to the State Department of Public Works whose officials, in turn, claim Lieutenant Governor Hurley is giving the project his personal attention.

Events of the past several months indicate Mr. Hurley has been too busily engaged aiding Mr. Curley to pay off political debts with positions on the bench and in this city to be bothered with the little matter of giving a few hundred thousand people another means of entering and leaving his home city.

The bridge project, indeed, seems to be definitely tied up in political red tape by Mr. Hurley and others of the Curley administration.

The only hope Fall River people have of cutting the red tape seems to lie in the fact that 1936 is election year and when votes become a necessity of life for the men who feed at the public trough, they develop an amazing interest in the welfare of the people everywhere.

So, to steal an expression that helped sell many a copy of a humorous magazine—where there's life, there's hope, even when the politicians are involved.

Mayor Opposes Sewerage Disposal Plant

Mayor Murray is the outstanding opponent of the sewerage disposal plant.

He feels that if it is started, the city will lose considerable other benefits. He is of the belief—and he says his opinion is based on reliable information—that the work relief officials will not give the city funds to carry on other necessary projects if the sewerage disposal plant is started.

The mayor is also concerned, he says, about the maintenance cost of the proposed system. It is estimated by engineers that the operating cost each year after such a system is installed would total $40,000. Mr. Murray questions the advisability of handing that much of an extra burden to the taxpayers.
Proponents of the plan argue that some of this maintenance cost can be obtained by the sale of sludge. The mayor says he has information from other municipalities which have sewerage disposal systems that does not bear out this contention.

The subject is an interesting one that appears worth some real study.

Thus far, the only persons who have interested themselves in it are the mayor, Public Works Department and the Board of Finance.

The old Finance Commission—Messrs. Jackson, Wallace and Sawyer—was enthusiastic about the project.

The new chairman, Mr. Cote—one of the Curley-Hurley "gifts" to Fall River—is reported to be not too enthusiastic about it.

The City Council apparently knows little or nothing about it and the project appears definitely destined for pigeon-holing.

If it would not be of any great benefit to the city, there is no doubt it should be pigeon-holed, but if such is to be its fate, an explanation of why it should be abandoned after all the talking and expenditures it has entailed to date appears to be due Mr. and Mrs. John Q. Taxpayer.

**Chance to Give People Real Christmas Gift**

Meanwhile, since the two big money projects—both would cost a few million dollars—seemed destined to be talked about for some time to come, there appears an opportunity for the city to give its residents a real Christmas gift.

We mean the immediate repair of South and North Main streets, between Pine and Middle, with the particular attention to that area known as City Hall Square.

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**Against Smith Because Of His Opposition To Teachers' Oath Measure**

WORCESTER, Nov. 18 (UP)—Protest against the reappointment of State Education Commissioner Payson Smith because of his opposition to the teachers' oath bill will be made to Governor Curley by Mrs. Susan T. Esler, state chairman of the National Defense of the American Legion Auxiliary.

Mrs. Esler said at a conference here yesterday that adverse criticism of Smith was widespread in the Legion and the Auxiliary. No action was taken at the meeting.

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**Governor Views Speech As “Miserable” Failure**

BOSTON, Nov. 18 (UP)—Former President Herbert Hoover "failed miserably" in his attack on the New Deal at New York Saturday, according to Governor Curley.

"I feel that he had his chance and failed miserably," Curley said on his return from New York where he joined his son Leo at the Georgetown-Manhattan football game.

"Regardless of his outline, I don't feel that he can make any impression on the minds of the American people. They are satisfied in the sincerity, courage and progressive program of President Roosevelt and are confident that under his leadership we are coming back in a manner satisfactory to our people."
Probably no more emphatic example of Governor Curley’s determination to “turn the rascals out,” to use the phrase of a former national character and brilliant exponent of the theory “to the victor belongs the spoils,” has been given than the announced determination to replace Dr. Payson Smith, able commissioner of education of Massachusetts.

No charge of inability, neglect of duty, incompetence or anything else has been raised against him. His term expires. That is sufficient for the Governor. His guillotine is well oiled. The faithful—that is, those who helped put him in office—must and shall be rewarded under our present state government regardless of whether it has effect on the generation now in school. When they reach voting age the necessity of votes will have passed so far as Governor Curley is concerned.

Payson Smith is recognized as one of the leaders in the educational field in the United States. He was considered for the post of Secretary of Education when it was proposed to add that to the cabinet positions. He declined the superintendency of schools in Philadelphia at a higher salary than he has received in his present state position. That is not the only better paid position he has declined.

The superintendents of the state, who know a thousand times more about the schools than any governor can hope to know, are unanimous against the removal for no reason except low party politics. They are not troubled about Mr. Smith’s inability to get another job. They are disturbed over the possibility of some successor whose inability to measure up to the job might set back the standard of public education in this state which has always stood at or near the top.

The governor has been losing popular support. If he carries out this removal from office in order to provide a job for some person who supported him, and for no other reason, he will have driven a few more nails into the cover of his political coffin.
Baker Inducted as Judge of Superior Court

BOSTON (AP) — J. Arthur Baker, of Pittsfield, former Republican member of the executive council, was inducted as justice of the Massachusetts Superior Court today. The exercises were held in the first jury-waived session of Suffolk Superior court before Chief Justice Arthur Perley Hall and Justice Alonzo R. Weed.

Judge Baker, whose appointment by Gov. James M. Curley was protested by the Boston Bar association, assumed his duties in the fourth jury-waived session.

Curley Says Hoover New Deal Attack Failed Miserably

BOSTON, Nov. 18—Governor Curley is not impressed by former President Herbert Hoover's proposal to scrap the New Deal and adopt an 11-point recovery program.

"I feel that he had his chance and failed miserably," Curley said on his return from New York where he joined his son Leo at the George-town-Manhattan football game.

"Regardless of his outline, I don't feel that he can make any impression on the minds of the American people. They are satisfied with the sincerity, courage and progressive program of President Roosevelt and are confident that under his leadership we are coming back in a manner satisfactory to our people."

Editor Safety Valve—I feel that the editors throughout our State have expressed a fine appreciation of the personality and color of the late DeWitt C. DeWolf, and I share with them the, thought that Joseph B. Ely, ex-Governor, made a fine appointment when he selected the Sage of Chester for his assistant secretary, and later promoted him to the position of Commissioner of Labor and Industries.

But, is it not the duty of the Fourth Estate to present the whole of the picture? To present the entire truth unbiased and free, the truth which reflects the perfect mirror of the mind and does not hold back or secrete the fact that fine as it was for ex-Governor Ely to name his friend, was it not finer, more noble and magnanimous of the present Governor, James M. Curley, to retain in that office of Commissioner of Labor and Industries, the invalid friend of his political enemy?

The great poet said that, "Revenge has ears more deaf than adders to the voice of any true decision." But, however militant our Governor may be with people in good health, he showed the finest of manhood in his consideration for the sick Commissioner.

Again, when that Commissioner expressed the desire to some of his friends, myself among them, that he would like to leave the Bellevue Hotel, from which place he conducted his duties, and go to his home in the Berkshire hills where he felt his health would be better cared for, a considerate Governor gave his heartiest approval and encouragement to allowing Mr. DeWolf to try to regain his health at his home on the heights of Chester.

It has become almost a regular function of many scribes to paint the picture of our present Governor without disclosing this tenderness of heart and manhood that was so
Cong. Tobey Tells Forum Of Court Street Church Much About New Dealers

Speaker Predicts That Bonus Bill Will Pass; Believes Six Billion Dollars Will Be Added to National Debt of $36,000,000,000; Tells How Gov. Curley of Massachusetts, Acted at Conference on Textile Situation

Cong. Charles W. Tobey, while stating that he was not an alarmist, presented anything but a "rosy" picture of government and political conditions in Washington and throughout the country, as he took 200 to 300 people of Keene behind the political scenes at the National capital and presented some of the trends, and conflicting schools of thought, in a talk on citizenship in the Court Street Congregational church auditorium, Sunday noon.

He gave an expose of some conditions which he said the public does not learn much about, and he expressed disgust at some of the types of political "vermin" and said someone has got to tell the American people the truth about things. He declared that he did not know how the people are going to meet the menaces but that the influence of the home and the church could do much to train people to use their own power of thought.

He presented the "dark sceptre" of the present $36,000,000,000 debt and the prospects of adding $6,000,000,000 more when congress convenes in January by what he considers almost sure passage of the Patman bonus bill, even over the president's possible veto, and other vast financial measure. He pictured these as passing through like wildfire. He also held up the picture of possible repudiation of currency and adoption of inflation.

See Trouble for Potato Act

Cong. Tobey does believe, though, that congress will make some changes in many of the laws passed by the last session and predicted that the legislators will do to the potato control act "what Joe Louis did to Baer."

Rep. Tobey included Gov. Curley of Massachusetts in his mention of closest to the president in his political thinking, due to he and Mrs. Roosevelt thinking alike in their social trends.

Takes Rap at Tugwell

In a jocular way, Mr. Tobey termed Mr. Tugwell "the candy kid, one who would make a good advertisement for Arrow collars, a handsome fellow," and declared that these descriptions had their influence, many decisions being made on the basis of his winning charm. Again emphasizing his political influence he characterized him as "having a key to the White House."

The story about Gov. Curley, according to Rep. Tobey was that the Massachusetts executive had called a textile conference which was supposed to be attended by only government officials and those directly connected with the industry. The Associated Press and newspapermen were barred to provide privacy but Mr. Tobey said he noticed among those present William B. Shearer, who had been exposed as a war propagandist for powerful shipbuilding and steel concerns. He could find no reason for his being there and became suspicious. Upon inquiry, he learned that Mr. Shearer was there as a personal guest of Gov. Curley. The New Hampshire congressman let it pass until another conference a few weeks later when Shearer again appeared upon the scene. The Associated Press in the meantime had succeeded in gaining admission to the second conference. Mr. Tobey said he demanded to know why Shearer was there and upon approaching Gov. Curley, the governor tried to dodge the question by asking the question, "Who is Shearer?" and claiming that he did not even know him.

Mr. Tobey said he then informed Curley of his knowledge that Shearer had been personally invited by Curley and also told the Massachusetts executive that he would insist on Shearer leaving the meeting or he would take the law into his own hands.
Motorcycle Riders Meet in Evening

Leo Houghton of Lebanon, member of the Monadnock Motorcycle club, was the winner of the annual 100-mile turkey run Sunday sponsored by the Monadnock Motorcycle club of Keene. Mr. Houghton received a live white turkey as a speedometer and an American Motorcyle association trophy with his name engraved upon it.

Approximately 45 riders were on the starting line but only 12 survived the run which was dangerous in many places because of the mud and sleet. Much favorable comment was heard from the riders and others about the course and the method in which the run was handled both at the start and finish and the various checking points. A gasoline truck was at the various checking points to enable the

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM
Lawrence, Mass.

