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James Michael Curley Scrapbooks Volume 92

James Michael Curley

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Volume 92
“TAPS” SOUNDED AT MRS LOGAN’S FUNERAL

Son Says Requiem Mass—Bishop Spellman Present

With Rt Rev Francis J. Spellman, auxiliary bishop of the Boston archdiocese within the sanctuary and about 25 other clergymen from parishes around Greater Boston attending, final tribute was paid this morning to Mrs Mary C. Logan, widow of Brig Gen Lawrence J. Logan, and mother of a distinguished South Boston family.

Mr Logan attended the service and among them were friends of years ago. Younger people in the district, professional and business men and women and many active in the church societies also joined in the service. Among the distinguished persons present were Judge William J. Day, Mayor James M. Curley, chairman of the Democratic State Committee and Edward L. Baker, secretary of the committee, were present.

The cortege formed at the Logan home in Cohasset early this morning and proceeded to the Gate of Heaven Church, the parish in which Mrs Logan had worshipped in the years gone by. Members of the Order of St Francis of Assisi, in the habit of the order, marched as an escort. Mrs Logan had been a member of that order for more than 30 years. She was buried in the habit.

A solemn high mass of requiem at 10 o'clock was sung by her son, Rev Leo J. Logan. He was assisted by Rev Mathew N. Hickey, pastor of St Agnes Church, Arlington, as deacon, and Rev Cornelius J. O’Connell of Cohasset, as subdeacon. Rev J. Walter Lanark, pastor of St Polycarp’s Church, Somerville, was the master of ceremonies, and Rev Joseph L. Lynch, assistant master of ceremonies.

Military Men Ushers


Curley to Confer With Bankers on Loans First

Until he has conferred with the leading bankers and reached an understanding on the matter of loans to the city, Mayor Curley will not give any definite statement on when he will cut the salaries of city and county employees.

The city will need $30,000,000 in anticipation of taxes and today at his desk in City Hall the Mayor was asked a direct question as to when he would sign the executive order cutting salaries as provided by the bill recently enacted by the Legislature, which gives him permission to cut.

His reply to the question was as follows: "I expect to have a conference tomorrow with the leading bankers regarding funds for the conduct of city affairs, and until such time as the conference and understanding is reached, I do not care to state.

NO FURTHER COMMENT ON DECLINING POLISH POST

Mayor James M. Curley declined today to elaborate on or make any announcement concerning his declaration last week of the distinguished post of Ambassador to Poland. His decision was reached after conferences and discussions with leading bankers and other prominent leaders of the business and financial world of the city.

GRIFFIN CONFINES GEORGE CURLEY TO HIS HOME

George Curley, son of Mayor James M. Curley, is sick at home suffering from an attack of grippe. Dr Martin J. English is caring for the boy.

MAYOR AWARDS CONTRACT FOR PATCHING MATERIAL

Recent bids of $8 a ton for Luminous patching material resulted in Mayor Curley awarding a contract for 2500 tons. All bids received the first time was at a rate of $8 a ton. Today the Mayor awarded a contract to the Trimount Oil Company, at a rate of $3.71 a ton.
Report Favors City Charter Investigation

Rules Committee of Legislature Says "Ought to Pass" on Bill for Special Commission

Turns Down Sen. Parkman's Measure

$10,000 Appropriation Originally Provided For Is Cut in Half

By Richard D. Grant

By reporting "ought not to pass" on a bill providing for the creation of a special commission of seven members of the Legislature to make an investigation of proposed changes in the charter of the city of Boston, the joint committee on Rules today virtually assured the city of such an inquiry. At the same time the committee reported adversely on the petition filed by Senator Henry Parkman, Jr., on behalf of Hannah Connors, for an investigation of the Boston city administration.

It is believed that the charter resolve will encounter little opposition on its way through the two branches. The resolve was reported favorably by the legislative Committee on Cities and referred to the Rules Committee. That committee's proposal would consist of two members of the Senate, five members of the House and two civilians appointed by the governor. As the measure came from the Committee on Cities it provided for an appropriation of $10,000 but this was cut down to $5000 by the Rules Committee. The resolve provides, however, that the commission may obtain additional funds if necessary by applying to the governor and Council. It would be established "for the purpose of inquiring into the desirability of making changes in the charter of the city of Boston and in the general and special laws relating to the administration of the affairs of said city."

The resolve is based on sixteen petitions for legislation of various kinds affecting the city. There were originally seventeen but the Rules Committee held out two which related to the reorganization of the welfare department. These will be kept in reserve in case there is need for legislation on that subject.

The petition filed by Senator Parkman, on which the Rules Committee reported unfavorably, was the one which drew the largest crowds to the State House today after a week's absence. He said that he had received more than 2600 letters and telegrams since he declined the post of ambassador to Poland, and that nearly all of these commended his action. The mayor said he would not comment further on the proposed p-o-y cuts until he had discussed municipal finances with the bankers. The reduction would be immediately effective in all departments directly under the jurisdiction of the mayor. In the case of other departments, including the school, the city was given 10 days to put the reductions into effect. The mayor said that if there was not a marked improvement soon he planned to take a definite rest of two or three days. He expressed concern over his young son, George, who also has a severe cold and was running a high temperature yesterday.
TRIBE BLANKED, 2-0, IN OPENER

Weak With Stick, Bow to Phillies on Soggy Field---Knothe Gets All Braves’ Hits

BY PAUL H. SHANNON

Prying loose the lid after a week of inaction the battling Braves finally opened the official big league season at the Wigwam yesterday afternoon under conditions that hardly tended to make the campaign's inauguration auspicious. For the hostile elements, hampering the Tribesmen ever since Wednesday last, preserved that unpleasant chill in the air, while a fresh downfall of rain that started to dampen the field and the ardor of fans as well began half an hour before game time and kept the attendance down to less than 10,000.

The occasion may have been a happy one for the Phillies as they beat the Braves and whitewashed them, 2 to 0. But the result didn't serve to enthuse the 8500 faithful who saw the Tribe pass up one brilliant opportunity to hang a defeat in the opener on Bert Shotton's men. Beatrice Perles.

Curley Congratulated by Hundreds As Fans Storm Box at Braves Field

Mayor Curley, making his first official public appearance since his return from Washington where he declined the Polish ambassadorship, was forced to conduct an impromptu reception to well-wishers from his box at Braves field yesterday at the end of the Braves-Phillies game which opened Boston's 1933 baseball season.

The mayor, one of the crowd of 7500 fans who braved the raw afternoon to take part in the long postponed opening game festivities, was the centre of attraction from the time he appeared in the grandstand.

Accompanied by several friends, the mayor arrived at the field shortly after 2:30. As soon as he was recognized, a ripple of applause spread over the field, to which Mayor Curley responded by doffing his hat several times.

Jimmy Coughlin's 101st Veterans' band, which was furnishing music for the early corners, had finished a few bars of "Auld Lang Syne" when the mayor arrived at the box in back of the Braves' players dugout. Immediately, the music ceased, only to begin anew with "Happy Days Are Here Again," the Democratic national campaign song. The mayor acknowledged the ovation by saluting the band leader.

A few less timid persons pressed forward at once to exchange greetings while others accepted nods and bows of recognition from the mayor for the next few moments.

Mr. Curley was forced to throw out two baseballs to satisfy the corps of photographers, holding his arm back each time until all were ready. The traditional march to the flag pole was omitted because of the dubious weather, but the team officials wishing to get the game started on time, so persons in distant parts of the field were forced to crane necks to obtain a glimpse of the city's chief executive.

With the mayor were Wallace Quinn, an acquaintance; Judge Fuchs, president of the Braves, and C. F. Adams, vice-president of the club. Mr. Curley pushed his derby hat back on his head after the manner of all good baseball fans and showed a keen interest in every play of the game.

As soon as the final out had been made, the mayor arose to leave the field, but found himself hemmed in on all sides. Down the aisle leading to his box, he saw hundreds of fans making their way toward him. The crowd was orderly, but there was no escape until after a goodly portion of those in the grandstand had filed past the box.

Mayor Curley was on hand, as expected, to throw out the first ball and get things going, while District Attorney Foley, who sat in the same box with Judge Fuchs, Vice President Adams and a few other invited guests, lent an official air to the opener, but even the band that played at the slightest opportunity, and a crowd of loyal rooters who pulled till the last gun was fired for a Boston victory, could not give many thrills to the occasion.
ST PIUS DRUB S BIRD & SON IN CURLEY CUP SEMIFINAL

Freddy Kennedy Gets Four Goals in 5-1 Soccer Victory—Losers Play Without Services of Three Stars

SOCCE R RESULTS
NATIONAL CUP FINAL

ST PIUS A. Bird & Son
Dorchester Wavers 1. Clan MacGregor 1

BAY STATE LEAGUE

ST PIUS A. Bird & Son
Inter-State Knights 0

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Brooklyn Wanderers 1. Famous Americans 0

OTHER GAMES

Brookhaven A. Boston 1
Woodland A. C. 3. Scandinavian B. 1

By GEORGE M. COLLINS
LYNN, April 16—St. Pius soccer team of this city handed Bird and Son outfit of Walpole, holder of the Mayor James M. Curley Cup, a real trouncing here this afternoon at Memorial Field, East Lynn, in one of the first games in the semisfinals, winning by five goals to one, before a crowd of 2000.

Freddy Kennedy was the deadly marksman for the winning team, and he delivered telling blows on four occasions to outdo the "hat trick." Kennedy was right on the job all afternoon, and with Mickey Roche, Jerry Mahoney and Frank Smith sending the ball along the ground to him to carry on and add the finishing touches, he had nearly a perfect afternoon.

Byrnes Breaks the Ice
The heavy scoring of the St Pius team today just about assures this team appearing in the finals for its seems asking too much for the Birdies to make up such a leeway in the second game, which will be played at Walpole.

Jackie Smith, Bird & Son star, was in interested spectator at the game, he was married the day before and did not play. Alex Lorimer failed to appear, while Dave Ross was out with an injured leg, and the absence of this trio weakened the Birdies.

Tommy Byrnes crashed the first goal of the game into the net for St Pius, with Findlay making a futile effort to get that ball. Now in the lead the Lynn players tore into the game pelmelle. It was a case of Findlay—Williamson-Schuller-Russell-Wilson and McDougall against the entire St Pius team and the second goal came unexpectedly, when Schuller missed his kick and Freddy Kennedy, taking the play, gave Findlay no chance with his drive. Half-time came with St Pius leading, 2-0.

Birdies Rally Briefly
A sensational play saw Freddy Kennedy send the St Pius three goals ahead. Jerry Mahoney outwitted Schuller and McKenna and crossed to Kennedy, who made a quick pivot move and slapped the ball past Findlay at express speed.

Birdies now showed touches of real soccer. Their combination play was great. The St Pius defense wavered and "Chuck" Travers deftly whipped the ball past Bragg for the Birdies' goal.

Birdies again rallied and McAllister's try was wide, as was another from Russell. Back came the Lynn forwards and Freddy Kennedy, battling his way past Williamson, left Findlay helpless, with a rocket shot into the net.

St Pius players were all over the Birdies now and when Freddy Kennedy got through and cut loose with another hot drive to beat Findlay for the fifth goal and his own fourth, it was all over for the Walpole outfit.

The summary:


BRAVES BLANKED BY PHILLIES, 2-0, IN OPENING GAME

Mayor Throws Out First Ball Before 7500 Chilled Fans at Wigwam

KNOTHE GETS TRIBE'S ONLY TWO HITS

By BURT WHITMAN

Boston's four-time postponed big league opening took place in the murk and chill of yesterday afternoon before an astonishing crowd of 7500 at the Wigwam and the Phillies shut out the Braves, 2 to 0, with an iceberg hanging right around the corner.

Mayor Curley tossed out the official first ball and the flag was hoisted at the end of the right field foul line by Managers Bill McKechnie and Burt Shotton. It rained rather briskly before the game and in the early stages, so there is no other way of accounting for the crowd than by admitting that the times are not spoiling John J. Fan's interest in big league baseball.

Post

MAYOR BACK AT DESK TODAY

First Task to Arrange for Big City Loans

Mayor Curley returns to his desk at City Hall at 9 o'clock this morning, to face the regular routine of his duties. His prime interest this morning will be to arrange a conference with leading bank interests to confer on potential loans totalling $30,000,000 which the city will seek.

The Mayor attended church services with his family yesterday morning, and went to the baseball game in the afternoon at Braves Field.

The Mayor received a telegram during the day from City Councillor Clement A. Norton, congratulating him on his decision to remain as chief executive of the city, rather than take the preferred post as ambassador to Poland.

At the top—Mayor Curley's follow-through after throwing out the first ball at the Braves-Phillies opener at the Wigwam. Below—The first mishap. Huck Betts, Tribal pitcher, struck in the abdomen by a pitched ball as Catcher Virgil Davis of the Phillies inquires as to his feelings.
CURLEY HALTS CUTS PENDING CONFERENCE
Mayor Is to See Banks About Financing the City and Then Act

Mayor Curley announced today that he would not order wage cuts for city employees, as he is authorized to do by legislative enactment, until he and the Boston bankers have reached a definite agreement about financing the city's needs and the rates of interest.

The city needs about $30,000,000 this year in anticipation of taxes, according to the mayor's estimates. He said he had arranged a conference with representatives of the Boston banks for tomorrow.

"Until such time as this conference is held, and I have reached a definite understanding with the banks with reference to this financing and the rates of interest, I will issue no executive order for wage cuts for the city employees," he said.

He has been authorized by the Legislature to formulate a wage-cut program of 5, 10 and 15 per cent, estimated to save $3,000,000.

Curley's Youngest Son Is Very Sick

George Curley, 13, youngest son of the mayor, is seriously ill with grippe at his father's home on Jamaica Way, Jamaica Plain.

"I am greatly worried about the boy," said Mayor Curley, revealing his son's illness. "Dr. Martin English is in attendance. The lad has a temperature of 101 to 103 and is very sick.

2000 ATTEND LOGAN FUNERAL
State, City and Military at Services in South Boston Church

More than 2000 persons, including state, city and military officials, attended funeral services for Mrs. Catherine M. Logan, 81, widow of Brig.-Gen. Lawrence J. Logan, for many years colonel of the old 8th regiment, at the State of Heaven Church, South Boston, today.

The celebrant of the solemn high mass of requiem was Rev. Leo Logan, son of the late Mrs. Logan. The deacon was the Rev. Mathew Flaherty of St. Agnes Church, Arlington, the sub-deacon, the Rev. Cornelius O'Leary of Cohasset.

The Rev. J. Walter Lambert of St. Polycarp's Church, Somerville, was master of ceremonies.

A delegation of more than 25 priests from Greater Boston, headed by Bishop Francis A. Spellman, sat in pews just outside the sanctuary. Others present included Mayor Curley and his daughter, Mary; ex-Mayor Malcolm McDonnell; ex-Mayor John J. Mooney; ex-Mayor John J. Kooney; State, City and Military officials, at the grave.


Burial was at Old Calvary Cemetery in Mattapan, where brief prayers were said at the grave.

Mrs. Logan died at her summer home, Cohasset. She is survived by five sons and two daughters, many of them connected with military affairs.

MAYOR CURLEY MAY REVIVE WAR GARDENS OF 1917-18

The war gardens of 1917 and 1918 may be revived for the unemployed. Today Mayor James Curley conferred with heads of departments on ways and means of providing work for the jobless. One proposal is the use of land owned by the city near Victory road, Dorchester, and the water power plant at Hyde Park for gardens.

Equipment and seed will be the main consideration, and if the plan goes through, the garden workers will have the produce for their own consumption.

Other proposals call for construction of street and alley surfaces and the erection of a golf and caddy house at Hyde Park.

CURLEY TO LEAD MEETING OF MAYORS' CONFERENCE

Mayor Curley will lead in Washington next Tuesday a fight of the nation's mayors to have the federal Government lend money to the cities in anticipation of taxes.

The mayor is first vice-president of the United States Conference of Mayors, which is headed by Mayor Frank Murphy of Detroit.

Murphy will soon leave to be Governor-General of the Philippines and on his departure Mayor Curley will head the organisation.

Today Curley received from Paul V. Betters of Chicago, secretary of the conference, a telegram asking if he would lead the fight in Washington on Tuesday. Curley sent a telegram accepting the invitation.
CURLEY TO ASK AID OF BANKERS

Conference on Financing City Until October to Be Held Thursday

WITHHOLDS SALARY REDUCTION ORDER

Mayor Curley revealed last night that he plans to confer with representatives of Boston banks at City Hall, at 11 o'clock Thursday morning, about the financing of the city's cash requirements until payment of 1933 taxes makes further temporary borrowing unnecessary.

About $20,000,000 will be needed, in the opinion of city officials, to meet municipal obligations until October, when tax collections are expected to reach sufficient volume to discharge outstanding tax anticipation notes.

Pending the Thursday conference Curley will withhold the issuance of the executive order necessary to reduce by from 5 to 15 per cent, the salaries of city and county employees.

No invitations to the conference had been received last night by officials of leading Boston banks or the Clearing House Association, but it was pointed out that this fact was not particularly significant because of the opportunity available to the mayor today and tomorrow to ask the bankers to discuss municipal financing with him.

Bank officials declared that as a matter of courtesy they would recognize invitations to the contemplated conference, but they were specific in their denials of knowledge of any arrangements for such a meeting.

The terms on which the bankers will agree to provide the city with the money necessary to function during the months before 1933 taxes will be available present the problem which Mayor Curley is extremely desirous of solving immediately.

Recent invitations of the city to bankers to bid for the privilege of loaning the city money on 1933 tax anticipation notes have not resulted in the presentation of any bids and the loans have been made after negotiations with a committee of the Clearing House Association.

Two months ago bank officials unreservedly asserted that the cost of maintaining Boston's government was too high and that sharp curtailment must occur in order to assure adequate financing.

Mayor Curley made known two weeks ago that the banking institutions had Congrats!

City Councillors Thomas Green and Israel Ruby as they brought best wishes to Mayor Curley at City Hall yesterday on his decision to remain as Hub mayor, rather than ambassador to Poland

Curley Plans Farms to Engage Jobless

Proposes Soil Tilling on City Land in Dorchester, Hyde Park, Woburn

Mayor Curley, in conference with heads of several city departments today, blocked out a tentative program to provide work for the unemployed on the city welfare list, including farming operations on certain city property, by which the jobless could raise and retain vegetables for consumption by their families. The projects under consideration will come up for further discussion at another conference set for three o'clock Thursday afternoon, or following the conference which the mayor will have on that day with the bankers as a preliminary to his issuance of the executive order placing in effect the city and county payroll cut.

The suggestions discussed today included the establishing of farms on city-owned land near Victory road, Dorchester, at the old Water plant property in Hyde Park and on the Mary Cummings property in Woburn, which was left to Boston.

The mayor stated also that the proposed projects include the construction of certain streets and alleys throughout the city and the possibility of erecting a golf and caddy house at the new municipal links in Hyde Park. He was not able at this time to estimate the amount of money which would be involved, expressing opinion, however, that the chief expenditure would be for equipment and seed for the farms.
State to Commemorate Battle of Lexington
158th Anniversary of Opening Events of Revolution to Be Celebrated Tomorrow—Impressive Exercises in Concord

The 158th anniversary of the battle of Lexington will be observed tomorrow throughout Massachusetts, with special patriotic exercises to commemorate the heroes of '75.

By the terms of Gov. Ely's proclamation for the event, Old Glory will be flown on the April breeze each day marked in appropriate fashion.

CURLEY TO HAND MESSAGE

"It is fitting," says the Governor, "that Massachusetts never fails to commemorate this historic event, of April 19, by displaying the flag and holding appropriate exercise throughout the commonwealth."

Mayor James M. Curley will set the pace for the Boston program by handing a message to "Paul Revere" for delivery, following the time-honored custom.

The annual marathon race, a feature of the day, will attract much attention in sport circles.

PARADE IN CONCORD

Concord's celebration this year will be varied and impressive. A new feature will be the presentation of the ride of Dr. Samuel Prescott, from Lexington to the North bridge in Concord, with a parade in connection with the ride. Lawrence Clark of Concord, local horseman, will impersonate Dr. Prescott, and will leave Lexington Centre in front of the Minute Man statue at 11 o'clock, shortly after "Paul Revere" and "William Dawes" arrive on their rides from Boston to Lexington. "Dr. Prescott" will be handed a message by "Revere" from Mayor Curley, which he will carry over the historic route to the North bridge, scene of the Concord fight.

Here the town celebration committee and the board of selectmen will welcome "Dr. Prescott." In connection with the ride, there will be a parade from the Veterans' building on Walden Street through Monument square. The line will be headed by the Concord American Legion band. At the statue there will be commemorative singing and a band concert.

The ball game will be held at 3 o'clock, and the day's festivities will conclude with a patriotic costume dance in the Veterans' building, preceded in the evening by the singing of the anniversaries of the Concord Legion band.

The famous rides of Paul Revere and William Dawes will be re-enacted in all the colorful details which have marked them in former years. Concord and Lexington and Arlington have announced elaborate programs for the day.

BOYTOH PROGRAM

The Boston program opens at 9 A.M. with a parade and flag-raising exercises at City Hall. As an innovation this year, the town of Lexington is sending a detachment of Minute Men, in the full regalia of the revolutionary period, to lend color and life to the scene. From City Hall, the line will move to North square, where Mayor Curley will deliver an address and start "Paul Revere" off on his prancing charger for the dash to Lexington.

At John Eliot square, Roxbury, where the Dawes ride will start, there will be fitting ceremonies at the Norfolk House Centre. The athletic feature will be a 10-mile road race.

CURLEY SEEKS TO MAKE MORE JOBS

Establishment of Truck Farms Discussed at Meeting

A plan to provide employment for men on the municipal welfare rolls was discussed by Mayor Curley today at a conference with department heads. Among the projects discussed was the establishment of truck farms on city land and on Victory road, Dorchester, and other plots in Hyde Park and Woburn. The last location is on the old Cummings estate in Woburn which was given to the city by the men who developed these farms to be entitled to the produce, under the plan.

Another proposal was the construction of a clubhouse and caddy house on the municipal golf course in Hyde Park. The plan will be further discussed at a conference Thursday afternoon.

CITY HALL GLAD PROBE IS LOST

Silverman Terms "Leave to Withdraw" Vindication

Corporation Counsel Samuel Silverman, who represented the city at the State House hearings on the legislative bill calling for an investigation of the Boston city government during the past six years, expressed satisfaction at the decision of the joint committee on rules voting "leave to withdraw."

"I am quite pleased at the action of the committee voting leave to withdraw. It is a vindication of the city," said the corporation counsel.
The purpose of offering these recommendations, the Research Bureau explained, is to formulate a city budget or to tell the city where it must effect the economies necessary if our proposal is to be adopted. So far as specific suggestions for economies are made, they are advanced to show that there must be and are sound methods of cutting non-relief expenditures in the city budget by at least $1,300,000, leaving the city the selection of particular methods of curtailment. A proper appropriation limit for the current year will tend to keep within Research Bureau's tax burden to be levied upon an economically suffering community in its fourth year of depression, and consequently will have an important bearing on the recovery of business and industry.

The Municipal Research Bureau's statement says in conclusion, "The picture which we would leave with this committee is that of a community which in 1933 cannot pay the amount of taxes assessed upon it in 1932, which cannot be expected to do so. The city is faced with the problem of keeping its expenditures within the amount of taxes which it can collect plus its other income, without permitting essential services to fail. The limitation upon the city's non-relief expenditures is a necessary and reasonable step which must be taken, for the benefit of the city and its citizens."

Curley Says He Wants Fin.
Com., Not Second Hand, View

Mayor Curley's answer for the time being to the recommendations of the Boston Municipal Research Bureau that the city's expenses should be reduced at least $1,300,000 more than the cuts recently placed by the mayor, was a combined attack on the Bureau and the Boston Finance Commission.

That is the first intimation I have had, said the mayor after glancing at the account of the Bureau's recommendations, "that the Municipal Research Bureau is officially represented on the Boston Finance Commission, and that the Finance Commission is doing the research work of the Bureau. I have encouraged the heads of the city departments to discuss the operation and cost of their departments with the Finance Commission and to give ideas, and I assume they have done so.

"Until such time as I see the report and the recommendations of the Finance Commission, rather than the recommendations of the Municipal Research Bureau that apparently controls the acts of the Finance Commission at the present time, I have nothing to say, I want direct recommendations, rather a second hand one."

"75 Spirit Here
Despite Weight of Depression"

Colorful Programs Ready for
Re-enactment of Famous
Rides of Revere and Dawes

"The lanterns will hang again in the tower of the Old North Church and Paul Revere and General William Dawes will ride once more over the historic routes in colorful exercises commemorating the memorable day of the country on April 19, 1775. The several municipalities touched by the historic riders have tightened their purse strings because of economies forced by the depression, but it seems as though every Yankee ingenuity has not been found wanting. Obstacles have been surmounted, and the celebration will be on the usual, with none of the essential features omitted."

Barring minor injuries, the chief observances of the day will be in Boston, Lexington and Concord, with Somerville, Medford, and Cambridge contributing their part by receptions to the riders and by their display on their way to the Minute Men in preparation for the coming of the British.

There will be a flag raising at City Hall and another important ceremony will be at John Eliot square, Roxbury, where exercises in commemoration of the ride of Dawes from Roxbury to Concord will be held. Mayor Curley will deliver the principal address from the balcony of the Norfolk House Center, and at ten o'clock the re-enactment of the Dawes ride will start. There also will be a parade of about 600 to 700 from City Hall to North square. Dr. Frederick Harlan Page, president of the Massachusetts Conference of Congregational Churches, will be the speaker in the observance in the Old North Church tonight.

K. of C. Exercises

Addresses by prominent representatives of church, state, city and nation at the Patriots' Day dinner to be given by the Massachusetts State Council, Knights of Columbus, at the Copley Plaza Hotel tomorrow, will be broadcast over WAAF and associated stations of the Yankee network from 8:30 to 9:45 P.M. Eastern standard time. The speakers will be Governor Joseph B. Ely, Monsignor F. A. Burke, representing the archbishop, William Cardinal O'Connell; Mayor James M. Curley, James Roosevelt, Supreme Director John E. Swift, and the guest speaker of the evening, Clary Gerald Fenerty, district attorney of Philadelphia, Joseph M. Kirby, State deputy, will be toastmaster.

MAYOR CURLEY'S SON
GEORGE MUCH IMPROVED

MAYOR CURLEY'S SON
GEORGE IS ILL

George Curley, 13-year-old son of the mayor, is seriously ill with influenza at the Curley home in Jamaica way, was much improved last night.

"His temperature has gone down and he has had a comfortable day and evening," a member of the family said.

PUBLIC SCHOOL MEETING

Curley's Son
George is ill

George Curley, 13, younger son of the mayor, is seriously ill with grippe at his father's home on Jamaica Way, Jamaica Plain.

"I am greatly worried about the boy," said Mayor Curley, revealing his son's illness. "Dr. Martin English is in attendance, and the lad has a temperature of 101 to 103 and is very sick."
Goodwin Is Deserted by "Fin. Com."

Associates Favor Even More Drastic Cuts in Budget Than Research Bureau

By Richard D. Grant

For the first time within the memory of anyone on Beacon Hill, the associates of the Boston Finance Commission were deserted by the "Fin. Com." when they filed recommendations with the legislative committee on Municipal Finance for even more drastic reductions in the Boston municipal budget than those favored by the Boston municipal budget advocates.

"The Finance Commission has always been considered more or less of a one-man job, but Chairman Robert A. Goodwin today found himself a majority of one when the other three members advocated restrictions of the city's appropriations for general expenditures in 1933 to $45,850,000.

Goodwin is standing by the figure of $38,500,000 submitted by Mayor Curley, and the Municipal Research Bureau is sandwiched in between with recommendations amounting to $46,000,000. It was indicated this afternoon by members of the Municipal Committee of the Legislature that they were virtually agreed on a change from the "tax limit" by which the budget has always been restricted.

Mr. Silverman said that, while there was no intention on the part of the committee to adopt the figure of $37,500,000, it is the lowest to which it can reduce general operating expenses, and that prior to the approval of the appropriation, he will have additional information for the committee to make its recommendation.

In addition to regulating the amount of expenditures on the basis of an appropriation limit, it is understood that the Committee on Municipal Finance will provide also for the right of the city to use the amount taken in as receipts, in addition to what is appropriated, as a means of further reducing expenditures. This last year amounted to about $2,000,000 and it is the intention of what is proved to be a majority of the members of the committee to require that the receipts be included in the appropriation limit in the future.

Among the recommendations of the Finance Commission are reductions in the appropriations for park purposes, such as the city zoo at Franklin Park, the amounts spent at city health centers and a number of other purposes.

Chairman Goodwin, while admitting that a dollar might be shaved off here and there, frankly declared that the committee intended to keep the city "second-hand ones." While cooperating that he wants the direct recommendations of the Finance Commission and not the "second-hand ones,"

The Research Bureau's new plea for economy came during a continued hearing by the legislative committee on Municipal Finance this morning on Mayor Curley's bill to establish an "appropriation limit" for the city of Boston instead of a "tax limit." While commending the mayor for proposing a "practicable means" to accomplish this, the Research Bureau filed with the committee an extensive brief embodying proposals of improvement which it said would show by many weeks of study by the bureau's staff.

"The gravity of the present situation and the extent of the public's capacity to pay has shrunk are little realized," the Research Bureau affirmed.

"Some praiseworthy retrenchment has already been effected by city officials, but the people are still striving for existence, curtailment of such services becomes inevitable."

Drastic cuts in budget than the Research Bureau advises can be curtailed. The Research Bureau advises will cut down the community's expenditure of "agency expenditures." While cooperating that he wants the direct recommendations of the Finance Commission and not the "second-hand ones,"

It is understood that Mr. Goodwin made a vigorous denunciation of the rigid recommendations of the Research Bureau and the associates on the Finance Commission and when Corporation Counsel Silverman came out stating his case was over, he carried the opinion of the "Fin. Com." statement in scathing terms.

Calls it "Silliest Report"

"It's the silliest report I ever heard of," he said. "Think of it. They put the police and firemen to be forced to take off their uniforms before they go home, when going off duty, to save the wear and tear on the clothes which the city pays for. They want the public libraries closed at night, when that is the only time that a man who works all day has to make use of the library privilege. That's certainly going through with a fine tooth comb to find petty economies."

Certain regulations of the legislature committee expressed doubt whether even if the stringent economies suggested by the Finance Commission were adopted the city would be much better off in borrowing. It was pointed out that the city's annual application in the neighborhood of $50,000,000 and that nearly $50,000,000 has to be borrowed to cover expenses, the city would be able to get the money from the banks.

It is regarded as likely that when the committee finally acts it will reach some kind of a compromise between the conflicting figures and figures of the "Fin. Com." The members of the Finance Commission who were said to have differed in opinion were Charles Moorfield Storey, Joseph A. Sheehan and Joseph Joyce Dean.

Mr. Silverman said that, while there was no intention on the part of the committee to adopt the figure of $37,500,000, it is the lowest to which it can reduce general operating expenses, and that prior to the approval of the appropriation, he will have additional information for the committee to make its recommendation.

In addition to regulating the amount of expenditures on the basis of an appropriation limit, it is understood that the Committee on Municipal Finance will provide also for the right of the city to use the amount taken in as receipts, in addition to what is appropriated, as a means of further reducing expenditures. This last year amounted to about $2,000,000 and it is the intention of what is proved to be a majority of the members of the committee to require that the receipts be included in the appropriation limit in the future.

Among the recommendations of the Finance Commission are reductions in the appropriations for park purposes, such as the city zoo at Franklin Park, the amounts spent at city health centers and a number of other purposes.

Chairman Goodwin, while admitting that a dollar might be shaved off here and there, frankly declared that the committee intended to keep the city "second-hand ones." While cooperating that he wants the direct recommendations of the Finance Commission and not the "second-hand ones,"

The Research Bureau's new plea for economy came during a continued hearing by the legislative committee on Municipal Finance this morning on Mayor Curley's bill to establish an "appropriation limit" for the city of Boston instead of a "tax limit." While commending the mayor for proposing a "practicable means" to accomplish this, the Research Bureau filed with the committee an extensive brief embodying proposals of improvement which it said would show by many weeks of study by the bureau's staff.

"The gravity of the present situation and the extent of the public's capacity to pay has shrunk are little realized," the Research Bureau affirmed.

"Some praiseworthy retrenchment has already been effected by city officials, but the people are still striving for existence, curtailment of such services becomes inevitable."

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Municipal Research Bureau Suggests Abolition of Seven City Departments

A. Ammi Cutter, representing the Boston Municipal Research Bureau, told the Legislative Committee on Municipal Finance today that the approval of the city's budget for the current fiscal year, which sets the limit on city expenses in 1933 and should be reduced by at least $1,300,000 more than the cuts recently planned by Mayor Curley.

The bureau suggests, according to Mr. Cutter, as "practicable means" to accomplish this saving, the abolition of some city departments. It also favors curtailment of many other municipal services.

The departments which would be abolished under the bureau's plan—work being wholly taken over by other existing official agencies—are the Institutions Department, Registry Department, the Institutions Department, City Messenger Department, Municipal Employment Bureau and Public Celebrations Department.

The committee today had before it for continued hearing the petition of Mayor Curley for an appropriation limit of $21,480,000 for the current fiscal year for the city of Boston. Mr. Cutter commended the Mayor for proposing "this simplification of a very complicated phase of the city's financial structure" and added that the committee an extensive brief embodying proposals of improvement which he said, were arrived at after many weeks of study by the bureau's staff.

"Gravity of Situation"

The statement of the research bureau, as presented by Mr. Cutter, states that the gravity of the present situation and the extent to which the public's capacity to pay has shown are little realized.

Continuing, the bureau says: "Some praiseworthy retrenchment has already been effected by city officials, but the essential fact is that reductions in expenditures to date are wholly insufficient to counteract the unfavorable financial tendencies recently evident, such as increasing tax delinquencies, declining valuations and larger and larger temporary borrowings on the city's credit.

"Extravagant roads, lavish public celebrations, new sidewalks, perfectly maintained parks, frequent garbage collection, capably cleansed streets, and all similar services or improvements are appropriate when a community can afford them. When, however, thousands of home owners are unable to pay their taxes and when business and industry is struggling for existence, curtailment of such services becomes inevitable."

Extravagant Entertainment Outlays

Among the services which the bureau advises can be curtailed are reconstruction of parkways and roadways by contract, allowing the regular employees of the Public Works Department to do all essential repairs; floral designing, fencing building, sanding of beaches and purchases of plants and seeds by the Park Department, and extravagant outlays for the city's entertainment of guests and conventions.

Regarding the Building Department, the bureau points out that while the number of permits for construction of all kinds has dropped 34 percent, and the value of new construction sought 81 percent, the number of permanent employees has decreed less than 8 percent. "In this situation, the community has every right to expect a decrease in personnel of the department," the research bureau says.

In supporting the Mayor's bill for an appropriation limit, the bureau urged amendments to provide as follows:

1. "That separate limitations should be placed upon relief and nonrelief appropriations for the current year."

2. "That the limit on welfare appropriations for 1933 be $700,000—the full sum asked by Mayor Curley—but with provision for emergency appropriations beyond that amount under proper safeguards.

3. "That the limit on nonrelief appropriations should not exceed $2,500,000, instead of the sum of approximately $29,500,000, asked by the Mayor."

"The limitations suggested do not go to the extent necessary to save the city from its own situation," the bureau's detailed brief declared. "They are, however, an important step in the right direction and if the Legislature will feel that the situation of the city and towns of all Massachusetts would be adversely affected in the money markets of the Nation for some time to come."

"Sound Methods of Cutting"

"The purpose of offering these recommendations," the bureau explained, "is not to formulate a city budget, but to tell the city where it must effect the economies necessary if our proposal is to be adopted. We cannot be so specific as to suggest how for economies are made, they are advanced to show that there must be, and are sound methods of cutting nonrelief expenditures in the city budget by at least $1,300,000, leaving to the city the selection of particular methods of curtailment. A proper appropriation limit for the current year will tend to bind the hands of the city's financial officers and oblige them to make the cutbacks needed to be levied upon an economically suffering community in its fourth year of depression, and consequently will have an important bearing on the recovery of business and industry."