NOV 18 1935

SIX GOVERNORS
IN CONFERENCES

BOSTON, Nov. 18—Six governors from each of the six new England states, will join here Thursday, Nov. 21, in conferences devoted to laying plans for promoting better business in New England in the year to come. They will be leaders and key speakers at the opening session of their 10th anniversary New England conference, to be held here under auspices of the New England Council Thursday and Friday of next week.

Previously to the opening session of the conference, Thursday afternoon, the governors will join in an executive session with the New England Council, the New England Regional Planning Commission, and the chairmen of the several state planning boards in New England. At noon on Thursday they will be the guests of the New England Council at a luncheon to be attended also by the planning officials and by New England members of the United States Senate and House of Representatives.

President Winthrop L. Carter of the New England Council will speak at the opening conference session, and will introduce the governors.

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ITURKEY RUN WON
BY LEBANON MAI

Motorcycle Riders Meet in Evening

Surry for Turkey Dinner in Evening

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Approximately 45 riders were on the starting line but only 12 survived the run which was dangerous in many places because of the mud and sleet. Much favorable comment was heard from the riders and others about the course and the method in which the run was handled both at the start and finish and the various checking points. A gasoline truck was at the various checking points to enable the

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM
Lawrence, Mass.

NOV 18 1935

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Curley Reported Ready to Oust Ely Appointees

Numerous Changes in State Offices Impend—"Joe" Hennessy May Go to Public Works Commission.

By WARREN M. POWER.

Attorney M. Francis Buckley, formerly a resident of Lowell, brother of the late James H. and John T. Buckley, and for the past 20 years a resident of Gloucester, has been displaced as clerk of the District court of Eastern Essex county and has been succeeded by Horace L. Armstrong chairman of the Democratic city committee of Gloucester. It is reported that Representative Ernest J. Dean, Republican member of the Ways and Means committee of the legislature, who aided Governor Curley immeasurably in putting across his $10,000,000 bond issue, will be appointed commissioner of conservation to succeed an Ely appointee, Samuel A. York. The latter, by the way, was a protégé of Dewitt C. DeWolf, who was secretary to Governor Ely. Mr. DeWolf's position as commissioner of labor and industries, which place he held up to the time of his recent death, will be filled this week by Governor Curley. The impression prevails that either Charles G. Wood, formerly federal labor commissioner, or James T. Moriarty of the branch, is appointed for the position.

The report also prevails in some quarters that Attorney J. Joseph Hennessy will be appointed associate commissioner of public works to succeed Richard K. Hale when the latter's term expires in December. In all the positions at the governor's disposal he has made no secret of the fact that he intends to replace a majority if not all of the Democrats whom Governor Ely appointed. There was a report prevalent that he intended to displace Paul E. Tierney, nephews of the late Edward and James Tierney, as a member of the State Board of Tax Appeals, but an investigation of the records reveals that Mr. Tierney, who is serving as chairman of the board, does not come up for reappointment until 1937.

Board of Tax Appeals.

It is interesting to note in reference to the personnel of the Tax Appeals board that out of a membership of six, the term of only one member, John D. Wright of Newton, expires during the present term of the chief executive. Mr. Wright, by the way, was secretary to former Governor Frank G. Allen who was recently named to a $600,000 berth by Governor Curley, hence it is felt that Mr. Wright will not be in as much demand as some Republicans who will not have a friend as strong as Mr. Allen to plead his case. The term of former State Auditor Francis X. Hurley as a member of the Tax Appeals board does not expire until 1940. Mr. Hurley has had much to do with the hearing of Lowell tax abatement cases within the past few months. The term of John H. Johnson of Lowell as member of the Board of State Examiners of Plumbers, which is a division of the Civil Service commission, expires this year. It is understood that there is no regular salary attached to this position, service on the board insofar as salary is concerned, being based on a per diem basis.

Denies Soft Impeachment.

Frank Palmer Sibley (Sib to you) one of the best known newspaper men in captivity, objects to certain passages in Mr. Lusius Beebe's recent book, "Boston and the Boston Legend." "Sib" is fairly well known in Lowell, having spent here and having been entertained here on several occasions. Mr. Sibley avers that Beebe's history contains misstatements about him. We quote him in a visit to which he objects:

"Its star reporter, for more years than he cared to think about, was Frank Sibley whose black hat and Windsor tie were familiar hall marks along Newspaper Row. Mr. Sibley won his first fame covering the Cuban campaigns of the Spanish war for the Globe and the legend persists in Boston City rooms that he actually and by physical propulsion urged Theodore Roosevelt up San Juan Hill. 'Come, come Colonel,' he is supposed to have cried as he dragged the reluctant future president ahead through the Mauser fire, 'I've got to file in half an hour, and I haven't got a lead for my story yet.'"

Mr. Beebe, Mr. Sibley says, has got the wrong battle, in fact two wrong battles. "Of course," he adds, "what happened was that when Lawrence was hit, I caught him and asked for an interview, a last words' story, and he said 'Don't give up the ship!'"

"It may be, of course, that Mr. Beebe has in mind the time when I postulated with Gen. Grant because my stories were the same word-for-word, night after night, and the office was keeping the type and merely altering the date-line. 'Can't you put a little pep into it?' 'Us?' I asked. 'Any day by something a little different today?'

'I shall fight it out on this line if it takes all summer,' said Grant. It was his whim, but he had a whim of iron.

I knew Theodore Roosevelt, of course, but my real intimacies with the Roosevelt family came later. At the first Plattsburg camp, young Archie or 'young Teddy' could never tell them apart—kindly told me how to write my stories.'"
Exploring the Boston Globe for so many years, but it never occurred to us that he had been active in the newspaper game way back in Gen. Grant's time. Good story "Sib"—stick to it.

With all his arrogant disregard for public opinion, it would seem that Governor Curley would require uncommon fortitude to displace Payson Smith as commissioner of education. The trial balloon sent up on Friday, intimating that the job would be offered to Professor Robert E. ("Snob") Rogers of M.I.T., not only drew from Mr. Rogers a denial that he wanted the place, but also evoked a roar of angry protest from pretty nearly every educator in the state, high and low, regardless of politics, race, religion, or residence. Dr. Smith has been in office a long time—an industrious, faithful and efficient commissioner of education. He merits reappointment when his term expires on Dec. 1. Any ordinary governor would reappoint him as a matter of course, and would never even dream of doing anything else. But Governor Curley is no ordinary governor; and he seems to feel that his unaccountable majority a year ago endued him plenteously with power to do anything he might choose and get away with it. He has certainly got away with some pretty raw stuff—but things are getting to the point where the public will insist on being heard and where the governor will be forced to realize that he is the servant, not the master, of the people.

**Up and Down Beacon Hill**

G. O. P. Starts to Retake the Hill

The Republican drive to recapture Massachusetts from the 1934 Democratic conquerors may open officially tonight at the Hotel Statler. The Republican Club of Massachusetts will be holding its semiannual meeting, and every Republican candidate, actual and prospective, for major office will be ready and waiting to open up with verbal fire. No one is due to wield a blue pencil on the speeches, and the sky is the limit for political talk. Therefore, it may be that the various candidates will really start action for choice of leader to do battle with the Curley forces.

Representative Leverett Saltonstall, Speaker of the House, first candidate to host his flag for the gubernatorial struggle heads the list of candidate speakers. Right behind him will be John W. Haigis, Greenfield gubernatorial hope, who is riding on the crest of a western Massachusetts wave.

No senator Henry Parkman Jr., of Curley-baiting fame, far behind. Often he has been mentioned. Yet, he himself has made no announcement. Some believe he will wait until after the first of the year, if he enters the field at all. There is a possibility that he has been in the heat of the heat of the heat, otherwise, the Senator will let his plans be known.

Joseph E. Warner, former Attorney General and Warren L. Bishop, Middlesex County District Attorney, gubernatorial candidates, will speak, as will Mark M. Duff, former member of the Governor's Council, and possible aspirant. Winfield A. Shuster, member of the Council and a No. 1 Curley opponent, may confirm the rumors that he would be a Lieutenant Governor candidate.

In the United States senatorial field, the speakers will be Representative Henry Cabot Lodge Jr., whose campaign is already rolling; James F. Cavanagh of Boston, another announced contender, and Sinclair Weeks, Newton Mayor, who is footing with the senatorial idea.

Fish and McSweeney Assist

While the candidates will be conspicuously present, they are not listed as the main orators. United States Representative Hamilton Fish of New York, and State Senator William H. McSweeney, who started the Massachusetts Republican Party on the 1933 victory road by winning the Second Essex District special election, are scheduled to do front-line firing. The New Deal and the Curley regime are due for a real hammering.

Making Way for the Victors

Tonight's meeting will be a timely forerunner to the Republican Club's victory dinner at the Boston Chamber of Commerce, Dec. 2. It is the first time the Republicans have had occasion to celebrate victories and they are pulling the throttle wide open. The mayoral victors who turned the tide back into the Republican ranks are due to be feted as well as State Senator McSweeney. State Representative William Stockwell, who returned the G. O. P. to power in the Tenth Middlesex District will also be present.

If Oratory Can Do It

Some Republicans, in the meantime, are wondering what Robert T. Bushnell, president of the Republican Club, plans to do. He has been mentioned as a gubernatorial possibility. A sharp-tongued orator, he might be just the type needed to knock over the Democratic colossus. James Michael Curley, such Republicans as Representative Philip G. Bowker believe Mr. Bushnell would put up a rugged fight. But there is some talk that Mr. Bushnell does not want to run in 1936. He is a young man and could very well wait until 1938 or even 1940 before attempting to mount Beacon Hill as a "Dr. Mayor." Whether Mr. Bushnell believes such talk is not known. He is the type of man who keeps his secrets locked up.

If he does jump into the fight for the Republican gubernatorial nomination, several of the announced candidates will feel a few misgivings.

Edgar M. Mills

**Dr. Taylor Is Appointed Farm Foundation Director**

CHICAGO, Nov. 18 (AP)—Appointment of Dr. Henry C. Taylor, agricultural economist, as director of the farm foundation was announced Nov. 15 by former Gov. Frank O. Lowden of Illinois, chairman of the board of trustees. The organization was established in 1933 as a permanent endowed institution devoted to improving conditions of rural life. Dr. Taylor organized the department of agricultural economics at the University of Wisconsin. In 1922 he organized the bureau of agricultural economics for the United States Department of Agriculture.
Baker—Takes Seat
On Supreme Court Bench

J. Arthur Baker, former member of Governor Curley's council, whose appointment to the Superior Court bench aroused a barrage of adverse comments, was inducted into his new office this morning. In a simple ceremony Mr. Baker became Judge Baker by taking the oath of office administered by Assistant Clerk of Court James F. McDermott. The $12,000-a-year post, which is permanent, was given to Judge Baker after he had permitted Governor Curley to assume control of the council. With Judge Baker on the bench this morning was Judge Walter P. Hall, chief justice of the Superior Court and Judge Winfred Whiting. The ceremony was followed by a reception. The Governor was not present.