The bureau's statement says in conclusion: "The picture which we would leave with the committee is that of a community which in 1933 cannot afford its local government expenditure in the amount of taxes assessed upon it in 1932, and which must not be expected to do so. The city is faced with the problem of keeping its expenditures within the amount of taxes which it can collect, plus its other income, without any potential relief services falling. The limitations upon the city's nonrelief expenditures are a necessary and reasonable step which must be taken for the benefit of the city and its citizens."

Civil and Military Men at South Boston Services

The funeral of Mrs. Catherine M. Logan, widow of Brig Gen Lawrence J. Logan and mother of a distinguished South Boston family, was held yesterday morning with a high mass of requiem at the Gate of Heaven Church, South Boston, the oracles coming from the Logan home in Cohasset.

The services were attended by a large gathering of old residents of South Boston, many priests of Greater Boston, including Rev. Francis J. Spellman, auxiliary bishop of the Boston archdiocese; representatives of church, charitable societies and several military organizations.

Members of the Order of St Francis marched as an escort in the church. Mrs. Logan was for more than 50 years a member of this society and was interested in the habit of the order.

A high mass of requiem was sung by her son, Rev Leo J. Logan, who was assisted by Rev. Matthew Fisharty, pastor of St Agnes' Church, Arlington, Rev. Edward J. Lyon, assistant master of ceremonies, and Rev. John L. Lynch, assistant master of ceremonies.

The entire official personnel of the 100th Infantry, M. M. G., in uniform, attended the service. Col Francis V. Logan is the commanding officer of that regiment. There were also delegations of United Spanish War Veterans from the Municipal Council, the South Boston Medical Society and the South Boston Bar Association.

Mayor John F. Fitzgerald, with his daughter, Miss Mary Curley; Ex-Mayors John F. Fitzgerald and Malcolm E. Nichols, and other leaders of the political life of the State, were present.

Burial was in Old Culveray Cemetery, where "Taps" was sounded.

City Pay Cut Awaits Mayor's Loan Deal

Employes of the city of Boston will not have their salaries reduced, as authorized by the Legislature, until Mayor Curley has completed the loan of this amount at reasonable interest rates. Mayor Curley will not use the new power given him to reduce salaries by approximately $5,000,000.
Abolishment of seven Boston city departments, their work to be taken over by other departments, was recommended today before the legislative committee on municipal finance by Atty. R. Ammi Cutter, counsel for the Boston Municipal Research Bureau.

Speaking on Mayor Curley's bill for an appropriation limit for the city instead of a tax limit, Atty. Cutter said his organization favors the idea of the radical change, but believes the limit reduction by Mayor Curley should be sliced $1,200,000 more.

The mayor asks that the appropriation limit be set at approximately $37,500,000, representing a reduction of over $3,000,000, while the research bureau would have it reduced to $36,200,000.

NAMES DEPARTMENTS

Departments that could be abolished to effect this saving, together with curtailments in many other municipal services, were named by Atty. Cutter as the statistics, the market, the registry, the institutions, the public celebrations and city messenger departments and the municipal employment bureau.

"Reductions to date are wholly insufficient to counterbalance unfavorable financial tendencies that are recently evident, such as increasing tax delinquency, declining valuations and larger temporary borrowings," Cutter declared.

"When, however, thousands of home buyers are unable to pay their taxes and when business and industry are struggling for existence, curtailment becomes inevitable."

2 AMENDMENTS OFFERED

Atty. Cutter suggested these two amendments to the Curley bill:

That separate limitations be placed upon relief and non-relief appropriations for the current year.

That the limit on public appropriations for 1933 be $10,700,000, the sum asked by Curley, but that provision for emergency appropriations beyond that amount be under proper safeguards.

That the limit on non-relief appropriations should not exceed $25,600,000, instead of approximately $26,800,000 asked by Curley.

CURLEY BILL TO CUT EXPENSES IS FAVORABLE

Jake's Army, of Evacuation Day Fame, Eats on the Mayor

Jake's army came into its own today and in addition to being photographed with Mayor Curley, its officers and men enjoyed a change of rations at the expense of His Honor.

The outfit, 15 men strong, first came into prominence on March 18 last, when headed by its commander, 11-year-old Francis Anderson of East Newton St., South End, it took part in South Boston's Evacuation Day parade.

Today the khaki-clad youngsters marched into Mayor Curley's office in City Hall, presented arms and stood rigidly at attention while Frederick Anderson, eight and one-half years old, bugler and second in command to his brother, Capt. Francis, footed "Hall to the Chief."

"How about a luncheon at the City Club," the mayor asked.

ADVERTISING BOSTON

The good city of Boston is fairly well known in America, and its merits and attractions understood. But that there is much less knowledge of it abroad is the conviction of the Port Authority, and so it has sent George P. Tilton, its executive secretary, on a trip whose itinerary takes in Italy, France, Spain, Portugal, Great Britain, Holland, Belgium, Germany, Denmark, Norway and Sweden. He carries with him a supply of attractive posters and carefully prepared literature, setting forth the glories of the city in most appealing style.

Judiciously distributed, and with the "cachet" possessed by Mr. Tilton, in the shape of letters from Secretary of State Hull, Governor Ely and Mayor Curley, these offerings ought to create an interest in Boston that will, in time, be for her advantage. Nobody looks for a great rush to this port just now; but familiarizing the people of Europe with the merits of our city is a good thing at any time.

Forgotten their discipline for a moment, the lads joined in a unanimous chorus of "O.K., Mr. Mayor."

The mayor then summoned Col. William L. Anderson of his secretarial staff and instructed him to act as quartermaster for the group. The boys, ranging in ages from 7 to 11 years, then formed and marched from the office. At the door Capt. Francis gave His Honor a snappy military salute and said:

"I'm glad you didn't go away, Mr. Mayor."

REPORT OPPOSES BOSTON CITY PROBE

But Committee Favors Study Of Charter Revision

The proposed investigation of the city of Boston administration, as sought by Hannah Connors and other members of the Massachusetts Real Estate Owners Association, appeared doomed yesterday when the joint legislative committee on rules reported adversely on the petition.

At the same time the committee reported in favor of the resolve drafted by the committee on finance calling for an inquiry into the need of a revision of the Boston charter, as well as the statutes, ordinances, and regulations governing municipal procedure in Boston.

The inquiry would be made by a special commission of nine, including seven members of the Legislature. The resolve covering this inquiry was the net yield of some 17 petitions seeking various inquiries and changes affecting the city administration and procedure, including the bill of Francis R. Bangs for appointment of a new finance commission whose immediate duty it would be to conduct a thorough investigation looking towards possible economies.

The Connors bill, so-called, which the committee rejected, was much more far-reaching. It called for the appointment of a special commission, composed of the attorney general and four members of the Legislature, to conduct a sweeping investigation of expenditures and projects undertaken during Mayor Curley's reign, and possibly would include also the administration of one or more of his predecessors. The investigation would seek to determine whether Curley's administration has been economically and financially sound, efficient and conscientious, or has caused unnecessarily burdensome taxation.

The rules committee reports on both measures are certain to be debated at length in both branches of the Legislature when they come up for action today or tomorrow.
Forty-One Ways to Save Boston’s Money

Offering as many as forty-one concrete proposals whereby the expenses of the Municipal Government can, if it will, accomplish the desired reduction of the regular expenditures of the Federal Government, and which can be precisely estimated and which are of major significance. At Washington even the Mayor of New York, the Municipal Re-3

search Bureau has done public service in proposing the city government, which is capable of much more precise estimates of the savings to be attained. President Roosevelt has shown the way in advance, should be put under a limit to drastic reduction of the regular expenses of the Federal Government, and. This is sound finance and should help why he should be a model clear-minded to the extent here if like means are available to trim extraordinary nature of the problem which away needless costs without doing any harm to essential public services? since passed that it is merely desirable that the public should have lower taxes. The time has come when lower taxes are all the people of Boston have to pay.

Curley and Bankers to Confer Thursday

Representatives of the Boston Clearing House Association have been invited by Mayor Curley to confer at eleven o'clock Thursday, with the city’s financial officers on the question of borrowing $30,000,000 in short-term bonds which to meet the city’s current expenses until the collections start in September. Pending the outcome of that conference, Mayor Curley is withholding the executive order for payroll cuts amounting to $5,000,000 in the salaries of the city, county, and school employees, numbering about 14,000 men and women, not including the scrub women.

Mayor’s Son George

Is Reported Better

George Curley, 13-year-old son of Mayor Curley, who has been confined to bed for two days, with the grippe, was reported last night as somewhat improved. His temperature, which varied from 101 to 103, was a cause of some apprehension yesterday.
Budweiser beer was officially reintroduced to Boston yesterday when six fine horses from St Louis hauled an Anheuser-Busch wagon, well stocked, through the city and stopped at City Hall. Mayor Curley left his office to greet Brookdale, Wallace, Teddy, Bob, Director and Lindy, the horses, and Billy Wales, their old-time driver.

There was a presentation of beer to be made, and the Mayor thought it was fitting for Philip O'Connor, the city's official greeter, to accept it. So, a package of bottles was given Mr O'Connor, and another to Councilor William Barker. Mr Barker was instructed to share his gift with his fellow Councillors.

The horses, most of them Clydesdale geldings, and the wagon used by the Anheuser-Busch concern in pre-prohibition days, were shipped here from St Louis. They passed through New York, incidentally, long enough to present Al Smith with some of the beverage. They will stay here until Friday, and then will go to Providence.

They started out this morning from the Fenway Riding Academy, Ward St, and toured the town for almost the entire day. A large crowd gathered for their send-off, and other crowds collected along the sidewalks as they passed.

Billy Wales, who has driven more fine horses than he can remember, is proud of the ones he has with him now. Eight of them were shipped from St Louis. Sundial and Shamrock were not used yesterday, but they will be in harness Wednesday. Most of them were imported from Scotland, and Sundial, Billy Wales says, has been judged the best gelding in America and Canada.

Brookdale and Wallace, the leaders, together weigh 3800 pounds; Teddy and Bob, 4200 pounds, and Director and Lindy, 4500 pounds. The harness they wear cost $3000. Billy Wales has appeared at horse shows throughout the land. At one time he was in the Sells-Floto circus and his hands, he says, were insured for $50,000. He is now confronted by an extended tour with the Budweiser beer and the horses.
MAKE CITY WAGE CUTS THURSDAY

$5,000,000 Reduction
If Banks Will Loan $30,000,000

Payroll cuts amounting to $5,000,000 in the annual salaries of Boston's city, county and school employees, numbering about 18,000 men and women, not counting the scrubwomen, will be ordered by Mayor Curley Thursday, providing the banking interests here will co-operate in floating $30,000,000 in short-term loans to meet the city's current expenditures until the tax collections start in September.

MEET THURSDAY MORNING

Invitations to the representatives of the Boston Clearing House to meet the financial officers of the city, Thursday morning at 11 o'clock at City Hall, were sent out last night by the Mayor, the same time he directed Corporation Counsel Samuel Silverman of the city law department to draft up an executive order for promulgation to make effective the salary cuts authorized by the new law passed last week by the Legislature.

The Mayor has also invited to the meeting the special committee of the Chamber of Commerce which led the movement for the readjustment of the city payroll. This committee comprises Chairman Thomas Nelson Perkins, Henry Lee Shattuck, Judge A. K. Cohen, James E. McConnell and Bartholomew Brickler.

Members of the Finance Commission, headed by Chairman Frank A. Goodwin, and the financial officers of the city, including Auditor Rupert E. Carpenter, Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan and Budget Commissioner Charles J. Fox, will also sit in on the "co-operative meeting."

TRAVEL CURLEY'S SON

GEORGE BETTER

George Curley, 13-year-old son of Mayor Curley, who has been ill with grip for two days, was reported much improved today.
His temperature, which varied from 101 to 103 yesterday, was nearly normal today, it was said, and it is expected he will be up and about within a few days.

CURLEY'S SON

GEORGE BETTER

To the Editor of the Transcript:

The lady who is churning up the waters in and around the town with her petition to the State Legislature to investigate the mayor and Boston and everything, illustrates a fable of us human beings—to criticize.

As reported in the press the words were excited, angry, threatening. Not well considered. I really believe that all of Mayor Curley's detractors, including the leader, could not run the city six days and arrive on the seventh to remain the fifth they would be running around in circles. But, James M. has been conducting the affairs of the city of his birth for quite some number of years. Each year he has risen a little higher.

Possibly the Legislature may consider the petitioners ill-advised, and may perceive personal malice concealed in the woodpile.

I am a hide-bound Republican still, but I can appreciate a real man and a live wire, and I am glad Curley has the sense to stay out his term as mayor. The city needs him in this critical time. It will not harm any of us to support him, even to praise him a bit.

Sumner Forbes
Boston, April 15.

CURLEY IS LUNCHEON HOST

To 'Jake's Army' at Club

"Jake's army," the colorful group ofurchins clad in nondescript uniforms, who featured the Evacuation day parade in South Boston, captured the mayor's office yesterday and won a lunch at the City Club, paid for by Mayor Curley.

"Jake" seems to be conspicuous by his absence from the army, which is composed of South end youngsters led by Francis Anderson, 11, of 8 East Newton street. His brother, Frederick, who insists in asserting that his age is 14½ years, is the official bugler and second in command.

Frederick blew the bugle call of the army in the mayor's office. Then lunch was suggested. "Gee, Mr. Mayor," said Frederick, "I'm glad you didn't go away."

William L. Anderson of the mayor's staff, an honorary member of every veteran's organization in Boston, was deputized as the colonel of "Jake's army" to lead them to the City Club.

ENDS TRUCE

By Attack on Fin. Com.

-controlled, Mayor Says, by Research Bureau

Renewal of bitter hostilities between City Hall and the Boston Finance Commission appeared imminent last night, when Mayor Curley opened up his guns, which have been silent during more than three years of friendly relations with the official "watchdogs" of the city treasury.

SECOND HAND REPORTS

He charged that the Finance Commission was controlled by the Municipal Research Bureau, pointing to the fact that Attorney Moorfield Storey, who was recently appointed a member of the Finance Commission, was a director of the Research Bureau.

The Mayor contended that instead of acting for the benefit of the city, the Finance Commission was doing research work for the Research Bureau by feeding information to the latter organization.

Declaring that he did not want "second-hand" recommendations, the Mayor asserted that he would not discuss the economy proposals made by the Research Bureau, but would wait for the direct report of the Finance Commission itself regarding further cuts in the city budget.

Goodwin Agrees

Asked to comment on the Mayor's accusation that the Finance Commission was the "agency controlled by the Research Bureau," Chairman Frank A. Goodwin of the Finance Commission replied last night, "It is beginning to look that way."

The chairman of the Finance Commission stood out alone in dissent against the other three commissioners, Attorneys Storey, Joseph Donahue and Judge Joseph A. Sheahan, none of whom would offer any comment last night.

That the reports of the two organizations to the municipal finance committee of the Legislature were almost identical was the criticism made by Corporation Counsel Samuel Silverman, representing the city at the State House hearings on the budget.

On top of the proposed $5,000,000 salary cuts which Mayor Curley has proposed, the Research Bureau yesterday advocated a slash of $1,300,000 in the city budget, and the Finance Commission raised the demand for reductions to $1,000,000.
Boston Unites with State in Patriots’ Day Observance

Revere and Dawes Ride Again—Parades Mark the Day

One hundred and fifty-eight years have passed since that April morning when a group of embattled farmers fired “The shot heard round the world.” The country has known war and peace, adversity and prosperity, but on this day, known as Patriots’ Day, the spirit of Lexington and Concord was again abroad, to make it the day we celebrate.

FLAGS ARE FLYING

Throughout Massachusetts, then, flags were flying today, bands were playing, and military and civic organizations united in colorful parades to mark the day.

The joint celebrations in nine cities and towns, including Boston, centre about the re-enactment of the ride of Paul Revere and that of William Dawes, Jr., from Boston to Lexington.

From North Square at 10 o’clock “Paul Revere,” impersonated by Sergt. Waldo Nelson of the 110th cavalry, clad in the regalia of the colonial horseman, started for Concord and Lexington by way of Charlestown. At the same time, “William Dawes, Jr.”—Sergt. Thomas J. Gorham of the 110th cavalry—left John Hancock square, Roxbury, for Lexington.

ROUTE OF RIDERS

The riders passed through Somerville, Medford, Arlington, Brookline, Watertown, Concord, Lincoln and Lexington. At each place stops were made and the observance of the day in those places was featured by the arrival and departure of the riders.

The official observance of the day in Boston was signalled at 8 A.M. by the ringing of the bell of King’s Chapel. The bell was made in England in 1772, but in 1816 was recast at the foundry of “Paul Revere and His Son.”

Meanwhile, at the headquarters of the North End American Legion post, members of veterans’ organizations, Girl Scouts, high school cadets, Ancient and Honorable Artillery of the U. S., national guardmen, the U. S. Navy band, a detachment of marines and bluejackets from the U. S. S. Richmond, and a United States army color guard were in the line of march. Lexington Minute Men dressed in colonial costume added color to the parade.

The paraders marched from North Square to City Hall, where flag raising exercises were held. The participants then returned to North Square, where Street Commissioner Theodore Glynn, acting for Mayor Curley, gave an address. Commissioner Glynn handed to “Paul Revere” a message to the selectmen of Concord and Lexington and the riders began.

The program in North square resumed after the departure of the riders and his escort. Speakers included Nicholas Sewalls, chairman of the committee in charge of the North square exercises, and John A. Scanga, chairman of the Patriots’ Day committee of the Citizens’ Public Celebrations Association.

NORTH END PARADE

Following the addresses was a parade through the principal streets of the North end to the Old North Church, on Salem street, where a wreath was placed on the memorial tablet. The marchers disbanded after a parade back to the North End American Legion post headquarters.

At John Eliot Square, Roxbury, a band concert at 8:45 A.M. opened the ceremonies. At 9 o’clock Boy Scouts and Girl Scouts held flag raising ceremonies. The pledge of allegiance to the flag was led by F. X. McLaughlin, Miss Frances Millen sang “Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean.”

Following addresses and other patriotic exercises from the balcony of the Norfolk House centre, James F. Flynn, 86-year-old commander of Roxbury Post, A. R. L. presented to “William Dawes” the dispatch to Lexington officials, and the re-enactment of the famous ride began.

Band music and informal addresses immediately followed the start of the eighth annual novice road race sponsored by the Norfolk Young Men’s Association. Following the presentation of trophies, a trumpet solo by Linus MacDonald closed the program.

LAST RITES FOR MRS. CROWLEY

Mayor Curley, Police Commissioner Hultman, and many other public officials attended the solemn mass of requiem celebrated in St. William’s Church, Dorchester ave., today, for the repose of the soul of Mrs. Margaret C. Crowley, wife of Police Supt. Michael H. Crowley.

The church was filled and about 400 could not get in. The crowd was so large that traffic in that section of Dorchester ave. was detoured.

Rev. Re. Mgr. Michael J. Splaine, was seated in the sanctuary as the mass was celebrated by the pastor, Rev. David J. Murphy, assisted by Rev. Michael Tomra and Rev. William Long.

Griffin’s mass was sung by the choir under the direction of Miss Daisy Griffin, and at the close, Miss Lucile Campbell of Brookline sang “Pie Jesu.”

Three autos were required to carry the flowers to Old Calvary Cemetery for the burial. A motorcycle escort of two officers, James J. White and Ernest L. Worster, led the way.

Curley to Speak at Jefferson Dinner

The Thomas Jefferson League of Massachusetts, Inc., will celebrate the anniversary of Jefferson’s birth with a dinner tomorrow evening at Hotel Bellevue. Mayor Curley, a charter member of the league, will be one of the speakers.

GOV ELY WILL ADDRESS BOSTON CITY FEDERATION

The 21st annual lunchen and meeting of the Boston City Federation will be held on Friday, April 21, in the auditorium of the Men’s City Club, Somerstet st., with Mrs David A. Westcott presiding.

Among the guests and speakers will be Gov. Joseph B. Ely, William G. O’Hare, representing Mayor Curley; Mrs. Carl L. Schuster, Mrs. Frank P. Bennett; Mrs. David R. Goodin, Janet Mable, Adele Neff and Mrs George F. Schroeder, who will direct the musical program.

The nominating committee, comprising Mrs. Stewart A. Colpitts, Mrs. James Tucker, Mrs. Fred L. Pigeon, Mrs. William J. Walton and Mrs. T. H. Salter, will present the list of candidates for election to office.
GOODWIN FIGHTS FIN COM REPORT

Opposes Cut of $1,578,000
In Curley's Budget at Hearing

CHAIRMAN DEFENDS MAYOR'S ECONOMIES

An executive session of the legislative committee on municipal finance yesterday found Frank A. Goodwin, chairman of the board for a change commission contending vigorously against a report of his associates on the commission in favor of a cut of $1,578,000 in Mayor Curley's budget.

It was an unprecedented role for a finance commission head, for so far as is known there has never been a previous occasion when a "fin com" report on the Boston budget found the committee members arrayed against their chairman.

DEFENDED BUDGET

Opposing not only the report of his associates, but also the recommendations of the Boston municipal research bureau in favor of reductions of "at least $1,560,000" in the budget, Goodwin, while conceding that a few dollars might be shaved off here and there, is reported to have defended the mayor's budget generally and to have asserted it embodied virtually all economies practicable.

The committee's executive session, closed to the press, was attended by various city officials in addition to Goodwin, including Corporation Counsel A. B. Casson, Budget Commissioner Charles J. Fox, and City Auditor Robert S. Carter. The report of the associate members of the Finance commission department, recommending the cut of $1,578,000 was presented to the executive committee in the form of a brief, but its details were not made public by either group.

The committee has before it the mayor's budget bill including appropriations to be raised within the tax limit of $37,560,000. Last year's appropriations within the tax limit were $40,000,000. Also before the committee is the mayor's bill from the finance commission department, whereby instead of fixing that portion of the tax rate affected by appropriations under the mayor's control, the Legislature will set a limit on the full amount of money to be appropriated.

REPORT CALLED SILLY

It is understood that Goodwin, in appearing before the committee, vigorously attacked the rigid economies recommended both by his associates and the Boston municipal research bureau, headed by Bentley W. Warren. Corporation Counsel Silverman, after leaving the committee room, scored the finance commission document as the "silliest report I ever heard of."

He added: "We must all stand firm against forces which, taking advantage of economic conditions, are attempting to organize against God and country."

He then concluded: "The people of this nation are able to send forth to all America the message that the people of Boston are still loyal and true to the best flag and the best nation on earth."

Glynn handed a message from Mayor Curley to the people of Lexington to Master Sgt. Waldo Nelson of the 110th cavalry, playing the part of Paul Revere.
2500 PERSONS IN ROXBURY SEE DAWES START RIDE

Patriotic Program Attracts Many Veterans to Eliot Sq Exercises


Thomas J. Gorham, attired in Colonial costume, was the rider who impersonated Dawes. He was greeted with cheers as he gave the spurs to his horse and dashed down Roxbury st through Roxbury Crossing, on through Brookline to Concord and Lexington, just as the original Dawes did in Revolutionary days when the Middlesex towns were in danger.

The exercises in Eliot sq were held from the balcony of the Norfolk House Center. The program opened with a band concert, flag raising exercises and a salute to the flag.

Allen French, president of the Concord Antiquarian Society, delivered the oration. Hon John F. Buckley represented Gex Ely and Chairman Theodore A. Glynn of the Board of Street Commissioners represented Mayor Curley.

Addresses on historical subjects were given by Donal Sullivan and George Rosen. Brief remarks were made by Joseph A. F. O'Neill of the Public Celebrations Association, Rev Joseph J. Keenan of St. Francis de Sales' Church, Roxbury; Rabbi Herman H. Rubenstein of Temple Mishkan Tefilla, and Chairman John H. Glenn. Musical selections were by Mrs. MacDonald and Miss Frances Millen.

Forty-five Roxbury societies were represented, including the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, the G. A. R., Daughters of Union Veterans, Roxbury Historical Society, the State Guard Veterans' Association, Roxbury Veteran Firemen's Association and the Mt Pleasant Improvement Association.

There was a reception at the Norfolk House Center after the exercises. Members of the Mothers' Club and the de Normandie Women's Club were hostesses.

Carrying a message handed to him by Theodore A. Glynn, chairman of the Boston Street Commission, who was acting for Mayor James M. Curley, Master Sergt Waldo Nelson of Dorchester, of the 110th Regiment of Cavalry, M. N. G., left North sq on horseback at 6 o'clock this morning impersonating Paul Revere on his way to Lexington on that "famous ride, etc."

The modern messenger of the Revolution was accompanied by a mounted escort of the same regiment.

Commissioner Glynn, after presenting Paul Revere with his message of orders for Dr. Samuel Prescott, whom he was to meet at the battle green in Lexington, made a brief address from an improvised, decorated hand-stand in North sq, where several hundred persons, for the most part children, had assembled to see the rider depart by way of Charlestown. There were no amplifiers in North sq today in keeping with the economy that marked the program of exercises in the nine participating cities and towns this year, but "Teddy" Glynn's sonorous voice carried clear and strong to the far reaches of his patriotic and enthusiastic audience.

Living Lesson in History

Commissioner Glynn sounded a fresh call to arms for alert young America and those who have accepted the United States as their adopted country "in these trying days of depression, when sinister and radical forces are ever present, skilfully sewing the seed of discontent in the best Nation in all the world."

The speaker took the occasion to congratulate the people of the North End on their patriotic fervor, adding that such celebrations of national significance were no "lost or premonitory gesture on the part of the great and good people who make up the numerous "Little Italys" throughout the country. Mr. Glynn, in a stirring appeal for love of God, flag and country, pointed to the reproduction of the ride of a 26th-century Paul Revere as a living lesson in history which should impress itself on the youth of today and which they may well emulate if ever again there is a call to arms.

Commissioner Glynn bade his audience to stand steadfast to the principles for which the Minutemen marched on the green at Lexington 178 years ago; he urged them to quicken their Americanism as a barrier against organized minorities who would tear down the greatest Government in the world and scrap her institutions. In closing he said he knew there was no need of asking the Italian citizens and their offspring to remain loyal and true to the principles of Americanism that have stood the test through every trial.

Commissioner Glynn was introduced by Nicholas Scangia, chairman of the North End committee, who had earlier been presented by John A. Scangia, chairman of the Patriots' Day committee on public celebrations.

The North End had been on the alert since soon after 8 o'clock when the paraders began to assemble at the American Legion headquarters on Hanover st. in readiness for the march to City Hall, where they participated in the official flag raising. Soon after, Commissioner Glynn hoisted the Stars and Stripes to the top of the flagstaff in front of City Hall and Chairman John A. Scangia, of the committee sent the municipal flag to the peak of the flagpole on the opposite side of the main entrance to City Hall.
Herald Coming
Rod Coats

Revere, Dawes

Herald Coming
of Red Coats
Horsemen of '75 Get Warning
to Lexington-Concord in
Historic Riders

Under the impetus of elaborate send-offs in Boston, "Paul Revere" and "General William Dawes, Jr.", went forth on their galloping steeds this morning, dash-
ing through the nine cities and towns of Colonial days with their message that the British are coming! Elaborate recep-
tions were accorded Joseph Waldo Nelson, as Paul Revere, and Thomas J. Garham, as General Dawes, at the several points to Lexington and Concord, where the Minute Men of 1775 gave battle with shots heard "round the world.

Both riders maintained schedule throughout the ride, arriving at Battle Green, Lexington, at 1230, with Revere shortly ahead of Dawes. Revere's escort of four troopers of the 11th Cavalry finished with him, but two of the four cavalrymen in the Dawes escort fell behind when their mounts lost shoes. Dawes himself reached Lexington an hour and a half earlier than Revere.

Paul Revere, with a dispatch from Mayor James M. Curley, and presented by Theodore A. Glynn, representing the mayor, got under way for his historic dash from North square to the Old North Church in the heart of which the lanterns were hung last night in re-enact-
ment of the setting of signal lights, telling whether the British were arriving by land or by sea.

The day's activities in Boston opened at City Hall with a public meeting of dignitaries at American Legion headquarters, 317 Hanover street. There was a parade to City Hall and the four riding exercises, followed by the parade to North square, where Mr. Glynn addressed the gathering and then handed the dispatch to Revere. Glynn was introduced by the next mayor of Boston.

With Lieutenant Robert C. Martin of the Massachusetts National Guard on horseback, leading with his staff, the parade proceeded from City Hall, via School Street, to Tremont street, to Boyl-
ton, to Washington and to Court street, through Scollay square to Hanover, Fleet to Union streets to North square. The order of the parade, after the marshal and staff was: United States Navy Band and Battle of Marines and Bluejackets from the U.S.S. Richmond; U.S. Army color guard, Massachusetts National Guard Company from the 24th Division, 34th Coast Artillery Company, M.N.G.; band, Shep Post, A.L. Nelson, and Honorable Artillery Company; Lexington Minute Men Fusilier Veteran Corps; "Paul Revere" and Mounted Escort of State Cavalry followed by North End committee and various organizations, including detach-
ments of the American Legion and Vet-

ers of Foreign Wars.

St. William's church on Dorchester avenue overflowed today with those who came to attend the funeral services of Mrs. Margaret Cola Crowley, wife of Police Supt. Michael H. Crowley, hundred, unable to get into the church, stood outside as the solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated.

Mayor James M. Curley, Police Commissioner, presided at a detail of 35 policemen under command of Capt. Harry N. Dickerson and Lt. John O'Day and Thomas Harvey were present, while delegations from several societies attended.

The mass was celebrated by the Rev. Daniel J. Murphy, pastor. The Rev. Michael T. Lyons was con-celebrant and the Rev. William Long sub-deacon. The Rev. Mark Redline was master of ceremonies. Griffin's mass was sung by the choir under the direction of Miss Grif-
lin. Lucille Campbell sang "Pie Jesu" at the conclusion. Intermem was in Old Galverry cathedral.

The pall-bearers were four grandsons, William, Paul, and John George Crowley, and three nephews, John Monahan, John Corcoran and Warren Curry.

The ushers were James Brickley, John McCarthy, Stephen Higgins, Joseph Hagerty, Frank Roman, Peter Troxel, Joseph McCarthy, John T. Shaughnessey, John P. Tobin, City Councilman Joseph McGrath and Patrick McGinn-
ness.

Among those at the service were Fire Chief Henry A. Fox, Capt. Michael J. Norton, Mrs. Elizabeth O'Keefe, Mrs. Daniel Murray, Daniel Murray and Stephen O'Neil comprised the choir singers.

In the four cars bearing the flowers were pieces from Gov. Joseph B. Ely, Mayor James M. Curley, ex-Mayor Lincoln E. Nichols, Lt. Col. Robert J. Easterly, Frank Archer, Jack Sharkey, Babe Ruth, Joe Tye and Boston Traveler, Congress-man, man McCormack and many others.

Among those present were former Lt. Col. Edward F. Barry, ex-Mayor John P. Fitzgerald, Police Commissioner William Long, Joseph A. Rouge, public works commissioner; former Congress-

man, T. L. Clancy; C. J. O'Connell, transit commissioner; John Curley, brother of Mayor Curley; John P. Engelbert, superintendent of buildings.

Mayor Curley and James Roosevelt will attend the Uptown Theatre tonight as guests of George A. Giles, Boston theatre executive, to view the premier showing of "The President," with Franklin Delano Roosevelt in the leading role.

The picture is a detailed story of the quiet childhood at New Hyde Park, his college career at Harvard, his law course at Columbia, his marriage, his rise and leadership in the Democratic party councils.

"The Fighting President" brings the story down to the election, inauguration and baptism of fire of Franklin Delano Roosevelt as chief executive in which he faced and defeated the forces of destruction. It is a thrilling story narrated by Edwin C. Hill, noted radio commentator.

A section of the theatre will be re-
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THRONGS AT MRS.
CROWLEY'S FUNERAL

Life of Roosevelt to Be Shown
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REVERE, DAWES
RISE AGAIN TODAY

Just the faint dull glow of a lantern through the mist which hung like a ghost about the belfry of the Old North Church last night and Greater Boston slipped as ghostly as the fog into the misty years of memory and back 138 of them again relived the stirring days of 1775.

One if by land and two if by sea it was on that eventful night and today one might add, as all this part of New England relives its days of strife and glory, three if by plane as zooming over Lexington today, at noon, during the height of the great Patriots' Day celebration will be Margaret Kimball, Lexington aviatrix, with a squadron of fliers.

It is peculiarly Boston's own this night and in the cities and towns once farms and villages strung north to Concord—this Patriots' Day and in rain laid the dust this year that might dampen spirits of the descendants of those original patriots as night ushered in the gala event.

AGAIN REVERE RIDES

So it was that the lights were hauled to the towers of the old North Church while exercises went on below, and so it is today that Mayor Curley at 6 o'clock will unfurl and mast Old Glory at City Hall in the presence of Minute Men from Lexington at attention in full regalia.

Then from North Square an hour later will ride again "Paul Revere" in the person of an army cavalry expert, muttering perhaps "two if by land" as by land he rides, while from the John Eliot Square, Roxbury, will move another cavalry expert garbed as William Dawes, Jr., and a rider history has a mighty as Revere. To Lexington they both will move by diverse routes, feting en route through all the cities and towns, where once was spread the alarm of the coming of the British.

They meet in Lexington and history has it Revere was captured and Dawes f. a capture, but a third mighty man appeared, Dr. Samuel Prescott, who a-courting that fateful night had been, but knowing the import of the riders and their call of alarm, he spurred his steed, and to the bridge at Concord carried the alarm, arousing the Minute Men.

For the second time since the re-enactment of the rides, the Prescott ride will occur again this year Lawrence Clark of Concord impersonating the rider. Only in 1930 was the Prescott horseman role enacted.

MESSAGE FROM MAYOR

Following a parade from City Hall to North sq., Mayor Curley will deliver an address and arm Revere with a message to carry along. A message from Boston's mayor will feature exercises in Roxbury, starting "Dawes" on his way.

Following the lighting of the lanterns at Old North Church last night a historical address was delivered by Dr. Frederick H. Page, president of the Massachusetts Conference of Congregational Churches.

Taking their diverse routes to

Mayor Talks

Patriots' Day exercises at North sq. will feature an address by Mayor Curley and the presentation of a message to Waldo Nelson, master sergeant headquarters company of 110th cavalry, impersonating "Paul Revere" by the mayor and the rider's departure.

The program:
8:30 A. M.—Parade to City Hall.
9:30 A. M.—Local exercises.
8:45 A. M.—Band concert.
9:00 A. M.—Arrival of "Paul Revere" with parade from City Hall.
8:50 A. M.—Address by Mayor Curley.
10:00 A. M.—Presentation of message to rider by Mayor and departure of "Paul Revere."
10:30 A. M.—Formation of local parade and march over principal streets of the North End.
10:50 A. M.—Old North Church, Salem st., placing of wreath on tablet.
1:00 P. M.—Band concert by North End Post No. 53 American Legion Band at North sq.

RECORD

Eliot Square

At Roxbury, where the famed "William Dawes, Jr." impersonated by Thomas J. Gorham, master sergeant of headquarters company, 110th Cavalry, will start his ride, exercises will be held throughout the morning in John Eliot sq. The program:
8:45 a.m.—Band concert.
9 a.m.—Flag raising ceremony by Hoy Scouts and Girl Scouts.
10 a.m.—Start of the ride of "William Dawes, Jr." to Lexington.
10:05 a.m.—Eighth annual novelty road race.
10:10 a.m.—Band music and informal addresses.
10:40 a.m.—Presentation of trophies by Mayor Curley.

Lexington, both "Revere" and "Dawes," with cavalry escorts, will meet at the Battle Green in Lexington, where the Mayor Curley message will be taken from "Revere" by "Prescott" and carried on to Concord. Flying overhead through this dramatic re-enactment will be the modern touch—Lexington's own girl flier and a squadron of planes to put off earlier from the East Boston airport.