Labor—Urges Naming Of Moriality as State Head

The Massachusetts Federation of Labor today came out flatly for the appointment of James T. Moriarity to the post of State Commissioner of Labor and Industries. The position became vacant with the passing last week of DeWitt Clinton DeWolf. In a statement signed by James F. Gatelee, president of the federation, all doubt about labor's stand in the matter of Mr. DeWolf's successor is dispelled. Mildly criticizing some of the past commissioners, the labor statement urges that Governor Curley appoint Mr. Moriarity to give labor a "New Deal." It is expected that Governor Curley will send the name of his choice to the Executive Council at an Wednesday. The position pays $600 yearly.

C. S. MONITOR
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Boston Trade Hails Treaty
With Canada

Removal of 10 Per Cent
Charge Held Victory
for Commerce Club

Boston Today—also
sees—Protests as welfare
department fails to pro-
vide fuel for cold week end
—State police seek air-
plane and patrol boat—
Curley announce first list
of prison pardons—New
England cotton men hope
to get large share of 150,-
000,000 square yards of
cloth to be ordered by
Government for relief
distribution.

Trade—Canadian Pact
Pleases Boston Business

Boston waterfront interests today hailed the new trade compacts be-
 tween the United States and Can-
da as the greatest single boon to
Boston and North Atlantic port
business in generations. Appreci-
ation, expressed in telegrams to the
President last week demanding that
Canada remove its 10 per cent extra
charge on goods addressed for points
in Canada but entering through
ports in the United States, turned to
unrestrained joy today as news
from Washington that re-
moval of the charge was included
in the reciprocal agreements signed.

Governor Curley hailed the meas-
ure as a stabilizing influence on food
prices in both countries today.

Welfare—Charge Made
22,000 Families Without Heat

Counselor Henry Solvittella of East
Boston charged today that 22,000
families on Boston's welfare list
went cold Sunday because the Boston
Welfare Department failed to pro-
vide fuel.

Mr. Solvittella told of children in
his district who had not been forced to
spend the entire day in bed,
wrapped up in blankets, because
 there was no coal nor wood to
warm their homes. He meant that
as Boston's raw northeaster fed the
city's thoroughfares more than 100,-
000 persons were suffering from the
cold.

Mr. Solvittella also charged that he
knew of many cases of children from
five to seven years of age, who had
no shoes.

The welfare department admitted
that it had delivered no fuel to the
homes of welfare recipients, and in
so doing revealed that welfare offi-
cials visit the homes of those receiv-
ing city aid, and when they consider
the homes cold enough to warrant
heating, the fuel is provided.

"It is humanly impossible to get
fuel around in time when a cold
snap comes," said Mr. Solvittella.

Last year coal was provided on
Nov. 1.

State Police—Call for
Airplane and Patrol Boat

Massachusetts state police de-
manded wings today. They also de-
manded the beginning of a navy,
Safety Commissioner Paul Kirk
pointed out that the coast needs a
patrol boat for pursuit of criminals
and the safeguarding of property.
The one he wants would be 115 feet
long and cost $200,000.

The airplane would cost $8000,
be equipped with two-way ra-
dio and would have the following uses:
1. Reporting fires.
2. Transferring dangerous crim-
nals.
3. Carrying officers to remote
parts of the State.
4. Controlling highway traffic.
5. Aiding in studying large areas
 where criminals might be eluding
pursuit.
6. Checking highways for escap-
ing criminals.
7. Studying the whole State for
menaces of air transport such as
towers, radio aerals, etc.

After announcing his wants,
Colonel Kirk went into conference
with Budget Commissioner Carl
Raymond to see if the money was
available for these expeditions of
police work.

Pardons—Curley Plans
To Submit 15 Names

Governor Curley announced to-
day that he would soon refer to
the Governor's council for approval the
first large parcel of pardons he has granted during his administration. Fifteen prisoners on either Thanksgiving or Christmas will be given their liberty, if the council approves.

In his inaugural address, the Governor scored the practice of granting pardons which had prevailed under former Gov. Joseph B. Ely, who had pardoned 143 prisoners during his four years as governor.

Governor Curley spent five hours while traveling down to see his son, Leo, play in the Georgetown-Union game last Saturday, going over the records of a number of prisoners. These records had been accumulated by John Backus, one of the Governor's assistant secretaries, who had consulted probation officers, social workers, attorneys and others for information regarding those seeking pardons.

Mr. Backus pointed out that a stop had been put to "what had developed into a pardon racket." He explained that lawyers directed friends and families of imprisoned men to loan houses, where the received funds to pay fees in arranging pardon hearings.

"Under the new system, this is not necessary," said Mr. Backus, "because we only consider cases in which new evidence justifying a pardon has come to light."

Cotton—Textile Mills
Get Hopes of U. S. Relief

The promise of relief for New England cotton textiles was held out today in a report from Washington revealing a plan under consideration for allowing New England to bid for government relief business on prices quoted at the point of delivery and not at the point of shipment. This, in effect, would help New England capture government business destined for shipment to markets in the northeast, close to New England mills.

While New England manufacturers were not too conversant with the plan, their reactions were favorable. The Government plans to collect 150,000,000 square yards of cloth for relief purposes. How much of this allotment depends largely upon the amount of delivery under the proposal considered in Washington.

There is in the plan, manufacturers believed, the possibility of a new boom for New England. At least, there is strong probability that New England could capture all the government shipments to populated areas within the northeast. The amount of finished goods demanded by the Government would keep the new idle Amoskeag mills going at full speed for one year.

Manufacturers pointed out today that New England enjoys a rail preference rate over the South amounting to 10% of a cent a square yard on cotton cloth shipped to all points of Cleveland and north of Pennsylvania. Hence the importance to New England of quoting delivered prices.

**Storm—Raises Havoc Of Massachusetts Shores**

Seaway traffic sought safety from peril today as the sub-zero wind from the Northeast, which smashed upon Boston and the north Atlantic seaboard yesterday, continued early this morning to the North, bringing lower temperatures and tempestuous waves. The Follick Rip lightship, helplessly dragging its anchors at 6 this morning, reported a 75-mile-an-hour gale in Nantucket Sound. The weather bureau in Boston measured wind velocity at 46 miles-an-hour, and predicted colder but fair weather by tonight.

The Cunard liner Beatrice radioed before noon that it was an hour earlier than Boston the ship was scheduled to dock in Boston last night at 6. She carried 44 Boston-bound passengers and 600 tons of express cargo.

Only one regularly scheduled liner arrived in Boston this morning. It was the Eastern Steamship Lines' Acadia. It docked promptly at 8 with 600 storm-tossed but safe passengers.

For Boston it was the first heavy storm of the season and interrupted the build and prolonged. In the wake of the storm, were three missing men and property damage variously estimated from $50,000 to $1,000,000.

**INTEREST IS KEEN IN APPOINTMENT**

For Which Supt. Reardan is Mentioned

**AT BOSTON**

Head of Adams Schools
Reported Considered
For State Commissioner of Education.

With Adams interest in appointment of a state commissioner of education heightened by reports prevalent in Boston, as reported in Saturday's issue of the Transcript, to the effect that James G. Reardan, superintendent of schools for Adams, is being prominently mentioned for the place in the event that Dr. Payson Smith is not reappointed, more definite word was being awaited today as to latest developments in the situation.

Superintendent Reardan, who was in Boston last week attending sessions of the New England School Superintendent's association, returned to Adams last night. When asked today by the Transcript regarding reports of his being considered for appointment to the state commissionership Mr. Reardan's only comment was: "I am personally not cognizant of any movement in that direction."

Mr. Reardan, who had previously served in a similar capacity at East Bridgewater, was elected last summer as superintendent of Adams' schools to succeed Henry L. Cecil. He has made many friends since coming to Adams and is highly regarded in educational circles. He is a graduate of Boston college, a World war veteran, is married and has four children.

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He resides on B street, since coming to Adams he has spoken at public meetings held by various Parent Teacher groups in Adams and was the principal speaker at the annual Armistice Day banquet of Adams post of the American Legion last Monday night.

Boston reports in regard to Mr. Reardan's probable choice for head of the state education department are to the effect that he has received numerous commendations from educators, who are said to have reached the conclusion that the position of commissioner of education should go to a younger man than Dr. Smith who came to Massachusetts as commissioner some 17 or 18 years ago. Mr. Reardan is about 40 years of age. One of the reports coming from Boston is that Mr. Reardan will make his application if Governor James M. Curley will make his application if Governor James M. Curley waits for the purpose of talking over the state commissionership appointment.
“Thus with the connivance of a turn-coat Republican, the Republican majority in the council of five to four was transformed into a Democratic majority of five to four.

“Thus it became necessary to protect Baker from Republican vengeance at the polls. He was given a $12,000 a year judgeship on the superior court bench, a position for life. In his place is nominated for the council, Morton H. Burdick, a Democrat. Here, as in the case of Cote-Russell, the very Democrat who was defeated by a Republican is nominated.

“In two instances the will of the people, as duly expressed at an election is brazenly flouted, and a Republican, whom the people elected, is displaced by the very Democrat whom the people had refused to elect.

“The Republican majority in the council is changed to a Democratic majority giving Curley the whip-hand over every appointee in the state service.

“The turn-coat Republicans whose vote or failure to vote made possible the first and most crucial of these shifts is rewarded by a life-time position at lucrative salary.

“Such events have never before taken place in this Commonwealth. No comments are necessary, or could be more eloquent than a mere recital of the facts.”

**INDUCT BAKER TO SUPERIOR BENCH**


Boston, Nov. 18—(A.P.)—J. Arthur Baker, of Pittsfield, former Republican member of the executive council, was inducted as Justice of the Massachusetts Superior court today.

The exercises were held in the first jury-waived session of Suffolk Superior court before Chief Justice Arthur Perley Hall, and Justice Alonzo R. Weed.

Judge Baker, whose appointment by Governor James M. Curley was protested by the Pittsfield Republican association, assumed his duties in the fourth jury-waived session.
The Reward of Service

DR. PAYSON SMITH, commissioner of education in Massachusetts seems about to reap the reward of service in the manner familiar to all who live in communities ruled by political machines and bosses. We have seen some of it in this city; we have heard a member of the Pawtucket School Committee denounce politicians for interfering in school work and removing experienced officials for the purpose of making places for favorites. In Massachusetts the same system is at work, and Payson Smith, an educator of rational prominence and eminence, is to be the victim.

Fortunately for Dr. Smith, his reputation will not suffer from this political scuttling of the splendid work he has done as commissioner. His fellow educators understand thoroughly the meaning of the movement against him. They know his ability and also know that he cannot be controlled by men, no matter how highly placed, who prefer to run his department as a political agency.

That is why, when he is apparently on his way out, they are aroused over the whole affair and are determined that the full light of publicity shall be turned on it. It is noted that Governor Curley, who has the power to retain or remove the commissioner, is quoted as saying that the matter has not yet been decided but it is taken for granted in Boston and vicinity that Dr. Smith must go.

Prof. Robert E. Rogers of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology who has been mentioned for the place, makes the declaration that he will not accept it and contends that Dr. Smith should be retained. This is encouraging, and Superintendent of Schools Patrick Campbell of Boston also refuses to be considered, saying he is "with Dr. Smith to the end." But of course somebody will be found to take the position; doubtless the Governor has a host of candidates in mind, and it is also probable that he will find a capable man. The point to consider, however, is the fact that there should be no new appointment and no candidates for the place. The Bay State has a school commissioner of demonstrated ability, known throughout the country as an efficient educator. His planned removal is the kind of reward the professional politician, building up a machine for the promotion of party, habitually bestows for faithful and even brilliant public service.
Governor’s Son Is Star

One of the star guards of the Georgetown university team is Leo Curley, son of Gov. James Curley of Massachusetts. He is pictured in action.

Governor's Son Is Star

Leo Curley

One of the star guards of the Georgetown university team is Leo Curley, son of Gov. James Curley of Massachusetts. He is pictured in action.

Hoover Fails — Curley

Boston (UP) — Former President Herbert Hoover “failed miserably” in his attack on the New Deal at New York Saturday, according to Governor Curley.

“I feel that he had his chance and failed miserably” Curley said.

“I don’t feel that he can make any impression on the minds of the American people. They are satisfied in the sincerity courage and progressive program of President Roosevelt.

Local Interest In Hub, Horse Show

The first releases concerning the annual horse show of the 110th cavalry Massachusetts National Guards, to be held December 5 through December 8 at the Commonwealth Armony, Boston, have been received from Lieut. Lawrence E. Schofield, Jr., U. S. A. South Shore interest in the show is always great and a number of Weymouth, Cohasset, Hingham, Braintree and Scituate exhibitors will participate.

Gov. James M. Curley has accepted an invitation from Co. Philip A. Brown, commanding officer of the regiment, and general chairman of the event, to serve as honorary chairman. The Governor has special interest in the show because his daughter, Mrs. Edward C. Donnelly, Jr. (Mary Curley) was a judge last year and his son-in-law, Lieut. Col. Donnelly, Jr., is an exhibitor.

Among the early subscribers for boxes, from this district, are Lieut. Schofield, Mr. and Mrs. William Cox, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Bancroft, Mr. and Mrs. Harold R. Sawyer, Mrs. Florence Dibble, Mrs. Ralph F. Burkhard, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Cullen and Mrs. William H. Danforth.
ANOTHER CLERGYMAN CRITICIZES GOVERNOR

Hyannis, Nov. 18 — Gov. Curley's Armistice day proclamation was again criticized unfavorably by a clergyman last night. Rev. Charles F. Schultz, at the evening service in Federated church read an open letter to Gov. Curley explaining why he objected to the proclamation and had not read it from the pulpit. This followed prior criticism from a Winchester minister.

BAKER INDUCED AS JUSTICE OF SUPERIOR COURT

Exercises Held in First Jury-Waived Session of Suffolk Before Chief Justice.

BOSTON, Nov. 18 (AP)—J. Arthur Baker of Pittsfield, former Republican member of the Executive Council, was inducted as justice of the Massachusetts Superior Court today.

The exercises were held in the first jury-waived session of Suffolk Superior Court before Chief Justice Arthur Perley Hall and Justice Alfred R. Weed.

Judge Baker, whose appointment by Gov. James F. Curley was protested by the Boston Bar Association, assumed his duties in the fourth jury-waived session.

BAKER ASSUMES POST AS SUPERIOR JUSTICE; INDUCED ON BENCH

BOSTON, Nov. 18—Former Executive Councilor J. Arthur Baker of Pittsfield today formally assumed his duties as Superior Court Justice.

Baker, a Republican member of the executive council until his appointment to the bench by Governor Curley, was inducted in the first jury-waived session before Chief Justice Arthur Perley Hall and Justice Alonzo R. Weed.

The commission was read by Clerk James F. McDermott of the equity session.
H. C. Grad Considered
For Education Post

James F. Rockett, director of education in Rhode Island, is reported to be under consideration by Gov. James M. Curley, although not an active candidate, to the post now held by Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner of education in Massachusetts. Rockett is a graduate of Holy Cross and also studied at Boston College, Boston Normal School, Harvard and Boston University. He was superintendent of schools in Woonsocket prior to taking over the job as director of education in Rhode Island, has taught in Boston and was employed by the U.S. government at one time in educational and rehabilitation work for disabled veterans. James G. Reardon, superintendent of schools at North Adams and a Boston College graduate, is also under consideration.

Mr. Rockett is a native of Watertown and a graduate of Holy Cross College, is under consideration by Gov. James M. Curley to succeed Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner of education, according to word which reached here today. Mr. Rockett, who is director of education in Rhode Island, is not an active candidate but his qualifications have attracted the Governor's attention.

Whether Governor Curley will persist in his determination not to reappoint Dr. Smith was a matter of speculation today but it seemed likely that he would because there is opposition to his reappointment from several patriotic organizations.

Mrs. Susan T. Esler, state chairman of national defense of the American Legion Auxiliary voiced her opposition yesterday at a conference at the Bancroft Hotel. Mrs. Esler said she would protest his reappointment because of his opposition to the teachers' oath law. Criticism for his stand has been quite general in both the Legion and Auxiliary throughout the state, she said.

Mr. Rockett has an enviable reputation earned in the study of the science of pedagogy at Boston Normal School, Harvard, Boston College and Boston University. He

Moriarty Looms as
DeWolf's Successor

BOSTON, Nov. 18 (AP)—Indication that James T. Moriarty of Boston would succeed the late DeWitt C. DeWolf as state commissioner of labor and industries was given today by Gov. James M. Curley. Curley announced he would appoint Moriarty, supported for the post by the Massachusetts Federation of Labor, if Moriarty, now ill, would accept the position.

He also said he probably would submit other major appointments to the Executive Council on Wednesday but declined to disclose what changes were pending.

John P. Gatelee, president of the State Federation of Labor, announced earlier the organization had pledged its "almost cooperation" to Governor Curley and "looked forward with confidence" to Moriarty's appointment.

MENTION ROCKETT
IN EDUCATION JOB

Friends Believe Holy Cross
Graduate Being Considered
by Curley

James F. Rockett, a native of Watertown and a graduate of Holy Cross College, is under consideration by Gov. James M. Curley to succeed Dr. Payson Smith as commissioner of education, according to word which reached here today.

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Mr. Rockett has an enviable reputation earned in the study of the science of pedagogy at Boston Normal School, Harvard, Boston College and Boston University.
Engineers to Confer Later in Week on Reconstruction Plans

CUTOFF REBUILDING MEETING DELAYED

By Gazette State House Reporter
BOSTON, Nov. 18—An engineering conference at the Department of Public Works in reference to the Southwest Cutoff, scene of many fatal accidents, scheduled for today, will take place later in the week.

Although some steps toward gathering data in connection with a proposed change of the Cutoff into a four lane road were started, Commissioner of Public Works William F. Callahan said it would be a few days before the conference which he had planned for today would be held.

The Cutoff subject was deferred because department engineers were tied up with a farm-to-market road program and other highway matters which were being sent to the WPA for approval.

Both Commissioner Callahan and Governor Curley have given assurance that steps would be taken in the Spring, looking to the ultimate reconstruction of the cutoff, as requested, in an order by Sen. John S. Sullivan and Rep. Anthony R. Doyle, both of Worcester.

A similar request has been made to the Governor personally by Councilman Maurice V. O’Toole of Worcester.

O’Toole, who was a candidate. At that time his backers claimed the Governor’s office had him in mind for something “good later.”

Friends Suggesting Councilman for Position on Labor, Utilities Boards

By Gazette State House Reporter
BOSTON, Nov. 18—Councilman Maurice V. O’Toole of Worcester, has among those mentioned today in connection with candidacies for a number of state jobs which will be open for appointment by Governor Curley on Dec. 1.

There were reports that Councilman O’Toole’s friends, while suggesting him for any “good post were mentioning a place on the Department of Labor and Industry Commission and some were talking of the commissionership of public safety.

“I haven’t any comment to make on my candidacy for any appointment,” said O’Toole, who was a visitor at the Governor’s office today.

O’Toole, who managed the Curley campaign in Worcester last Fall, received an appointment in the State Tax Appeal Board soon after the Governor took office. For a time he was acting chief clerk.

When Frank Prestera of Uxbridge was appointed a member of the Industrial Accident Board O’Toole was a candidate. At that time his backers claimed the Governor’s office had him in mind for something “good later.”

The Department of Labor and Industries commissionership is vacant through the death of DeWitt DeWolf and Edward Fisher, who serves on the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration unit of the department, steps out of office on Dec. 1.
New England's Recreational Industry May Reach a Billion
Possibility During Next Decade Will Be Subject of Study at Tenth Anniversary Meeting of New England Conference in Boston This Week

Boston, Nov. 18—How New England's second largest industry—recreation—can be built from a half billion dollar annual income to a billion dollar income status in the next decade will be the subject of a special group session on recreational development when the Tenth Anniversary New England Conference meets here Thursday and Friday of this week.

"Selling New England as a Recreational area, Improving the Product, and Meeting Competition" is the general topic of the recreational development session, which will be held Friday forenoon, Nov. 22, presided over by Col. William A. Barron of Crawford Notch, N. H., chairman of the recreational development committee of the New England Council.

Reporting on the all-New England recreational advertising conducted by the New England Council, Col. Barron will describe the expansion of the program now made possible by the New England Governors' Joint New England Recreational Advertising Campaign, and will announce the opening of the 1936 campaign for funds from business interests to continue the privately financed campaign established in 1932 by the Council.

Methods of improving New England's recreational sales literature, and for eliminating duplication and other elements of waste will be presented to the recreational group session of the conference by Frank A. Black former director of advertising, William Filene's Sons Company, Boston, serving as chairman of a committee appointed by the New England Council to investigate this subject. "Making Sales Literature Sell" will be the subject of Mr. Black's report.

Gazette

NOV 18 1935

Curley Indicates He Will Appoint Moriarty

BOSTON, Nov. 18.—Governor Curley indicated this afternoon he would appoint James T. Moriarty of Boston, labor leader and prominently identified with the Curley campaign last Fall, commissioner of labor and industries to succeed DeWitt C. DeWolf, who died last week. (Other story on page 13.)
**Late Bulletins**

**HOOVER FAILED MISERABLY**

Boston, Nov. 18—(UP)—Former President Herbert Hoover "failed miserably" in his attack on the New Deal at New York Saturday, according to Governor Curley. "I feel that he had his chance and failed miserably," Curley said on his return from New where he joined his son, Leo, at the Georgetown-Manhattan football game. "Regardless of his outline, I don't feel that he can make any impression on the minds of the American people. They are satisfied in the sincerity, courage and progressive program of President Roosevelt and are confident that under his leadership we are coming back in a manner satisfactory to our people."