The "Prescott" ride from Lexington will be through Lincoln and Concord to the North bridge. The "Dawes" ride is from Roxbury through Jamaica, Brookline, Cambridge, Arlington to Lexington "Reveres" rode through Charles town, Somerville, Medford, Arlington to Lexington.

CURLEY GOING TO WASHINGTON

To Represent Mayors at White House

Mayor Curley is planning to see President Roosevelt at the White House next Tuesday for the first time since he declined to accept the ambassadorship to Poland last week.

To Mayor pointed out last night that he did not intend to talk patronage or appointments, but would represent the United States conference of Mayors in their campaign to obtain loans from the federal government to relieve the financial burden on most of the larger cities throughout the country. Mayor Curley will become president of the national organization to succeed Mayor Murphy of Detroit.
Famous Budweiser Beer Returns to Boston in Magnificent Style

JUST LIKE THE GOOD OLD DAYS

This team of six horses shown above—one of the finest to travel over Boston pavements since the days of yore—officially reintroduced Budweiser beer to the Hub. Below, left to right, are Roy Green, City Councillor William H. Barker, Mayor Curley, J. Phillip O'Connell, official city greeter, and District Manager I. O. Bledheim of the Anheuser-Busch, Inc., shown when the wagon reached City Hall with beer for the official presentations.

Boston crowds yesterday were treated to a sight of the Anheuser-Busch brewery truck, pulled by six fine-appearing horses, driven by Billy Wales, their old-time driver, here to reintroduce the famous Budweiser beer to the Hub. After travelling through the city from the Fenway Riding Academy, Ward street, the noted six-horse team stopped at City Hall, where Mayor Curley left his office to see the horses; Lindy, Director, Bob, Teddy, Wallace and Brookdale, and shake hands with Mayor Wales. Packages of bottles of the beer were given to Mayor Curley, J. Phillip O'Connell, the city's official greeter, and Councillor William H. Barker, who was told to "treat" his fellow members of the City Council.

The horses, Clydesdale geldings, were shipped here from St. Louis, and are the same that carried a case of beer to Alfred E. Smith in New York. They will be in town until Friday, and then will go to Providence. Sundial and Shamrock, the two horses which were not used yesterday, will be in harness today. Sundial has been judged the best gelding in the United States and Canada. Brookdale and Wallace, the leaders, weigh 3,000 pounds together.

MAYOR PLANS WORK TO AID JOBLESS

Golf Course, Street and Alley Improvements Included In Program

Utilization of city owned land for community vegetable gardens, the erection of a clubhouse and caddy house at the municipal golf course in Hyde Park and the improvement of scores of alleys and short streets form a program which Mayor Curley hopes can be productive of employment during several months for the jobless of Boston.

At a conference with department heads tomorrow afternoon the mayor will try to block out a program which will be of benefit to the city and the unemployed.

Vegetable gardens have been suggested for an acre of land on Victory road, Dorchester, the 13-acre tract in Hyde Park, formerly the water works plant, and the Cummings estate in Woburn, given to the city by the late Mrs. Mary E. Cummings.

Seed and implements will be necessary to make a success of the garden idea which embodies the plan that all vegetables produced shall be the property of the men to whom plots are allocated.

The improvement of alleys and streets has complications because of the probability that paving, surfacing and some sewage work may be necessary.
REPORT BARES FIN COM SPLIT

Majority and Goodwin at Odds on Budget

Three Members for Cutting Mayor's Figures Hard

A direct split between Chairman Frank A. Goodwin and the other three members of the Boston Finance Commission was revealed yesterday afternoon when the associate commissioners filed a majority report, later attacked by Mr. Goodwin, with the Legislative Committee on Municipal Finance at the State House, recommending further drastic reduction in Boston's municipal budget.

The recommendations of the Finance Commission were even more drastic than those urged yesterday by the Boston Municipal Research Bureau, which would cut off $37,500,000 more than the additional $1,300,000 cut suggested by R. Ammi Cutter of the Research Bureau.

The figure set by Mayor Curley and his budget commissioner, Charles J. Fox, after careful pruning of appropriations for several weeks is $37,500,000 as compared with the additional $1,300,000 cut suggested by R. Ammi Cutter of the Research Bureau.

The new Finance Commission figure is $35,200,000 and the Research Bureau would have it $36,200,000.

Report Draws Criticism

The action of the Finance Commission and the Research Bureau in recommending further appropriation slashes brought condemnation from Mayor Curley, Corporation Counsel Samuel Silverman and Chairman Goodwin.

Mayor Curley said last night he would have to study the Finance Commission report before issuing a statement, which he believes will be ready when the Legislative Committee meets again tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock to act on the Mayor's petition for an appropriation limit instead of a tax limit for the city of Boston.

When the proposals of the Municipal Research Bureau were brought to his attention, however, the Mayor said, "This is my first intimation that the Municipal Research Bureau officially represents the Boston Finance Commission and that the Boston Finance Commission is doing the research work for that bureau."

Goodwin Backs Mayor

Chairman Goodwin appeared at an executive session of the Legislative committee after the report of his associate commissioners had been received, and declared that the Mayor's figures were represented as much of a saving as could be made. He said it was unfair to cut out necessary services.

The Fin Com report was signed by Charles Mosley Storey, Joseph A. Sheehan and Joseph James Donahue.

Corporation Counsel Silverman, who appeared before the committee, declared that the budget has already been cut to the bone and can't be cut any more "without seriously affecting the welfare of the people in the rendition of proper services."

Under the plan suggested by the Research Bureau, seven city departments would be abolished, including the Statistical, Market, Registry, Institutions, City Messenger, Municipal Employment Bureau and Public Celebrations Department.
ELY AND CURLEY EXCHANGE QUIPS

Governor and Mayor Give Addresses at K. of C. Patriots’ Day Dinner

FORMER SPEAKS ON ECONOMY IN GOVT.

Gov. Ely and Mayor Curley engaged in mild banter last night as speakers at the annual Patriots’ day dinner of the Massachusetts state council, Knights of Columbus, at the Copley-Plaza hotel.

The Governor, speaking of economy in government, said: “I am in favor of it, and I think the mayor will agree, if I may speak for him—although he does not usually allow any one to speak for him.”

Later, in prefacing his address, Mayor Curley said: “His Excellency the Governor made some reference to economy in government. In view of the exceptional relations between his excellency and myself, I believe on this 19th of April it would be advisable if I followed my manuscript. I still have a faint recollection of the presidential primaries.”

Pursuing his thoughts about governmental economy, Gov. Ely said that about 75 per cent. of the American people have become imbued with the doctrine of economy that only 2.2 per cent. beer can lessen their purse strings. He said that the doctrine is one that is carried out to its logical conclusion would restrain people from buying until they were destitute of the most simple necessities, in which case, he said, dealers in some of these necessities would be forced to go out of business. He warned that people, however, that wheat has risen 3 cents a bushel and cotton $1 a bale, and if the people are intending to buy articles of apparel or other necessities they had best buy them soon or they will have to pay a higher price.

Mayor Curley said that President Roosevelt’s inaugural address was notable in that it was a direct appeal to Almighty God, not only for guidance in the conduct of his office but, for the well-being of the people of the nation. He marked a recognition of the fact that without God nothing is possible and that with God all things are possible.

An organization that has rendered such notable service both in time of peace and in time of crisis such as has been rendered by the Knights of Columbus will have abundant opportunity to measure up to the highest and noblest attributes of the organization and American citizenship.

James Roosevelt, son of the President, who was introduced as bringing a message from the President, made a plea for development of small industries, in which the individual will perform a completed task, turn out by himself a finished product.

M. Kirby, state deputy, presided. The Rev. Joseph F. Coppleinger, state chaplain, gave the invocation.

FAMOUS RIDES ARE REENACTED

Seven Cities, Towns See “Revere,” “Dawes” Parades and Exercises All the Way to Concord

New Rider, “Prescott,” Meets Others at Lexington

Patriotic celebrations of the 158th anniversary of the historic rides of Paul Revere, William Dawes and Dr. Samuel Prescott in seven cities and towns from Boston to Concord featured the observance of Patriots’ Day yesterday.

Unfavorable weather conditions during the morning exercises failed to dampen the ardor of the celebrators, and thousands of persons saw the three impersonators of the historic riders galloped from town to town, and joined in the welcome extended them.

Official celebrations were held in the North End and Roxbury at the start of the rides of “Paul Revere” and “William Dawes,” and also where stops were made in Somerville, Medford, Arlington, Cambridge, Lexington and Concord.

There were parades and historical exercises in each of the cities and towns, and a stirring plea for a continued expression of the patriotism of the Minute Men of 1775 was made by the various speakers.

“Revere” Gets Going

The official observance began at 10 yesterday morning when Master Sgt. Waldo Nelson of Dorchester of the 110th Regiment of Cavalry, M. N. G., impersonating Paul Revere, received a message from Theodore A. Glynn, chairman of the Boston Street Com-
Riders Cover Historic Route
As Feature of Patriots’ Day

Paul Revere and William Dawes, Jr., Greeted in
Cities and Towns on Way to Lexington and Concord

For asking historical accuracy because of the better highways, later raising hours of this century, three riders yesterday gave a midday vision of the midnight ride of Paul Revere and his friends, thereby linking community Patriots’ day celebrations in the towns and cities through which they passed.

Spreading the 158th annual alarm through every Middlesex village and farm from which the route of the B. A. A. marathon, the riders were received by patriotic and veterans’ organizations at historical points along their various routes, and furnished the climaxes to flag raisings, parades and band concerts in several places.

LEAVES NORTH SQUARE

Because of the convenient bridges which now link Boston with Middlesex county, the official party on their way to Lexington, visited no historical points on their way back to Boston, except for Newburyport, Waltham, Wellesley, and Medford, headquarters company, 110th cavalry, M. N. G., as Paul Revere, was not oblivious to a beautiful Charles river for the signal light, which, incidentally, had been hung in the tower of Old North Church at midnight. Instead, he started from North square, Boston, near the old church itself, for Lexington by way of Charlestown.

Meanwhile, at Eliot square, Roxbury, Sargent, Thomas J. Gorham of Dorchester, another member of headquarters company, 110th cavalry, represented William Dawes, Jr., received a dispatch from James F. Flynn, commander of G. A. R. post 26, and started for Lexington by way of Brookline. At 6 A. M. an hour before the riders started, the bell of King’s Chapel was rung. The bell was made by the English bell foundry in 1772 and recast in 1816 at the foundry of “Paul Revere and His Son.”

At headquarters of North End American legion, a crowd gathered for a parade to the flag–raising at City Hall and return to North square. Street Commissioner Theodore Glynn, acting for the mayor, raised the flag at City Hall and delivered an address at North square before giving the riders a dispatch to the Concord and Lexington stations.

An innovation this year for philatelists and collectors of patriotic curios was the mailing of 12 commemorative cachets at post offices in each of the cities and towns through which the riders passed.

Because of bad flying weather in many parts of New England, the second annual Patriots' day air meet at East Boston was postponed until Sunday. Many of the entrants were unable to reach Boston.

MANY ENTRIES

The meet will draw entries from New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Chicago, Cambridge, Concord, Lincoln and Lexington. At each place stops were made and the observance of the day in those places was featured by the arrival and departure of the riders.

Members of veterans’ organizations, Girl Scouts, high school cadets, Ancient and Honorable artillerymen, national guardsmen, U. S. Navy band, a detachment of marines and bluejackets from the U. S. S. Richmond, and a United States arm guard were in the line of march of the Boston leg.

Lexington Minute Men dressed in colonial costumes added color to the parade.

The program in North square resumed after the departure of the rider and his escort. Speakers included Nicholas Scaramella, chairman of the committee in charge of the North square exercises, and John A. Scanga, chairman of the Patriots’ day committee of the General Public Celebrations Association.

NORTH END PARADE

Following the addresses was a parade through the principal streets of the North end to the Old North Church, on Salem street, where a wreath was placed on the memorial table. The marchers disbanded after a parade back to the North End American legion post headquarters.

At John Eliot Square, Roxbury, a band concert at 8:45 A.M. opened the ceremonies. At 9:00 a.m. a flag raising on the green, Arlington Centre, was the mailing of 12 commemorative cachets at post offices in each of the cities and towns through which the riders passed.

The pledge of allegiance to the flag was sung by F. X. McLaughlin and Miss Frances Millen sang “Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean.” Band music and informal addresses immediately followed the start of the eighth annual novice road race sponsored by the Norfolk Young Men’s Association. Following the presentation of trophies, a trumpet solo by Linus Macdonald closed the program.

THIRD RIDER, ALSO

A feature in Concord this year was the ride of Dr. Samuel Prescott from Lexington to the Old North bridge in Concord, Prescott being represented by Laurence E. Clark of Concord.

Other features of Concord’s program included a parade in the early afternoon from the veteran’s building on Walden street through Monument square, community singing, band concert, and ball game, and, this evening, a dance in the veteran’s building under the auspices of the Concord legion band.

Lexington ushered in its celebration yesterday with whistles and church bells at 6 A.M. The parade of girl scouts, followed by flag raising exercises on the green, was also a feature. The big morning event was in the patriotic and civic parade, with Frederick H. Fuller as chief marshal.

Lexington started the day with a flag raising on the green, Arlington Centre, by the Boy Scouts. A parade and patriotic exercises at the Old Burying Grounds on Pleasant street, followed, by an oration by the Rev. Grady D. Fagan of Arlington.

On the program in Somerville was a colorful parade, before the greeting of Dawes and Revere by Mayor Murphy. The parade was led by a massed band of 200 high school students. Command W. B. Burdett of George Dilboy post, Veterans of Foreign Wars, was chief marshal.

CITIES FAIL TO GET
GOVERNMENT AID

Curley’s Plea for Loan Pro
vision Unheeded

[From Herald Washington Bureau]

WASHINGTON, April 19 — Despite the plea of Mayor Curley and other city officials comprising the U. S. Conference of Mayors, the federal government has made no provisions for loans to cities to be used for municipal purposes. Several months ago the mayors of the nation’s hundred leading cities met in Washington and formed the mayors’ conference, which immediately adopted a resolution calling for federal loans. Mayor Curley was chosen as one of the officials.

It is true that cities may borrow from the self-liquidating loan fund of $37,000,000, but, however, can only be used for the construction of public works that will pay for themselves in rents, fees or tolls. They cannot be used for financing regular city activities.

In a roundabout way it is possible for cities to obtain federal loans, but the procedure is so involved that few have been made in this way. This method contemplates the use of the bank lending fund of the Federal Reserve Bank of the Federal Reserve Board.

Actually the bank would obtain the loan, but would apply for it only to reduce the city. The borrowing city would have no direct relationship to the Federal lending agency. The only advantage that would have been made in this way. This method contemplates the use of the bank lending fund of the Federal Reserve Bank of the Federal Reserve Board.

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Ely and Curley Have Tilt at K. C. Dinner

Veiled Sarcasm in Their Remarks at K. C. Dinner

"I still have some faint recollections of the last primary," he said with a chuckle before going on with his prepared speech.

The Governor in his address called for a loosening up in spending as a means of not only of routing the depression but for providing employment. "This panic, so-called, is about all over," he said. "The time has arrived when we ought to begin letting ourselves go a little more. It's true, of course, that there are still many heads of families who are unable to gain employment. There is, however, one way we can all join hands to provide such work. That is through getting away more from too much personal economy. Go out and buy something for a change."

Sounding a note of confidence about present times, he said that no youth born on American soil has ever had a greater opportunity for service and success by any standard of measurement than the youth now coming to maturity. He also paid high tribute to the "great force exhibited by President Roosevelt."

"A peaceful revolution occurred in America, and with the slogan of Lincoln, a government of and for and by the people, was substituted for a government of the bankers, by the bankers and for the bankers."

"His Excellency, the Governor," he said, "has made some reference to economy in government." He then paused significantly. "In view of the exceptional relations," he continued, "which have existed between the Governor and myself, and in view of the fact that it is the 19th of April, I be-
ELY AND CURLEY IN VERBAL CLASH

Former's Spokesmanship for Mayor Brings Retort

Incident at State Council of Knights of Columbus

TAKING the liberty to interpret Mayor Curley's position on Governmental economy, Gov. Joseph B. Ely last night drew a sarcastic retort from the Mayor during the speaking---broadcast over Station WAAB—on the 39th annual State Council of the Knights of Columbus, at the Copley-Plaza.

There were more than 700 men in the hallroom, among them State leaders in the Knights of Columbus, several clergymen, and James Roosevelt, son of President Roosevelt.

Gov. Ely's Remarks

Gov. Ely, who received an ovation, spoke first.

"When it comes to economy in Government," he said, "I believe the Mayor will agree with me in that. We both believe in Governmental economy, if, of course, I may speak for the both of us. He doesn't usually permit anyone to speak for him," concluded Gov. Ely.

John E. Swift, supreme director of the Knights of Columbus and a former candidate for Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts, delivered an address, and then Mayor Curley was given the floor.

Mayor's Comment

"His Excellency the Governor has made some reference to economy in Government," began the Mayor. He paused, then continued:

"In view of the exceptional relations which have existed between the Governor and myself, and in view of the fact that it is the 19th of April, I believe it advisable if I follow my manuscript.

"I still have some faint recollections of the last primary," with which remark and a chuckle the Mayor concluded the incident. Shortly thereafter he left the hall.

Ely Urges Buying Now

In his address, Gov. Ely urged the gathering to buy. He declared that strict economy in Government is a very sound policy, but it should not be carried over into private life. He said 75 percent of the people are still in a position to make purchases. "It seems only 3.2 beer has been able to beosse them at all.

"Things are going up in price. If you're going to buy, then buy now, or you'll be paying higher prices." Mayor Curley said that the Nation has been through a period in which Government was "of the bankers, for the bankers and by the bankers. There is now every indication that the country shall be returned to the people through the programs of the present and great leader of the American people."

James Roosevelt Talks

James Roosevelt declared: "I cannot adequately express thanks for the expression of faith you have made in my father. I'll convey your message to him.

"I bring you this greeting from him. If a simple faith in God, a simple faith in American ideals, and action—regardless of the consequences—but right action—can lead his footsteps, then I believe your faith shall not have been misplaced in him."

Mr. Roosevelt pictured a speedily return to the equality of liberty and opportunity for all.

The greeting of Cardinal O'Connell were brought by Mayor Francis Burke, chancellor of the archdiocese. He said: "We need character today, He Nation may well do without the millionaires, but it cannot long endure without the loyal, patriotic spirit of its men and its women. The highest citizenship is needed today."

Mr. Swift read great hope for the common people in the fact that the President stopped to pray on the day of his inaugural; and Dist. Atty. Cida Gerald Fenerty, Philadelphia, gave a lengthy address on "Catholic Heritage."

Joseph M. Kirby, State deputy, presided. On the committees handling arrangements were Joseph H. Martin, 13-year-old son, George, on a nice, long vacation trip to the West Indies or some warm place like that. This was the promise he made last night to the youngster on condition that the boy hurries up and gets himself out of bed since last Saturday. George's temperature still lingered, but his battle against the grippe which has kept him in bed since last Saturday, George's temperature still lingered, but it seems that this battle will be ended. Martin J. Eng-lish, the Mayor's family physician, expressed confidence that he would be able to get out of bed in a few more days.

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BOSTON BUDGET OF $36,750,000 RECOMMENDED

$750,000 Below Curley Estimate; Personnel Cut Is Urged

The legislative committee on municipal finance today recommended a budget for the city of Boston for the current year of $36,750,000. Mayor Curley had sought $97,500,000 and his estimate was slashed $750,000.

URGED PERSONNEL CUT

In a report to the committee the Boston finance commission recommended a 10 per cent. reduction in the personnel of all city departments under the jurisdiction of the mayor. The commission also urged a sharp curtailment of the purchase of supplies and equipment and a drastic cut in the amount of money paid in municipal contracts.

In the mayor's own office the commission recommends a cut in the salaries of his staff and a reduction in personnel on the ground that there are too many secretaries and assistant secretaries and that they are paid out of proportion to the services they perform.

Another recommendation affects the city council by the proposal that all assistant city messengers and the two stenographers at the disposal of the councilmen be dropped. A 25 per cent. salary cut is recommended for City Messengers Edward J. Lear and John E. Baldwin, clerks of committee meetings.

The finance commission would also abolish the services of Edward W. Harden, shorthand reporter of the city council meetings who receives an annual salary of $1250.

The commission does not advocate closing the zoo at Franklin Park nor the aquarium at South Boston.

When Mayor Curley read the report of the finance commission he requested the full municipal department heads to reply to the recommendations set forth. He asserted there was nothing new or of value in the report and there would be no direct benefit in discharging city employees. The mayor reiterated his conviction that the only real cure of the unemployment problem is work and wages, and added that since 1930 a sound and rational economy has been in effect in the municipal government.

SO. BOSTON FUEL PERMIT REVOKED

Clergymen, Residents Oppose More Tanks

The street commission today revoked the permit granted March 1 by Mayor Curley to the White Fuel Corporation of 888 East First street, South Boston, for additional fuel tanks to be erected on their present site.

The permit was opposed by clergymen of the Peninsula district and hundreds of residents, who filed a petition seeking a hearing before the state fire marshal, which was granted and which was to be held in Gardner auditorium at the State House next Monday morning.

A protest meeting was scheduled to be held tonight at the South Boston Municipal building.

CURLEY TO ASK FOR CITY LOANS OF $30,000,000

Mayor Curley, representatives of various banking houses and of the Chamber of Commerce will meet in City Hall at noon today to discuss plans for loans of $30,000,000 in anticipation of taxes to the city during the period extending to Oct. 1, next.

Upon the decision reached today will depend Mayor Curley's action with references to wage cuts for city employes. Mayor Curley, in calling the conference of bankers recently, stated that no action would be taken on wage reductions until the matter of loans and interest rates was first settled with heads of the various financial institutions.

CURLEY TO MEET BANKERS FRIDAY

The conference of Mayor Curley and Boston bankers for the purpose of providing $30,000,000 in cash for the city for the next six months will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in City Hall.

The meeting was originally scheduled for this afternoon, but some of the bankers were out of the city over the holiday and could not be reached in time to make arrangements for the conference. Mayor Curley will withhold his order reducing salaries of municipal and county employes until after his talk with the bankers.

-American Curley's Parley on Loans Postponed

While Democrats of northern Massachusetts gathered at Lowell last night at a Democratic property dinner, where announcement was made that David T. Walsh will run again in 1914 for senator, Mayor James M. Curley of Boston was guest of honor at the Thomas Jefferson League banquet here last night and heard himself cheered as the next governor.

At Lowell Joseph A. Maynard, chairman of the state committee, announced that the party would be highly organized to enroll 2,000,000 voters for the next election. He said Walsh will run, but that Gov. Ely would prefer to retire in spite of efforts to get him to run again.

Mayor and Sick Son to Go South

Mayor Curley's 15-year-old son, George will enjoy a vacation trip to the West Indies or Europe. His father's doctors spent his father as soon as the boy wins his battle with the grip, which has confined him to his bed since last Saturday.

The mayor made this promise last night on condition the boy will not affect his recovery.

CITY COUNCILLORS 'DOCKED' $50 EACH

Collect Only $105.62 Pending Issuance of Curley Salary Cut Order

Members of the city council were 'dock'd' $50 each yesterday when they visited the city treasurer's office to collect the usual monthly compensation of $85. Each councilman was handed $105.62 with the information that pending the issuance of Mayor Curley's salary reduction order, it was decided to pay them only to April 20. Some councilmen grumbled but the majority accepted the situation cheerfully despite the loss of $50.

Councilmen are paid on the 20th of each month and they have been collecting their full salary of $165.62 less that $50 representing two days' contribution to the welfare department appropriation.

As it is possible that the mayor will issue an executive order reducing salaries before the end of the month, Auditor Carney and Treasurer Dolan elected to limit the salary to April 20. The balance due each member will be paid before the expiration of the month.
HUB'S LIMIT
FOR YEAR IS
$36,750,000

The bill fixing the appropriation limit for the city of Boston for municipal activities for the present year at $36,750,000 was favorably reported yesterday afternoon by the legislative committee on municipal finance. The city appropriation last year was $40,600,000. In its petition this year, Mayor Curley had asked for an appropriation limit of $37,500,000. CAN SECURE MORE

A provision is contained in the bill reported whereby Boston can under that provision of the municipal finance act, in which it would be authorized to expend additional money for municipal purposes, if the expenditure is approved by a State board, consisting of the Attorney-General, the State Treasurer and the State Director of Municipal Accounts.

The bill would place Boston on the same level with the other cities and towns. The provision relative to the additional expenditures was inserted so that, if Boston needs additional money for emergency purposes, it will be in a position to get it. The $36,750,000 allowed by the municipal finance committee is greater than the sum which the Boston Finance Commission and the Municipal Research Bureau thought should be expended. The Finance Commission suggested $35,665,000, and the Municipal Research Bureau $34,900,000. The committee did not attempt to determine how much money the city should be made. This will be decided by the city government.

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PLANS HIGHWAY IN CHARLESTOWN

Mayor Urges State Take Over Chelsea St., and Replace North Bridge

ANOTHER ASKS SUBWAY ON HUNTINGTON AVE.

Conversion of Chelsea street, Charlestown, into a state highway with a resultant replacement of the Charlestown North bridge at an estimated cost of $1,300,000 and renewal of the drive to obtain commitment by the Boston Elevated Railroad to construct a new highway avenue subway are the two important features of a bill in Congress, modified by the State legislature last year and subsequently approved by Mayor Curley yesterday.

To provide work for men receiving relief from the welfare department, the mayor plans to create a playground of the old water power plant site in Hyde Park area and the city dump in victory road, Dorchester, into a community garden.

The bill will be supervised by the public works department and the park department will be directed by the park commission. The mayor is prepared to provide unemployed day laborers. Organized labor officials told the mayor that unless the use of men drawing aid from the welfare department is limited to work ordinarily done by skilled tradesmen, there will be no protest made. Labor men added last night, however, that the proposal to replace skilled workers with men on the relief rolls will be protested.

The condition of the Charlestown North bridge was described as one of the depressing reasons for the conversion of Chelsea street to a state highway. Three years ago city bridge experts threatened to condemn the structure as unsafe but temporary repairs were made. Annually the mayor has asked the legislature to authorize the expenditure of $1,300,000 for a new bridge with the specification that a share of the cost should be made by Chelsea and Revere but as both these cities have pledged their inability to contribute to such a replacement, no headway has been made.
BOSTON'S GAIN

To the Editor of the Transcript:

I have been interested in reading the appreciation of Mayor Curley's abilities that have appeared in the papers since his decision to finish his term rather than go to Poland. There has been an amusing touch of uncertainty in one or two accounts as to whether or not he would give his best judgment and his gift to the advancement of Boston.

I believe that he will confound his critics and will make this year one of real achievement in city government.

Boston has gained in keeping the mayor at home, but the Administration has lost a man who would have brought to the city hall the penetrating vision and brilliant energy that are too often lacking in our public servants.

Brookline, April 19.

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I have been interested in reading the appreciation of Mayor Curley's abilities that have appeared in the papers since his decision to finish his term rather than go to Poland. There has been an amusing touch of uncertainty in one or two accounts as to whether or not he would give his best judgment and his gift for getting things done to the advancement of Boston.

I believe that he will confound his critics and will make this year one of real achievement in city government.

Boston has gained in keeping the mayor at home, but the Administration has lost a man who would have brought to the city hall the penetrating vision and brilliant energy that are too often lacking in our public servants.

Brookline, April 19.

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PLAN PROJECTS TO AID JOBLESS

Mayor and City Officials Hold Conference

Two Playgrounds, Gardens and Subway Are Discussed

After a lengthy conference yesterday with department heads in City Hall Mayor Curley announced plans for projects which he described as for the good of the city and the Boston unemployed. Several of the projects will require the assistance of the State and the Mayor plans to discuss the matters with Gov. Ely and the State Highway Department.

Among other things his plans call for a quick start on construction of a playground at Hyde Park. The old Hyde Park water works grounds will be utilized for this purpose. The city owns the property and it is not in use.

Community gardens for the unemployed, to dot the old dump on Victory road, South Boston. There are M. about 2,000,000 feet of land there and the Park Department has been ordered to get busy and put the place in shape for community gardens to be worked by the unemployed, the produce to be given to the workers. The city will supply the seeds, fertilizers, etc.

Always a strong supporter for a subway under Huntington Ave. Mayor Curley announced plans to confer with the trustees of the Boston Elevated Wordpress in an attempt to get them to the city. According to the Mayor, the subway not only will save the city $400,000 a year, or a total of 8 percent, and it is my purpose that this policy be continued.

No direct benefit would result to the city from this project, as it is not possible to affect a reduction in permanent employees in this period of time. The policy is to encourage the support of the local municipalities in the conduct of every department in the city.

As a consequence of this policy, it has been possible to effect a cut in permanent employees in this period of time. The cut is a total of 8 percent, and it is my purpose that this policy be continued.

To direct benefit would result to the municipal department through the discharge of permanent employees; it would simply mean a shifting of the load from the municipal department where the individuals are employed, and where they are rendering full time service, to the Welfare Department, where the city work would be required to support the individual and his family, and receive a limited amount or work, if any, in return.

FIN COM PLAN MEANS MORE DOLES, MAYOR SAYS

If suggestions of the Finance Corporation embodied in a report to the Committee on Municipal Finance and the Committee on Finance are adopted, it will mean an extension of the dole system, Mayor James M. Curley told in a letter to Corporation Counsel Samuel Silverman yesterday.

"Since 1932," the Mayor wrote, "the police have been in operation of not filling vacancies, of not granting a living wage to the city, and the adoption of a policy of sound economy in the conduct of every department in the city."

As a consequence of this policy, it has been possible to effect a reduction in permanent employees in this period of time. The cut is a total of 8 percent, and it is my purpose that this policy be continued.

To direct benefit would result to the municipal department through the discharge of permanent employees; it would simply mean a shifting of the load from the municipal department where the individuals are employed, and where they are rendering full time service, to the Welfare Department, where the city work would be required to support the individual and his family, and receive a limited amount or work, if any, in return.

CITY COUNCILORS' PAY CUT 15 P. C. BY CITY AUDITOR

City Councilors did a bit of bookkeeping yesterday when they voted for their salary for the month of April. Ordinarily the pay, as a matter of courtesy, is paid off on the 30th of the month instead of the end of the month. Their stipend is $166.66, but it has been for some time $150, after de-duction of a two days' pay contribution to the Welfare Department. Yesterday they voted to get busy and put the place in shape for a quick start on construction of a playground at Hyde Park. The old Hyde Park water works grounds will be utilized for this purpose. The city owns the property and it is not in use.

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NATIONAL COMMANDER OF V.F.W. HERE TOMORROW
Rear Admiral Coontz on First Official Visit—Auxiliary President, Mrs de Coe, in Party

The local program of Rear Admiral Robert E. Coontz, national command-in-chief of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, will include his first official visitation of the Massachusetts Department tomorrow morning, as follows:

Reaching the Back Bay Station from Hartford, Conn, at 7:45, accompanied by Mrs Consuelo de Coe, national president of the V.F.W. Auxiliary, the party will have an informal breakfast, and then visit Gov Ely at the State House and will address the House of Representatives at 10:30 a.m.

The party will go to Gov Ely's residence and then visit the headquarters of the Leonard Post there.

The local program of Rear Admiral Coontz will be served at the Hotel Statler at 9. A formal luncheon will be served at the Hotel Statler at 1:30. At 2:30 the party will go to Springfield. At 4:30 the dinner at the Hotel Clinton will be served, and at 8 the headquarters of the Leonard Post there will be a meeting of the Western and Berkshire County Councils of the V.F.W.

CITY BUDGET
$36,750,000

The Legislative Committee Sets Figure in Bill

The Legislative Committee on Municipal Finance today voted to report favorably a bill fixing the appropriation limit of the city of Boston for the present year at municipal activities at $36,750,000. Mayor Curley had asked for $37,500,000. Last year the amount was $36,750,000.

The bill to be reported will contain a section whereby the provision of the municipal finance statute that authorizes further expenditures if they are approved by the State Board of Municipal Finance, as amended by the City Council, will be continued.

This provision was inserted in the measure in order to permit the Boston to make further expenditure of money in case of emergency.

NATIONAL COMMANDER OF V.F.W. HERE TOMORROW

WORK, WAGES, ONLY ANSWER

Mayor Comments on Fin. Comm. Report

Mayor James M. Curley in a communication today to Corporation Counsel Samuel Silverman, declared that the Finance Commission report to the Committee on Municipal Finance put in effect, would simply mean the extension of the dole system, to which the Mayor is opposed.

The Mayor's letter to Mr Silverman follows:

"Regarding a reply to the Finance Commission's report to the Committee on Municipal Finance, I beg to say that there is nothing of value in the report. I have as a matter of fact requested each department to reply categorically to the statements that have been made relative to each department in the municipal report."

"Since 1930, the city has been in a state of deficit, not filling vacancies, and the adoption of a rational and sound program is the only solution of our present financial position."
Committee Cuts $750,000 from Curley Budget

Votes to Report Appropriations Bill Setting City Expenditures at $36,750,000

By Richard D. Grant

Following an extended executive session at the State House this morning, the Legislative Committee on Municipal Finance voted to report a bill setting the appropriations for general expenses for the city of Boston for the year 1933 at $36,750,000.

This figure is three-quarters of a million dollars below the budget of $37,500,000 submitted by Mayor Curley and $40,000,000 more than the recommended figure of $30,200,000 submitted by the Boston Municipal Research Bureau. In addition to these figures the committee considered the recommendation of three members of the Boston Finance Commission, Charles Morefield Story, Judge Joseph A. Sheehan and Joseph Joyce Donahue, of $35,686,000.

The bill provides also for the establishment of an appropriation limit in the future to replace the "tax limit" which previously had been imposed by the committee, which annually must pass judgment on the expenditures of the city.

In addition the committee's bill will provide that all receipts taken in by the city must be returned to the general fund and included in the appropriation limit. But the cut in the city in addition to the Corperation Cost of $36,750,000, the committee's bill will provide for the Public Welfare appropriation separate from the appropriation limit, but which is subject to the appropriations limit. The estimate for this purpose is $1,578,000.

The report, copies of which were sent to Mayor Curley, Budget Commissioner Frank A. Goodwin and the members of the Finance Committee and the Silverman, chairman of the Municipal Research Bureau, said that the committee had decided it would be wiser not to do this because in the event that expenditures exceed the estimates, money can be transferred from any other appropriation within the general fund.

Senator Wragg said the committee hoped to be ready to file the bill into this afternoon. There were no dissenters.

Curley Says Fin. Com Plan Would Extend Dole System
Declares Discharge of Permanent Employees Would Mean "Shifting of Load"

Blunt opposition to the recommendations of the Finance Commission for drastic economies in the city government, especially the suggestion for a discharge of permanent employees, was announced today by Mayor Curley.

The mayor said, in general, which has not been officially made public, the mayor disposed of as containing "nothing new or of value." Discharge of permanent employees, he said, would mean the extension of the dole system, adhering to previous announced that he is "opposed absolutely to the dole system, simply to avoid unemployment is work and wages."

"No direct benefit would result to the municipal departments, and the discharge of permanent employees," said the mayor, "would simply mean a shifting of the "loads" which the individuals are employed for, to the welfare department where the city would be required to support the individual and receive but a limited amount of work if any, in return.

No 1200 permanent employees, in practically all of the city departments, would be necessary for welfare expenditure.

The report goes on with the recommendation of a 25 per cent reduction in the salary of $35,686,000 paid to City Treasurer Edward L. Leary, and City Council Committee on Finance.

The recommendation also would abolish the position of Edward W. Harrington, fourth clerk of the council, who receives $2,500, and would place the city council staff in place of the three assistant city messengers and the three stenographers, who, the report said, would sublet of one person at $1,800 a year.

The report suggests sharp curtailment of the police, fire departments, and equipment, and a drastic cut in the money spent for municipal improvements, and also a curtailment of the number of secretaries and assistants in Mayor Curley's official staff.