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**State's Check for $5633 Is Here, at Last**

Town officials received the state's check for $5,633.57, Saturday morning, which is Wakefield's share of the Governor Curley bond issue to be used in Wakefield for supplies and trucking on sidewalk projects on which labor payrolls will be supplied through ERA. This is the money for which the town has been waiting since last summer and which arrives at about the time that sidewalk work is ordinarily suspended on account of freezing weather.
CURLEY SEES LIVING COST CUT BY TARIFF PACT

Mutual stabilization and lowering of the cost of living was predicted today by Governor James M. Curley as an outcome of the reciprocal agreements between the United States and Canada on foodstuffs.

The fish schedules of the treaty, which lower the duty on many fish products and place others on the free list are termed by the governor to be for the eventual good of the industry, although "injurious for a short time at the start."

He added that Christopher Halligan, representative of the fish industry here, had told him the schedules were acceptable to the industry.

Meanwhile, strong anxiety over the treaty was expressed by the Vermont maple sugar manufacturers and New England dairymen.

PORT BOOM SEEN
On the other hand, New England shipping interests were confident that the lifting of the ten per cent tariff on imports trans-shipped would boom local ports.

In an effort to off-set the feared outcry from the agricultural sections of the country, particularly the New England, Central and Western States, at whose expense the concessions have been made, the government devoted 15,000 words to a defense of the agreement.

The salient points of this 15,000 word statement were read personally by President Roosevelt to more than 100 correspondents in an imposing setting at the White House Sunday afternoon.

The administration sought first to emphasize special consideration should be given Canada because of the neighborliness and common heritage of the two countries, and also because Canada is America's second best customer.

BIG CANADIAN CUTS
Stress was laid on the fact the duty reductions made by Canada on American commodities represent a substantially larger value of trade than is represented by the Canadian commodities on which American duties have been slashed.

Signed Friday by Premier Mackenzie King of Canada and Secretary Hull, the pact will take effect January 1 for three years, following ratification by the Canadian Parliament.

The President told newspapermen that he expected it would result in doubling Canadian-American trade within two or three years.

While key, lumber, oats, hay, cattle, fish, and a host of articles, with some limitations, will enter America from Canada at half the present duty after January 1.

Canada grants similar concessions to many types of machinery, citrus fruits, wines, chemicals, medicines, and manufactured goods of all descriptions from the United States.

America places many Canadian articles on the "free list," including newsprint, wood-pulp, wood products, undressed furs and wood products of simple manufacture, such as laths, shingles, staves, etc.

In return, Canada will permit free entry of American magazines, now dutiable up to 15 cents per copy, many farm products, manufacturers and chemicals.

Lesser cuts are made on about 1000 articles entering into America's trade with her northern neighbor. Many American articles will enter Canada under the "most favored foreign nation" rate.

It will be a martial factor in general economic recovery on both sides of the border, President Roosevelt said.

WHISKEY DUTY CUT
He told how American exports to Canada had dropped from $899,000,000 in 1929 (not including grain in transit for Europe) to $302,000,000 last year, while Canada's exports to this country fell from $503,000,000 to $232,000,000.

Prior to 1929, the President said, American exports to Canada were greater in value than exports to Latin America or to all of Asia.

Nations having "most favored nation" treaties with the United States will enjoy the same benefits as Canada in the tariff reductions granted today.

One conspicuous exception is whiskey. The President made clear that Irish and Scotch whiskies would be required to pay only one-half the present duty of $5 per gallon.

The far-reaching effect of the treaty probably will not be realized for some time after it takes effect the first of the year, but already those American interests which consider themselves adversely affected are preparing to make a storm of protest at the next session of Congress.
The following is a summary of some of the principal articles affected by the Canada-U.S. tariff treaty:

### Fishery Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fish, fresh or frozen (Not advances): per pound:</th>
<th>Present Rate</th>
<th>New Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Halibut</td>
<td>.02</td>
<td>.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salmon</td>
<td>.02</td>
<td>.015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swordfish, fresh only</td>
<td>.02</td>
<td>.015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eels</td>
<td>.01</td>
<td>.005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake fish: chubs, fresh water mullet, jacks, lake trout, salmon tullibees, white fish and yellow pike</td>
<td>.01</td>
<td>.005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish, pickled or salted:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1) Salmon</td>
<td>.25%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Alewives (bulk)</td>
<td>.015</td>
<td>.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smoked herring:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Hard dry-smoked, whole or beheaded but not further advanced</td>
<td>.015</td>
<td>.005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) Boned, whether or not skinned</td>
<td>.03</td>
<td>.015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Razor clams, canned</td>
<td>.25%</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Forest Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lumber and timber:</th>
<th>Present Rate</th>
<th>New Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Douglas fir</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Western hemlock, tax</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per M feet.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reduced duty to apply to not more than 250,000 board feet per calendar year.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lumber and timber:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spruce, pine, eastern hemlock, larch and fir other than Douglas fir</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other softwood and hardwood not specially provided for if not of balsa or teak, tax</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flooring of maple (except Japanese maple), birch and beech</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Animal Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dairy cows weighing 700 pounds or more each, per lb</th>
<th>Present Rate</th>
<th>New Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>.03</td>
<td>.015</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duty reduced on not over 20,000 head annually.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cream, fresh or sour, per gal.</td>
<td>.566</td>
<td>.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duty reduced on not over 1,500,000 gallons annually.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheddar cheese in original minimum</td>
<td>.35%</td>
<td>.25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loaves, per lb.</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Live poultry, per pound</td>
<td>.08</td>
<td>.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chickens and Guinea, dead, per pound</td>
<td>.10</td>
<td>.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horses, valued at not more than $150 per head, head</td>
<td>.30.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Vegetable Products**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Description</th>
<th>Present Rate</th>
<th>New Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maple Sugar, per pound</td>
<td>.06</td>
<td>.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hullled oats, (unfit for human consumption, per 32-lb. bu.)</td>
<td>.16</td>
<td>.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cereal breakfast foods, p. cent</td>
<td>.20</td>
<td>.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apples, green or ripe, per 50 lb. bbl</td>
<td>.25</td>
<td>.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh strawberries, per lb.</td>
<td>.41¢</td>
<td>.50¢</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blueberries, prepared or preserved or frozen, per cent</td>
<td>.83¢</td>
<td>.40¢</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherries in their natural state, per pound</td>
<td>.92</td>
<td>.91¢</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Manufactured and Miscellaneous Products**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Description</th>
<th>Present Rate</th>
<th>New Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetic acid containing by weight more than 65 per cent acetic acid, per pound</td>
<td>.02</td>
<td>.01¢</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vinyl acetate and synthetic resins, made in chief value therefrom, per pound</td>
<td>.06</td>
<td>.03¢</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt oxide, per pound</td>
<td>.02</td>
<td>.10¢</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sperm oil, crude per gallon</td>
<td>.05</td>
<td>.02¢</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetylene black</td>
<td>.20</td>
<td>.15¢</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical cooking stoves and ranges and parts</td>
<td>.33¢</td>
<td>.20¢</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice hockey sticks of wood, per 9 inches in wood containers</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>2.50¢</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulpwod in rolls for wall board, surface stained or dyed, lined or vat-lined, embossed or printed, per short ton</td>
<td>14.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lacrosse sticks</td>
<td>Min. 15%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice skates and parts</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harness or saddlery leather (bovine)</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patent leather (bovine)</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pipe organs (church) and parts thereof</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Articles on the Free List:**

**FISHERY PRODUCTS**—Sea herring and smelts, fresh or frozen; clams, quahogs, fresh or frozen; crabs, fresh or frozen (not crab meat); oysters, fresh or frozen (except seed oysters); lobsters, fresh, frozen or canned; scallops, fresh but not frozen.

**FOREST PRODUCTS**—Pulpwod, pulp and newsprint paper, wood pulp, bleached sulphite, mechanically ground, bleached or unbleached; soda, bleached or unbleached; standard newsprint paper pulpwod.

**OTHER FOREST PRODUCTS**—Shingles of wood (limited to 25 per cent of United States consumption); logs, round ‘incher, firewood, bolts, laths, etc. (excluding cabinet woods); posts, ties and poles; pickets, palings, hoops and staves.

**MINERAL PRODUCTS**—Asbestos, unmanufactured; cobalt and cobalt ore, crude artificial abrasives, not especially provided for; nickel ore, matte, and oxide; plaster rock (including anhydrite) and gypsum, crude.

**MANUFACTURED AND MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS**—Sulphuric acid or oil of vitriol; agricultural implements of which Canada is the principal supplier; calcium cyanamid or lime nitrogen; sodium cyanide, undressed furs; mink, beaver, muskrat and wolf.

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**Press Clipping Service**

2 Park Square

Boston, Mass.

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AMERICAN

Boston, Mass.

NOV 18 1935

**GREEN/SLATED FOR $5000 JOB**

City Councillor Thomas H. Green of Charlestown, staunch supporter of Governor Curley, loomed today as a strong possibility for the post of Civil Service Commissioner on December 1.

The post, which pays $5000 a year, is now occupied by James M. Hurley, a Democrat and former mayor of Marlboro.

Hurley may retain the job to which he was appointed by former Governor Ely. But State House observers aver that the job will be vacated and a new man appointed before the expiration date.

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AMERICAN

Boston, Mass.

NOV 18 1935

**CURLEY WARNS OF ‘RACKETS’**

Names of several state officials, including Governor Curley, are being used without authority in connection with the solicitation of funds and sale of tickets for various purposes, the Governor warned today.

In one case, he said, a man representing himself as a member of the American Veterans of the World War was attempting to obtain money from liquor dealers, telling them the Alcoholic Beverage Commission was interested.

In another a man who called himself "Commissioner Michael J. Burke"—there is no such commissioner—approached business men to buy tickets for a Hibernian ball.

In a third case a man suspected to be "Commissioner Burke" posed as Insurance Commissioner Decelles in phone calls to Boston insurance companies promoting a ticket sale.

No state official is lending his name to the promotion of any collection or sale and police should be called in any future solicitation, Governor Curley said.

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**Press Clipping Service**

2 Park Square

Boston, Mass.

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AMERICAN

Boston, Mass.

NOV 18 1935
AMERICAN
Boston, Mass.
NOV 18 1935

GIRL
ABOUT
TOWN

By Ann Marsters

Here's a bit of "news behind the news" and it's the true story about the headlined suggestion that our neighbor across the page, Robert E. Rogers, was to be named state superintendent of education.

An afternoon newspaper reporter chatting idly two weeks ago with Governor Curley mentioned that if Payson Smith were to end his reign as superintendent, Rogers might make a great successor.

"That would be a grand idea," beamed the governor, "and I'll remember it if the place should be vacated."

Then the governor went on to justly praise our fellow columnist. And that was that.

Then ten days later a morning newspaper writer heard a garbled account of this conversation, and lo, there appeared next morning this screaming headline: "Rogers to Be Named to State Post."

And that was the first Professor Rogers ever knew about it and he hasn't even heard from the governor yet. And our tip is that Governor Curley intends to keep Payson Smith on the job.

Harvard Breaks Own Rule
On Use of College Seal

Harvard University has banned the use of the Harvard seal on everything but legal documents. (The boys had been wont to use it on their stationery and such.) But Harvard is blissfully breaking its own rule, for the seal still embellishes the dormitory menus.

MONDAY—THE BRAVE

Such a great capacity
Has Monday for tenacity;
Think of its determination
As, with stony concentration,
Fearlessly it puts in motion
All life's harrowing commotion.
Surely worthy of our praise
In this dauntless day of days.

Woman Well Armed
To Repel Nightmare

Nightmare in Brookline: In one of those serene looking houses on a hillside of Brookline, a woman slept and dreamed. But it was a bad dream in which a black-hooded figure was breaking into her kitchen despite her frantic efforts to keep him out.

Her husband awakened her and she murmured drowsily:

"You needn't have wakened me. I had a carving knife."

Ducky Pond, Yale football coach, isn't above feeling sympathy for the players of Harvard and Yale who must pay and pay—no matter how hard they work on the field.

He told the story of Charley Ewart, Yale halfback, who is earning his tuition by waiting on table three times a day in one of the dormitories. Not even on game days is Charley relieved from table-waiting.

In the Brown game Ewart caught no less than 41 passes—and he was tackled all over the field. He was a little wobbly from exhaustion when it was all over, but nevertheless he had to rush back for the dinner session.

"Charley gets a break in the Harvard game," said Pond. "He won't be able to get back in time for dinner."

HEARD ABOUT TOWN—Even an ace handicapper can be touted off his selections. Dave Wilson picked Sandwreck to win in the fifth race last Friday, but he went broke on Gusto—as who didn't . . . Members of the Hasty Pudding Club and the Fly Club of Harvard are going to give bachelor dinners after the Yale game. The girl friends are planning to retaliate by giving a dinner of their own. So there! . . .

Charles E. Connors will be reappointed State Racing Commissioner . . . Get your quarters ready, the slot machines are back in town . . . Six girls in the chorus of George White's Scandals were politely asked to move out of a downtown hotel because they were SO noisy . . .

Harry Ferrer, clever reporter of the Record, is leaving town to become night picture editor of the Washington Herald . . . Governor Curley always uses the side entrance of his Jamaicaway home and every morning there are from 75 to 300 people waiting for him—all with some sort of request which he stops to hear . . . Former Mayor Nichols can be seen nearly every midnight (or later) walking around Jamaica Pond . . . A new member was welcomed into the Proparvulis Club the other evening—Ruth Ann Donoghue of Jamaica Plain.
Governor Curley struck a death blow at the pardon and parole racket today.

Upsetting the conventional system, he announced he would recommend 15 Thanksgiving and Christmas pardons for deserving convicts whose cases have not been argued before the parole board by lawyers.

He has personally investigated each case, dispensed with the services of attorneys, and consulted with the parole board himself.

In the past, he declared through an assistant secretary, John Backus, the system has developed into a racket for lawyers who preyed on convicts to loan agencies to raise the funds for legal services in arranging hearings on pardon applications.

The governor said he spent four hours with Backus going over the information on cases of applicants during his trip to New York last week-end.

He expressed the belief that prison officials are right in their belief that maintenance of order in the correctional institutions would be difficult were it not for the hope of pardon resulting from good behavior.

Some of the proposed pardons will be submitted to the executive council Wednesday in time for action before Thanksgiving.

Judge J. Arthur Baker was inducted to the Superior Court judiciary in the first jury-waived session today.

The ceremony, presided over by Chief Justice Walter Perley Hall, was simple.

Judge Alonzo R. Weed assisted in welcoming the new jurist to the bench. Clerk James F. McDermott read Governor Curley’s commission elevating the former councilor. Brief addresses were delivered by Justices Hall and Weed. One of the first to congratulate Judge Baker was Edmund H. Phinney, executive secretary to Justice Hall.

Three large floral tributes adorned the bench. Prominent among those attending were Mr. and Mrs. James D. Haggerty, Mrs. Fleming Stewart Wright and Mrs. Sturtevant Toupence.
MERRIAM CANDIDACY BOTHRES HOOVERITES

Supporters of Ex-President Have Opposition of Townsend Forces In Own State, California

M. E. HENNESSY

Out in California, the Republicans have a problem of their own. Gov. Merriam is an avowed candidate for President. Failing to receive the Republican nomination, he is willing to accept second place on the ticket. He is insisting on a pledged delegation for him, but Hooverites demand an unpledged one and want nothing to do with Merriam or his economics.

Hiram Johnson and his followers are for Franklin Roosevelt. Hiram bolted Hoover in 1932 and has been one of the supporters of the Roose
tvelt Administration in the Senate. He hates both Hoover and Merriam. Mr. Hoover makes it a point to conceal his dislike of the Senator. — "True, the Democrat's lost their hopes to win the coming Presidential race, but sure that the Republican party must reorganize its leadership and principles if it hopes to win the coming Presidential race."

Michaelson Scornful

Charles Michaelson, director of publicity of the Democratic National Committee, analyzes the recent voting in New York, in his weekly letter, "Dispelling the Fog."

"In 1933 the massed Republican vote was 1,674,831," he says. "This year the total was 1,631,180—a decrease of about 35,000. The Demo
crats in 1933 polled 1,655,732 votes. This year their total was 2,024,906. To put it still more simply, the Republi
cans had a plurality of approxi
dately 20,000 two years ago, and this year they can be turned back about 400,000 in the pluralis
tabulation certainly has Pollyanna backed off the boards."

"The Democratic lost their very slender majority in the Assembly — which consisted of a couple of seats that came to them with the Leham sweep of last year—but they have three more than they got in 1933. Moreover, they lost half a dozen up-state districts by margins so small that it would be burned out naturally in the name of a Presidential canvas."

These figures encourage the Democrats to believe that they will again carry New York, a prize well worth striving for, for its 45 electoral votes constitute a voting power in the Electoral College greater than the combined strength of 10 small Western states.

The recent Democratic subscription dinner at New Haven, which was ad
dressed by Postmaster General Farley and Attly Gen Cummings, netted the party war chest about $6000. Four hundred and fifty Nutmeg State Democrats paid $25 to listen to the two Cabinet men on the abundant life.

The Postmaster General claimed that Republican employers of labor were putting the heat on their help, to compel them to vote Republican next year. Their tactics had been laid aside for the rule of reason.

The venerable Democratic Governor, Dean Cross, put a little tabasco sauce in his speech, slamming the critics of the New Deal. "The Re
dublicans," said the Governor, "seem to be enraged because prosperity, long delayed, has come round the corner. They prophesy its complete end and he never came. When he does come, they are as mad as Hades."

While the Democrats were dining and wining at $25 a plate, several hundred Connecticut Young Repub
clicans broke bread at a dinner in Hartford and talked over plans to win back the state and the Preside
cency in 1936. It used to be a trite saying that the Democrats cat
ing a dollar in their working clothes, while Republicans in full evening dress scoffed at their塝
generate Democratic brethren. One observer at the Farley-Cummings banquet said he never dreamed that there were so many dinner jackets in the Democratic party. The New Deal has put top hats in the tails on Democrats, but banks have reduced their interest rates to the lowest in many years.

Plea to Direct to Farley

Massachusetts Democrats unable to get endorsements of Gov. Carley or the support of Senators Walsh and Coolidge have taken writing di
to Chairman Farley of the National Committee, demanding that they receive some recognition in the shape of jobs. One of these letters the sender showed me last week. It warned Mr. Farley that Mr. Carley and Roosevelt were slipping fast in the state and the outlook for 1936 was not encouraging, and it added a prompt compliance with the writer's demands, to win a job anywhere, and that the honor and prestige exchanged for the better. Such impor
tunities do not disconcert Sunny Jim. He has hundreds of them in his files at New York and Washing
ton. His reply is almost invariably: "Get the endorsement of your state chairman. Senate chairmen are Congressmen," a hurdle which few job seek
ers are able to vault. Disappointed office seekers now have a vexing prob
prom to party chairmen. Patronage is often their undoing.

The fortunate ones who land on the payroll are often a total political loss to the party. As soon as a man is appointed his influence wanes and his political activity is lessened. Gen. Butler used to say that for every ap
manship he made he created one ingrate and nine enemies.

Democrats are calling attention to Gov. Landon's supposed dry pro
divities and pointing out that Kansas is one of the few states still in the dry column. A dry candidate would not be possible in the East where Roosevelt is the most popular. Nor is the Kansas Governor much of an orator. Neither was Calvin Coolidge nor Herbert Hoover. G.O.P. defeated John W. Davis, a finished public speaker, a gentleman of charming manner. They let him away with the Presidential prize in 1928, leaving Allen Smith, one of the most captivating public speakers, in the lurch."

The present situation demands something more than oratory. A can
didate for President, with common sense and a determination to reduce the cost of government will make a greater appeal to the electorate than a smooth talker.
Globe
Boston, Mass.

NOV 18 1935

ANOTHER CLERGYMAN CRITICIZES GOVERNOR
Rev. C. F. Schultz Writes Proclamation Complaint

HYANNIS, Nov 17—Gov Curley's Armistice Day proclamation was again criticized unfavorably by a clergyman tonight. Rev. Charles F. Schultz at the evening service in Federated Church read an open letter to Gov. Curley explaining why he objected to the proclamation and had not read it from the pulpit. This followed prior criticism from a Winchester minister.

The Governor's words on disarmament, recent appointments to public office and the fact of several grammatical errors in the proclamation—replacing that word were mentioned by Rev Mr. Schultz, who closed his letter with: "I have a personal request to make. Please do not let the boldness of the protests of ministers around Boston prompt you, with the Legislators, to pass a law making it compulsory to read the proclamations of the Governor in the churches."

The letter, which was somewhat jarring in tone, stated in part: "I am one of the clergy of the Commonwealth who refused to read your proclamation for the observance of Armistice Day."

The clergyman wrote that he "cannot feel that I am unfair to my brethren in the ministry if I withold comment longer because every pastor who experienced displeasure over your official document should explain to you and to his people the reasons for his actions."