Reply in Detail Later

Mayor Curley's opposition was presented in a communication to the Corporation Council, signed as the groundwork for a general reply to the report, and a general reply to the report by the members of the commission after further examination of the Finance Commission's recommendations by him and his department heads.

Cuts Total 2% Yearly

"Since 1930 the policy has been in operation of not filling vacancies, of not granting sick leave increases, and the adoption of rational and sound economy in the conduct of every department in the city," said the mayor, in his communication to Senator Wragg, as a consequence of the recommendation of the Finance Commission in operation, entering the fourth year, it has been possible to effect a reduction in permanent employees in the period of time of about two per cent each year, or a total of eight per cent, and it is my purpose that this policy be continued.

The report, copies of which were sent to Mayor Curley, Budget Commissioner Silverman, the Finance Committee and the Silverman, in an effort to lay out a programme of public construction to provide work for the unemployed here to supplement the national public works measure sponsored by President Roosevelt.

Joint action by the State and the city in the construction of a new $2,000,000 street bridge between Charles-town and Chelsea, and $190,000 extension of the high-pressure water system from the Arno River at Forest Hills to Dorchester, and the dredging of a yacht basin at Back Bay, both Boston, was advocated by the Mayor in a conference with city department heads.

Declaring that his committee wanted to lay out a programme of public construction to provide work for the unemployed here to supplement the national public works measure sponsored by President Roosevelt.

Mayor Curley announced last night that he would seek legislation by in an effort to lay out a programme of public construction to provide work for the unemployed here to supplement the national public works measure sponsored by President Roosevelt.

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sion recommends the elimination of only one of the foregoing secretaries at $7200.

A large staff which the mayor has had at his disposal, supplemented by drafts made upon other departments, the mayor's office is an example which makes it difficult for him to recommend discharges and economies in that department. So long as this condition continues, the mayor will be handicapped in his efforts toward economy.

**ASESSORS**

Restoring the old method of paying employees for actual work done on a piecework basis should save $30,000 more. Elimination of unnecessary positions like that of cooperation examiner, a part-time job, and of an emergency number for transfer of work to outside agencies would save $50,000 more. Elimination of counter clerks and aides to deputy assessors; reductions in the amount spent for title examination of deeds; requiring regular employees to perform much of the work now given out as a piecework job, would save some of the $30,000.

Likewise reduction of the 23 second division clerks and aides to deputy assessors; reductions in the amount spent for title examination of deeds; requiring regular employees to perform much of the work now given out as a piecework job, would save some of the $30,000.

**INSTITUTIONS DEPARTMENT**

The discharge of numerous employees, the consolidation of several departments and the purchase of uniforms by members of the fire department themselves were among recommendations made by the finance commission in its economy proposals.

**$36,750,000 LIMIT**

The appropriation limit for Boston's municipal activities coming under the direction of the mayor was established for $36,750,000. A bill reported to the Legislature yesterday by its committee on municipal finance was an example of the method of fixing a tax limit per $1000 of taxable property.

The amount approved by the municipal committee is $750,000 less than was requested by Mayor Curley in his budget, but $600,000 in excess of the sum recommended by the Boston finance commission, excluding a cut of $177,500. Last year the city of Boston's appropriation was $46,600,000, exclusive of money expended by the school department and others not directly under the mayor's control.

The bill contains a provision under the terms of which all municipal receipts must be turned into the city's general fund amounting to approximately $3,000,000 last year, were expended.

The bill also contains a provision whereby Boston comes under that part of the municipal finance act by which the city is given $750,000 as an annual fund to provide money for municipal purposes if approved by the mayor, although the finance board which consists of the attorney-general, the state treasurer and the state director of accounts will have to give the approval.

This provision will permit the city to obtain additional funds in the event of an emergency during the adjournment of the Legislature.

Although the appropriation limit for a city is imperative, the committee did not attempt to dictate the methods by which the reduction should be achieved.

The recommended limit did not meet with Mayor Curley's approval but he was willing to accept it.

The municipal finance committee was unable to agree with the drastic recommendations submitted by the finance commission because many of its economy proposals proved for abolition of certain departments and the consolidation of existing departments which would require legislative authority from the state and municipal finance committee's jurisdiction.

The discharge of numerous employees, the consolidation of several departments and the purchase of uniforms by members of the fire department themselves were among recommendations made by the finance commission in its economy proposals.

**Curley Terms Fin Com Suggestions "Valueless"**

Recommendations made by the finance commission to the legislative committee on municipal finance at the State House were characterized as "valueless" by Mayor Curley yesterday. He said:

"Discharge of permanent employees would simply mean a transfer of the load from the municipal departments where they are employed and are rendering full time service, to the welfare department, where the city would be required to support them and their families and would receive by a limited amount of work. If any, less.
CHARGES MAYOR PADS PAYROLL
BY POLITICIANS

Fin Com Secret Report Details Plan for New Budget
Slash of $1,578,000

HITS AT EXPENSES
OF CURLEY'S OFFICE
Declares Executive Refuses
To Make Obvious Economy Moves

The taxpayers of Boston are being subjected to needless expenditures of approximately several millions of dollars annually because of Mayor Curley's refusal to eliminate politicians from the payroll, curtail unnecessary municipal activities, eliminate or consolidate overlapping departments or take advantage of economies in making wholesale purchases, in the opinion of three members of the Boston finance commission. The taxpayers of Boston are being subjected to the mayor's budget, which in making up the budget this year consideration should have been given first to the elimination of all unnecessary positions. The department heads examined (by the commissioners) usually admitted that they had to do this and the budget commissioner admitted that he accepted the existing conditions.

The finance commission believes that in making up the budget this year consideration should have been given first to the elimination of all unnecessary positions. The department heads examined (by the commissioners) usually admitted that they had to do this and the budget commissioner admitted that he accepted the existing conditions.

The report states:

The report charges that the "mayor's office, as shown in the budget, the salary of a chauffeur at $2700 appears. The finance commission believes that the next consideration should be the elimination of all unnecessary positions. The department heads examined (by the commissioners) usually admitted that they had to do this and the budget commissioner admitted that he accepted the existing conditions.

The chief fault found by the commission was the mayor's refusal to eliminate politicians from the payroll, curtail unnecessary municipal activities, eliminate or consolidate overlapping departments or take advantage of economies in making wholesale purchases, in the opinion of three members of the Boston finance commission. The city council is now more overloaded for a common council of 75 members and a board of aldermen of 25 members and the powers and duties of the two branches were many times the size belonging to the present council.

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Drastic Pay Slashes Sought for Other City Workers

Discharge of 1200 permanent city employees, some of them high-salaried, and drastic pay cuts for others are recommended by the Boston Finance Commission in a report submitted today to the legislative committee on municipal finance.

The legislative committee has before it Mayor Curley's bill to submit an appropriation limit for the current year, a radical departure.

Copies of the Finance Commission's report have been sent to Mayor Curley, Corporation Counsel Samuel Silverman and Budget Commissioner Charles J. Fox, and it is expected the recommendations will cause consternation at City Hall, although as yet they have not been made public.

WOULD CUT PURCHASES

The Finance Commission recommends a 10 per cent cut in the permanent personnel of the city, which would result in 1200 workers losing their jobs.

A sharp curtailment in the purchase of supplies and equipment for city departments is also recommended.

Other drastic recommendations include:

- Reduction in the salaries of Mayor Curley's office force and a reduction in the number of his secretaries, of whom he now has eight.
- Elimination of three assistant city messengers—William Walsh, brother of Senator David I. Walsh, who receives $3200 annually; Robert E. Green, brother of City Councilor Thomas H. Green of Charlestown, at $2750; and Thomas McMahon, former city councilor, at $2750.

DEMANDS MANY JOBS

Elimination of two stenographers, William J. O'Neill, secretary of the city council, at $3750, and Chester Magomer, at $3000.

Salary cuts of 25 per cent for City Messenger Edward J. Leary, now receiving $4500 a year, and for Clerk of Committees John E. Baldwin, receiving $2900.

Abolishment of the post of Edward W. Harrenden, official shorthand reporter in the council, at $2500 a year, the minutes of the meetings to be handled by the city clerk.

Appointment of one person, at an annual salary of $1000, to take over duties of three assistant city messengers and the two stenographers, whose elimination is recommended.

CURLEY FIGHTS PLAN

Commenting on the Finance Commission recommendations, Mayor Curley declared he would not discharge permanent employees.

"I adhere to my original belief that the only answer to unemployment is work and wages," the Mayor said.

"No direct benefit would result to the municipality through the discharge of permanent employees; it would simply mean a shifting of the load from the municipal departments where the individuals are employed and where they are rendering full-time service, to the welfare department where the city would be required to support the individual and his family, and receive but a limited amount of work if any, in return.

"I am opposed absolutely to the sole system and the recommendations of the Finance Commission if put in effect would simply mean the extension of that system."

CALLS UPON BANKERS TO MAKE GOOD

Mayor Points to Cuts in Work Week and Payroll

Having ordered yesterday the enforcement of the five-day week with the $5,000,000 payroll cut, ranging from 5 to 15 per cent for Boston's 18,437 city, county and school employees, Mayor Curley was preparing last night to call upon the bankers here to carry out their reported promises to co-operate in reducing government costs.

TEST NEXT WEEK

The test will come early next week, when City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan will go into the lock box marked to borrow $2,715,000 for city payrolls. Public relief disbursements and other current obligations which the city must meet until the 1933 tax bills go out.

In return for the payroll cut, the banks have agreed to help the city in raising at 'reasonable' interest charges about $10,000,000 worth of bonds, while the city will need until the taxes come in next October, the Mayor said.

Further than that, in their two and a half hour conference yesterday at City Hall, the bankers agreed to join in the movement of acknowledging Boston as one of the real financial leaders among the municipalities of the country and promised to push the sale of Boston's bonds and notes, the Mayor said.

To Back Sales Tax

They also offered some support for Governor Ely's bill to obtain $6,000,000 in relief for cities and towns through a sales tax and other provisions to provide additional revenue to meet the unprecedented demands for poor relief.

The bankers also agreed to maintain an 'open mind' on Senator Wagner's bill to provide $50,000,000 in federal cash for the relief of cities and towns throughout the country.

If through the support of the bankers, Boston could get a share of these relief funds, it would be possible to make a reduction in the tax rate this year for the benefit of home owners, the Mayor said, pointing out that the municipal employees could not be expected to make any contribution to the real estate tax reduction.

Half-Day Off Weekly

The public employees, in return for the slash in their pay envelopes, will be given a half-day off a week, so that most of them will not be required to report for work Saturdays.

Some departments are required to stay open for business Saturdays to meet the requirements of special laws, such as the city treasury, collector's office, election department and registry of births, marriages and deaths.

In these departments, as well as in the police, fire, hospital and institutional departments, the workers would be required to provide a skeleton force Saturdays and take a half day off in the middle of the week.

Cancel Contributions

With the enforcement of the pay cuts, the city employees were relieved yesterday of making contributions from their pay envelopes to the unemployment relief fund. Under the voluntary contribution system, the employees were returning $2,500,000 a year to the city treasury, but under the payroll re-adjustment system they will lose $5,000,000 a year.

The Mayor's payroll proclamation will be effective only under his present term, Dec 1, 1933, and the first act of the incoming Mayor on Jan. 1 will be to renew the proclamation or re-establish the standard payroll without the contributions.

The new schedule of pay, announced by the Mayor at the banking conference, was identical with the one he proposed a month ago when the Legislature was enacting the law to give him authority over the school, police and county payroll contributions.

It will reach every person drawing pay from the city treasury except about 2000 full-time employees, who are exempt from pay slashes. Although the Mayor set 15 per cent as the maximum, he will take a 10 per cent cut, because he has been giving 3 per cent in the past few years, or $400, out of his salary.

The minimum cut of five per cent will affect 1902 men and women receiving less than $1000 a year.

The 10 per cent cut will be applied to 6400 employees drawing from $1000 to $20,000, except that no one in this group shall be cut off $1000.

The 15 per cent cut will go to 14,400 employees drawing more than $20,000, except that no person in this group shall be cut off $20,000.

These exceptions are made because otherwise a $1000-a-year-man, taking a 10 per cent cut, would get less in the end than a $10,000-a-year man taking a 10 per cent cut.
Mayor Curley this afternoon signed the executive order reducing salaries of all city employees who draw their salaries from the city treasurer. The order goes into effect immediately.

Mayor Curley also put into effect a five-day week for all city departments, excepting fire, police, hospitals and institutions.

The Mayor indicated that if these departments do not make the cuts under the executive order within 10 days, he will issue another order making the cuts retroactive and as of effect today.

V. F. W. HEAD AT STATE HOUSE
Admiral Coontz and Mrs De Coe Address Solons

Admiral Robert E. Coontz, U. S. N., retired, national commander-in-chief of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, paid a visit to Boston today, accompanied by Mrs Consuelo P. de Coe, national president of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the V. F. W. of Sacramento, Calif.

The Admiral recalled a visit he made to Boston years ago, when he had a date to see a pretty girl ashore. He had only 24 hours in port, and at the last minute, the captain wouldn't let him leave the ship. "I've never seen her since," said the Admiral.

Mrs de Coe, also presented by Speaker Leverett D. Packard, spoke a brief word of appreciation of the local hospitality.

A few moments later the guests were presented to the Senate by Pres Er and F. Fish, and made a few graceful remarks.

ORDERS FIVE-DAY WEEK

Major Curley also issued an executive order for a five-day week in all municipal departments and the police, fire, and institutions departments. Employees will receive their six-day pay for the five-day week, subject of course, to the cooperation and assistance of the bankers with the city in an effort to devise new sources of revenue. The bankers were promised a movement to obtain from the federal government a share of the $5,000,000 fund to be distributed to the various states.

Each of the three commissioners is the refusal of the city to the federal government to reduce $1,578,000 annually and since Massachusetts will have to pay its portion of the federal taxes, the city will owe, shortly after Oct. 1, a debt of $5,000,000, and since Massachusetts will have to pay its portion of the federal taxes, the city will owe, shortly after Oct. 1, a debt of $5,000,000.

Chairman Joseph A. Conry was taken for an automobile ride through the city in the enactment of legislation for the raising and apportioning of additional revenue for the relief of the city and the town of and an open mind on the question of securing a portion of the natural gas tax made available to the city by this order.

The Mayor stated that if States have already accepted Federal money under the Hoover bill of $300,000,000, and since Massachusetts will have to pay its proportion of the federal taxes, when it comes to the distribution of Federal money, Massachusetts should seek its just proportion.
CITY HELP ON 5-DAY WK. BASIS

Boston's municipal employees go on a five-day week today, with their pay cut in amounts ranging from 5 to 15 per cent, under executive orders signed yesterday by Mayor Curley after a two-hour conference with the city's leading bankers.

The working week for city employees will be from Monday to Friday. Today, only such men as are needed as skeleton crews in some departments will be on the job. Saturday will be the universal day off.

Those men who work on Saturday will be allowed to choose a day off during the week. Police-men, firemen and employees in hospitals and institutions will not go on the five-day week schedule.

All employees placed on the five-day week schedule will receive six days' pay for five days' work, minus the pay reduction put in effect yesterday, which runs until Dec. 31, 1933. It takes 5 per cent from employees earning less than $1000, 10 per cent from those between $1000 and $1600, and 15 per cent from all over $1600.

SCRUBWOMEN OKAY

Only one exception was made, the scrubwomen, earning $18 a week, will not be cut.

The mayor signed the orders following a two-hour conference with representatives of the 12 principal financial institutions of the city.

He announced that he had arrived at a satisfactory understanding with the bankers on the question of their co-operation with the city in raising funds at reasonable rates of interest. About $30,000,000 will be needed on short term loans in anticipation of taxes.

The mayor said it was also agreed at the conference to place before the investing public the true facts of the financial condition of the city, which he said "so far as we are able to ascertain is superior to that of most other American cities."

He said it was planned that the city auditor, the city treasurer and the budget commissioner will compile a brochure to "let the world know that Boston is one of the few cities in the country which has made it a practice to balance its budget annually for the past 25 years."

He said it will be pointed out in the brochure that the net debt of the city, exclusive of rapid transit indebtedness, has increased only one million in 25 years.

The bankers agreed, the mayor announced, to co-operate in his efforts to secure legislation to increase the financial resources of the city by transfer into general funds of cemetery fund accumulations, and a new apportionment of part of pension fund appropriations.

The bankers will also support Gov. Ely's proposals for relief of cities and towns, the mayor said. Although the approval of some department heads will be necessary to make the pay reductions effective in their departments, the mayor pointed out that if this is not forthcoming, the cuts go in effect in 16 days anyway, and will be retroactive to yesterday.

MAYOR CONFERS WITH BANKERS

Mayor Curley and some 20 Boston bankers and representatives of the Chamber of Commerce were this afternoon in a prolonged secret conference at City Hall over the city's prospects of borrowing about $30,000,000 between now and Oct. 1 in anticipation of taxes.

The mayor hoped to reach a definite agreement for financing the city. He had previously served notice that he would not make the reduction in city workers' salaries effective until an agreement was made. Rates of interest on the loans was known to be one subject under discussion.

The meeting began at noon; no body had emerged two hours and a half later.

Curley Pushes Tube Plan as Aid to Idle

Another move for his pet project, a subway under Huntington ave., was launched today by Mayor Curley in a number of plans to relieve unemployment.

The other moves included a playground at Hyde Park, community gardens at Victory rd., Dorchester; playground at Castle Island, construction of Chelsea st., a state highway and with a new bridge, and improvements at the city-owned Cummings estate in Woburn for Randidge fund excursions.
State and Curley Cup Contests Offer Thrills for Soccer Fans

By MARTIN TRAVERS

The Massachusetts state cup semi-final, between Clan MacGregor and Riverside at Lincoln park tomorrow, will be the big attraction for soccer fans in Boston. In the Mayor James M. Curley cup competition, Bird & Sons and St. Pius meet in the second game of the semi-final round, at East Walpole.

TEAMS OF RIVAL LEAGUES

The game at Lincoln park is sure to attract a large crowd, as the Kilties from Quincy represent the Boston and District league and the Riversides carry the Bay State colors. The Quincy aggregation is present holder of the cup, and the boys are all primed for this important game with the Lynn combine, and are favored to go forward to the final round. In the last round the Kilties disposed of Dorchester-Waverly, while the Riversides eliminated the strong St. Pius club.

The MacGregors will be at full strength for the tilt, and Manager Greer is pulling for Jimmy Lyons, Sammy Hay and Brother Freddy to get the goals for the South Shore club. The clan team is finely balanced from goal out and plays a more crafty game than its opponent, but Zapolsky and Co. allow their opposition little time for concerted action and may upset the Quincy lads with their rushing tactics.

The North Shore club has plenty of talent on its roster. Ricco and Zapolsky are two of the finest club backs in this district, and Cloonan, at centre-half, is sure to be a thorn in the flesh of the Quincy forwards. In the front rank, Mike Garrigan and Gene Hosker are expected to be the live wires. It is certain to be a real hard tussle and the score is sure to be close at the final whistle.

The game at East Walpole, where Bird & Sons of St. Pius meet in the second game of the semi-final of the Curley cup competition, should be another stirring contest. The Saints enter this tilt with a four-goal lead on the Birdies, and the cup holders will have to display dazzling soccer to wipe out a four-goal deficit against a club the calibre of the Saints.

CLASH AT LINCOLN PARK

The crowd began to arrive early, and before the game started it looked as if there would be 12,000 or 15,000 on hand. The opening day ceremonies were participated in by the prominent officials of the State and city, and members of the legislative and municipal Governments, army and navy officers, detachments from the Marine Corps and Air Corps.

Jimmy Coughlin's 101st Regiment Veteran Band led the parade to the flagpole, where Old Glory was raised by members of the Red Sox and Yankee teams.

By JAMES C. O'LEARY

FENWAY PARK—The Red Sox were favored by fair weather for their opening day. The sun shone and there was a gentle breeze, which gave a slight tang to the air, combining to make what is regarded as a good omen. In any event, it was the best weather of the season thus far.

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Jimmy Coughlin's 101st Regiment Veteran Band led the parade to the flagpole, where Old Glory was raised by members of the Red Sox and Yankee teams.

Ruffing and Woodland participated in the batting practice of their respective teams and it was assumed that they were to oppose each other on the mound.

It was Ruffing who beat the Red Sox a week ago in New York when in the ninth inning with the score tie at 2-2, the bases full and two out he hit a home run.

Mayor Curley was due to throw the first ball to start things. Bill Carrigan was on hand to wish old team and its members good luck.
which the mayor declared are "as far as we are able to ascertain superior to nearly all American cities."

To make certain that there will be no controversy about the financial condition the mayor delegated City Treasurer Dolan, City Auditor Carven and Budget Commissioner Fox to prepare a brochure covering the finances of the city. The purpose, he explained, is to let the world know that Boston is one of the few American cities which has made a practice for 20 years of balancing its budget and to show that aside from Rapid Transit issues, the city debt has increased only $1,000,000 in a quarter of a century. This record, the mayor said, is not even approached by any other American city.

His conferees, he said, had agreed to cooperate with the city in obtaining the enactment of legislation for increasing resources and revenue, for a more equitable allocation of the same in order that some measure of relief from the tax burden may be granted home owners.

Among his plans are the measures rejected by the Legislature last year, but presented again this year to save $1,000,000 by forgoing contributions to the accumulated cemetery and the retirement funds.

The mayor also mentioned that support had been promised the program of Gov. Ely to raise additional revenue for apportionment for relief costs in cities and towns, but that no decision was reached about securing a share of the $500,000,000 federal fund available for direct gifts to states for distribution among municipalities.

PLANS BANKING SURVEY

Central Labor Union Lauds City 5-Day Week Order

After the meeting applauded announcement of the adoption of the five-day week for city employees, the Boston Central Labor Union last night voted unanimously for the appointment of a special committee to make a survey of the banking situation in Boston, with special reference to pay reductions in public and private employment.

The vote followed a discussion during which it was charged Mayor Curley was forced to cut the wages of city employees to obtain a $30,000,000 temporary loan.

E. A. Johnson, temporary chairman of the meeting, named the following committee to conduct the survey: J. Arthur Moriarty, president of the Boston Central Labor Union; William H. Dwyer, secretary of the union; former Senator John J. Kearney, William A. Tighe, E. A. Johnson, Frank Penion, James T. Moriarty, president of the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor, and Julia O'Connor Parker.

The meeting refused to adopt a resolution offered by the resolutions committee expressing approval of the strike of leather workers and pledging support of the Central Labor Union and its affiliated unions.

Robert J. Watt, secretary and legislative agent of the state federation, attacked the state Senate for killing House bill 1308, which provided for, the holders of weekly premium policies for life insurance maintaining an interest in the policy if they were forced to allow payment to lapse.

Curley Puts City on 5-Day Week

Mayor Curley today ordered a 5-day week, effective immediately, for all city workers except policemen, firemen, institution and hospital employees. The order was issued at the same time he gave the long awaited executive order putting wage cuts of 5, 10 and 15 per cent into effect. The wage reductions, which will save the city $3,500,000 this year, are effective of today. Workers will be paid on the basis of their six-day weekly salary with the new reductions. Announce by the mayor following a conference of more than two hours with a score of bankers and representatives of the Chamber of Commerce at which, the mayor said, a "satisfactory understanding" had been reached whereby the city would be enabled to borrow some $30,000,000 between now and Oct. 1 in anticipation of taxes.
CURLEY ORDERS
FIVE-DAY WEEK
AND WAGE CUTS

Mayor Compromises Local Employees for Slash by Surprise Move

BOSTON FIRST CITY
ON SHORT WORK PLAN

Executive Says Bankers Agree to Co-operate On Loans

A five-day week was unexpectedly established by Mayor Curley yesterday in all municipal departments other than fire, police, institutions and hospitals. City employees will be paid on the basis of a six-day week. The mayor's decision, to which his advisers pre-announced strongly opposed, is said to give Boston the distinction of being the first important American city to inaugurate the five-day week plan.

Simultaneously with his announcement, which followed the termination of a protracted conference with representatives of Boston banks and investment houses, the mayor issued an intemperate order reducing by 5, 10 and 15 per cent. the salaries of 18,537 city and county employes.

SAVING OF $3,000,000

The saving in salary disbursements for the remainder of the year is set at $3,500,000, of which $1,900,000 will be obtained from city departments and $1,600,000 from county departments and special appropriations.

The five-day week will entail an additional cost to the taxpayers but will deprive them of the service rendered Saturday morning by municipal employees. It is intended as a compensation to the employees for the salary cuts.

The new plan will cause no increase in employees.

Only about 500 of the more than 18,000 employees are affected. The great majority of the 18,537 are employed in the public works department.

The mayor said that the conference with the bank officials relating to the financing of the city's cash requirements until October was productive of an amicable and satisfactory agreement of cooperation intended to not only maintain friendly relationship but to give valuable assistance to the opening up of new financial reservoirs from which the mayor is hopeful of obtaining funds.

Despite the mayor's optimistic statement no definite agreement about financing the city government by the acceptance of tax anticipation notes as security for short-term loans was given. There was no understanding relative to the interest which would be charged on $20,000,000 or more which the city will require in the interim to October and no specific guarantee was made. It was said that the money will be provided at the call of the city.

INTEREST RATES IN DOUBT

As far as the financial phase of the conference figure, it was summarized last night by a bank official who said:

"Obviously it was impossible to assure Mayor Curley that short-term loans would be made until October at a specified rate of interest. When such loans are made the interest rate will be determined by money market conditions which includes the answer to the question of the interest which will be attractive to investors in such notes."

It was specifically stated that during the long discussion of the financial affairs of the city, no mention was made of the salary reductions, but that the mayor's attention was called to the recommendations embodied in recent reports filed with the legislative committee on finance by the Boston finance commission and the municipal research bureau, setting forth ways and means of reducing the tentative 1933 budget by approximately $1,500,000 more.

Cognizance of the question of further budget cuts led the mayor to stress that he had called on all department heads to categorically answer the criticisms and recommendations in the reports.

The mayor was not credited with having even an intimation that he would adopt any of the recommendations, but a summation of his attitude from the standpoint of the banks was credited him with being "conciliatory and disposed to make reasonable concessions."

The mayor expressed satisfaction with the conference. He lost no time in ordering salary reductions and under his legal authority vested in him, the heads of departments outside of his direct control, has the authority to order the salary reductions stipulated by the conference. The mayor has made it possible for such an employee to enjoy a week-end extending from Friday noon to Monday. The only loss of compensation which city employees will suffer is the reduction in salary in the $5, $10 and $15 per day off the following week, thereby making possible for such an employee to enjoy a week-end extending from Friday noon to Monday.

LOCATE OF SHORT WEEK

In adopting the five-day week Mayor Curley has put into effect in Boston a proposal of organized labor, in which he has been an enthusiastic advocate. His plan, however, will not add to the cost of municipal operation but will save the taxpayers a base amount of money which was credited him with being "conciliatory and disposed to make reasonable concessions."

Regardless of the opposition of Police Commissioner Hultman to the schedule of reductions, which will cause large decreases of police force. Order for the reduction was dispatched by the mayor to every member of his department. In the same way, orders for the reduction were dispatched to every member of the fire department also.

The five-day week will remain effective until Dec. 31. The mayor to be chosen in November will have authority to determine if the salary reductions shall continue until November.

The mayor has designated Saturday as the workless day, but under a plan to have skeleton forces at work in departments which are manned, provision is made that compensatory time off shall be granted to workers in other departments who must work Saturday if they are making available for such an employee to enjoy a week-end extending from Friday noon to Monday.

The only loss of compensation which city employees will suffer is the reduction in salary in the $5, $10 and $15 per day off the following week. The Saturday full holiday will virtually compensate for the salary reduction.
MAYOR CURLEY ADMIRAL COONTZ
Admiral Robert E. Coontz, retired, national head of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, showed he was welcomed to Boston today by Mayor Curley at City Hall. (Boston American photo.)

K. C. COUNCIL TO HAVE JUBILEE

West Roxbury and Roslindale Event Begins Tomorrow

John J. Williams council 1308, K. of C., of Roslindale and West Roxbury, will commemorate the 25th anniversary of its institution with a week of celebration starting tomorrow. The council was installed April 26, 1908, and an entire week has been set aside to honor the silver jubilee anniversary.

The first event is the annual communion breakfast tomorrow. Mass will be said in Sacred Heart Church, Roslindale, at 8:30 A.M. Members will then march to the council headquarters, 7 Murray Hill road, Roslindale, for the breakfast. The Rev. Raymond J. McNinis, S. J., of Weston College, will be the chief speaker. Louis A. White, G. K., has charge of arrangements, assisted by the entertainment committee.

The climax of the celebration will be the 25th annual banquet, at the Hotel Touraine Wednesday. Lawrence H. Dunn, D. G. K., is general chairman of the banquet committee. As presiding officer, Louis A. White, G. K., will deliver the address of welcome. Past District Deputy J. Philip O'Connell, first grand knight of the council and chairman of the 25th anniversary committee, will be toastmaster.


On behalf of the council the toastmaster will present to Fr. Gallagher two annual essay awards open to the senior class of Boston College. The first of these is the "Archbishop John J. Williams annual essay prize," established by the council on the 25th anniversary of its foundation, for the best essay on the subject, "Columbus and Columbianism." The prize will be the sum of $25 in gold to be administered and judged by the president and trustees of Boston College. The second is the "Rev. John F. Cummins annual essay prize," established by the council in memory of the late Rev. John F. Cummins, council chaplain from the day of its establishment until his death on March 20 this year. The subject of this essay is "Scholastic Philosophy." The size of the prize and the conditions are the same as the other award.
VISITING V. F. W. LEADERS PUT IN BUSY DAY HERE

Rear Admiral Coontz, Retired, and Mrs De Coe Go to State House, City Hall and Other Places

GOV ELy'S SECRETARY, DeWITT C. DEWOLF, PINNING STATE SEAL ON LAPEL OF REAR ADMIRAL ROBERT E. COONTZ, RETIRED, WITH THE ADMIRAL IS MRS CONSELUO DECOE, NATIONAL PRESIDENT OF THE V. F. W. AUXILIARY.


Mrs de Coe was accompanied by the secretary of the auxiliary, Miss Grace Davis of Kansas City, Mo.

Local officials of the veterans' body and of the auxiliary escorted the visitors to the State House, where they were received by DeWitt C. Dewolf, private secretary to Gov Ely, then absent.

They then visited the House of Representatives, where Admiral Coontz spoke briefly of earlier association with Boston and this Commonwealth, and was followed by Mrs de Coe, who acknowledged briefly an introduction by Speaker Saltonstall.

The party next visited the Senate Chamber and were introduced by the president of that body, Erland P. Fahl.

Going to City Hall, they were received by Mayor Curley. The party next visited the home of Paul Revere and the Old North Church. Later came a call at the regional Veterans Bureau.

After lunch the party went to Springfield, to return here late last night.

Mayor Curley will give a breakfast to the visitors this morning at the Statler, and Gov Ely is to entertain them at lunch at the Copley-Plaza.

A reception and dinner in honor will take place at Hotel Bradford, beginning at 6:30 p.m.

APRIL SCHOOL SALARIES WON'T BE PAID UNTIL MAY

Payment of the salaries due Boston public school teachers and other School Department employees and on a monthly basis for April, which would normally be made the latter part of the month, will be delayed until sometime after the first of May, Business Manager Alexander M. Sullivan of the School Committee announced early last evening.

Mr Sullivan explained that the delay is due to the fact that the compilation of the payroll could not be started until yesterday, when the contemplated reductions in salaries were officially announced.

The cuts, from yesterday and for the remainder of this year, will reduce the school budget by approximately $1,370,000, he said.

C. L. U. VOTES SURVEY OF PAY CUTS AND BANKING

Following a discussion during which it was charged that Mayor James M. Curley was forced to cut the wages of 18,000 city employees in order to get a temporary loan of $30,000,000 to carry on the work of the city, the delegates attending the meeting of the Boston Central Labor Union last night unanimously voted for the appointment of a special committee to make a survey of the banking situation in Boston, with special reference to pay reductions in public and private employment.

The committee named by E. A. Johnson, temporary chairman of the meeting in the absence of Pres J. Arthur Moriarty, consists of Pres Moriarty, Secretary William H. Dewitt, Ex-Senator John J. Keeney, William A. Tighe, E. A. Johnson, Frank Petteno, James T. Moriarty, president of the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor, and Julia O'Connor Parker.

The fact that Mayor Curley has put into effect a five-day week to offset the pay reductions met with the approval of the delegates and applause followed the report that the five-day week will be permanent even after the reduced pay schedule expires on Nov 1, 1934.

A part of the meeting last night was set aside for a regional conference report from the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor. Herman Costa presided over this part of the meeting while Robert J. Watt, secretary-legislative agent of the State federation explained the bills before the General Court in which organized labor is interested.

The Joint Committee on Judiciary came in for much criticism by Mr Watt, for its action in holding up the "anti-injunction" bill similar to the bill passed by the last Congress and signed by President Hoover.
5-Day Week, Pay Cut for City Workers

Order Effective Immediately, Is Announced by Mayor After Bankers' Conference

5 to 15 P. C. Salary Slash Is Decreed

City Finances in Good Condition; Interest Rates on Loans Will Be "Reasonable"

T. F. Donovan, Ex-Legislator, Dies

CITY PAY REDUCTIONS ORDERED INTO EFFECT

Mayor Provides Five-Day Week for Most Employees

Salary cuts for all city employees who draw their pay from the city treasurer went into effect yesterday when Mayor Curley signed an executive order which also provides a five-day week for city departments, excepting fire, police, hospitals and institutions.

Under the new arrangement the voluntary pay contributions by city employees cease. It was stated that additions were made to the cut, and that personnel can be excepted from the cut. Fees of the heads of the police and county departments over whom the mayor, until recently, had no authority, are included in this reduction. Bills and notices of the board of health and the other bodies.

If they fail to do so within the next 10 days, the Mayor is empowered by an act of the Legislature to order a cut. The Mayor indicated yesterday that, if the cuts in these departments are not made in 30 days, he will order a retroactive reduction.

Under the new order employees receiving less than $1000 will be cut 5 percent. Those receiving from $1000 to $1600 will be cut 10 percent and those receiving from $1600 to $2000 will be cut 15 percent. In the group of salaries ranging from $2000 to $1000, no salaries will be cut below $100. In the group of salaries in excess of $1000, none shall be cut below $1400. Although salaries paid out up to 25 percent, the Mayor made it known that he will continue to contribute 20 percent of his salary.

He indicated that, as far as practical, the five-day week begins, Saturday will be the fifth day, which is mandatory that certain work be performed Saturday, those employees who are on that day will be paid an equal amount of time off, as may be determined by department heads.

Mayor Curley made his announcement after a two-hour conference with representatives of the several banking institutions and other organizations.
Sultan Hits Homer in 4th, 18,000 There

By EDDIE HURLEY

Only for a couple of clown plays in the outfield, muffs that won’t happen once a month, the launching of another American League season at Fenway Park might have been altogether different than it was; yet the Red Sox after spotting the champion New York Yankees seven runs broke out in a wild finish and for a few moments had the Yankees sweating gumdrops, but the clicking of the final bell found the Yankees on top for their sixth straight victory of the season, 7-5.

Behind a perfect setting with a throng of 18,000 opening day fans on hand (16,000 of whom laid it on the line), the Sox grumbled-stumbled early in the game, put Bob Welland, giant left hander, on the spot with little reason and finally broke out to develop a friendly mood in the bleachers near the finish, although the Sox couldn’t quite make the grade at the expense of Big Red Charlie Ruffing.

Johnny Watwood, ordinarily a ball-hawk out there, gummed up a couple of chances in the outfield, while Roy Johnson missed a drive by an eyelash, all of which about wrecked any hopes that Welland might have had of winning with the result that the Sox were forced to call upon Sleepy Roy, Johnny Welch and Justin McLaughlin, 20-year-old Brighton kid, who just about stole the show near the finish.

GLYNNS FIRST PITCH

The regular opening day festivities were staged in spite of the fact that neither Governor Joseph R. Ely nor Mayor J. M. Curley were on hand. Teddy Gynan, street commissioner, tossed out the first ball and perhaps “tossed” hardly describes the pitch. Gynan whirled a man-sized pitch to Umpire Dinneen and it might be screwed down for future reference that it was anything but a wild pitch. It went true to its mark. The mayor stepped in about the third inning too late to participate in the ceremonies.