Publicity given previous protests indicates the subject is a delicate one. However, I feel that perhaps you will accept an explanation from a Cape Cod minister in a different light from the clergyman, around Boston. The people of Newton, Winchester and these suburban communities seem to make sport out of situations caused by your official acts. It may be that you know Cape people more intimately. You are one of our distinguished Summer visitors. You have lived here for week-ends at a time and to our social folk, you have entered right into the affairs and amusements of the towns of Barnstable and Yarmouth on the Cape.

There are worthy thoughts in portions of your official document. It is heartbreaking to you the people to give thanks to the faith of Washington, Jefferson, Franklin, Adams and Paul Revere.

For the establishment of the American nation, a random concern upon reading the roster of the patriots is as to whether or not you are searching out such men for confirmation by your Council. There are many prominent people as well as associations that believe there is a slight discrepancy between men you admire and those you appoint."

Commends a Point

Commanding Gov. Curley's tribute to the leadership of the present hour. Rev. Schultz adds: "The criticism of that paragraph in your proclamation—as propaganda for the New Deal—may be that your readers took it literally and it was meant to be interpreted oratorically. There is a slight difference in the picture of the 'Prosperous Day' as portrayed in the King James' version from that painted by the Governor James' version."

Gov. Curley's words on disarmament beginning, "Until every nation in the world lays aside its guns..." aroused the Hyannis pastor more than other parts of the proclamation.
Gov Curley Puts Curb on Pardon ‘Racket’

TO RECOMMEND 15 TO COUNCIL

Says Hearings Have Been Profit to Lawyers

Gov Curley this afternoon announced that approximately 15 Thanksgiving and Christmas pardons will be recommended to the Executive Council.

The decision to recommend the extension of clemency in these cases, the Governor said, was reached following a four-hour conference with Assistant Secretary John H. Backus during the Governor's trip to New York last Friday.

Assistant secretary Backus announced that as a result of the Governor's policy of refusing to send all pardon board cases in which either new evidence had been uncovered or developments appeared which would make it worth while to hold a hearing.

"Because of this policy the Governor has put a stop to what had developed into a 'racket' among profit seeking lawyers," said Backus.

Files in the Governor's office disclosed, Backus went on, that friends and relatives of imprisoned men had been sent to loan agencies and lawyers to raise funds for their service in arranging hearing on pardon applications.

Backus declared: "The files also show one case in which a lawyer received a very substantial fee on a case which a decent lawyer or decent man would know didn't have a chance. "The Governor's policy has helped these lawyers from providing themselves with profit."

Gov Curley said: "I spent four solid hours with Mr. Backus on the train going over to New York on pardons, and a definite agreement was reached on about 15 cases. They will be put in form and submitted to the Council in time for Thanksgiving and Christmas pardons."

Gov Curley said he believed there is a great deal in what prison officials and others say, that it is difficult to maintain order in penal institutions unless "you can hold out some hope for pardon for good behavior."

Before reaching a decision on the 15 cases, according to Backus, the Governor consulted the warden of State Prison, the superintendent of the Norfolk Prison Colony, Commissioner Arthur T. Lynn of the State Department of Correction, criminal lawyers, social workers and the Advisory Board of Pardons.

THANKSGIVING SEASON FOR RED CROSS FRIENDS

As regularly as comes Armistice Day, so comes the roll call of the American Red Cross and on Thanksgiving Day comes the end of the active solicitation for memberships and contributions.

The Red Cross depends on the roll call to support this work and its friends never have been found wanting. This year, in fact, more than ever, both nationally and locally, there seems to be renewed interest in the Red Cross and its officers both here and in Washington look for the greatest success in money and members—77,000 members for the Boston Metropolitan Chapter and $130,000 in money.

Optimism grows from the fact that this year in downtown Boston, a group of 500 young and active men are on the job canvassing every office and plant for memberships, and 100 percent membership signs in offices and households are showing here and there.

More hotels than formerly are flying the Red Cross flag and many hotels and restaurants are making a Red Cross appeal on their bills of fare.

The Governor of the Commonwealth, the Mayor of Boston and many clergymen have given their unqualified endorsement. In short, everybody is helping.

Under such good auspices, therefore, the officers feel that they can be hopeful of excellent results and certainly the Red Cross deserves the best from everybody.
Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
Boston Mass.
GLOBE
Boston, Mass.
NOV 18 1935

MORIARTY, IF
HE WANTS IT

Governor Ready to Name
Him to De Wolf’s Place

That James T. Moriarty of Boston, former pres of the Massachusetts Branch of the Federation of Labor, will be appointed State Commissioner of Labor and Industries to succeed the late De Witt C. De Wolf, providing he is willing to accept the post, was announced this afternoon by Gov Curley.

The Governor made this announcement following a lengthy conference with Robert J. Watt, sec and treas.

JAMES T. MORIARTY
and John F. Gatelee, pres. of the state branch, A.F. of L.

At first, the Governor said that the two labor leaders had requested him to visit Moriarty, now at his home on South st, Roslindale, suffering with a heart attack.

Asked whether he had discussed with Gatelee and Watt the possibility of appointing Moriarty as Commissioner, as recommended by Gatelee, the Governor replied: “We did discuss that.”

“I will say this,” the Governor went on, “that if I find that he will accept, I will have no hesitancy in recommitting him for the position. I will call on him for the purpose of ascertaining that fact.”

The Governor said he would probably submit other major appointments to the Council next Wednesday but declined to indicate what changes might be expected in important state positions.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
Boston Mass.
GLOBE
Boston, Mass.
NOV 18 1935

UNITED EFFORT PLAN
TO PREVENT CRIME

Law Enforcement Branches
Confer Here Tomorrow

Officials from practically every branch of law enforcement activity will assemble in an all-day conference arranged for tomorrow at the Boston Chamber of Commerce by the Massachusetts Board of Probation to coordinate efforts to curb crime in the Commonwealth.

Gov Curley and Mayor Mansfield head the list of local executives who are expected to be present, and Sanford Bates, director of Federal prisons, will deliver the principal address at the afternoon session.

Members of the judiciary, probation officers, police chiefs, prosecuting officials, sheriffs, County Commissioners and prison authorities will take active part in the proceedings. A feature of the conference will be discussion of cooperation with the new National Youth Administration. One of the main addresses will be by William F. Stearns of Cambridge, aid to Edward L. Casey, Massachusetts director of the movement. Another speaker on the topic of youth in crime will be Judge John F. Perkins of the Boston Juvenile Court.

Other speakers will include Judge Abraham E. Pinanski of the Superior Court and Arthur T. Lyman, Massachusetts Commissioner of Correction. Presiding at the sessions will be B. Loring Young, chairman of the Board of Probation, and two of his associates, Mrs Mary E. Driscoll and Daniel J. Lyne. During the afternoon the delegates will inspect the State Prison at Charlestown.
LEGION AUXILIARY SEEKS \BR BAR ON PAYSON SMITH
WORCESTER, Nov 17—A proposal to request Gov Curley not to reappoint Payson Smith State Commissioner of Education because of his stand against the teachers oath bill was discussed today at a conference of State Department officers and chairman of the American Legion Auxiliary at the Bancroft Hotel.

The task of writing a letter to Gov Curley was delegated to Mrs Susan Ester of Boston, state vice president, who spoke in favor of going on record against the Smith appointment.

The auxiliary also decided to favor a larger army and navy for furthering the national defense improvement, and decided to assist in the campaign to force payment of the bonus. Addresses of these subjects were made by Mrs Ester, Mrs Catherine T. Garrity of Lowell, Mrs Elizabeth Giblin of Boston, who also presided.

Gov Curley today expressed the opinion that the reciprocal tariff agreements between the United States and Canada, on food stuffs, would tend to "stabilize, if not lower, the cost of living in both countries."

The Governor's opinion was given during a discussion with newspapermen on the possible effect of the agreements on the Massachusetts fish industry. At the request of representatives of the fish industry, the Governor said he communicated with Postmaster General Farley for purposes of learning whether the schedules could be changed. Farley replied, the Governor said, to the effect that the schedules had been completed and could not be changed at this time.

"Since then, however," the Governor went on, "I have consulted Christopher Halligan, who represents the fish industry here, and have been informed that the schedules have been completed and could not be changed at this time."

The Governor expressed his pleasure at the friendly relations which exist between the United States and its neighbor to the north, and asserted there are 3,000,000 people of Canadian extraction living in this country who are numbered among our "best citizens."

"We have more in common than any other two groups in the world, and I believe the reciprocal agreements on food stuffs will tend to lower the cost of living in both countries," he concluded.

GOV CURLEY PLEASED BY REDUCTION ON FOODS
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POST
Boston, Mass.
N0V. 8 1935

Post Letter Box

Will correspondents of the Letter Box please use self-addressed envelopes?

"To the Editor of the Post:

"Sir—What is the particular importance of Lake Tsana in Abyssinia, which the Italians seem particularly anxious to capture, and which British writers seem greatly worried about?"

"Lake Tsana is in the mountainous region of northwestern Abyssinia, or Ethiopia, and is one of the sources of the Blue Nile which flows down into the Red Sea. Great Britain has important commercial interests.

Since early in the 20th century, there has been study of the possibility of damming the lake and converting it into a reservoir with a capacity of several billion cubic meters of water. By the construction of other reservoirs on other sources of the great river, it could be converted into an artificially regulated stream; and those who regulated the flow of the waters would have the most fertile portion of the Sudan at their mercy. It might be possible, even to reduce it to the condition of a desert, according to some writers.

"To the Editor of the Post:

"Sir—From what direction do Bostonians come into the city?"

"Sir—From what direction do Bostonians come into the city divided at the Commonwealth Armory Dec. 5, 6, 7, and 8. Colonel Philip L. Brown, commander of the regiment, is chairman of the show committee and has received word from Governor Curley that he has accepted the invitation to the show.

FINEST OF HORSES

The Chief Executive has especial interest in this show because his son-in-law, Lieutenant-Colonel Edward C. Donnelly, has always been an exhibitor and his daughter, Mrs. Donnelly, was a judge of the show exhibition last year. Governor Curley officiated at the Commonwealth Armory dedication ceremonies at the opening of the exhibition when Mayor of Boston. One of the evening sessions will be designated "Governor's Night." More than 25 of the leading stables of the East have indicated that they will compete for the $3000 in prize money and valuable trophies, while nearly half of the说话 boxes have been taken.

The quality of the horses will be the best in the show's history. Two of the recently crowned national champions at Madison Square Garden, the five-gaited saddle horse, Louis Kaiser's Gold Digger from Bethel, Conn., and the heavy harness star, Knight Bachelor, owned by Miss Judy King of Atlanta, Ga., are definitely coming. Miss Frances Dodge, Michigan, invited to show her two national champions, Rita Keit and King of the Plain, hopes to be able to ship her horse. Both King of the Plain and Knight Bachelor were Boston Garden favorites a few years ago, the former being considered the greatest harness pony performer that ever lived.

Host of Celebrated Performers

The honor of making the first entry in the show belongs to Miss Marion Atherton, Suwanee, Georgia.
CAPE MINISTER
SCORES CURLEY

Cape Minister Scores Curley

Hits His Appointments in Open Letter Read to Hyannis Group

HYANNIS, Nov. 17—Ranked among clergymen who refused to read Gov. Curley's Armistice day proclamation to their parishioners, the Rev. C. F. Schultz tonight read an open letter criticizing the Governor at the evening service in the Federated Church.

"There are many worthy thoughts in portions of your official document," declared the letter to Mr. Curley, "It is heartbreaking to have you call the people to give thanks to the faith of Washington, Jefferson, Franklin, Adams and Paul Revere . . . for the establishment of the American nation."

A random concern is as to whether or not you are searching out such men in the picture of the prosperous day as portrayed in the King James version from that painted by the Gov. James version.

Mr. Schultz particularly criticized the Governor for inferring that America must delay disarmament until every other nation lays down its arms.

 other than the noted exhibitors, Arthur Black of Winchester has already entered His Irish Rose; Miss Barnett Campbell of Boston, with shorthorn, and Mrs. Ruth Elwell of Lexington, will ride Adrienne Fouromer's Domino.

Other Notes Expected

Entries are expected from the following local exhibitors: Mrs. Stable, Mr. and Mrs. William J. Kennedy, Mrs. William H. Danforth, whose daughter Helen won a blue at New York; Denny Shea, whose Squire won the national jumping title for the third time and was sold to the Canadian army riding team. Mr. and Mrs. Harold R. Sawyer, Miss Helen Balfour, Misses Elizabeth and Gertrude Burkard, Miss Pearl Campbell, Miss Helen Downer, Dr. John J. Elliott, William H. Driscoll, Allan J. Wilson, William A. Hendrickson, Miss Eleanor R. Sears, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin R. Farnsworth, Dr. Frederick L. Good, Miss Constantia Green, Miss Barbara Ann Goldrich, Arthur L. Lewis, Ralph N. Miliken, Harry Good, Arthur Hurney, Ralph Symmes and many others.

Among the boxholders are Mr. and Mrs. Sidney W. Winslow, George R. West, Mr. and Mrs. William C. Cox, Mrs. Hugh Bancroft, Mr. and Mrs. Harold R. Sawyer, Mrs. Florence F. Dibble, Mr. and Mrs. William J. Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund P. Cassell, Lincoln H. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph C. Burkard, Mrs. William Danforth, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard F. McDaid, Mr. and Mrs. William K. Irving, Mr. and Mrs. Cutler B. Downer, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Elliott, Mrs. Grace D. Hatch, Miss Marion Atterton and John Campbell.

Gov. Curley Greets New Jewelry Store Head

Gov. James M. Curley, center, greeting two of the store executives of the new Rogers Jewelry Co., newest of its kind in the city, which was formally opened by His Excellency last Friday. They presented him a wrist watch.
Current Comment

YOU MIGHT!

[From the Springfield Union]

With Dick Grant going to the Public Utilities Commission at $7000 a year and J. Arthur Baker getting an appointment to the Superior Court bench at a good salary, one might say the Curley administration is getting pretty well straightened out.

Governor Asks Moriarty to Take Labor Position

Announces Choice After State A. F. of L. Leaders Urge Appointment

James T. Moriarty, for many years a prominent Boston labor leader and former president of the Massachusetts branch of the American Federation of Labor, will be appointed State Commissioner of Labor and Industries to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dewitt C. DeWolf, if he desires the appointment, according to announcement today by Governor James M. Curley.

The governor made the statement after conferring with John F. Gatelee of Springfield, president, and Robert J. Watt of Lawrence, secretary-treasurer, of the State branch of the A. F. of L. Both labor leaders strongly urged the appointment of Moriarty. Gatelee previously had issued a public statement placing his organization on record in favor of Moriarty's appointment and declaring that labor looked forward with confidence to seeing him in that position. Moriarty is confined to his home in Rehoboth with a heart attack, and the two labor leaders urged the governor to visit him this afternoon to ascertain whether he would accept the appointment.

If I find that he will accept, I will have no hesitation in recommending him for the position," the governor said. "I will call on him today for the purpose of ascertaining that fact."

Governor Curley indicated that he would submit other major appointments to the Executive Council on Wednesday, but declined to make known any pending changes among the score of department heads whose terms will expire Dec. 1, including Dr. Payson Smith, commissioner of education.

Letters to

GIVE THEM BENEFIT OF THE DOUBT

To the Editor of the Transcript:

Apropos of the case of Judge J. Arthur Baker, it is perhaps pertinent to observe that under our common law as existing in this Commonwealth today a man is presumed innocent until proven guilty. This presumption gives a party accused of any wrong the benefit of any doubt that may attach to his doings, so that a given act which is capable of two opposite interpretations, one innocent, the other blameworthy, will, under our law, in the absence of specific proof to the contrary, be regarded in favor of the innocence of the person under investigation.

Assuming that Councillor Baker had been genuinely piqued by criticisms which had been directed toward him, pending the Russell confirmation, by both Republican and Democratic critics, each critic accusing him bitterly of ulterior motives; assuming further that this act on his part, honestly conceived and in good faith executed, excited the wrath of his Republican contemporaries, making him the object of widespread condemnation; assuming again that Mr. Baker's conduct and the events following it made him in the eye of Governor Curley a political martyr, and that the governor then thought it incumbent upon himself to promote Mr. Baker to a judgeship — assuming all these circumstances to be true, and there is no authentic evidence to the contrary — assuming them true, are they not consistent with innocence and honest dealing on the part of both Judge Baker and Governor Curley? And if this is so, are not both these gentlemen, under the spirit of our laws and customs, entitled to all benefit of doubt in the absence of authentic evidence to the contrary?

Cyril Fitzgerald Butler
Boston, Nov. 16.
JUDGE J. ARTHUR BAKER

JUDGE BAKER IS INDUCTED

Assumes New Duties as Superior Court Justice

J. Arthur Baker of Pittsfield, former Republican member of the Governor's council, today was inducted to the bench as a superior court justice. In the first jury waived session before Chief Justice Arthur Perley Hall and Justice Alonzo R. Weed, following the reading of the commission by James F. McDermott, clerk of the equity session, the new justice was congratulated by the chief justice and Justice Weed, and assumed his duties in the fourth jury waived session.

There were three floral tributes: a large basket of yellow chrysanthemums from the Governor's Council and baskets of chrysanthemums from his mother and his wife.

Among those who congratulated the new judge after the ceremony were Councillor Daniel H. Coakley, Judge Felix Forte, member of the Republican state committee, and Atty. Barnet Gainsberg, former Republican representative for the 14th district.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
Boston Mass.

ROOSEVELT SURVIVES ACID TEST, HE SAYS

People's Editor:

Gov. Curley speaking at the Women's Democratic League at the Statler Hotel recently, sagely remarked that though the Democratic body politic suffered no serious disaffection, it was imperative that the members coordinate more cogently and stand with solidarity under the banner of their leader, President Roosevelt, who has dominated the country more completely than any President since the immortal George Washington.

Not since Lincoln has any man been so vilified and pilloried in public life. But he has the traditional iron in his soul, that proves a prophylactic to discouragement, makes him immune to the poisoned darts of disgruntled opponents.

Week in and out over the radio, there is a roaring, ceaseless torrent of dynamic blast and din and fan-fare of all economic sin, excoriating Roosevelt. These voices on the air are laden with detraction and destruction, but no constructive tone, no remedy for rehabilitation.

Roosevelt, climbing the hazardous heights of unselfish endeavor and self-abnegation, is not deterred by the jibes and jeers of snickering scoffers, or the sneers of cynics. He hears only the victory call of soul, "Excelsior."

Roosevelt has had the acid test and won, in his receiving both praise and censure with equal equanimity of spirit.

BENNETT M. WATTERSON.
Gov. Curley to Give State Labor Post To James T. Moriarty if He'll Accept

In the event that James T. Moriarty will accept the appointment as state commissioner of labor and industries Gov. Curley will have no hesitancy in appointing him to the place, the Governor said today.

Gov. Curley will call on Moriarty at his home in Roslindale late today and offer him the place made vacant by the death last week of Dewitt C. Dewolf.

Moriarty, who was for four years president of the Massachusetts branch A. F. of L., has been confined to his home for several weeks with a heart attack.

The Governor's announcement came today after he had confered with John F. Gatelee, president of the Massachusetts branch A. F. of L. and Robert J. Watt, secretary treasurer of the organization. They urged Moriarty's appointment as Gatelee had done earlier in the day in a public statement. They also asked the Governor to call on Moriarty.

GREEN MAY HEAD CIVIL SERVICE

The probability that City Councilman Thomas H. Green of Charlestown will succeed James M. Hurley as state civil service commissioner Dec. 1 loomed this afternoon following a call by Green on Gov. Curley.

A warning against persons soliciting funds in the name of state officials was issued today by Gov. Curley. He said that any such cases should be brought to the attention of the state or Boston police and he has already talked with Commissioner Eugene M. McSweeney asking him to try to arrest the guilty persons.
CAPE MINISTER SCORES CURLEY

HYANNIS, Nov. 17 — Ranked among clergymen who refused to read Gov. Curley's Armistice day proclamation to their parishioners, the Rev. Carl F. Schultz tonight read an open letter criticizing the Governor at the evening service in the Federated Church.

"There are many worthy thoughts in portions of your official document," declared the letter to Mr. Curley. "It is heartening to have you call the people to give thanks to the faith of Washington, Jefferson, Franklin, Adams and Paul Revere. . . . for the establishment of the American nation." A random concern is as to whether or not you are searching out such men for confirmation by your council.

"There are many prominent people, as well as associations, that believe there is a slight discrepancy between men you admire and those you appoint. And there is a slight difference in the picture of 'the prosperous day' as portrayed in the King James version from that painted by the Gov.-James version."

Mr. Schultz particularly criticized the Governor for inferring that America must delay disarmament until every other nation lays down its arms.

MORIARTY GETS LABOR BACKING

Indorsed by Gatelee to Succeed DeWolf as Commissioner

James T. Moriarty, former president of the State Federation of Labor, was indorsed today by John F. Gatelee, president of the Massachusetts branch, A. F. of L., for appointment to the position of state commissioner of labor and industries. The place is vacant due to the death last week of DeWitt C. DeWolf.

In a statement today discussing the vacancy in the department Gatelee said: "The Massachusetts Federation of Labor looks forward with confidence to the appointment of James T. Moriarty as commissioner of labor and industries and pledges to Gov. Curley that our membership stands ready for the utmost co-operation with decent employers throughout the state under the administration of the fine, progressive laws, which have resulted from the co-operation of the employer and employee under the Governor's legislative program."