CURLEY SEeks NEW SOURCES FOR REVENUE

Senator Still Insists

He Will Resign Monday

With immediate cash requirements of the city assured Mayor Curley today made plans for further conference with Boston bankers to devise plans to increase sources of municipal revenue.

SALARY CUT

Announcing a sweeping reduction in the salaries of city and county employees the mayor also established a five-day week in all municipal departments other than police, institutions and hospitals. City employees will be paid on the basis of a six-day week. There are 18,637 employees affected by the pay cut.

The saving to the city as a result of the reduction established at $3,500,000, of which $1,000,000 will be obtained from city departments; $1,300,000 from the school department; $500,000 from country departments and special appropriations.

The taxpayers of the city will not assume any additional cost as a result of the five-day week but will be deprived of the service rendered Saturday morning by municipal employees. The curtailed working week is intended as a compensation to the employees for the salary cuts.

The salary reductions and the five-day week will remain in effect until the end of this year. The mayor elected in November will have authority to determine if the cuts will continue until November, 1934.

Figured on a basis of a full year the salary reductions will reduce 1932 aggregate disbursements by $3,500,000 by cutting 5 per cent all salaries less than $1000; 10 per cent from $1000 to $1600, inclusive, with the specification that no reduction shall establish compensation at less than $600 and 15 per cent on salaries of $1600 and more with the reservation that no existing salary shall be decreased below $1440.

The addition of the five-day week in this city will put into effect a plan strongly advocated by organized labor. The mayor has long been in favor of the plan.

Mayor Curley requested City Treasurer Dolan, City Auditor Curwen and Budget Commissioner Fox to prepare a brochure covering the finances of the city. He explained the purpose of this was to show that Boston is one of the few American cities which has made a practice for 25 years of balancing its budget and to show that aside from the Rapid Transit issues, the city debt has increased only $1,000,000 in a quarter of a century. This record, the mayor declared, was not even approached by any other city in the country.

LANGONE TO THINK OVER MAYORALTY

Senator Still Insists

He Will Resign Monday
Officials Will Debate New Code at Conference

Proposed Building Ordinance Still Is of Utmost Interest to Them

Mayor Curley to Greet Delegates

Three-Day Gathering to Be Held at the Hotel Kenmore

The uniform building code for New England, an ordinance proposal that has been discussed for all angles during several years, is to be one of the highlights of the 80th anniversary and annual meeting of the New England Building Officials’ Conference when that body meets at Hotel Kenmore on Monday.

The address of welcome will be made by Mayor James M. Curley of Boston.

Mayor Curley recognizing the value of the undertaking and having in mind the use of the proposed code, as a basis for revision of the Boston building law, has given not only his personal encouragement but has provided financial assistance.

Among the speakers will be George A. Cooper, Division of Simplified Practices, Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C., on "Progress in Applying Grade Marking to Government Purchases of Lumber." Wilmot R. Eagle, president of the Boston Five Cents Savings Bank, who will speak on "Mortgages and the Future," and David J. Price, principal engineer in charge, Chemical Engineering Division, Bureau of Chemistry and Soils, Washington, D. C, who in an illustrated lecture will discuss "Building Construction as Related to Industrial Dust Explosion Prevention."

Officers of the conference are as follows: President, Edward W. Roemer, building commissioner, Boston; vice president, Arthur N. Rutherford, chief inspector of buildings, New Britain, Conn.; James T. Davis, building commissioner, West Hartford, Conn.; Charles G. Noyes, inspector of buildings, Rutland, Vt., and M. Murray Weiss, business representative, Boston.

The committee on arrangements are: Edward W. Roemer, Frank M. Curley and M. Murray Weiss. The entertainment is in charge of Fred C. Hooley, Edwin H. Oliver and Everett E. Ryan.

Glenn Thought to Be Curley’s Man for Mayor

Street Commissioner Is Making Strong Bid for Support Among Mayor’s Friends

By Forrest P. Hull

Politicians and others who regard it as too early seriously to consider the mayoral campaign which next November will provide a successor to James M. Curley admit that the present activities of former Mayor Malcolm E. Nichols and Street Commissioner Theodore A. Glenn are giving zest to speculation. Nichols, with his eight or ten speaking or calling engagements nightly, and Glenn with his daily confabs with hosts of friends, are forcing the mayoral issue into the forefront in many years.

Mayor Curley’s refusal of the Poland portfolio on the ground that his place was in Boston until the end of his term has stimulated interest in his attitude toward the coming campaign. Will he remain outwardly neutral or will he line up his friends for a candidate of his own choosing, as he did eight years ago? Some of his intimates declare that his man has been picked in Mr. Glenn, while others say that if he intends to throw the weight of his following into the contest he will delay action until the field is clear.

Mayor’s Interest Shown?

Today, however, all the indications point toward Mr. Glenn as the mayor’s choice. Both the city commissioner naturally is saying nothing about such a possibility, but it is noticeable that he is playing his cards with hosts of his best friends that the mayor has in the city, young men and old who are well known in the wards and who are in a position, with liberal campaign allowances, to go through with their candidate.

The Curley interest in Glenn is further indicated by the fact that the street commissioner is often called upon by the mayor to represent him officially at various gatherings. One of the most recent of these was at the North End on "Patriots’ Day," when Glenn specked "Paul Revere" on his gallop to Concord and Lexington and was hailed as the next mayor of Boston."

Glynn a Grocery Boy

Glynn’s career has been something like Curley’s. Both were grocery boys in their teens; both were organization men in politics. But Glynn badly beat the Tammany organization when he got himself elected against heavy odds to the Common Council in 1905 and later to the House from old Ward 17. In the 1909 mayoral fight Glynn could not support Thomas J. Kenny for mayor, and lined up with the Curley forces, in which ranks he was a prominent worker until he was appointed fire commissioner.

More known is the present contest with all his old-time vigor, whether he will receive the support of Mayor Curley or not. He has his own political machine, which runs as he adjusts the gears, and though this organization may not be as strong as he used to make it under the mayor’s name, it is capable of affording combinations of great strength.
PAY SCALE
LIKE 1924

POLICE ON
Also Lose Short Week
Benefits, They

As their 15 per cent pay cut went into effect yesterday, Boston policemen declared themselves to be the poorest paid of those of any of the large cities of the country, found themselves back approximately on their pay status of nine years ago.

A rookie patrolman, if the police department were to take any on now, would start work for $27.02 a week. This figure is obtained by applying a 10 per cent cut to the minimum pay scale for patrolmen established June 1, 1928, when the scale ran from $1600 to $1700. Since no new patrolmen have been added within the last year, the lowest paid in the department have been receiving at least $1700. These will receive $1410 under the reduced pay scale, or $27.71 a week.

This, it was discovered yesterday at police headquarters, is but a few dollars more than the weekly earnings of the man who tours police headquarters daily shining shoes.

Nick Indigaro, a pleasant, middle-aged steel-worker who since coming to this country 41 years ago has risen to great earning power in a factory, saw the depression wipe out his own job as good earning power in a factory, saw himself and the children by carrying around a shoe-shine box with a cushion to kneel on at his work, and he earns, as those of his four children.

Now Nick supports his wife, himself and the children by carrying around a shoe-shine box with a cushion to kneel on at his work, and he earns anywhere from $18 to $22 a week by keeping steady at it.

CAPTAINS GET $3490

The new scale of pay for "Boston's finest" as sent to pay clerks at all stations yesterday, reduced captains from $4000 to $3000, lieutenants from $2700 to $2350, sergeants from $2500 to $2125. Patrolmen receiving the maximum of that grade, $2100, revert to $1750, and $2000 to $1700, from $1600 to $1415, from $1400 to $1230. Patrolmen start in the department at $1000, but since resentment and charges of unfairness were voiced in the Boston Police Department.

PAY CUT UNFAIR
Reduction of 15 Percent
Put Into Effect

SOME SALARIES BELOW LEVEL
Paid Before Strike

Pay cuts which sent salaries, in many instances below the pay level of policemen before the strike of 1919, were ordered into effect yesterday, while resentment and charges of unfairness were voiced in the Boston Police Department.

A straight cut of 15 percent, from the Police Commissioner down to the policemen, save only those policemen less than two years in the department, went into effect. The latter were given instead, a cut of 10 percent.

The charges of unfairness were based on a comparison with the pay and cuts given school teachers. The officers say most school teachers are paid larger salaries than patrolmen receive. They also point out that teachers work only five days a week whereas policemen have one day off in eight.

Under the new pay rate, patrolmen formerly earning $2100 a year now get $1785 a year; those earning $2000 now get $1700; $1600 down to $1445; $1400 down to $1290; $1200 to $1150; $1000 to $800; $800 to $650. In addition, patrolmen contribute from $1.75 to $1.37 a week from their pay to the Boston retirement system.

MACRAUSS 44 RAILROADS
All, Except B. & M., Aiding Other Ports, He Says

Charging that New England railroads, excepting the Boston & Maine, were attempting to build up rival ports at the expense of Boston, Mayor Curley will petition the Interstate Commerce Commission tomorrow to suspend the proposed freight rate schedule on wood pulp, which would give New York the advantage of a cent per 100 pounds under the Boston rate.

Unless the Interstate Commerce Commission intervenes, the new schedule of rates will become effective May 6. In addition, patrolmen contribute from $1.75 to $1.37 a week from their pay to the Boston retirement system; contributions to the city retirement system are done away with because of the cuts.

The average civilian employee of the Police Department has been earning $1900 a year. These employees take only a 10 per cent cut; unless they belong to the small group earning more than $1600.

Before the strike patrolmen in the Boston department started at $1100 a year with a yearly increase of $100 until top pay of $1600 was reached. Under the present pay cut, all officers with four years or less service in the department earn less than $1440 in effect at the time of the strike. None will now receive less than $1440 per year.

Following is a table showing old pay and new:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Old Pay</th>
<th>New Pay</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Captains</td>
<td>$4000</td>
<td>$3490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lieutenants</td>
<td>$2700</td>
<td>$2350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergeants</td>
<td>$2500</td>
<td>$2125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patrolmen</td>
<td>$2000</td>
<td>$1750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$1600</td>
<td>$1415</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$1400</td>
<td>$1230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$1200</td>
<td>$1060</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$1000</td>
<td>$860</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PULP, which would give New York the advantage of a cent per 100 pounds under the Boston rate. The Mayor asserted that the Boston & Maine had the temerity to defy the Pennsylvania railroad, which, he insisted, was behind the movement "to dry up the port of Boston."
POLICE AND FIREMEN IN PAY PROTEST

Recent Exclusion From Five-Day Week Plan Inaugurated by the City on Friday

Favoritism Is Shown to School Teachers and Other Departments, Is Their Complaint

Boston police and firemen are disgruntled over the wage reductions made effective Friday, and feel they are being discriminated against because they were not included in the five-day-week plan.

Their salary schedules, figured out yesterday for the first time, show that many policemen will receive wages lower than those they were getting before the police strike of 1919 when low wages compelled one of the chief issues.

They feel and say (though not to be quoted) that other city workers, especially the school teachers, are being shown favoritism.

The police pay schedules figured out show that 20 captains now getting $4000 a year will receive $3400, which is $100 less than they were paid 15 years ago.

PATROLMEN PROTEST

Lieutenants who have been getting $2700 will get $2295. Sergeants who have been getting $2900 will receive $2125.

It is in the ranks of the patrolmen, however, that discontent over the new wage scale is the strongest.

Under the step-rate system in force until two years ago, when Mayor Curley abolished it (appeal from his order is now pending in the Supreme Court), patrolmen started at $100 a year and were given an annual increase of $100 up to the maximum of $2100.

Under the wage reduction, first-year patrolmen will be paid $1440, or $28.32 a week after $1.18 is deducted for the retirement fund.

BELOW 1919 SCALE

In 1919 the maximum salary paid patrolmen was $1600. The maximum under the reduction from $2100 will be $1785. There are many in this class. There are many in lower classes.

The patrolman who has been receiving $2000 will get $1700 or $31.30 a week after his retirement fund reduction.

CURLEY STARTS RAIL RATE FIGHT

New England railroads with the exception of the Boston & Maine are attempting to betray the Port of Boston by changing the existing freight rates for shipment of wood pulp through this city, Mayor Curley charged last night.

"This action is a betrayal of the Port of Boston," the mayor said.

On Monday he will have filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission in Washington a request that the new rates, which are scheduled to go into effect on May 5, be suspended.

The rates were filed with the Commission by the New England Freight Association, the mayor said, the only dissembler being the Boston & Maine Railroad.

The mayor said the new rate would add a cost of two cents per hundred pounds in shipping wood pulp in carloads from Boston to outside points, whereas the rate from New York City would be one cent per hundred pounds cheaper.

"This is a further effort to dry up the port of Boston, and we do not intend to permit it," the mayor said.

The petition for suspension of the proposed rates will be filed with the commission in Washington tomorrow by Corporation Counsel Samuel Silverman.

CURLEY MOVE SPEEDS POLICE BEER REPORTS

Demand by Mayor Curley last night that police delay no longer in acting on applications of Boston store owners for licenses to sell beer in bulk brought speedy action from a Supt. of Police Michael H. Crowley and orders were sent out immediately to all divisions to return application blanks and reports of investigating officers to police headquarters at once.

A similar demand on David T. Montague, chairman of the Boston licensing board, brought promise from him that his group would act immediately after the police returns the applications to them.

Mr. or Curley took that action after numerous small business men and representatives of several chain store organizations had complained that they were being treated unfairly by municipal authorities who were wasting time instead of acting promptly on their applications.

"The city is being deprived of its expected revenue by this delay," Mayor Curley told both Montague and Supl. Crowley. "I am of the opinion that such a delay is not necessary. Let us have some action and in as speedy a manner as possible."

To date the Boston Licensing Board has issued only 48 licenses for sale of beer in bulk out of a total of 178 allowed by law. Licenses now granted are temporary ones which expire early in July. For each temporary license the city receives $70. The licensing board has not as yet decided upon the amount that will be charged as an annual fee.
STATE EMPLOYES FACE SAME PROGRAM

The five-day week adopted by Mayor Curley as compensation to the municipal employees whose salaries have been subjected to recent reductions provoked unfavorable comment among them yesterday because comparatively few of them will be benefited by the new deal.

Teachers already are on a five-day week, while the shorter work week plan will not apply to policemen and firemen. Thus, the great mass of city employees suffer a wage slash without opportunity to take advantage of the shorter hours given in return.

If the Commonwealth is to give the state employees the same sort of a cut-back in exchange for the wage cut they have reluctantly accepted, the legislature must take suitable action. It was predicted yesterday in several quarters it will be relatively easy for the city employees to demand that their plans be modified, while the taxpayers and civic organizations will be equally persistent that each candidate commit himself to a continuation of the money-saving plan.

Except for the public works department it is to be expected that the candidates for mayor will be between two fires. The city employees will demand they go on record as being opposed to a continuance of the wage reduction, while the taxpayers and civic organizations will be equally insistent that each candidate commit himself to a continuance of the money-saving plan.

Preliminary observation would indicate that employees in the institutes and hospital departments, like those associated in the school, fire and police departments, have derive no advantage by the mayor's experiment, which is designated to operate officially only until December 31.

Undeniably it will be made a factor of some consequence in the approaching campaign that candidates will be between two fires. The city employees will demand they go on record as being opposed to a continuance of the wage reduction, while the taxpayers and civic organizations will be equally insistent that each candidate commit himself to a continuance of the money-saving plan.

The five-day work week does not apply to employees engaged in municipal projects or contracts. These workers probably have been subjected to wage cuts, even deeper than those given the municipal employees long ago.

The collection of refuse and garbage is done largely by contract labor, while street paving, sewer construction and laying of water mains likewise is done by contract. Unless the contractors voluntarily adopt the Curley plan the regular inspection forces of the public works department will not be permitted to remain idle on Saturdays.

Emergency crews are maintained in 13 parts of New England as well as the larger cities of the country.

The delegates will be welcomed by Mayor Curley.

Among the speakers will be George A. Cooper, Department of Commerce, Washington, whose topic will be "Progress in Applying Grade Marking to Government Purchases of Lumber"; Wilmont R. Evans, president Boston Five Cent Savings Bank, who will speak on "Mortgages and the Future," and David J. Price, Bureau of Chemistry and Soils, Department of Agriculture, Washington, who will give an illustrated lecture on "Building Construction - Related to Industrial Dust Explosion Prevention."


The executive committee includes the officers and John J. Terry, Cambridge; Maj. P. F. Healy, Boston; Alexander Addie, Providence; Frank E. Rodgers, Pawtucket; Bernard J. Melville, Bridgeport, Conn; Andrew G. Larson, West Hartford, Conn; Charles G. Noyes, Rutland, Vt, and M. Murray Weiss, Boston.

The committee on arrangements includes Edward B. Dent, Frank M. Curley and M. Murray Weiss. The entertainment is in charge of Maj. Healy, Edwin H. Oliver and Everett E. Ryan.
BEER LICENSING

CLASH FOLLOWS PLEA FOR SPEED

Curley Demands Action by Board on Permits to Grocery Stores

MONTAGUE BLAMES POLICE FOR DELAY

Crowley Denies Force at Fault—Only 48 of Possible 178 Issued

Mayor Curley, anxious to tap a source of revenue for the city, yesterday demanded that the local licensing board immediately speed up its work of issuing licenses for the sale of beer in grocery stores. In so doing he precipitated a sharp clash between David T. Montague, chairman of the licensing board, and Michael H. Crowley, superintendent of police.

Another development yesterday incidental to the return of beer was the filing of a bill in the Legislature designed to prevent speakeasies and night clubs from using club incorporation papers as a means of obtaining licenses for the sale of beer.

NOW AT STANDSTILL

The issuing of retail licenses for the sale of 3.2 beer has been at a virtual standstill since April 10. When this was called to Montague’s attention by the mayor, the former was inclined to shift Curley’s implied criticism from the licensing board to the police department. He maintained that it was the slowness of police in investigating the statements of applicants that had brought the work of issuing licenses to a halt.

In a sharp reply, Superintendent Crowley told the mayor that the police work of investigation was being done “with speed, efficiency and all possible dispatch.” He added that if licenses were not being granted with proper celerity, it was the fault of the licensing board and not the police department.

Mayor Curley made it clear that his chief interest in the situation resulted from the fact that the city is losing considerable revenue that it would receive if the licensing board were granting permits for the sale of beer. Of the 178 licenses which can be issued in Boston for the sale of bottled beer and wine, not to be drunk on the premises, only 48 have been granted.

In his effort to speed up proceedings, Mayor Curley held conferences with both Montague and Crowley. During the conferences he contrasted the slowness in the issuance of licenses in Boston with the speed displayed in other cities.

Police captains have complained frequently to Police Commissioner Hultman that politicians and lawyers have attempted to influence them in their investigations to determine whether or not they should report favorably on certain applications. Moreover, fear has been expressed in certain quarters that despite all efforts of the licensing board influence and politics might be a factor in deciding who of the many applicants shall be favored.

Police Commissioner Hultman, through a representative, yesterday filed a bill with the Legislature, designed to make it more difficult for speakeasies and night clubs to sell 3.2 beer under the club charters that many of them possess.

The bill proposes that every club charted by the state make an annual sworn report to the secretary of state, naming its officers, directors, location and the date of its last annual meeting and other data concerning the organization.

If a corporation,” the bill provides, “fails to file such report for two successive years, the supreme judicial court may, upon information by the attorney-general and after notice and hearing, decree a dissolution of the corporation.

It is further provided that the certificates shall be filed within four months after the act becomes effective and that failure to file such reports will result in dissolution of the corporation or club. In addition to Police Commissioner Hultman, the proposed legislation is sought by Frederick W. Cook, secretary of state; Joseph E. Warner, attorney-general; Henry P. Long, state commissioner of corporations and taxation; and Brig.-Gen. Daniel Needham, state commissioner of public safety.

In Brockton, too, dispute surrounded the activities of the local licensing board. Mayor Horace C. Baker yesterday closed the board’s offices and declared that the body will not be permitted to function until the city council provides for its financial support.

VIOLETS ORDINANCE

For several weeks, he said, the board has been working on proposed money in violation of a city ordinance, since no appropriation has been made for its maintenance, and the city council has failed to pass two of the mayor’s orders for appropriations. One order called for $600 for the chairman and $500 for each for the other two members of the board.
James, that the Mayor had any official notification of the appointment to Poland. This procedure was most unusual.

The Polish post was not considered attractive by the Mayor. Therefore he went to Washington with a statement in his pocket declining the appointment. The Washington meeting was perfectly cordial and the President urged Curley to reconsider.

Before the Mayor left Roosevelt indicated that after finishing out his term he would like to offer his services in some administrative capacity in Washington. And there the situation was left.

There was no doubt of the general satisfaction in Boston over the Mayor’s decision to finish out his term, because of the unsettled condition of the city’s finances and the necessity for radical retrenchment in expenses.

Curley Stronger Than Ever

Thousands of letters testify to this. Another indication derived from the fact that some of his most bitter enemies have now switched around and are inclined to be critical of the administration for “losing him around.” This is a reflection of local politics, perfectly typical of Boston.

Politically speaking the odds are that Curley is stronger today than ever before. He will win final recognition in Washington in some place where he finds communicativeness with his services for the city. This is a question which cannot be answered now.

There will be some big Jobs in the reorganization of the government fully as important as cabinet places, and the Mayor will win final recognition in Washington in some place where he finds communicativeness with his services for the city. This is a question which cannot be answered now.

Not Mentioned to Walsh

The one elective office to which Curley has always aspired is that of United States Senator. But the term of Senator Coolidge does not run out until 1938 and it is not to be assumed that the Mayor would contest for the nomination with Senator Walsh. It is not at all unlikely that Curley will be the Democratic nominee for Governor to succeed Governor Ely who will not be a candidate for a third term.

One of the interesting ramifications of the whole episode is that at no time did President Roosevelt approach Senators Walsh or Coolidge about the appointment of the Mayor. The subject was never mentioned at the several conferences in which the Mayor and Senators of the Senate House on the reorganization bill.

James Gets Letters

Gentlemen who have an eye to the ballot box and those who are beginning to consider who is to be the patronage dispenser. Some weeks ago Mayor Curley turned over some 400 letters applying for jobs to that personable young man, James Roosevelt, and at the time he expressed the opinion that the President’s son would handle out the jobs when the time came for their distribution.

In the meanwhile Senators Walsh and Coolidge are swamped with letters requesting jobs, but they have not yet been consulted and the same thing is true of the Democratic Congressmen.

Ely Keeps Hands Off

Those who are wise to the ways of politics are cultivating James Roosevelt, and there are some who claim to have promises of minor places through his influence. If it turns out that Roosevelt will have the primary fight, certainly an interesting political situation will be created in this State. It would naturally be represented by Senators Walsh and Coolidge and many of the old-timers in the Democratic party headquarters.

Governor Ely is following a policy of non-interference in federal patronage. If Chairman “Jim” Farley is to be taken strictly at his word there are lean times ahead for most of the Massachusetts Democrats. He is quoted as saying that those Democrats who were with Roosevelt in the primary fight, all things considered, will get first whack at the Jobs. With the exception of a few stations in the country, Mayor Curley in the pre-convention campaign, practically every Democrat in Massachusetts began as “holding his head off” for Smith.

Was Smith Stronghold

The situation in Massachusetts is unique therefore as far as patronage is concerned, since this State was the chief Smith stronghold in the country.

The scramble of the one-time Smith enthusiasts for jobs has its amusing aspects. It would be to our dignity United States Senators to learn that James Roosevelt was behind the pie counter. That would carry near making him the political boss of the Democratic party in the State in these times.

K. OF C. JUBILEE

ROSLINDALE AND WEST ROXBURY

Founded in 1908

John J. Williams council 1308, K. of C., of Roslindale and West Roxbury, will commemorate the 25th anniversary of its institution with a week of celebration starting today. The council was installed April 29, 1908, and an entire week has been set aside to honor the silver jubilee anniversary.

The first event is the annual communion breakfast today. Mass will be said in Sacred Heart Church, Roslindale, at 8:30 A.M. Members will then march to the council headquarters, 7 Murray Hill Road, Roslindale, for the breakfast. The Rev. Raymond J. McNulty, S.J., of Weston College, will be the principal speaker. Louis A. White, G. K., has charge of arrangements, assisted by the entertainment committee.

The climax of the celebration will be the 25th anniversary banquet, at the Hotel Touraine Wednesday. Lawrence H. Dunn, D. G. K., is general chairman of the banquet committee. As presiding officer, Louis A. White, G. K., will deliver the address of welcome. Past grand knight of the council and chairman of the 25th anniversary committee, will be toastmaster.


IRISH CABINET MEMBER TO SPEAK TONIGHT

Senator Joseph Connolly, minister of lands and fisheries in the de Valera administration, and a prominent figure in Irish public affairs, will address a mass meeting in Faneuil Hall tonight, arranged by the Massachusetts State Council of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic, for which Judge Joseph O’Brien will preside. The visitor will be introduced by Dr. P. J. Tyman, president of the council.

The senator, yesterday, spoke informally at the Harvard graduate school of business administration.

He will leave Boston tomorrow morning for Washington on Wednesday.
James Roosevelt Looms as Party Boss
in Bay State, to Consternation of
Old Political Leaders

BY ROBERT L. NORTON

Whether in or out of public office, the doings of Mayor Curley will continue to be of interest to the people of Boston and Massachusetts. Neither is it an exaggeration to state that the Mayor attracts national attention. He possesses rare physical and mental vigor, a fine talent for public life, exceptional power of expression and withal is a masterful publicist.

ADMIRE FIGHTING ABILITY

With his dynamic energy, love of politics and splendid administrative gifts, it is impossible to conceive of Curley retiring from the arena when his term of office expires this year. A great many people are interested in the future of Curley or else there would not be so much talk about it.

Perhaps the most admirable quality of the Mayor's is his fighting ability and this in a city where a large percentage of the population prides itself on the fact that they come from a Fighting Boston.

Curley loves controversy. His people entertain positive views. They are, I think, the most argumentative people in the country.

This being the case it naturally follows that a two-fisted fighter like Curley makes plenty of enemies. And conversely he has his quota of admirers. The Mayor is the kind of a man that people are either for or against.

There was, quite recently, an intense public interest in the recognition which would be accorded the Mayor by President Roosevelt for his activities in the campaign. He was suggested for many places. Many wild stories were circulated, most of them untrue and not a few spread with malice.

Col. House Gave Luncheon

The inside of the whole series of episodes which led Mayor Curley to decline the post in Poland makes a fascinating political chapter and has many ramifications. Some background is necessary to its understanding.

Late in the summer of 1927 Colonel House gave a luncheon at his home on the north shore to Roosevelt. It was not originally intended to be a politi-

cal affair. The gathering was mixed and included some personal friends of Roosevelt as well as a number of startled supporters of President Hoover.

Comes Out for Roosevelt

Senator Walsh was invited and accepted. Governor Ely did not accept the invitation. There was no discussion of presidential candidates at the meeting, a fact which I vouch for, since I happened to be one of the guests. The break between Smith and Roosevelt had remained. Roosevelt was not an avowed candidate.

When the luncheon was over and the guests stepped out on the lawn for a group picture, the Mayor made a neat little speech to the newspapermen, declaring for Roosevelt for the nomination for President. Senator Walsh said nothing.

Daring Course for Curley

The following day, with characteristic daring Curley started out to organize a national movement for Roosevelt. It was at the request of the causes that the Roosevelt tickets that tied the Roosevelt ticket for delegates to the national convention. Roosevelt had decided to fight in Massachusetts, not with any hope of defeating him, but for the effect it would have on the remainder of the country. He feared that any compromise would be a sign of weakness.

Under the circumstances it was a daring course for Curley to pursue in Massachusetts. Smith was the idol of the Democracy here. It meant that the Mayor took his political life in his hands.

Mayor Felt Offended

With the exception of a few mayors of the small cities he had no assistance and against him were the two strongest leaders in the Democratic party of the State, Senator Walsh and Governor Ely.

The Mayor organized for Roosevelt, much as he had for Smith in the campaign. He felt at the time that Smith could not be nominated and that, even if Mayor of the party his election would be doubtful with the same factors operating against him as in 1928. There was a personal angle, too. The Mayor felt somewhat offended because Smith had never acknowledged or otherwise shown his appreciation of the efforts made in behalf of his candidacy in that campaign.

Spent $100,000 for Roosevelt

After the Chicago convention the Mayor made a 2,000-mile trip across the country. He paid his own expenses, which is worthy of note, since this is a rare occurrence in politics. Altogether Curley estimates that he spent $100,000 in the Roosevelt campaign, part of which he raised by placing a mortgage on his home.

After the election the Mayor sat back and waited for news from the throne. He had expected to succeed Charles Francis Adams as Secretary of the Navy. At about this time, and in fact directly after the election, a vicious campaign was set on foot to discredit the Mayor.

Stabbing in the Dark

Literally thousands of letters were sent to Roosevelt protesting against recognition. With these letters went newspaper clippings which set up the entire political career of the Mayor, some of them going back 30 years.

Curley was helpless against such tactics. He could not meet a unseen enemies stabbing in the dark.

Whatever may be said about the Mayor, it is characteristic of him to take his fights out in the open.

At the same time at the suggestion was framed by Republican opponents in the Legislature calling for an investigation of his administration.

Roosevelt was warned that such an investigation was certain to be launched and that it would make the Seabury probe in New York look tame by comparison.

Could Not Defend Himself

Certain people who were very close to Roosevelt and who did not want the Mayor in the Cabinet urged the proposed investigation as a reason for not selecting Curley as an important place in the administration. The Mayor was put in a position where he could not defend himself. He simply had to lie down and take it.

The threat of a legislative investigation was used as an effective club over Curley in Washington. Contrary to the general practice, no report was ever made on the resolution in the legislative committee. For weeks it hung in the air.

It was not until the day after the Mayor had declined the ambassadorship to Poland that leave to withdraw was reported on the bill.

Looked for Cabinet Post

In the first place Curley felt that he was a Cabinet player; but with the Cabinet settled, his next choice was the ambassadorship to Rome. He told his friends that Roosevelt had given him a definite assurance of this place.

As the Italian post began to fade out of the picture Curley indicated that the appointment of Governor-General of the Philippines would be acceptable. He objected, however, that the administration felt it undesirable to name the Mayor because of his religious persuasion. Whatever this is the decision of the Mayor's friends, but after few weeks later Mayor Frank Murphy of Detroit was appointed to the post.

Procedure Most Unusual

Again it was indicated that the Mayor would accept the cabinet position if named to him to Poland came when the City Hall representative of the Post called him on the telephone. It was not until the day after the nomination went to the Senate that he received a personal letter from President Roosevelt.
Democrats in State Still Waiting for Plums; But Federal Distribution of Offices Is Slow

By W. E. MULLINS

President Roosevelt's new deal has been a raw deal as far as Mayor Curley is concerned. The chief reason there has been no loud explosion of protest at the failure of the President to reward the mayor's energetic campaign services by the promotion of an office carrying more political prestige than that he now holds may be explained by the tardy distribution of patronage. This has been held as a pledge over the heads of the members of Congress to keep them in line on pending measures; but it has served here in Boston to wangle tongues and pat the disconsolate. The mayor's political foes are in agreement with his friends that he has been treated rather shabbily, but unable to do him serious harm, as a result of his devotion to the cause of the Republicans. The result of the election has been no loud explosion of protest. The Republicans are beginning to look around for a suitable candidate to run against Senator Walsh. Among the members of the party are many who are unwilling to concede the senator another term. These observers probably believe that if Senator Walsh is defeated this year, the reaction against the party in power will be sufficiently strong to weaken Walsh to an extent that he can be beaten.

POSSIBLE OPPONENTS

The names most prominently mentioned as possible opponents for Senator Walsh are those of Congressman Joseph W. Martin of North Attleboro and A. B. Print of Springfield. Many, in fact, feel that the chances of Congressman Andrew, but neither has indicated any intention of quitting the House of Representatives.

If legislators play a conspicuous part in next year's primary convention, Speaker Leverett Saltonstall will be a strong candidate for the nomination. The speaker is a regular member of the House membership and if he should set himself with a bloc of 100 representatives, Aylmer Canham would have a hard job stopping him.

As a matter of fact, the speaker may be assured of the support of Lieutenant-Governor. Some of his associates indicate that they would like to have him succeed Congressman Robert. Instead, Major-Incubus will back Mr. Canham. In the case of the lieutenant-governor, this is not an impossibility by any means.

The contest for the Democratic nomination will be a free-for-all with Gov. Ely covering the picture. If he decides to take an active part in selecting the public speaker for Senator Walsh he can come pretty close to dominating the convention. His popularity is so great that any man who chooses to enter the contest has a fair chance of winning.

There is an opportunity close at hand for the Governor. If he makes a move, the Governor will be saved. If he does not, the convention is likely to be a free-for-all for the public speaker for Senator Walsh. It's safe to say that Walsh and Ely never will be in a political contest, but if they should, it would be a walk-away for Walsh.

One year from tomorrow the enrolled voters of both parties will assemble at the polls to select the delegates to the Republican convention. Although this election is a full year removed, Secretary of State Cook already has made up a compilation of the delegates on the basis of the vote cast for Governor last year and he will authorize the election of 111 delegates to the Republican convention and 111 delegates to the Democratic convention.

If the delegates of either party in Middlesex county can unite their forces they will have a very considerable influence in the convention because this county will have the largest representation of delegate candidates of any one congressional district. The delegation from Middlesex consists of 19 Republican and 18 Democratic. Here is the apportionment by counties:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Dems</th>
<th>Reps</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Nantucket</td>
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<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norfolk</td>
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<td>46</td>
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<tr>
<td>Plymouth</td>
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<td>Suffolk</td>
<td>64</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Worcester</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>158</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Republicans are beginning to look around for a suitable candidate to run against Senator Walsh. Among the members of the party are many who are unwilling to concede the senator another term. These observers probably believe that if Senator Walsh is defeated this year, the reaction against the party in power will be sufficiently strong to weaken Walsh to an extent that he can be beaten.

SUCCESSOR TO THAYER

The Governor this week faces the unpleasant task of nominating a judge to fill the vacancy in the superior court. He must fill the vacancy created by the death of Judge Webster Thayer of Clinton. Although the Governor was a Republican, although once a Democrat, will the Governor replace this Republican with a Democrat or Republican with a Democrat who he might name a Democrat?

He knows the qualifications of Justices Albee and Ely, the two eastern Worcester district court judges. If they should be the line-up the Governor may feel better about replacing a Republican with a Democrat who will name Henry T. Lummus of a Republican, to fill the seat last year.

If he decides to name a Democrat he will have his hands full. Worcester Republicans, although having three judges now on the superior court, will demand that Judge Thayer's place be filled by a Republican for a Republican if he would.

In Boston, John F. Fitzgerald wants the Governor to name Vincent Puglia, and his friends, not to have a judge from his section on the bench. A telegram from James E. Hanrahan of Brockton, Technically, neither politics nor place of residence should have any bearing on these judicial appointments. The superior court is a circuit court, its members all in various sections of the state, and the Governor follows that reasoning he will be a Democrat.
FOR BETTER WELFARE AID

We believe that the city should give serious consideration to closer control of the expenditure of relief allowances and also to the possibility of developing either a commissary or supervised grocery order system for the distribution of foodstuffs.

This statement is included in the comprehensive memorandum submitted to the legislative committee on municipal finance by the Boston Municipal Research Bureau. The recommendation is sound. The bureau accepts Mayor Curley's estimate of $10,700,000 as the amount necessary for relief purposes during the current year, holding it to be as accurate a calculation as now can be made. If conditions improve it will be ample. It may prove inadequate if conditions become worse. The bureau therefore holds it desirable that the city should be limited by the Legislature to the amount named when the tax limit is established this year, but with a proviso that if emergency appears the city may apply to the emergency finance board lately created by the General Court for permission to appropriate an additional amount. A hearing would have to be held on such an application and presumably it would not be granted without due demonstration of need.

But there is one thing that ought to be done at once. Food should be substituted for cash when feasible. The taxpayers have a right to insist that the moneys thus distributed shall be used for the intended purpose. There is no reason to doubt that what is known to have occurred elsewhere is happening here, that relief money is diverted to unnecessary uses.

The Bankers' Turn Now
Workers Should Not Contribute All the City Economies

Now that Mayor Curley has enforced a policy of economy upon the city of Boston in response to the demands of the bankers, it is up to the bankers to respond in kind.

They can contribute their share to the economy they demand of others by affording the city a low rate of interest on the borrowings the city must make in anticipation of its tax receipts.

The city's economy policy so far will be paid for, of course, by the city employees. They will sustain a wage decrease of $5,000,000 annually. These include the teachers who educate our citizens of the future, the policemen and firemen who afford protection to life and property and all the others who serve their city with loyalty and efficiency.

We sympathize with Mayor Curley's declaration that the donation to economy should not come from the workers alone.

The city must borrow $30,000,000 shortly. A reduction of only one per cent in the interest rates charged by the banks on this sum would be the equivalent of an entire month's pay for 2500 city workers at the rate of $5 per day. What a saving to the taxpayers that would be!

We could not find justification for the rate of almost six per cent charged by the banks in their last loans to the city. State Treasurer Hurley was borrowing money for the State at that time at an interest rate some two per cent lower. The bankers' statement that city securities find a poor market and that they must remain in the banks as frozen assets seemed to have been only an excuse. They wouldn't freeze much firmer at four per cent.

Mayor Curley and the banks appear to have found a basis of co-operation so far as this policy of economy goes. Now let us see to what extent the bankers will contribute their share of it.
Will Appear at the Repertory

These young women have prominent parts in the musical extravaganza, "Flying Feet," to be given at the Repertory Theatre, Thursday and Friday, under the auspices of the James M. Curley, Jr., court, M. C. O. F. Front row, left to right, Alice Mahoney, Katherine Fallon. Rear row, left to right, Teresa Connors and Mary Sullivan.

FORESTERS ARE TO GIVE 'FLYING FEET'

Mayor Curley Expected to Attend Presentation

James M. Curley, Jr., court, Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, will present "Flying Feet," a musical extravaganza, Thursday and Friday evenings in the Repertory Theatre, Huntington avenue.

Director George Keegan has selected a cast of more than 150, including many talented young women who have been active in Greater Boston social and musical circles. Mayor Curley is expected to be at the Friday evening performance.

The featured players include Dorothy Leary, Ellen Fleener, Agnes Fitzgerald, Claire Quigley, Gertrude Connors, James McDonah, Joseph Coppenrath, John Moran, John McGilvary, and William Foley. Helen Faige is chairman of the committee, assisted by John McGilvary, Grace Ruddy, Robert Donegan, and Arthur Gillis.

MAYOR CURLEY'S DIPLOMACY

[From the Kansas City Star]

When a man hesitates to accept a major diplomatic appointment he is lost. Mayor Curley seems to know this, and he proved his diplomatic capacity by asking the withdrawal of his name as nominee for the Poland ambassadorship. Whether in fact, Mr. Curley was dissatisfied with the appointment or not makes little difference.

It was rumored that he preferred another appointment. But he explained that Boston needs him more than Poland. Perhaps it does. Later, if Boston can spare him, he still may be assigned to a high place in the diplomatic service. If so, along with his other qualifications, he will present a handsome and impressive personality. He has an expansive smile and is at his best when he is happy, as are most of us. But if he is named again, President Roosevelt probably will want the assurance that the demands of Boston will not be permitted to intervene after the appointment has been announced.

Men of the Forest

THOSE of us who wondered just what financial effect the President's forestry plan would have on cities may now get an idea.

Mayor Curley expects that the Boston welfare department in a period of six months will be saved $127,000 when the full quota of 900 from this city is completed.

Naturally the question arises as to where the federal government will get the money to support this relief given the city. The question leads into many paths and finally to the answer that the net cost will not be so large as that borne previously by the city.

The moral rewards will be of immeasurable value.
say that free public baths outdoors have been operated in Boston for 85 years, indoor baths for 40 years; so that there cannot be, as they term them, an unnecessary innovation. More than this, we believe that both women and children are provided with bathing facilities.

The charge that the Park Department has been merely born out by an examination of the payrolls of the department, and cannot be classified as a deliberate failure of government, since the number of permanent employees for the year 1933 is 159 less than for the year 1923, despite the fact that during this period of time the work of the department has greatly increased in the addition of the airport and some 20 playgrounds, with other enlarged facilities for outdoor bathing and recreation.

The proposal that the zoo, the aquarium, and the rose gardens be abandoned is the character of recommendation which one might expect to be made by Mr Storey.

"It is needless to say that these insanitary, needlessly and indenit recommendations will be disapproved of my office as I continue in the present office.

Contract System of Public Works

"The recommendation that a contract system be installed in the Public Works Department and the claim that the installation of such a system would mean an enormous saving overlooks the all important fact that the first consideration of the municipal service. The substitution of a contract system would result in an absence of real service and the transfer of the public welfare work to the rolls of the Public Employment Department. The individual is pointed out as someone who has given the best years of his life to the work of the department and who are entitled to a reasonable measure of protection.

"The adoption of a contract system would mean the substitution for fair wages of a starvation and padrone system with the additional pension and retirement allowance necessary for the protection of the dependents of the workers, and would cause decreased efficiency and general demoralisation.

"The savings effected in the Public Works Department during the past three years have been $1,157,325. As vacancies have occurred, because of retirement, resignation or death, the number of permanent men at the present time upon the rolls of the Public Employment Department is less than the number employed in that department in 1929. The subject of unemployment in the department indicates either ignorance or a deliberate attempt to falsify.

Replacement of Fire Apparatus

"The recommendation that no replacement of fire apparatus be made during this year is one that falls to take into consideration the fact that certain pieces of apparatus have been in use for a period of 14 years, while 10 years is a reasonable time for the operation of motor apparatus; and unless replaced, this most important branch of service deteriorates and life and property are denied the protection which would thus be afforded.

"Does Mr Storey seriously insist that the firemen have their three meals when on duty and wear their street clothes at all other times? If he does, it is an innovation and yet one that would not be helpful, since it is the common practice of members of the Fire Department to respond at once even when off duty to an alarm when, in their opinion, their services would be of value. Referring to criticism that there are too many employees in the City Council, the Mayor pointed out that there are 275 employees in office every day, while in 1909 there were 14 and a reporter. He took a shot at certain Council members who termed him "mouthpieces" for the Commission, and remarked he would leave the Commission and "mouthpieces" to adjust the matter.

Welfare Department

"On the matter of Welfare Department criticism the Mayor said it is acknowledged that Boston's payments to the needy are in excess of the allowances allowed in most large cities, and he answered that it was his purpose that the scale be maintained. Below a certain minimum, the Mayor pointed out, there would follow increase in sickness and pecuniary distress. First savings would later be expended in hospitals, clinics and sanatoriums. He said that Mr Storey of the Finance Commission is desirous that Boston adopt the Fall River system. Concerning that system the Mayor had this to say:

"Under the Fall River plan oleomargarine has taken the place of butter and oxygen has been substituted for meat. Every individual is required to apply as a necessity to carry to his home the food which is received there. The individual is pointed out in the streets as a pauper as he appears with his basket; he is held up to ridicule and scorn; he is obliged to suffer the loss of self-respect, and all through no fault of his own, merely because of his inability to secure employment.

Diet Lists Too Restricted

Continuing on the matter of diet, the Mayor said:

"The diets as compiled by the Massachusetts Department of Public Health are most interesting. The restricted diet for the female family is the extent of 3 pounds of meat, and 1/4 pounds of fish, 5 loaves of black bread, with other articles of diet, representing a total cost of $2.54 for the entire week. It is specifically pointed out in connection with the diet lists, that these diets are inadequate over a long period of time. They are to be repeated only during the present emergency.

"If I interpret the English language correctly, it is not to saying that it may be possible to starve for a short period of time upon one of these diets, but it will be observed that the diets are inadequate over a long period of time. And, if my conclusion is correct, the diet lists as compiled are the work of an undertaker rather than a competent dietician; certainly some individual in whose system there is to be found none of the milk of human kindness.

Will Not Adopt Either System

"I have no means of determining the duration of the present depression, but there is one absolutely certain, and that is that neither the scientific diet system shall be put in operation to reduce the misery of the needy and the poor, nor the degrading and degrading carry system, regardless of the recommendation of Mr Storey or his calloused crowd.

"The recommendation that the appropriation for Health Authorities be reduced to the point where it will be impossible for the important organisa- tion to function is a recommendation which, unquestionably, is predicated on the desire for the continuance of a dole system in our city.

"The Fort of New York Authority has expended in each of the several years just passed for engineering and legal work alone the sum of $200,000 annually, which is five or six times our total appropriation for all purposes.

"The recommendation that an appropriation of about $15,000 will permit this board to maintain a skeleton staff and keep in touch with conditions is absolutely preposterous. This recommendation, as I understand it, is the recommendation of the Finance Commission that the appropriation be cut from $42,000 to $15,000.

Discharges Would Increase Deaths

"It is clearly evident from a study of the report submitted by the Finance Commission to the Committee on Municipal Finance with reference to the appropriation limit request of the city, that the primary and practically the sole method suggested by the commission in support of its recommendation is the discharge and laying off of employees.

"To force the city at this time to discharge and lay off employees will not augments the genuine propaganda which has been circuitously of the policy recommended would soon be dissipated through the increase unemployment which would take place under the recommendation of the relief department of the city.

Destructive of City's Credit

"The Finance Commission attempt to support this recommendation by pairing a dismal picture of the financial structure of the city. In the Finance Commission, consciously or unconsciously, augments the already exaggerated propaganda which has been circuitously of the country, and has made it increasingly difficult for the city to secure the temporary finances needed for the conduct of its essential activities.

"The four pages devoted in the report of the Finance Commission to the subject of municipal borrowings is another chapter in what appears to be a deliberate attempt to besmirch the financial record of the city. The Finance Commission endeavors to create the impression that no evidence of curtailment or retrenchment of municipal expenditures is to be found in the 1933 budget. That such a charge is absolutely preposterous is very apparent when the policies and practices followed in the preparation of this year's budget are reviewed. The Mayor then enumerated 20 of the recommendations, and as an example:

"In conclusion, the Mayor said: "The broad and general statement of the Finance Commission relative to the budget is not warranted by the facts in the case, and the report stands as an untruthful, illegal and toxic document ever present in any respec- tously intelligent men to the General Court of Massachusetts."
CURLEY ATTACKS FINANCE COM

Says It “Displays Lack of Knowledge And Disregard of Public Weal”

The recent report of the Boston Finance Commission to the Committee on Finance of the Legislature, according to Mayor James M. Curley in his reply today, displays an absolute lack of knowledge of municipal requirements and a total disregard of the public weal. The adoption of such a program, said the Mayor, would be destructive to the city and its people.

“A pure waste of municipal funds amounting to $1,000,000,” is what the Mayor in his statement to the press and broadcast over station WNAC at 10:00 a.m. today, characterized the Finance Commission. The Commission is also accused of destructive measures to serve an ulterior purpose.

It was probably the longest replies made during the Mayor’s present term. He went into detail in answering the various allegations made by the Finance Commission. Lack of radio time prevented his entire answer going on the air.

“Abundant Reasons for Abolition”

In part, the Mayor said:

“The Boston Finance Commission in its report, submitted to the Committee on Municipal Finance of the Legislature under date of April 18, 1933, furnished convincing proof, if any were necessary, that the city government of the proper conduct of municipal activities in Boston. It has not only forfeited the right to receive consideration but has provided abundant reasons for its abolition, both as a measure of economy and as a means of preserving the good name of the city.

“This organization since its creation has expended upwards of one million dollars of the taxpayers’ money, and, until within the past three years, when a cooperative spirit has been displayed, it may be said to have been a waste of public funds, and a return to destructive measures at this time to serve an ulcer purpose is to be deplored.

“The recent report displays an absolute lack of knowledge of municipal requirements and a total disregard of the public weal in addition to presenting a program that not only would be destructive to the city and its people.

Health Department’s Reply

“Its criticisms and comments on the Health Department activities can best be answered by a recognized authority on public health, Dr. Charles F. Winslow, and I beg to present his report:

“I have read with great amusement and much surprise the proposed recommendations for economies in the Health Department contained in the Report of the Finance Commission. It is, indeed, full of inconsistencies and illogic and reflects an absolute lack of understanding of the size and obligations of health department activities.

“In one paragraph the report states that the Health Department is inefficiently administered and urged that the citizens of Boston receive health services for the money expended.”

“The Finance Commission shows no sign of understanding that the work of the Department is the care of babies and the tuberculous.

“Allegations that the Health Department is responsible for over 1500 deaths annually in Boston. This has been drastically reduced to less than 500.

“The city of Boston spent approximately $42,000 in 1932 for its dental program treating about 60,000 children. The value and significance of this service and agreed to support it when approached by representatives of the city.

“The citizens of Boston have a right to protection of their Health Department program, as it has been adopted in the statement in the report of the Finance Commission.

“Health Work Primary Essential”

“Life is a real possession and it is to the interest of the State to do everything to preserve it. The prevention of disease is of economic value to any community and health work has evolved to the point where it may be easily justified as a primary essential taking its place with education and adequate police protection, and I challenge the judgment of those who consider this ‘extra-municipal’ and ‘non-essential.’


“During the years 1901 to 1905 the average infant mortality rate of the city of Boston was 137. During the years 1906 to 1910 it was 132. In 1910 it was 100; in 1921 it was 67.7 and when the deaths are subtracted of those born infant in all of the less affluent districts, the infant mortality rate has been the amazing development of the Boston’s health units. Made possible by the wisdom of an able city administration and the generosity of a notable philanthropist, George Robert White, these units number to be eight in number, have served as models for similar work in the various states. The health centers have under-one roof, baby clinics, pre-school clinics, dental and tuberculosis clinics and solariums; classes for mothers, educational lectures, Red Cross classes, habit clinics, headquarters for the Community Health Association, a visiting physician office for the poor, public welfare, family welfare, Catholic Charitable Bureau, the Jewish charities, a meeting place for the local medical profession and local headquarters for the Health Department.”

Library as a “Refuge”

“The Mayor then turned to the Library Department recommendations of the Finance Commission, saying:

“It has recommended not only a reduction in the hours of operation of branch libraries but limitation in the operation of others and that the closing of the Central Library on Sundays and evenings in weeks of bad weather may be done at once.

“Library as a ‘Refuge’

“During the depression the libraries of Boston have enjoyed a patronage shortage by more than 200 percent which at a time like the time in the history of the city. The librarians have been a solace and refuge to those bodies who have undernourished in consequence of long unemployment, and whose minds in many cases have gradually become weak as a consequence of constant worry, so that they might find a way out of the abysmal conditions confronting them.

Free Public Baths for 65 Years

“The recommendation for the closing of bathing basins so stupid in character as to make a temporary necessity in order that Dictator Storey of the Finance Commission may be saved from future service.”
URGES BOARD BE ABOLISHED AS USELESS
Chairman Storey Is Lashed in an Address That Goes on Radio
Abolition of the Boston Finance Commission, "both as a measure of economy and as a means of preserving the good name of the city," was recommended today by Mayor Curley, in a radio address from his office in City Hall.

The mayor's attack, directed principally against Charles Storey, was in answer to a report submitted by the Finance Commission to the Legislature last week, recommending abolishing seven city departments and drastic curtailments in others.

Storey, a member of the Finance Commission, he characterized "a present-day Brahmin-type of bourgeois" and "a representative of the tax-dodging brigade," and he declared that the commission's report was made up of "inane, innocuous and indecent recommendations."

"CALLOUS AND SHALLOW"
Regarding a recommendation that the scientific diet system be put in operation in Boston for those on the welfare rolls, Mayor Curley declared:

"I have no means of determining the duration of the present depression, but there is one thing certain, and that is that neither the scientific diet system shall be put in operation to increase the miseries of the needy and poor, nor the debasing and degrading carry systems, regardless of the recommendations of Mr. Storey and his calloused crowd."

The mayor declared the Finance Commission recommendations to be "stupid," to have been drawn up by "one callous of heart and shallow of mind, a cloistered mind that has never enjoyed contact with his fellow men and that has always lived not only in a 'holier than thou' atmosphere, the better than thou' atmosphere, from which all thoughts of human sympathy or regard for the right of the common man have been excluded."

HAS COST $1,000,000
The Boston Finance Commission, in its report, he said, "furnished convincing proof, if any were necessary, that as a helpful adjunct to the proper conduct of municipal activities in Boston it has not only forfeited the right to serious consideration but has provided abundant reasons for its abolition, both as a measure of economy and as a means of preserving the good name of the city."

"This organization since its creation has expanded upwards of $1,000,000 of the taxpayer's money and, until within the past three years when a co-operative spirit has been displayed, it may be said to have been a pure waste of municipal funds and a return to 'destructive measures at this time to serve an ulterior purpose is to be deplored."

"The recent report displays an absolute lack of knowledge of municipal requirements and a total disregard of the public weal in addition to presenting a program the adoption of which could not be other than destructive to the city and its people."

CURLEY BLASTS FIN. COM. AS STUPID

TRAVELER
T. F. DONOVAN
FUNERAL HELD
Curley Among Mourners
at Rites for Ex-Council President
Funeral services for Timothy F. Donovan, former president of the Boston City Council and one time member of the general court, was held today from his late residence, 100 Baywater street, East Boston, with a solemn requiem high mass at 10 o'clock in St. Joseph's Church in the Orient Heights section of East Boston.

Mayor Curley, former Mayor Nichols, and a large number of other men in public life came to say their last respects. The church was filled and more than 300, who could not gain admittance, waited outside the church.

The funeral cortège had more than 200 cars in line. The bearers were all members of the Lawrence J. Farherty Post of the American Legion, with which Mr. Donovan was associated.

The Rev. Francis Cronin was celebrant of the mass, assisted by the Rev. Stephen Murray and the Rev. Francis X. Daniels. Seated within the chancel were the pastors of all the churches in the East Boston district, including the Rev. Louis Toma of St. Lazarus Church; the Rev. John R. McCoil, pastor of the church of the Star of the Sea; the Rev. William Barry, pastor of the Church of the Assumption, and the Rev. Cornelius Foley, pastor of the Church of the Holy Redeemer.

The music was furnished by Alice Sullivan, organist, and John Ollsen, soloist.

As the cortège passed the East Boston police station, Capt. Archibald Campbell of that division and company of officers stood at attention. Likewise when the cortège passed the fire station of Engine 9, firemen lined up outside and stood at attention and bells on the apparatus were tolled.

The cortège proceeded to Holy Cross cemetery where interment took place.
JAMES M. CURLEY JR COURT TO PRESENT “FLYING FEET”

James M. Curley Jr Court, M. C. O., of Jamaica Plain will present “Flying Feet,” a musical comedy, at the Repertory Theatre, Huntington av., Back Bay, Thursday and Friday evenings.

Leading feminine and male roles will be taken by Sylvia Dailey and John McGilvray. Other prominent parts will be played by Warren Foley, Joseph Coppenrath, James McDonald, Joseph Donovan, Anna Ahern, Agnes Fitzgerald, Dorothy Leary, Margaret Coban and Elizabeth Feneley.

The show has had several weeks of rehearsing under the direction of George E. Keegan.

Helen Page and John McGilvray head the committee in charge of the production. Assisting on the committee are Dorothy Leary, Cornelius J. Murphy, Catherine Roche, George Scott, Sylvia Dailey, Wilmore Holbrook, Lilian Burke, John Morlarity, Constance Meagher, Robert Donigan, Anne Quinn, Arthur Gillis, Mary Mansfield, W. O'Hare, P. Murphy, T. Gemelli, Lloyd Carnegie, Anna Coyne, Leonard Dolan, Agnes Fitzgerald, John Gallagher, William J. Keane, James McDonald and Grace Ruddy.

New Public Works

Why Not Build Huntington Ave. Subway?

We are to have a fine and modern playground on the site of the old water power plant in Hyde Park. And the city dump in Victory Road, Dorchester, is to be converted into a community garden.

Both investments are worth while because they will beautify unsightly scenes and provide recreation centers for our women and children.

The work will be done by idle men now on the relief rolls, thus we get productive labor instead of the expensive dole.

Why not build the Huntington ave. subway? Boston would get this valuable arm of transportation, and employment for two years would be assured some 1500 men now drawing soldiers’ relief. The Boston Elevated directors have held up this development and the city’s progress as well.

Transcript

Orders Cut in
Police Pay Put in Operation

Commissioner Hultman Maintains That Mayor’s Reduction Is an Injustice

Police pay cuts, ordered by Mayor Curley in a letter of April 21, were today directed to be put into effect by Police Commissioner Eugene C. Hultman, who remarked, in his reply to the mayor, that the cuts constituted an injustice and that he could refuse to make them, but that the fact that he could be overruled made it useless for him to do so.

The mayor’s letter ordered the commissioner, under the provisions of Chapter 21 of the Acts of 1933, to reduce police salaries on the basis of 6 per cent reduction on salaries from $1000 to $1600; 10 per cent reduction on salaries from $1600 to $1800, but none to be reduced below $950; 10 per cent reduction on salaries in excess of $1800, but none to be reduced below $1440.

The commissioner’s reply states that he is instructing the payroll division to make up the difference in the pay in conformity with the order. But, says the commissioner, “I would be remiss in my duty if I did not call your attention to the fact that the reduction of salaries of those receiving more than $1400 per annum is a particular hardship to the patrolmen of this department. May I call to your attention just what this reduction means to patrolmen in dollars and cents?”

Ten follows a table, which shows that patrolmen receiving $1700 and $1600 per annum are paid as low as $26.60 and $26.52 a week, when all deductions have been made.

Asks About Step-Rate Plan

The commissioner goes on to explain that on Jan. 11, 1932, it became necessary to abrogate the anniversary step-rate method of pay ranging from $1500 per annum to $2100 standard pay for policemen in the sixth year of their service. He called the mayor’s attention to the reason stated at that time for the abrogation of the step-rate plan, which was to prevent a reduction of salaries. In view of the recent communication reducing the pay of this class of officers by fifteen per cent, he asks, “Am I to understand that it is your policy to continue to refuse the moneys due them in this department under the step-rate plan?”

If this is your intention, it would appear to me that those men, who come under the step-rate plan, are being forced to take a larger reduction than those who reached the maximum pay.

Then follows a comparison of living costs, computed by the State Commissioner of the Necessaries of Life, by which the commissioner shows that it was not until Jan. 1, 1938, that the cost of living had fallen enough to give the patrolmen the same purchasing power they had in 1914. It would seem, therefore, that a reduction of 15 per cent in this class is a hardship which should be remedied as quickly as possible.

The commissioner also brings out the unfairness of action which places other types of city workers on a five-day week on a consideration of reduced pay. The police department, he says, works on a basis of one day off in eight with no holdovers and it would be impossible to put it on a five-day week basis without a great increase in personnel. Police officers are required time after time to perform many hours of extra duty day and night, for which they do not receive or do not expect to receive extra compensation.
Mrs. Connors Draws Rebuке

Called to Order for Remarks at Sales Tax Hearing

By DONALD R. WAUGH

Gov. Ely's sales tax proposal was supported a dated and before the legislative committee on taxation at the continued hearing the State House today.

The session was cultivated by chairman H. Conners of the Massachusetts Real Estate Owners Association and rendered unique by a visit from former Mayor Thomas J. McGrath of Quincy that the state assume all welfare relief from the cities and towns.

Mrs. Connors got herself called to order by referring to Frank A. Goodwin, chairman of the Boston finance commission, who was seated in the front row of spectators, as one who had been "preaching like a man." Then she was queried by Representative Otis of Pittsfield as to how she would cut the cost of government and she said "By eliminating graft." He pressed her on the point and she told of how several Boston men who wanted beer licenses had to go to "a certain lawyer with $300 a piece."

O'Toole said it was all "hear-say and bun-dling" but she insisted she could prove it. He challenged her to do so and she tartly suggested "there's another place" and left down.

The various speakers who addressed the committee today, before the opposition was heard, also expressed the need for relief for real estate. In addition to Mrs. Connors and McGrath these included Henry F. Long, commissioner of corporations and taxation; Mayor Lawrence quilted of Chelsea, Edwin D. Proctor, president of the Boston real estate exchange: Day Baker, representing the Massachusetts Automobile Dealers Association; and Commissioner Dams, who spoke as an individual taxpayer, and Albert T. Rnochades, representing the Highway Taxpayers Association.

Long continued yesterday's explanation of the bill, which was interrupted by the adjournment of the hearing until today. He said the 1 per cent, for the sales tax is a low rate, that there would be no trouble about interstate commerce and that the tax would not be a tax "on" to collect and would not require the setting up of expensive new machinery. He expressed the belief it would not cost the state.

Baker put his organization on record for the sales tax as did Rnochades.

Bills need for relief of real estate is much worse than Commissioner Long had expressed it and the legislation here be designed as tight as possible to give the relief to real estate.

Labor Opposes Tax

The opposition to the sales tax proposal was led by Robert J. Wait, legislative agent, Massachusetts state branch, A.F. of C., who brought about a general sales tax in the various states is being produced because the attempt to have a federal sales tax law have failed. He expressed surprise that Gov. Ely should support the plan and declared that in so doing the

Married Women's Jobs

In a drive to obtain places for job-seekers, Councilor Albert L. Fish, seeking to get the Mayor to remove Chairman Theodore A. Glyn of the street commission for granting a permit for the storing of 40,000 bottles of oil at 157 Granite avenue, Dorchester, despite the opposition of the residents and plenary...
Says New “L” Tunnel Means More Taxes

Any money spent at this time for Boston Elevated Railway rapid transit improvements would have to be assessed against taxpayers in the Boston Metropolitan District, Henry J. Harriman, chairman of the Elevated board of trustees, told the Legislative Committee on Metropolitan Affairs yesterday. The committee was holding a hearing on the joint report of the Elevated trustees and the trustees of the Boston Metropolitan District on the problem of rapid transit extensions.

The opinion in that report that no rapid transit improvements were desirable at this time, except with the understanding that the charges resulting from such improvements would be supported by Chairman Harriman.

"Of the improvements suggested," said he, "the Huntington-av subway extension is most needed from the public standpoint. There are, however, no funds in the Elevated to pay the carrying charges. If this work is undertaken, it will fall on the district and be added to the Elevated deficit."

The work should be started at once on the new subway, in the opinion of Basil Silverman, representing the city of Everett. He argued that building the subway at this time would aid employment to a great extent and relieve the taxes now paid by the city in soldiers' relief.

Senator Joseph C. White of Jamaica Plain, Thomas F. Sullivan, chairman of the Boston Transit Commission and Arthur Lyman of Arlington favored the project.

The legislation was opposed by Bernard J. Rothwell, director of the Boston Elevated, who declared that the proposed subway would cost $3,000,000.

Wants Married Women Ousted

Burke's Order in Case Husband Can Provide Own Salary 15 Percent

The discharge of every married woman employee of the city whose husband is capable of supporting her was suggested during debate yesterday on an order that went to the executive committee of the City Council. The vacancies should be filled, according to the order, by widows and unmarried women qualified for the posts. The actual order was directed at evening school centers.

Councilor Thomas Burke of Dorchester called on the School Committee to discharge married women and asked that in the school evening centers day teachers be dismissed to make room for unemployed teachers. He said that in a center in Dorchester are employed a woman whose husband is capable of supporting her, two permanent day teachers who also work at night, and also a resident of Milton.

Beer was the subject of two orders. The Council went on record for a 10-ounce glass of beer for 5 cents. Councilor Murray wants the use of foreign-made beer barrels by Massachusetts brewers stopped.

Councillor Murray took the School Committee to task for initiating a new rule that compels all those who take examination for temporary berths as school teachers to pay a fee of $2 and those seeking permanent jobs to pay a fee of $5 before they can take the examination. According to Murray, this is no time for such a tax.

During executive session the City Council voted to cut their own salaries 15 percent but took no action on the seven employees in the Council quarters. The cut for the seven will have to come about by an executive order of Mayor James M. Curley.

Councilor Brackman of Dorchester offered an order that the Mayor reconsider cutting the Department members' pay 15 percent.

Boston city councilmen yesterday made a 10 per cent reduction of their salaries of $2800 annually, but refused to cut similarly the compensation of the seven employees under their jurisdiction.

The council decided that the cutting of salaries of messengers, clerks and stenographers would be left to Mayor Curley.

The council adopted a resolution favoring the sale of a 10-ounce glass of beer for a nickel.

Demand for the discharge of all married women in city departments whose husbands are able to support them in or out of the city has been met by widows and unmarried women was made by Councilman Burke. His order called on the school committees to discharge married women, permanent day teachers and non-residents employed in evening school centers. In the Dorchester center, he charged, the wife of a successful architect, two regularly employed teachers and a resident of Milton are working. Burke declared that he desired to extend the order to all departments. The executive committee will consider the proposal next Monday.
GOODWIN WOULD LET HIS JOB GO

 Doesn't Care if Mayor Gets the Fin. Com. Abolished

Out-voted by newly-appointed members of the Boston Finance Commission, Chairman Frank A. Goodwin last night revealed that he would not oppose the abolition of his $5000 job and the positions of his unpaid colleagues.

CURLEY ASSAILS FIN. COM.

The abolition of the entire department was advocated by the mayor in a radio address by Mayor Curley, who charged that except during the last three years the Finance Commission has done nothing but waste $1,000,000 of the taxpayers' money.

When asked last night to comment on the Mayor's demand for the abolition of the department, Chairman Goodwin replied: "I don't care what they do with it."

The Mayor, in his 30-minute radio broadcast against the Finance Commission, did not criticise or even mention Chairman Goodwin, but directed practically all his fire at Attorney Charles Monrardi Storey, whom he characterized as the "boss" and "dictator" of the Finance Commission and labeled as "silly" the recommendation of Attorney Storey and Joseph Joyce Donahue and Judge Joseph A. Sheehan.

Asked to comment on the Mayor's claim that Attorney Storey was the "boss" of the Finance Commission now, Chairman Goodwin replied, "I guess he is right."

"Cloistered Mind"

Referring to the recommendation of the Finance Commission in respect to the closing of libraries, the Mayor said:

"It has been recommended not only a reduction in the hours of operation of branch libraries, but a limitation in the operation of the Central Library on Sundays and in the evenings of week days made be made.

"It is the character of a report that one might anticipate from a cloistered mind that has never enjoyed contact with the outside world, that has always lived not only in a air of space and time but in a better than that atmosphere from which all of the human sympathy or regard for the life of the common man have been excluded.

"The recommendation for the closing of baths and beaches is stupid in character as to make a reply unnecessary," but in order that Dictator Storey of the Finance Commission may be saved from future errors, I beg to say that free public baths and beaches have been operated in Boston for 65 years, and indoor baths for 40 years; so they cannot be, as he terms them, an unnecessary innovation.

The Mayor said the charge that the Park Department is overmanned is not borne out by an examination of the payrolls of the department and "cannot be classified as other than a deliberate falsehood."

"The proposal that the zoo, the aquarium and the rose gardens be abandoned is the character of recommendations which one might expect to be made by Mr. Storey," he said.

"It is needless to say that these naive, innocuous and innocent recommendations will be disregarded by me while I continue in the present office."

He said the recommendation of a contract system in the Public Works Department "would mean the substitution for fair wages of a starvation and pampered system which would yield and the pension and retirement allowances necessary for the protection of the dependents of the employees and would cause decreased efficiency and general demoralization."

"Does Mr. Storey seriously insist that firemen wear their uniforms only when on duty and wear their street clothes at all other times?" the Mayor asked.

"If he does, it would be an innovation and yet one that would not be helpful, since it is the common practice of members of the Fire Department even while they are in the present office."

"I am in possession of a study of the report submitted by the Finance Commission to the Municipal Finance with reference to the appropriation limit request of the city, that the primary and principal object of the same method was the recommendation of Attorney Storey on support of its recommendation is the discharge and laying off of the municipal employees."

"To force the city at this time to discharge and lay off employees will not afford the relief to the community which is pictured in the report of the Finance Commission."

"The initial sacrifice might be that the adoption of the policy recommended would be saved from the the increase in the roll of the relief department of the city."

CONNERY OUTLINES HOPES FOR WET AND DRY TICKETS

WASHINGTON, April 24 (A.P.)--Representative Connery of the 7th Massachusetts District today recommended to Atty Gen Warner that candidates for the Massachusetts vote on dry tickets be representative of the various groups concerned.

"I asked for recommendations so far as his own district is concerned, for the wet and dry tickets to be nominated, and I am glad to announce that the names were turned over to the Department of the Interior which would be composed of, first, a representative of the veterans; second, a representative of labor; third, a representative of the business men; and that the three names on the dry ticket would be composed of, first, a representative of the churches which are opposed to the repeal of the 18th Amendment; second, a representative of the Women's Christian Temperance Union; and third, a representative of the business men."

"It is clearly evident from this study and the mortality rate of any community is an index of its intelligence. We have reduced the infant mortality rate from 54 in 1904 to 3 in 1923. As a result, the city has saved $1,500,000 since the adoption of the commission for its report to the Legislature on the city budget last week.

"The Mayor, in a statement to the press and also in a radio talk over Station WNAC, said the report "displays an absolute lack of knowledge of municipal requirements and a total disregard of the public welfare." He said the adoption of the commission's report would be destructive to the city and its people.

"He quoted Dr. Charles F. Williams of the Health Department, the recommendation to abandon baby clinics, as follows:

"The most vital public health work is the care of the baby and the growing child. The enormous loss of life among the young from preventable causes has been aptly designated as the 'slaughter of the innocents.'"
Mayor Demands Fin Com Ouster in Bitter Attack

Curley Assails Storey as Brahmin, Charging He Lacks Knowledge of City Affairs—Rejects All Recommendations

Mayor Curley yesterday declared that the finance commission should be abolished "both as a measure of economy and as a means of preserving the good name of the city," and thereby ended the policy of friendly co-operation which has been maintained with him during the chairmanship of Frank A. Goodwin.

The mayor specifically announcing his alignment with Goodwin, whose opinions of municipal problems are in direct conflict with the convictions of his associates, Charles Moorfield Storey, Joseph A. Sheehan and Joseph Joyce Donahue, the mayor, in a 30-minute radio address, purposely created the impression that he shares the view of Goodwin.

ASSAULTS STOREY

His opening attack made Conr. Storey, a comparatively new member of the commission, his particular target. In his verbal offensive the mayor raised the commission with almost every damasculatory characterization of his vocabulary. He specifically assailed Storey with repeated thrusts pertaining to his lack of knowledge of the fundamentals of municipal government.

The mayor was moved to warfare by the recent report of the commission to the legislative committee on municipal finance, embodying recommendations of budgeted reductions of $1,578,000 in addition to those made by the mayor. Figuratively, he tore the report to shreds and announced that he would not adopt a single recommendation.

Conr. Storey declined last night to reply to the attack but made known that the matter will probably be considered by the commission and any response will be representative of a joint rather than an individual opinion.

Chairman Goodwin refused to make any comment until he was told that the mayor charged that "Storey is the boss, the dictator of the commission and that he drafted the report."

"Well, I guess he is right," replied Goodwin. "I admit that part of it."

URGES ABOLITION

The mayor practically limited his denunciation of the commission to three brief paragraphs in which he said:

The Boston finance commission in its report submitted to the committee on municipal finance of the Legislature under date of April 18, 1933, furnished convincing proof, if any were necessary, that as a helpful adjunct to the proper conduct of municipal activities in Boston it has not only forfeited the right to serious consideration but has provided abundant reasons for its abolition, both as a measure of economy and as a means of preserving the good name of the city.

This organization since its creation has expended upwards of $1,000,000 of the taxpayers' money and, until within the past three years, when a co-operative spirit has been displayed, it may be said to have been a pure waste of municipal funds and a return to destractive measures at this time to serve an ulterior purpose is to be deplored.

The recent report displays an absolute lack of knowledge of municipal requirements and a total disregard of the public weal in addition to presenting a program the adoption of which could not be other than destractive to the city and its people.

The personal attacks on Storey permeated the entire address but in his self-incrimination, the mayor, electing to stress "the Collapse of the Stop Curley Movement," attacked viciously at his enemies and foes who were responsible for the futile demand for a legislative investigation of his administration and who delayed President Roosevelt with protests and objections to his appointment to a federal position.

"BLUEBLOOD AND BLACKLEG"

The mayor made no specific reference to any individual but his pointed darts hit at Councilmen Francis E. Kelly and John F. Dowd, whom he termed "errand boy" and "errand boy" combinations. Mr. Hannnah Connors, owners' association and Alexander Whiteside.

He expressed satisfaction at the collapse of the "Stop Curley" movement and climaxed his address with the following:

The union of blueblood and blackleg covering state and city governments extending from continuous character assassination by small errand boy members of the city council and their allies masquerading as friend of the small home owners and from this group of scolds and charlatans to the General Court of Massachusetts suddenly ended a sensation which accompanied investigations when the Poland portfolio was declined.

It seems incredible that such a gigantic plot without basis for action could be planned and executed to destroy one man and deceive so many intelligent citizens.

I have never had any doubt as to the final outcome and my belief that "truth would triumph in the end" has been abundantly vindicated. The closing chapter in the plot is the report of the finance commission as drafted by Mr. Storey representing the tax-dodging brigade of the municipal research bureau.

The mayor employed uncomplimentary expressions about Storey in his analysis of recommendations concerning curtailing of costs in numerous departments.

Of proposals that the health commissioner dispense with non-essential services, the mayor said: "I have read with great amusement and much surprise the proposed recommendations for economies in the health department. It is indeed, full of inconsistencies and illogic and reflects an absolute lack of understanding of the size and obligations of health department practices."

Through Dr. Charles F. Wilmisky, the mayor answered criticisms of health department functions, showered praise upon the White health units, dental clinics and baby hygiene and made it plain that there will be no diminution of the activities of the department.

Turning to the suggestion that the zoo and aquarium and rose gardens be abandoned to save money he levelled this attack at Storey: "The proposal is the character of recommendation which one might expect to be made by a present-day Brahmin-type of Bourbon such as Mr. Storey."

It is needless to say that these inane, innocuous and indescribable recommendations will be disregarded by me while I continue in the present office."
MAYORS' CLUB VOTES TO AID NEEDY CITIES

Urges Support of Ely's Revenue Measure

Unanimous approval was given by the Mayors' Club of Massachusetts, meeting at the Hotel Statler yesterday afternoon, to three proposals aimed to help relieve financial difficulties experienced by municipalities of the Commonwealth.

Mayor Andrew Chassas of Revere called attention to the serious plight of the cities. He declared that no consideration has been given to cities Pixelated or the need and that the situation seems to be getting more acute. He urged upon the Mayors the importance of taking some definite action, as relief is sorely needed.

The officials voted to work for the passage of Gov. Ely's revenue-raising recommendations and the immediate enactment of a $30,000,000 bond issue by the Commonwealth in anticipation of the new revenues, to be apportioned among the cities and towns; to have the Commonwealth ask for the $500,000,000 Federal money to be distributed to the States for the relief of municipalities under the Wagner bill; and in favor of having Federal legislation to make it possible to borrow money on tax anticipation warrants at a rate not to exceed 3½ percent interest.

Mayor Hurley stated that while no bill meets with universal approval, and he is opposed to the sales tax as being too direct a burden, he felt the bill would be for the general good and that some relief may be thus provided. He declared that it was clearly the duty of the Mayors' Club to support the bill, as conditions have become dangerous.

Upon passage of the motion to support the bill, Mayor Hurley suggested that the heads of the municipal governments call a conference at once of the State Senators and Representatives from their respective cities, to examine the situation in the Commonwealth, and to enlist their active support on behalf of the proposed tax legislation, as recommended by Gov. Ely.

The Mayor told the city executives that 45 out of 48 States have either made or are ready to make application for aid for cities under the new Wagner relief bill and recommended that the club go on record as favoring having the Commonwealth ask for its share of the fund. A motion was adopted to have the legislative committee go at once upon the Governor and request that immediate application be made for the money, to be used for the relief of the municipalities.

MUNICIPAL SURVEY

URGED IN G. G. A. ARTICLE

Prompt reenactment of public expenditures based on the findings of a thorough survey of the whole structure of government and administration and of the best current practices in other municipalities, and the election next Fall of an honest, competent mayor who will put into practice the recommendations that come from the survey, will be the only real solution of Boston's problems, according to the City Affairs, published

BREATHING BIG ITEM IN TANK TEACHING

By GEORGE UNDERWOOD

"Teach 'em how to breathe in the water and the rest is easy," answered Tim Cummings, head instructor at the Curtis Hall Baths, when asked what method he and his colleague, Frank Rooney, of the Cabot Street Baths, employed in teaching thousands of men, women and children, who are rolling in the free swimming classes in the city of Boston's Learn to Swim Campaign.

"Once they have learned to breathe and relax rightly," continued the swimming champion, "the main difficulty is overcome. Confidence then comes. Once the beginner gets confidence, he soon picks up the art of water locomotion."

1000 IN CLASSES

About a thousand swimmers have applied for the free instruction in the two big municipal pools in the two days the campaign has been under way. More than 500 women and girls were given preliminary instructions on Monday, and a greater number of men and boys visited the baths yesterday. The feminine applicants included mothers, school and college girls, and tiny tots not even in their teens.

"The methods used depend on the individual," explained Cummings, "in the regular classes we teach them to see if they can grasp the side of the tank and learning the proper kicks and back arches. Others use the water wings, and in some cases we employ a tackle and pole."

METHODS VARY

"It depends on the individual whether we first teach them the breast stroke or the crawl. Generally the breast stroke comes easier with adults. With children, however, it is an easy and natural graduation from the dog paddle to the crawl, but before we try to teach them how to stroke must come right breathing and powers of relaxation. All beginners are too tense in the water. Learning how to relax is next in importance to knowing how to breathe."

Mayor Curley and Park Commissioner Long both are enthusiastic over the big public interest in the Learn to Swim movement.

Bankers Fail to Bid on Loan to City

No bids were received today at public offering of $3,000,000 city of Boston temporary loan dated April 27 and due Oct. 31. This fact was communicated to Mayor Curley at noon by City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan, who planned to visit the clearing house later and negotiate for the necessary funds. More than $2,000,000 of the issue is required this week to meet maturing obligations and the remainder for the payrolls.

There was every confidence in the mayor's office that the loan would be forthcoming later in the day, especially in the light of a record reported assurance from the bankers that they would take care of the city for the remainder of the year at a reasonable rate of interest if the mayor would cut salaries. This point was made to a group of newspaper men in conference with the mayor and his financial adviser today.

MAYOR, COUNCILORS AT H. P. BARKER FUNERAL

Heads of the State and City Government, including Mayor James M. Curley and members of the City Council were among the large gathering at the funeral exercises for Harvey P. Barker, brother of City Councilor William Barker, held at the Star of the Sea Church, in East Boston, today.

Rev. Joseph Hawes was the celebrant of the high mass of requiem. Burial was in Holy Cross Cemetery.

Mr. Barker, who was born in East Boston 44 years ago, lived all his life in that section. He was a member of the old East Boston Cemetery Association.

He leaves two daughters, Mrs. Gertrude Morro of 29 Wadsworth St., from whose home the funeral was held, and Mrs. Florence Patterson.

Bankers Fail to Bid on Loan to City

No bids were received today at public offering of a $3,000,000 loan on tax anticipation warrants at five and a half percent interest on the $3,000,000 bond issue. Mayor Curley at noon by City Treasurer Dolan, who planned to visit the clearing house later and negotiate for the necessary funds. More than $2,000,000 of the issue is required this week to meet maturing obligations and the remainder for the payrolls.

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Bids from Boston banks on a $3,000,000 loan on tax anticipation warrants at five and a half percent interest were to be opened at noon today by City Treasurer Dolan, but there were no bids to open. Whether bankers forgot about the matter or whether they don't intend to loan money is a matter of speculation. According to Mayor Curley, he reached an agreement with bankers last Friday.
G. G. A. Insistent for City Inquiry

In its publication for April, the Good Government Association continues its appeal for an investigation of city affairs, urging citizens to write to their representatives in the Legislature and demand that Boston's government and administration be "opened up to the sunlight."

The association offers a "program for progress," which has as its basis "immediate drastic retrenchment so that expenditures will not exceed probable income," followed by:

1—Permanent retrenchment based on the findings of a thorough survey of the whole structure of government and administration of the best current practices of other municipalities.

2—The election on Nov. 7 of an honest, competent mayor who will put into practice whatever recommendations result from the survey.

3—The enlisting of the interest of all citizens in the government of their city.

City Affairs reminds its readers that "Boston has met and temporarily averted a financial crisis" and that "wholesale salary slashing and curtailing of services are the only immediate remedies that can be supplied." A few of the things the association would like to see accomplished are: All purchasing and contracting on a business-like basis, departmental reorganizations and consolidations, budgetary control of all expenditures, a modern accounting system, classification of positions and standardization of salaries, charter changes to provide a more responsive government, improvement of assessment procedure and far-sighted, comprehensive planning.

Mayors Favor Ely's Relief Measures

At an informal and unscheduled meeting held at the Hotel Statler yesterday, fifteen or more representatives of the Mayors' Club of Massachusetts voted to support Governor Ely's legislative measures to provide $30,000,000 for the relief of cities and towns and to seek the governor's aid in securing the State's share of the $500,000,000 Federal relief fund, which would be authorized under the Wagner bill.

Sees More Evidence of Padded Payrolls

That the creation of the five-day week among city departments is a further admission that the payrolls are padded, is the belief of the Boston Municipal Research Bureau, expressed in a statement called to the attention of the mayor, who said:

"The feeble peep by the more feeble Boston Municipal Research Bureau in protest of the adoption of the five-day week four days ago in a manner which anyone of ordinary intelligence could interpret."

The mayor quoted the two concluding paragraphs of the circular, sent to all department heads, in reference to the salary reductions. He called the attention of the bureau to these paragraphs and invited a study by them of the case and later an apology for the capricious, capping criticism made this day."

The paragraphs direct department heads, in reference to the fire, police, hospital and institutions department, to adopt a five-day week "where such a schedule will not conflict with legal requirements or seriously interfere with the conduct of departments' business."

CURLEY ALLOWS HUNGER MARCH

Permits Parade May 1 but Refuses to Supply Assembly Hall

A group of 350 so-called "hunger marchers" from various parts of Massachusetts will be permitted to hold a parade in Boston during a meeting here May 1, and the welfare department will furnish them with food and shelter, Mayor Curley informed a marchers' committee at City Hall today, but they will have to hire a hall if they want to make speeches.

The mayor declined the committee's request that the city furnish a place of assembly. He told them to "hire a hotel."

The committee was headed by John Weber of Washington street. The others were William Grant, Tremont street; Belle Lewis, Lawrence avenue; Hooton Thompson, Hammond street; Edward Stevens, Crawford street, and Charles Linder, Intervale street, all of Roxbury.

Weber began a wrangling series of objections to Gov. Ely's welfare program and what he termed the "inadequate" weekly welfare allotment. He continued with "struggle against the bankers."

"You want a row with me," the mayor replied. "You want a row with me."

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3—The enlisting of the interest of all citizens in the government of their city.

As chairman of the legislative committee of the club Mayor Curley wrote last night to all mayors urging them to confer with senators and representatives and impress on them the advisability of support of the Ely revenue program. Every mayor is expected also to write to both United States Senators and to congressmen in their districts to inform them that Gov. Ely is to be asked to make formal application for Massachusetts for a share of the federal fund.

Mayor Curley expects next week to hear the executive committee of the conference of mayors scheduled to ask the finance committee of the senate and possibly President Roosevelt for the speedy enactment of federal legislation which will permit the government to recognize 1933 tax anticipation notes as security for loans.

MAYORS BACH ELY

Group Indorses $30,000,000 Revenue Program

A group of Massachusetts mayors yesterday endorsed the $30,000,000 revenue program of Gov. Ely, delegated a committee to ask him to seek part of the $500,000,000 federal appropriation to be distributed to the various states and expressed favor for the proposal of the conference of mayors of the United States that the federal government lend money at not more than 3% interest to the states for tax anticipation notes of municipalities.

The meeting, which Mayor Curley has much difficulty in remembering because he had been told it was a regular session of the Mayors' Club and so assumed it would be held in a room at the Statler following the luncheon of the Massachusetts Safety Council. Mayor Casassa of Revere presided and there was no objection to approval of all the proposals calculated to allow cities to tap new sources of revenue.

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SCHOOL TEACHERS APRIL PAY DELAYED

Boston school teachers will not be paid for April because of the failure of the school department to complete the new payrolls necessary to the payment of the school department. Mayor Curley expects next week to hear the executive committee of the conference of mayors scheduled to ask the finance committee of the senate and possibly President Roosevelt for the speedy enactment of federal legislation which will permit the government to recognize 1933 tax anticipation notes as security for loans.

CITY TO GET BIDS TODAY ON $3,000,000 LOAN

The first result of Mayor Curley's conference last week with representative members of Boston mayors is to be known this noon when bids for a temporary loan of $3,000,000 on 1933 tax anticipation notes will be received by City Treasurer Dolan.

It was not known yesterday whether the temporary loan will be made available this year to refund debt of past years. The tax anticipation notes received by City Treasurer Dolan.

The temporary loan will be available for the refund of past years. The tax anticipation notes received by City Treasurer Dolan.

The temporary loan will be available for the refund of past years. The tax anticipation notes received by City Treasurer Dolan.
The Reds met with a different reception at City Hall today, and it took all the wind out of their sails. One of the usual delegations waited on Mayor Curley to demand food and shelter for hunger marchers here May 1. "Sure, sure," answered the mayor. "I promise everything. Take the 'works' and get out of here. I'm too busy to argue." Not a bit of opposition! The delegates were nonplussed. How can you go back to the comrades like a good martyr and curse the capitalists when the mayor tells you to take the "works."

CURLEY SCORES ON MARCHERS

Mayor Curley scored a strategic victory over a delegation representing 350 members of a "hunger army," which will march on the State House on May 1, when they called on him, half an hour late, today.

"I'm too busy to have any row with you," Curley told John Webber, spokesman for the group, who began a long argument on the plight of the unemployed.

The mayor then instructed the welfare department to provide food and lodging for the hunger marchers when they arrived here, gave them permission to parade, and bade them good day.

Having unexpectedly been granted all he was seeking, Webber and his committee left.

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JANUSCRIPT

Calls Hultman's Protest "Petulant"

Complaint by Police Commissioner Eugene C. Hultman that a 15 per cent cut in salaries is unfair to patrolmen and his request that the order be rescinded, attracted a reply from Mayor Curley that the police commissioner is "more concerned with the business of politics than with the business of the administration of the police department."

"Under the circumstances," the mayor wrote in reply to Mr. Hultman, "your petulant protest is both unworthy of a public official and ill-considered."

Mr. Hultman, in a letter to the mayor earlier in the day informing him that police salaries have been reduced in conformity with the executive order issued last week inasmuch as the police commissioner had no discretion in the matter, deplored the cuts as not only unfair but as causing "a particular and peculiar hardship to patrolmen."

The mayor told of the necessity of borrowing $8,000,000 to meet financial obligations incurred during the closing months of the year 1933.

"You are or should be, in possession of these facts," the mayor wrote in part, "and willing to assume your portion of the distasteful work in the matter of salaries, which it is clearly the duty of municipal officials to assume."
RENEWS CLAIM CITY PAYROLL IS PADDED

Research Bureau Points to Five-Day Week Order

The creation of a five-day week in various city departments, effective with the reduction in salaries of municipal employees this week, is an admission of the charge that those departments are "greatly overmanned," a statement issued by the Municipal Research Bureau and yesterday, Compensation should be reduced to the basis of the number of hours worked, according to the Bureau.

Mayor Curley, in answer to the bureau last night, said: "The feeble peep by the more feeble Boston Municipal Research Bureau in protest of the adoption of the five-day week was answered four days ago in a manner which anyone of ordinary intelligence could interpret." The Mayor quoted the two concluding paragraphs of the circular, sent to all department heads, in reference to the salary reductions. He called the attention of the bureau to these paragraphs "and I invite a study by them of the same and later an apology for "the capacious, carping criticism made this day."

The paragraphs direct department heads, with the exception of the fire, police, hospital and institutions department, to adopt a five-day week "where such adoption will not conflict with legal requirements or seriously interfere with the conduct of departmental business."

The statement of the bureau which drew the Mayor's fire was in part as follows:

"Establishment by the city of Boston of a five-day week in many city departments without additional employees is an official admission of the charge made repeatedly that those departments are greatly overmanned. The disappointing feature in the plan is that the public must bear the cost of a padded payroll, since neither elimination of unnecessary employees nor reductions in compensation on account of a shortened work-week is effected."

"There is no objection to a shorter work-week where it may be used to reduce an inflated payroll. In fact a "share-the-work" plan for overmanned departments might be the most equitable way to accomplish that purpose in many cases. With a shorter work-week, however, compensation should be reduced to the basis of the actual number of days worked. In those cases where it is impossible under the law to make such reductions, the only solution is that of elimination of unnecessary employees."

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"You are or should be, in possession of these facts," the Mayor wrote in part, "and willing to assume your portion of the distasteful work in the matter of salaries, which is clearly the duty of municipal officials to assume."

"You, likewise, overlook the all-important fact that legislation, making provision for salary reductions, was enacted by the Legislature. You are an appointee of the Governor of the Commonwealth, so any objection, or complaint, you may have to offer with reference to salary reductions should be directed to His Excellency, the Governor, and to the General Court. Reducing salaries is a most distasteful work and one which I do not relish, but one which I recognize as my duty to perform at the present time and in the performance of that duty I am entitled to cooperation, rather than negation from department heads."

Police Commissioner Eugene C. Hultman's complaint that a 15-percent cut in salaries was unfair to policemen and his request that the order, as affecting the officers, be reconsidered, was met last night by Mayor Curley with the retort that the police head is "more concerned with the business of politics than with the business of the administration of the Police Department."

"Under the circumstances," the Mayor wrote in reply to Mr. Hultman, "your petulant protest is both unworthy of a public official and ill-considered."

Mr. Hultman, in a letter to the Mayor earlier in the day informing him that police salaries have been reduced in conformity with the executive order issued last week inasmuch as the Police Commissioner had no discretion in the matter, deplored the cuts as not only unfair but as causing "a particular and peculiar hardship to Patrolmen." Mr. Hultman also asked if the abrogation of the step-rate method of paying police officers who had not reached the maximum pay was to be continued. Mayor Curley did not answer this specifically, but said the communication had been referred to the Budget Commission, "who will answer the same in detail."

Write Governor, He Says

The Mayor told of the necessity of borrowing $8,000,000 to meet financial obligations incurred during the closing months of the year 1932. "You are or should be, in possession of these facts," the Mayor wrote in part, "and willing to assume your portion of the distasteful work in the matter of salaries, which is clearly the duty of municipal officials to assume."

"You, likewise, overlook the all-important fact that legislation, making provision for salary reductions, was enacted by the Legislature. You are an appointee of the Governor of the Commonwealth, so any objection, or complaint, you may have to offer with reference to salary reductions should be directed to His Excellency, the Governor, and to the General Court. Reducing salaries is a most distasteful work and one which I do not relish, but one which I recognize as my duty to perform at the present time and in the performance of that duty I am entitled to cooperation, rather than negation from department heads."

Police Commissioner Eugene C. Hultman's complaint that a 15-percent cut in salaries was unfair to policemen and his request that the order, as affecting the officers, be reconsidered, was met last night by Mayor Curley with the retort that the police head is "more concerned with the business of politics than with the business of the administration of the Police Department."

"Under the circumstances," the Mayor wrote in reply to Mr. Hultman, "your petulant protest is both unworthy of a public official and ill-considered."

Mr. Hultman, in a letter to the Mayor earlier in the day informing him that police salaries have been reduced in conformity with the executive order issued last week inasmuch as the Police Commissioner had no discretion in the matter, deplored the cuts as not only unfair but as causing "a particular and peculiar hardship to Patrolmen." Mr. Hultman also asked if the abrogation of the step-rate method of paying police officers who had not reached the maximum pay was to be continued. Mayor Curley did not answer this specifically, but said the communication had been referred to the Budget Commission, "who will answer the same in detail."

Write Governor, He Says

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MAYOR LASHES HULTMAN OVER PROTEST ON CUT

'Unworthy,' 'Ill Considered' And 'Petulant' Action, Curley Declares

CHARGES POLITICS HIS CHIEF CONCERN

Tells Police Head to Address Further Complaints To Ely

Mayor Curley last night sharply re- 

buked Police Commissioner Hultman 

for a "petulant protest against 

reducing the salaries of policemen and 

characterized the action as "unworthy 

of a public official and ill-considered."

The mayor advised Hultman to make 

Gov. Ely and the Legislature recipients 

of further protests of the 15 per cent. 

reduction which the commissioner or-

dered earlier in the day.

Declaring that the protest filed with 

him by Hultman "clearly indicates to 

me that you are more concerned with 

business of the administration of the 

Police department," the mayor empha-

sized that although he did not relish the 

feeling entitled to co-operation rather than 

protests from department heads.

In ordering the salary reductions, 

Hultman issued a statement in which 

he cited the uselessness of refusal to 

cooperate with the mayor's decision which 

he termed a hardship to the police 

men.

He specifically asked the mayor to 

consider his decision to cut the sala-

ries of policemen 15 per cent., empha-

sized his claim that they have never 

been paid in comparison with the cost 

of living and invited the mayor to make 

known whether he proposes to continue 

his administrative policy of denying 

tasteful work and one which I do 

not relish but one which I recog-

nize as my duty.

In his answer to Commissioner Bull-

aun, the mayor, announcing that Bud-

get Commissioner Fox will make a re-

sponse in detail, said:

"I believe that proper to direct 

your attention to the fact that the 

reduction in salaries of policemen of 

the city was not a matter of choice 

on our part. The tax delinquency for 

the year 1932 was in excess of $17,-

000,000, making necessary the bor-

rowing of $8,000,000 to meet the 

financial obligations incurred dur-

ing the closing months of 1933. You 

are, or should be, in possession 

of these facts and willing to 

assume your portion of the distaste-

ful work. It is clearly the duty of mu-

icipal officials to assume the respon-

sibility of your belt. In the circum-

stances your protest is both unwise 

and unconsidered. It is clearly in my 

opinion that you are more concerned with the 

business of politics than the adminis-

tration of the police de-

partment, greatly as I regret to say 

it.

Evidently you have overlooked 

the all-important fact that reduc-

tions in an amount greater than 

that put in operation by the city 

of Boston have been adopted by the 

federal government and that reduc-

tions with a maximum as great as 

that put in operation by the state 

and the average reduction in sala-

ries in a majority of the major 

cities of the United States is in ex-

cess of the average reduction 

adopted in the case of Boston. You 

therefore overlook the all-important 

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reductions was enacted by the legislature. You 

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ference to salary reductions should 

be directed to his excellency, the 

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tasteful work and one which I do 

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behest of the party in control of the 

administration, rather than negativity 

from department heads.
clearly indicates to me," said the Mayor, "that you are more concerned with the business of politics than with the business of the administration of the police department, greatly as I regret to say it.

**State and Federal Cuts Greater**

"Evidently, you have overlooked the all-important fact that reduction in an amount greater than that put in operation by the city of Boston have been adopted by the federal government, and that reductions with a maximum as great as that put in operation by the city have been adopted by the State, and that the average reduction in salaries in a majority of the major cities of the United States is in excess of the average reduction adopted in the case of the city of Boston." 

"You, likewise, overlook the all-important fact that legislation, making provision for salary reductions, was enacted by the Legislature.

**Entitled to Co-operation**

"You are an appointee of the Governor of the Commonwealth, so that any objection or complaint you may have to offer with reference to salary reductions should be directed to the Governor, and to the General Court.

"Reducing salaries is a most distasteful work and one which I do not relish, but one which I recognize as my duty to perform at the present time, and in the performance of that duty I am entitled to co-operation rather than the negation from department heads."

**ATTACKS PAYROLL**

Research Bureau Claims Padded Payroll Admitted and Calls for Lopping Off Unneeded Employees

—Mayor Cites Tax Collection Record and Demands Apology

Claiming that the adoption of the five-day week at City Hall was an admission of a "padded payroll," the Boston Municipal Research Bureau, in a public statement last night, called upon Mayor Curley to eliminate alleged unneeded employees, and to allow the municipal workers only five days' pay for five days work.

"The city administration now in effect concede that in many departments all necessary service could be given the public with one-eleventh less employees," stated the Research Bureau. "Since no change is made in the payroll on that account, it is a serious injustice to private citizens who are suffering from unemployment, part-time work, or drastic reductions in income, to perpetuate the present excessive payroll.

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**MAYORS FOR ELY RELIEF MEASURES**

To Raise $30,000,000 by Sales, Income and Stock Tax

The Mayors' Club of Massachusetts voted yesterday to support Governor Ely's legislative measures to provide $30,000,000 through bond issue for the relief of cities and towns.

**UNDER WAGNER BILL**

A committee of the club, headed by Mayor Curley, as chairman of the legislative committee, was authorized to wait on the Governor and request him to make application to the government for Massachusetts' share of the $500,000 federal relief fund, which would be authorized under the Wagner bill.

The Bay State Mayors also urged the passage of federal legislation to permit the cities and towns to borrow money from the government on tax anticipation notes at a rate not in excess of 3½ per cent interest.

**Involves Sales Tax**

The Mayors in the 29 cities of the State will call their Senators and Representatives into conference and urge them to support Governor Ely's proposal in order to provide for the immediate enactment of the $30,000,000 State bond issue for the municipalities.

The money would be raised by the adoption of a sales tax, transfers from the State highway fund, increases in the excise tax and taxing income dividends upon the stock shares of Massachusetts corporations.

The Mayors will also notify their unsuccessful attempts to meet the demands for unemployment relief without placing the burden upon real estate.

Mayor Cassara of Revere presided.
Rourke Defends Paving Methods

Replies to Fin Com Plea for Saving $200,000

He Denies City Could Use Same Pavement as State Does

The report of engineer Guy C. Emerson to the Boston Finance Commission that a saving of $200,000 might be made by the city by changing its style of street paving brought a characteristic reply yesterday from Public Works Commissioner Joseph A. Rourke that a paper saving might be made by the substitution of inferior roadway construction that has been tried since the departure of engineer Emerson from the city service under the Fitzgerald administration.

Mr. Emerson pointed out that the city was paying $2.11 a square yard for its extension from Center Street to West Roxbury Parkway where it joins the Massachusetts Turnpike and that the State paid but 87 cents a square yard for the Brook Farm roadway. The State work is penetration macadam, which Mr. Rourke terms not of a permanent nature, unsuitable for Boston thoroughfares.

Fair Comparison Provided

In his report, Mr. Emerson said a fair comparison will be furnished of the wearing qualities of State and city pavements as a result of the connecting jobs.

The Park Commission insisted that the Brook Farm Parkway lacks foundation and that it will break up and settle while the city's road will be permanent, has a five-year guarantee; and that the State road will cost in time more for repairs than the difference in cost.

The city, in its continued use of smooth-surface bituminous pavements, in the opinion of Mr. Emerson, has not kept up to date with the developments of the road covering. He declared that in the future either penetration type of bituminous macadam or machine-mixed concrete aggregate concrete should be used.

The Rourke Reply

Mr. Rourke's reply, in part, said: "It is most unfortunate that the Finance Commission finds it necessary from time to time to indulge in sensational charges in order to justify its existence and that the engineer of the Finance Commission finds it necessary to revamp and revise old reports containing third-hand details presented with but slight changes from year to year. It is undoubtedly true that a paper saving of $200,000 might be made by the Public Works Department of Boston through the substitution of inferior roadway construction for the permanent character of construction that has been installed since the departure of engineer Emerson from the city service under the Fitzgerald administration.

"The only administration in my memory that has been fit to accept the judgment of the engineer of the Finance Commission in the matter of inferior road construction, inexpensive at time of installation, but twice as expensive as proper permanent road construction ultimately, was the Peters administration."

Cleaning Important

The recommendation for the installation of penetration macadam as a substitute for sheet asphalt or bitulithic paving such as has been installed by the State upon State highways is unsuitable for Boston thoroughfares. Consideration in highway construction must not only be given to the life of the highway, the durability of the highway, but in addition the cleanliness and appearance must be considered.

"The comparison as to surface yardage cost is valueless for the reason that the citation in the case of New York is based upon values obtained during a period when an asphalt war was in progress and the price at that time as made by the road construction companies represented in each case is a misleading figure. If the engineer of the Finance Commission could arrange a road construction war in Boston it would unquestionably be possible for the city to secure considerably lower prices than are now obtained. But even if a road construction war were created there is still ever present the possibility that the city might suffer as a consequence of inferior construction and the use of inferior materials."

Mayor Orders Printing of Booklet to Show Finances

Mayor Curley yesterday ordered the distribution of 5000 booklets containing financial facts and figures concerning the city of Boston which will roll off the municipal printing presses in unlimited number to meet the demand of the investing public.

"It is the greatest case at the country. Its securities were the best in the market, he talked.

In his booklet, the mayor pointed out that since it was chartered, Boston has met every mouth, and although the human obligation in the past 11 years, had never been forced to refund its debts and all of its poor and jobless through current taxes, even though the welfare costs jumped from a normal $2,000,000 a year to $12,000,000 for this year alone.

This means, he explained, that the burden of the depression will not be handed over to future taxpayers.

In the last 25 years the net output of the city has increased only $18,000,000, although in that same period the city has spent $40,000,000 for new school lands and buildings out of current taxes. Almost every other large city in the country, he said, has issued bonds to build schools to spread the burden of the depression, and the Sacred Cod was hugging in its place of honor.

At 8:35 they started searching the big campus. They were found from the dorm down into the depths of the building. From long unused rooms up around the halls, to where the boilers hissed uncomfortably just as they realized that history had been made up there. At 10 o'clock, surrounded by assembled guards, State detectives and worried officials, Fred H. Kimball, superintendent of buildings, told reporters what that first big search from cell to cell to find the lockers of students the story ran like this: The Sacred Cod was not on the ends of those two wires that dangled uselessly last night, as early as the bright daylight hours of the afternoon.

Lodging and Food Tickets for 350 Unemployed

Mayor Curley yesterday told John Webber of 775 Washington St., and others, that he would have the Welfare Department provide 350 unemployes and food tickets to 350 unemployed from various parts of the State who are planning to protest on May 5 Gov. Ely against the latter's tax plan, but when the group requested accomodations under the roof, he told them if they insisted on that condi-

The protests, according to Webber, are due to arrive late at the dawning of April 30.
Fin Com Engineer Attacks
Award of Paving Contracts
Emerson Declares Four Firms Got Bulk of Work at $1.24 More Than Paid by State—Curley Replies to Report

Contracts for practically all of the street paving and repair work done in Boston last year were awarded to four contractors, among whom the city paid $7.25 per square yard for the services of Mr. Guy Emerson, consultant engineer of the finance commission.

An extraordinary discrepancy between the prices paid for pavement by the state and by the city, indicating that the city has been paying $2.15 a square yard for the same services as it paid $7.25 a square yard for the same services in 1930 and 1931, was revealed in the report of Mr. Emerson, who estimated that at least $200,000 and perhaps $300,000 could be saved by the city by changing the system of awarding contracts.

CONTRACTORS NAMED
The four firms, who either as principal or sub-contractors, did 94.8 per cent of all paving done last year, are named in the report as Warren Bros. Road Construction Company, John McEachron Company, John McGovern Company, Central Construction Company and M. F. Gaddis.

Where paving was done by other contractors, one of these four firms, and no others, supplied the paving, the report states, and whenever one of the four did so, no public advertisement was required.

Where the amount of bituminous pavement laid was distributed among the four in the same proportion as for the years 1930 and 1931, Mr. Emerson said, hardly had the engineer's report been made public than Mayor Curley issued a statement in reply, in which he asserted the findings of Mr. Emerson "can have no weight with competent engineering minds."

In his personal criticism of Emerson, the mayor resurrected the "Topeka" controversy of the Peters administration and he termed the experiment as proper permanent road construction, inexpensive at time of installation, but twice as expensive as proper permanent road construction as a substitute for sheet asphalt or bitulithic paving such as has been installed in five years by the state highway department.

The recommendation for the installation of penetration macadam in its place as a substitute for sheet asphalt or the use of asphalt, as has been done in Topeka, and the adoption of Mayor Mayor Andrew J. Peters's an inferior type of material resembling a sheet asphalt pavement,

"The total amount of bituminous yardage cost is valueless for the reason that the citation in the case of New York is based upon values obtained during a period when asphalt was in progress and the price at that time was so high that the difference between asphalt and bituminous macadam was the same as the difference between sheet asphalt and Columbia road, and it was still better than any bituminous macadam road ever embarked upon by the Public Work Department of Boston."

The Finance Commission engineer retorted that Engineer Emerson's advice was taken by the city during the administration of former Mayor Peters to install "an inferior pavement resembling breakfast food," and that every yard of it had to be replaced with real permanent pavement within a period of five years, representing the most costly venture ever embarked upon by the Public Works Department of Boston.

"Engineer Emerson protested that the city was paying $1.17 per square yard for sheet asphalt, and was still better than any bituminous macadam pavement on Storrow Drive last night."

Claims of Guy C. Emerson, consulting engineer of the Boston Finance Commission, that the city could save $300,000 on its street paving programme last year by using cheaper types of pavement, bunching its contracts and advertising for free competition, drew Mayor Curley's fire last night.

HAD TO BE REPLACED
He reported that Engineer Emerson's advice was taken by the city during the administration of former Mayor Peters to install "an inferior pavement resembling breakfast food," and that every yard of it had to be replaced with real permanent pavement within a period of five years, representing the most costly venture ever embarked upon by the Public Works Department of Boston.

The Finance Commission engineer protested that the city was paying $1.17 per square yard for sheet asphalt, and was still better than any bituminous macadam pavement on Storrow Drive last night.

Point to Columbia Road
The Park Commission immediately replied that the State road would settle and break up, making the cost of replacement far in excess of the difference between the initial prices. The difference between asphalt and bituminous macadam was the same as the difference between sheet asphalt and bituminous macadam, and the difference of prices that would have been paid for sheet asphalt paving.

He complained that a "coterie of specialists," Warren Bros., John McGovern Co., Central Construction Co., and M. F. Gaddis, had a monopoly on the asphalt streets at prices exceeding those paid by Brookline and other cities.
Red Hunger Marchers Wanted Food and Shelter—Got It!

Mayor James M. Curley, right, made short work of the Red hunger marchers when they called on him again at City Hall yesterday. They demanded food and lodgings, just like the rest of the city's jobless and penniless, and he crossed everybody up by simply saying "O. K."

POLICE GUARD CITY EMBLEM FROM PLOT

Fish Snatched From House May Soon Be Replaced by Beer

A telephone threat of intention to steal the municipal flag from the staff in front of City Hall and use it for a wrapper for the missing sacred cod was today's first clue to the fate of the historic wooden fish, snatched yesterday from its moorings under the gilded dome of the State House.

The phone call, anonymous, came from a man with a youthful voice. It reached Col. William L. Anderson, assistant secretary to Mayor Curley, at the mayor's office at 9 a.m. This was the message:

"Tell Mayor Curley that when we return the sacred cod it will be wrapped in the municipal flag now flying from the pole in front of City Hall. Tell him to try and catch us taking the flag."

POLICE GUARD FLAG

Before Anderson could ask a single question the connection was cut off. Police tried in vain to trace the call, then posted a guard near the flag staff.

Two wires still dangled互释ly where for 38 years the silvered symbol of the Commonwealth's oldest industry hung suspended in the chamber of the House, and hourly the state police and State House guards issued bulletins for the information of the outraged public. They all said the same thing:

"The sacred cod is still missing."

It was a shocking state of affairs—or affair of state—whichever you will.

HUB MUST PAY 4.23 PER CENT

No Bids, But Treasurer Gets $3,000,000 Loan

Boston will be required to pay 4.23 per cent interest on its $3,000,000 tax anticipation loan obtained last night from local banks.

Before the $3,000,000 pay cut was ordered last Friday, City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan issued $1,000,000 tax anticipation notes at 4.25 per cent interest, making the new rate only 1-50 of a per cent lower.

None of the banks submitted bids. As a result, the city treasurer was forced to call upon the Boston Clearing House Association, and after a conference last night he announced that the Clearing House banks here had agreed to make the loan.

CITY WILL CARE FOR HUNGER MARCHERS

Assurance that 350 hunger marchers, who are expected to mobilize in Boston, May 1, would be furnished food and shelter by the welfare department was given by Mayor Curley yesterday to a committee which was bluntly told that unless accommodations are hired in one building, no effort will be made to shelter the group under the same roof.

The mayor gave the committee a short shrift, telling them to take their complaints elsewhere than City Hall and impressed on them that Boston has been treating its needy generously. He instructed the welfare department to provide tickets for distribution among the marchers.
TINY SALESWOMAN

Photo shows Judith Hope Allen, 3, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Allen of Lanark road, Brighton, one of the youthful and active members of the Ward 21 Civic Association, as she sold Mayor Curley tickets for the benefit performance at the Capitol Theatre Monday night.

ELY, CURLEY TO OPEN LINKS

In Fourseome at Franklin Park Tomorrow

Boston's Park Commission has invited Governor Ely to join with Mayor Curley in a foursome and mark the opening of the official season at the municipal golf course at Franklin Park tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Taking a tip from State procedure on the State-owned golf course, the Park Commission will permit Sunday golf to start on the municipal course at 10 o'clock in the morning, rather than at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, as has been the custom in past years.

There will be no reduction in the rates at Franklin Park this year, the old rate of $1 will be charged for yearly permits, and $1 a day for those who are not yearly members. These rates last year brought $150 into the city treasury, which represented a profit of $5,000 above the expenses of the municipal links.

MAYOR WOULD FIRE HULTMAN

Only Regrets He Has Not the Authority

Mayor Curley asserted yesterday that he would "fire" Police Commissioner Hultman if he had any authority over the Boston police department.

"I might perhaps get a less efficient and less intelligent man, but if I had any control over the police commission-er, who is appointed by the Governor, he would probably not be there," said the Mayor.

This was his answer to the unemployed councils of Boston, who requested the Mayor to order the police to abandon their alleged cruel treatment of "hunger marchers."

The Mayor granted them a permit to stage a May Day parade Monday over the uptown parade route and agreed to provide through the public welfare department, overnight lodging and dinner and breakfast for 300 members of the "hungry army" expected here. But he told them he had nothing to do with the police, and expressed regret that he didn't.

The spokesman of the group, John Webber, giving all addresses on Washington street, South End, provoked the Mayor with demands for federal, state and outside relief and his insistence upon discussing general questions.

"Get out of here," commanded the Mayor, "I have agreed to give you all that can be extended by the city to its citizens. You only want an argument. I am too busy!"
CURLEY SCORES REALTORS

Members of the Boston Real Estate Exchange and their clients are charged by Mayor Curley with being engaged in a tax-dodging racket against the city. In his reply to the exchange's demand that he discharge city employees and consolidate departments for economy, the demands were flatly rejected in the mayor's answer and he declared he would discharge no more city employees. He declared that discharge of employees by a private concern might help the concern, but it would only turn the jobless workers to the city for welfare. He pointed to the $11,000,000 jump in relief payments in the past year as an example of this.

HEIL LESS ON CUT, SAYS HULTMAN

Police Commissioner Hultman last night stated that there was nothing further that he could do toward reconsideration by the Mayor of the 15 per cent cut in salary for police.

"There was only one avenue open to me," said Hultman, "and that is to protest to the Mayor. I have done so and refuse to reconsider his decision. There is nothing further that I can do."

BIDS CURLEY'S SON TO FISHING TRIP IN MAINE

With the assurance that the fishing in Maine is far better than that in Jamaica pond, Gov. Lewis J. Brandl of Maine, during a visit to Mayor Curley today, invited the mayor's young son, Francis, to go fishing with him in the Pine Tree state. The invitation will probably be accepted, as Francis is an ardent angler.

WREATHS MUST BE BOUGHT HERE

Veterans' organizations of Boston were warned today by Michael F. Curley, associate director of public celebrations, that wreaths, flags and flowers used by the veterans in decorating graves and commemorating squares named for veterans on May 30, must be purchased in Boston.

The veterans, under the decorations and the bills are sent to the city for payment, and Curley declared today that it is only fair that Boston merchants, who are among the taxpayers, get the business.

If any veterans' group in Boston buys decorations outside of Boston, the group will have to pay the bill itself, Curley said.

BOSTON UNPAID TAXES LOWEST

Boston has the lowest percentage of uncollected taxes among 11 of the largest cities in the state, according to a statement prepared under direction of Mayor Curley and issued today to show the true financial condition of the city.

Only 21.26 per cent of the 1922 taxes were uncollected up to April 1. The city with the next best record is Cambridge, with 22.84 per cent of its taxes uncollected. Somerville has collected only 70 per cent of its taxes, while Springfield has collected but 68 per cent.

NORTH FERRY STOPS RUNNING MONDAY NIGHT

Mayor Finds Expense More Than City Can Afford

The North ferry, supplying ferry service to East Boston, will be discontinued Monday night.

Mayor Curley made this decision today, despite vigorous protest by a group of East Boston residents led by Representative Alexander Sullivan, Councilman William H. Barker and Joseph Pagliulo.

FINANCIAL NECESSITY

A committee called upon the mayor at City Hall, asking that the closing of the ferry be deferred, but, despite their objections, the mayor declared it was a financial necessity.

The mayor declared he knew of no way to defend a decision to continue North ferry service, which brought in revenue of only $11,000 last year. The South ferry brings in revenue of $58,000.

The mayor said that there was talk of a traffic tunnel being proposed and accepted with the understanding that its completion would mean the elimination of one ferry service.

The mayor pointed out that there is a deficit of $400,000 in the operation of the ferries and curtailment is necessary.

The East Boston delegation said they were appearing chiefly in behalf of pedestrians, who find it a great inconvenience to use the South ferry.

COMPROMISE REFUSED

The delegation asked for a compromise, to use the North ferry in the summer months, but the mayor replied the city's financial condition didn't justify it. If it should develop that the South ferry is unable to care for traffic in the summer, the North ferry might be reopened, the mayor said.

CURLEY ADAMANT ON FERRY CLOSING

Arguments presented by a large delegation of East Boston residents in favor of the retention of the North Ferry failed to move Mayor Curley today. The ferry, which has been in operation for seventy-five years, will be discontinued tomorrow night, in accordance with the notice posted two weeks ago by John F. Sullivan, superintendent in charge.

The mayor told his visitors that he knew of no way to defend a decision to continue service for which the revenue of last year amounted to only $11,900 in comparison with the $58,000 revenue of the South Ferry. For years the ferry debt has amounted to an average of $400,000. Furthermore, according to the mayor, when the East Boston traffic tunnel is opened, there will be a great decrease in the use of the North ferry.
CURLEY REJECTS MERGER PLAN

Hits Plea of Real Estate Exchange to Consolidate Departments

REBUKES MEMBERS FOR VALUATION CUTS

Despite a vote of the Boston Real Estate Exchange that "we believe that consolidation of departments accompanied by substantial reductions in personnel are not only possible, but necessary," Mayor Curley yesterday issued a statement that he will not consider discharging municipal employees.

"What this country needs today is an increase in the opportunities for employment rather than a decrease," he said. "It is not my intention to aggravate the problem of public welfare by substantial reductions in the personnel of the city."

CURLEY TO SPEAK AT FARLEY FETE

Mayor Curley yesterday accepted an invitation extended by Grover A. Whalen, former postmaster of New York, to be a speaker at the dinner which New York Democrats will tender Saturday, May 13, at the Hotel Commodore to Postmaster-General James A. Farley.

"The matter cannot be delayed further," he said today to Barker and to Representatives Alexander Sullivan, Tony Cenacchio, and Thomas Barry of East Boston.

The mayor explained to a committee that the North Ferry originally was scheduled to close January 1 but that such action had been postponed until tomorrow on appeal of City Councillor William H. Barker of East Boston.

"The matter cannot be delayed further," he said today to Barker and to Representatives Alexander Sullivan, Tony Cenacchio, and Thomas Barry of East Boston.

CURLEY DISCUSSES NEW TAX PLAN WITH GOV ELY

Mayor Curley, accompanied by Samuel Silverman, corporation counsel, and Edmund D. Deane, city treasurer, called on Gov. Ely yesterday afternoon and discussed with him the proposal for new taxation which will provide $30,000,000 for the relief of cities and towns. Mayor Curley told the Governor that the Mayors' Clubs had indicated their opposition to the new taxes and that the chief executives of the various cities had promised to do what they could to persuade the Senators and Representatives to vote for it.

GHOBPX

CURLEY BOY TO FISH IN MAINE

Having become the champion fisherman of Jamaica Pond, young Francis Curley, nine-year-old son of Mayor Curley, is going to extend his piscatorial trip into Maine—at the invitation of no less a personage than Governor Louis Blodgett. Governor Blodgett called on Mayor Curley today and extended an invitation to young Francis to go to Maine as the governor's own guest and try his luck in the lakes and streams of that state. Mayor Curley said he knew the boy would be delighted and said he would go too.
These are the notables taking part in the colorful President's Day radio program tonight through WEEI. They will inform listeners as to the significance of Sunday, April 30, designated as the day of recognition and prayer for the continued health and leadership of Franklin D. Roosevelt. On the program are Mayor Curley, Lieut.-Gov. Gaspar Bacon, George M. Cohan, Elliot Daniel, musical director of the Statler Orchestra; Willie Morris, WEEI soloist and Newcomb F. Thompson, Boston American radio editor, who will direct the program for the Boston Sunday Advertiser.
MAYOR TO SUPPORT ELY PLAN

Sales Tax Essential City and Town Aid, He Says

Mayor Curley yesterday pledged his support and that of the Mayors' Club to the programme of Governor Ely for a sales tax, a tax on the income from stocks of domestic business corporations and the diversion of $8,000,000 from the highway fund to the general revenue of the State, as a means of reducing city and town tax rates on real estate and tangible personal property.

AGREES TO SALES TAX

The Mayor told the Governor, in a brief conference in the executive chamber, that he and the other mayors have agreed to call members of the Legislature from the respective cities into conference and urge them to support the programme in a general way.

Mayor Curley said he and the other mayors believe it may be possible to work out some way of preventing any increases in the lower brackets on earned income, through the elimination of exemptions on account of a wife or children under 18 years old, but he declared that he will co-operate in every possible way to help put through the Governor's plan.

Mayor Curley has not always been a believer in the sales tax. He admitted that yesterday and added:

"I do not believe the general objections to a sales tax are strong enough to offset the necessity for action to give the municipalities of the State, practically every one of which has its financial problems, the $8,000,000 or more which will have to be raised in order to help in this tax crisis.

"We who might prefer some other way of providing the revenue will have to agree to the sales tax as a part of the general programme such as the Governor has proposed. It is estimated that some $8,000,000 would be raised by a sales tax, as I understand it, and I am sure all of the mayors in the State will co-operate to that end."

Wants Federal Aid

The Mayor also suggested at yesterday's meeting that the Governor make application for the State's share of the $85,000,000 which the federal government proposes to raise for cities and towns in financial distress.

"I should suppose it might be possible for Massachusetts to get approximately $25,000,000 from that source," said the Mayor. "Of that amount Boston would get about 25 per cent, or something more than $6,000,000, for which we would be really grateful. The Governor promised to give that matter consideration, but I assume it would be better to get the new State revenue bill through first, if that can be done."

Mayor Curley expressed confidence there will be little opposition to the Boston appropriation limit bill, which is on its way through the Legislature, and that the Governor will approve it. The Mayor said that this measure, in which the committee on municipal finance proposed a limit of more than $35,000,000 on city appropriations, is entirely satisfactory to him.

The Mayor expressed regret that the Governor will be unable to join his foursome at the opening of the municipal golf links at Franklin Park this afternoon, and invited State House reporters to participate in the formal opening for, with probably not more than it holes.

WARD 14 CLUB BACKS FOLEY FOR MAYOR

Foley for Mayor

At a meeting of the Ward 14 Democratic Club held last evening at the club headquarters, 28 Talbot avenue, Dorchester, William J. Foley was endorsed unanimously as the next Mayor of Boston. The club voted to change the name of the club to the Ward 14 Foley for Mayor Club.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Charles Kaplan; first vice-president, Abe Gray; second vice-president, Nathan S. Soller; treasurer, Abe Kandell; secretary, Harry Ginsberg; assistant secretary, Samuel Epstein. The executive committee elected were as follows: Chairman, Dr. Bernard Pinkelstein; Jack Ravey, Robert F. Wachman, Fred Monoson, James Polack, David Charan, Harris King, Morris Levine, Murray Harris. A meeting of the Ward 14 Foley for Mayor club will be held on Monday evening, May 1, at the clubhouse at 28 Talbot avenue, Dorchester. The guest will be District Attorney Foley of Suffolk County.

CURLEY AND ELY MAY PLAY AT FRANKLIN PARK GOLF COURSE OPENING

The Franklin Park golf course will be officially opened tomorrow afternoon at 2:30. Park Commissioner William Long has invited Mayor Curley and Gov Ely to play in the official foursome.

The State plan of opening at 10 a.m. instead of 2 p.m. on Sundays has been adopted.
R. E. Exchange in Tax Dodging Racket, Says Mayor

Demands of the Boston Real Estate Exchange for further reductions in the city's expenses through consolidation of city departments and discharge of municipal employees were flatly rejected last night by Mayor Curley in a sharp reply accusing exchange members and their clients of engaging in a tax-dodging racket against the city.

$38,156,500 IN ABATEMENTS

The "staggering proportions" of the alleged racket, the Mayor charged, was indicated in the records of the assessing department, showing that last year abatements totaling $38,156,500 were recorded representing $2,315,929 43 in taxes lost by the city. Forty per cent of this loss resulted, the Mayor charged, from decisions of the State Board of Tax Appeal, which he characterized as "the organization which has functioned apparently for the sole benefit of those who desire to evade their just responsibility to the city."

Cut Expenses $8,000,000

It was estimated that the total applications for pending abatements represented $20,000,000 in valuations and in taxes, and called upon the exchange and its "allies" to co-operate and get the exchange members and their clients of engaging in a tax-dodging racket against the city. Declining to "fire" city employees at the suggestion of the Mayor Curley to apply to the federal government for a loan to Massachusetts and the States Board of Tax Appeal, which he characterized as "the organization which has functioned apparently for the sole benefit of those who desire to evade their just responsibility to the city."

FIRINGS

$11,000,000 Jump for Relief

Declining to discharge any more city employees, the Mayor contended "What this country needs today is an increase in opportunities for employment rather than a decrease."

"My position with reference to the subject of discharging employees is well known," replied the mayor. "What this country needs today is an increase in the opportunities for employment rather than a decrease. It is not my intention to aggravate the problem when the contract was awarded yesterday to the lowest bidder. Then there were 20 bidders for the job of laying sewerage works in Boston, the contract went to the lowest bidder at a price of $2,000,000 and the contractor went to the lowest bidder at a price of $2,000,000. What this country needs today is an increase in the opportunities for employment rather than a decrease."

URGES ELY TO ASK FOR FEDERAL LOAN

Curley Will Support Governor's Taxation Program

Gov. Ely was urged yesterday by Mayor Curley to apply to the federal government for an loan to Massachusetts of the $20,000,000 fund to be made available for cities and towns in financial distress. The Governor did not commit himself on the proposal. The mayor, accompanied by Samuel Silverman, corporation counsel, and Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer, told the Governor he would support any legislation which would attempt to make sure of which the cost of materials and the lower cost of materials at this time, the city is getting the work done at bargain prices, the Mayor said.

CITY BENEFITS

Many Submit Bids for Work Contracts

Competition among city contractors to obtain construction work was never so keen as it is now, according to Mayor Curley, looking back over 20 years of public life.

A letter from the exchange was the read in part, "We are convinced that additional reductions must be made in the expenses of the city if they are to be met by the collection of taxes for the year."

"My position with reference to the subject of discharging employees is well known," replied the mayor. "What this country needs today is an increase in the opportunities for employment rather than a decrease. It is not my intention to aggravate the problem of the public welfare department when the contract was awarded yesterday to the lowest bidder. Then there were 20 bidders for the job of laying sewerage works in Boston, the contract went to the lowest bidder at a price of $2,000,000 and the contractor went to the lowest bidder at a price of $2,000,000. What this country needs today is an increase in the opportunities for employment rather than a decrease."

TO INSTALL PUMPS

At CITY HOSPITAL

As a result of a survey made by Dean Peabody, Jr., of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology two pumps will have to be installed in the City Hospital to take care of the water that seeps into the basements of the buildings in times of high tides.

During the recent spring tides, the water rose in the basement locker rooms until it nearly reached the nurse's skirts and forced the removal of the hospital records to a safe spot. Several remedies for the situation were suggested, but Mayor Curley adopted the recommendation of the Technical Expert and the pumps will be installed without delay.
OUR SACRED COD FLITTED FROM ITS PERCH

AH! I SEE IM TO TAKE PLACE AMONG SOMEBODY'S SOUVENIRS.

TOOT HOO!

SUSPECTED FRATHOUSE SCENE, OF RECENT DATE.

THO HE'S SAYING ME FOR A RIDE EVERY DAY.

IF THEY'D ONLY COME BACK FOR MORE.

TOP O' THE MORNING, MR. MAYOR!

RUMOR HATH IT—WILL BE RETURNED VIA MAYOR CURLY'S DOORSTEP.

HURRY FELLOWS! THERE ARE OTHER OBJECTS FOR ART WE SHOULD REMOVE FROM THE HILL!
MUSICAL COMEDY PRESENTED
BY JAMES M. CURLEY JR COURT

"Flying Feet," a musical comedy, was presented by James M. Curley Jr Court, M. C. O. F., last night at the Repertory Theatre, Huntington av.

Leading roles were played by Sylvia Dalley and John McGilvray. The feature act was the doll dance, led by Esther Behan. Other prominent roles were taken by Warren Foley, Joseph Coppenrath, Anna Ahern and Agnes Fitzgerald.

Among those present were Mayor James M. Curley, Miss Mary Curley, City Trees Edmund L. Dolan, Past High Chief Ranger Joseph A. Cahman and Chairman William A. Reilly and Maurice Tobin of the School Committee. Paul Curley, son of the Mayor, was master of ceremonies. The Mayor was introduced by James L. O'Connor.

The committee was headed by Helen Page and John McGilvray, assisted by Catherine Roche, George Scott, James G. Tobin, Wilmore Hoehn, Lillian Burke, John Moriarty, Constance Meagher, Robert Donigan, Anne Quinn, Arthur Gillis, Mary Mansfield, W. O'Hara, P. Murphy, Lloyd Carnegie, Anna Coyne, Leonard Dolan, Agnes Fitzgerald, John Callaghan, William J. Keane and James McDonald.

Paul Brouser Names May 17 as Date for Big Carnival

Paul Brouser has named May 17 as the date for the monster wrestling carnival he will stage at the Boston Garden for Mayor Curley's welfare fund. Brouser plans to show four of the greatest wrestlers in the world in his two feature bouts.

Brouser is not yet prepared to name the wrestlers who will appear on the card, but I understand he has already closed with Ed Don George for a world's title defense bout. Brouser recognizes the fact the fans would like to see George knocked off his throne, and expects to secure an outstanding opponent to meet the champion. Brouser says the fans will then storm the Garden in the hope of being in at the passing of the champion.

Brouser originally planned to stage his wrestling carnival on May 16, but postponed the show one day so as to line up the best wrestlers in the world.

Franklin Park Golf Is Opened by Mayor

Boston's public links golf season was opened when Mayor Curley stepped to the first tee at Franklin Park and topped his drive, sending the ball scarcely 75 yards down the fairway.

He then teamed with Eugene McSweeney, to defeat his son Paul, and Park Commissioner William P. Long, 1 up, in an 11-hole match abbreviated because of the poor condition of seven fairways.

Commissioner Long had the best round, 53 strokes, and Mayor Curley's 62 was second.

Mayor Felicitates Mr. Hearst

Among the many messages of felicitation sent by Boston friends to William Randolph Hearst at San Simeon, Cal., today, on the occasion of his 70th birthday, was one from Mayor Curley, long-time friend of the publisher.

Mayor Curley's telegram to the publisher said:

"May God grant you health, happiness and 70 more birthdays, each representing another year of useful service and leadership in America."
Seeking G. O. P. Man to Oppose Walsh in 1934

Scouts Mention Draper, Fred Butler, Hannigan, Martin, and Andrew for "Martyr" Duty

By William F. Furbush

Who will be the Republican possessing the political tenacity to run against Senator David I. Walsh when he comes up for re-election in 1934 and 1936? This is a question which is tormenting restless would-be Republican state-makers. They are furtively sending up balloon suggestions for some major office, but for the present they indicated that his duties of working in coordination with the Republican National Committee for a moratorium on national politics in effect as leaders of both parties believe that the Republican candidate will not be expected to seek the office of the President in 1936 or hint from any putative aspirant for the toga worn by the Democratic senior senator. Rumors have their basis in that very silence as each move of a political nature, or interpreted as such, is recorded by men active in the general arena of politics.

Among the political phenomena of the Bay State and that his strength—barring Walsh in a general revolt—is the double possibility of Bacon contesting that seat. As one of the Democratic state leaders, he has in mind the high type of Carl P. Dennett as a candidate for the school committee, but with the mayoralty, in view of his advanced years, he has no chance of succeeding.

It is a matter of almost general belief that Mayor Curley is on the road to run against Senator Marcus A. Coolidge for the Senate seat in 1936. His strength, which is mounting, is the political leadership of the city. As the campaign manager in the laters memorable senatorial nomination in 1930, it was by opposing the demands of the team, the Boston police, and the leading organiz暴on never discussed mayoral mull dates except in official communications. Few men understand municipal conditions better and go after the Coolidge seat. As one of the Democratic state leaders, he has in mind the high type of Carl P. Dennett as a candidate for the school committee, but with the mayoralty, in view of his advanced years, he has no chance of succeeding.

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FIVE-DAY WEEK OLD NORTH FERRY HAS TO RETIRE

Skeleton Forces on Duty
Today in City Departments Affected

TO PERFORM ONLY NECESSARY DUTIES

The five day week, adopted by Mayor Curley as a fixed municipal policy for the remainder of the year, will be effective today in one major and a number of minor city departments.

NURMBER IN DOUBT

How many city employes will benefit is uncertain but the majority of the approximately 8000 employes in the public works department make up the large percentage of the beneficiaries of the mayor's decision to compensate workers for loss of pay by time off Saturday.

Only the service actually necessary will be performed in the public works department. This will include the regular street cleaning done on Saturday, supervision of the inspection staff of work on municipal contracts, and the assembling of emergency crews in the various city yards to respond to urgent calls.

Departmental offices in City Hall will be open until noon only but a few of the permanent personnel in each has been assigned to work.

In the public buildings department, the other day week will not be effective in the Department heads have interpreted the mayor's order as delegating authority to them to determine whether employes who work three days will be allowed compensatory time off. In the public works department, such allowance will not be made but in the public buildings department, the mayor has ruled that such allowance can be made without curtailment of regular week day service.

As a result of the plan about 2000 employes of the public works department will go without their days off by visiting the city yards where they are regularly employed. The paymen paid Saturday forenoon. The payment of Saturday forenoon. The payment will be on duty but the workers will be forced to reverse the practice and visit the paymen.

City Treasurer Dolan announced yesterday that it will probably require two or three weeks to rearrange the schedule of paydays so as to complete the circuit of departments in five days.

At the end of a round century of service, the old North Ferry will go out of commission at 10 o'clock tonight when its weather-beaten ensign will be hauled down by General Foreman John F. Sullivan, bowing in tribute to municipal economy.

EIGHTEEN MORE JOBLESS

Eighteen temporary firemen and deckhands will join the jobless, one of the steamers will be tied up to the dock, and the other will he shunted over to the South Ferry, where three boats will provide continuous service 24 hours a day.

Through these economy measures it is expected that the city will save between $65,000 and $75,000 a year for its taxpayers, but there will still be a tremendous deficit through the operation of the ferry service, which this year past showed a loss of $140,000.

Deficits have been the regular thing with the ferry service since it was first established in 1856 to provide speedy and convenient communication between East Boston and the mainland.

Bought by City in 1879

Operated first by a chartered corporation representing the East Boston Company and the Eastern railroad, its tolls were maintained to provide a percent interest for the stockholders in those days.

But when the island population increased from almost nothing in 1885, to 30,000, the residents raised a protest against the heavy tolls, and the city bought the ferries in 1895 at a cost of $275,000, operating them later as a matter of convenience for the residents rather than for gain.

Residents headed by City Councillor William H. Baker and the district's three Representatives, marched in protest to Mayor Curley's office yesterday, insisting that East Boston had as much right to free ferries as other sections of the city had to free bridges and costly highways to connect them with the mainland.

But the Mayor replied that he had no other choice as a result of the demands of the Finance Commission and the other organizations for sharp reductions in the city's expenditures for municipal services.

CURLEY WILL FISH IN MAIN WITH SON FRANCIS, 9, TO ACCEPT INVITATION

MAYOR CURLEY AND HIS YOUNGEST SON, Francis, 3-year-old champion angler of Jamaica Pond, are going down to Maine this summer to try out the famous fishing streams. The invitation to bring their rods and reels along was extended yesterday by Governor Louis J. Brann, Maine's Democratic chief executive, who called yesterday at City Hall while visiting the city. The Mayor accepted and they have only to rearrange the date.

NERALD HUNGER MARCHERS TO GET FOOD HERE

Welfare Dept. to Distribute Tickets After Meeting on Common Monday

The 350 "hunger marchers" whom Boston will feed and shelter Monday, after their scheduled meeting at the Parkman bandstand on the Common at noon, will be forced to reach their destination by three circuitious routes designated yesterday by the street commission.

The police department will enforce the decision of the commission and prevent any parade demonstration in the downtown sector.

The group, arriving from Chelsea, will be routed by choice, to East Boston, thence back to Chelsea and through Charlestown to Commercial and Prince streets. The route will lead along Hanover street to ficayla square, Cambridge and Charles streets.

The group coming from Mattapan will be ordered to follow Blue Hill avenue and a circuit of streets to Columbus avenue and Park square.

The third group will be escorted from Cambridge over the Craigie bridge to Leverett, Lynde and Charles streets.

Mayor Curley has granted a permit for the meeting on the Common and the welfare department will distribute food tickets which will be recognized in other restaurants as well as tickets for a night's lodging in one of a half dozen West end hotels.
MAYOR CURLEY DRIVES FIRST BALL OFF TEE

Mayor James M. Curley drove the first ball to open the Franklin Park golf course in Franklin Park yesterday. His Honor took a healthy swing at the ball at the first tee.

Mayor James M. Curley as he officially opened the municipal golf links in Franklin Park yesterday. His Honor took a healthy swing at the ball at the first tee.

The latter was substituting for His Excellency, Governor Joseph B. Ely, who was unable to appear, due to business pressure.

A crowd of 200 witnessed the mayor fire the opening gun. Included in the gathering was Marshall G. "Hal" Clark, who purchased the first annual permit for the sixth successive year.

The honor of buying the first daily cards went to Mr. and Mrs. Roland Perry of New York, members of the "Of Thee I Sing" company.

The change in date was made with the hearty approval of Mayor Curley, who will lend his wholehearted assistance in putting the show over the top. The mayor's fund will receive a percentage of the gross receipts, and His Honor is hopeful that more than $5000 will be realized.

MARY E. CURLEY AUXILIARY GIVES SONG, DANCE COMEDY

The Mary E. Curley Auxiliary and Garrison No. 88, Army and Navy Union, U. S. A., entertained a large audience last evening in the auditorium of the Municipal Building, Brookline, at and Shawmut av, in a song and dance comedy, "Mud Town Minstrels." Peter J. Wiley directed the sketches and Miss Agnes Brennan conducted the dance specialties. The musical numbers were led by Miss Ellen Hynes.

The scene opened in "Hammerhead's Grocery Store" with John Gorham interlocutor and his endmen, Thomas Wiley, Edward County, John Comeau, Joseph Lynch, Florence Sweeten, and Peter Wiley ready to greet the company.

"Bean Town School" demonstrating toe-tinkling and acrobatic dances with Charles Gillard, as "teacher," enticed Ruth Grenier, Rose Sistare Tom Wiley, Ruth Chamberlin, Dorothy Milberry, Helen Murphy, Frances Clougherty, and Helen Clougherty.

Helen Walsh, Mildred Walsh, Alice Libby, Minnie Comeau, Agnes MacDonough, Helen Donovan, Evelyn Fleming and Helen Murphy were "Chorus Girls." Commander Joseph Sweeten, of the men's organization, and Commander Eleanor Lunt of the auxiliary were in charge of the general entertainment committee.
Wants Gas Tax

to Lower Real

Estate Burden

Boston Real Estate Exchange
Says State and City Have Not
Cut Expenses Fairly

The Boston Real Estate Exchange is dissatisfied with the failure of the Commonwealth and the city to make the real reductions in expenses that it hopes for and expected, and it says so in a statement issued today and ending by calling on the mayor and other civic organizations, and recent reductions in expenses that it hoped for road work already under way and for maintenance of highways, to help relieve real estate taxes. The statement follows:

In view of published comments of the mayor on the opinion expressed in a letter on the need for further economy in city expenditures, the Boston Real Estate Exchange feels that a review of the situation to date should be of public interest.

During the past year the smouldering resentment against the heavy gas and gasoline tax collections, which was the height of credits and taxes and gasoline tax money, except what is needed to finish road work already under way and for maintenance of highways, to help relieve real estate taxes. The statement follows:

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OLD FERRY MAKES HER FINAL TRIP

Two Extra Toots of Whistle, 100-Years Service Ends

There were two extra toots of the whistle of the Ralph Polumbo on the 10 o'clock trip from East Boston last night. That was all the ceremony. The 10 passengers who paid a cent each to make the trip over to the city shivered a bit in the chilly wind which swept across the water. The lone motorist, who paid a dime to have his coupe brought over on the boat just sat at the wheel without displaying any emotion whatever.

FEW HEED OCCASION

He didn't seem to realize that he was the last person who would cross the North Ferry with an automobile. The 10 pedestrians huddled in the shelter of the front cabin. They paid no attention to the extra whistles, either. No one seemed to care for the outlandish trip to the East.Boston to Atlantic avenue was the last to be made by the famous old ferry, which has given almost uninterrupted service for just over 100 years.

Captain Charles Crocker, in charge of the Polumbo, gave a few more toots of the whistle as his host churned its way into midstream. He got some attention here. Other skippers, in command of togs and other vessels in the stream and at the shore answered him this time. There was a blare of whistles for a time and then it was all over.

Emergency Service Possible

The 1896 service was ended. The Polumbo nosed its way into the slip at Atlantic avenue and there was no one there to greet it except the lone gate-tender. He lowered the gangway and the lone motorist drove away. The 10 pedestrians hurried off the boat and that was all there was to it. Captain Crocker sighed and the fires were banked for the last time and the boat was put over at the dock beside the slip.

It was in the interests of economy that the city closed the service, it was stated at City Hall. The city officials said the South Ferry would be able to take care of all the traffic.

Officials of the ferry service say that for booking purposes a boat will be kept at the North Ferry. As long as the hoisting apparatus is in condition, they said, the ferry will be used as an auxiliary to the South Ferry, and in case of a big fire, a serious traffic tie-up or another emergency the service can be resumed temporarily at a moment's notice.

TRIBUTE GIVEN TO ROOSEVELT IN BROADCAST

Lt.-Gov. Bacon, Curley, Cohan Head Radio Program Here to Honor President's Day

A stirring tribute to the leadership of Franklin D. Roosevelt was paid by Republican Lieut.-Gov. Gaspar G. Bacon when state, city and theatrical leaders joined in a gala radio salute to President's Day, broadcast over Station WEEI under the auspices of the Boston Sunday Advertiser Friday night.

Mayor James M. Curley, and George M. Cohan, representing the stage, were other featured speakers on the program. Elliot Daniel's Hotel Statler orchestra and Willis Morris, soprano, were heard in musical selections.

"There is only one leader who has exhibited rare strength and courage. The prestige of our country and every ounce of our patriotism demands that we rise above petty jealousies in our loyalty to the President."

Asking prayers throughout the city today for the nation's leader, Mayor Curley declared:

"We are indebted this Sunday to devote a part of the day to offering a prayer for the outstanding courage and leadership of that great American who has done so much for our country and gives promise of doing so much for the entire world—Franklin D. Roosevelt, President of the United States."

Mayor Curley also congratulated William Randolph Hearst, publisher, whose newspapers, including the Boston Sunday Advertiser, have widely sponsored President's Day and who yesterday observed his 70th birthday.

"It is fitting, too," he said "to pay tribute to this great American character in newspapers which extend over the entire country and whose influence is worldwide."

"I am very greatly pleased to extend congratulations on behalf of the citizens of Boston to the most American, with the wish that he might continue his career of usefulness for 70 more years."

George M. Cohan, actor, playwright and producer, was introduced, too, at the microphone to the familiar strains of "Yankee Doodle, Doo, and in the characteristic style that has won him fame and popularity at the footlights, said:

"President's Day is a great idea, and in connection with President Roosevelt, we necessarily have to be grateful because he's a Great President. The United States is certainly

OLDTERRY

rt. Adj. Emery A. Keen, head of the Navy Department, in Washington last night announced that the payroll could not be completed until this week, due to the fact that the school department had not started its work on the list until after April 21, when the new salary scale was promulgated.

The additional delay is due to the fact that there is a great amount of work still to be done on the tardily received list, according to Swan.

The school committee, at its session last night approved the salary cuts, which will save the city ,479,0,000, but Chairman Reilly criticized bankers as being responsible for the reductions and the Legislature for taking powers away from the school board.

Dr. Charles Mackey criticized bankers and capitalists for not hearing their share," The committee also congratulated the board of superintendents on the advisability of establishing a single session for the 80,000 elementary school pupils.

5500 TEACHERS GET $1,000,000 NEXT WEEK

Bankers for Slash; Delay Denounced

Boston's 5500 teachers and other school department employees, whose April pay amounting to $1,000,000 was due last Friday, will not be paid until next Monday.

This announcement, which brought an immediate storm of protest, was made by Arthur Swan, cashier in the city treasurer's office and in charge of the department in the absence of City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan. Dolan is on his way to Washington with Mayor Curley.

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VETERANS AUXILIARY PLANS
PATRIOTIC RALLY ON COMMON

May Day Observance Tomorrow Noon Will Be Attended by Civic and Military Officials

MRS BESSIE HANKEN
Past National and State President

In an effort to instill love of country into the May Day observance, the auxiliary of the Veterans of Foreign Wars will conduct a patriotic rally on the Common at noon tomorrow.

Civic, military and naval leaders, together with representatives of many patriotic organizations, will join in paying tribute to the mothers, wives and sisters of overseas veterans who have been sponsoring educational programs in opposition to un-American agencies spreading propaganda throughout the country.

It is expected the colors of more than 100 auxiliary units will be in evidence when State Pres Irene Forrest of Springfield opens the program with her address of welcome. An introduction will be made by Mrs Ida S. Cohen, past State president and general chairman of the committee. There will also be an Invocation by Rev. Wallace E. Hayes, State chaplain of the V. F. W.

The Navy Yard Band, which will play appropriate selections, will open with, "America," as a prelude to the introduction of the master of ceremonies, State Adjt Henry V. O Day.

Unlike the first rally two years ago when Congressman Hamilton Fish Jr. of New York was the chief speaker, the affair will have a Bostonian savo with Mayor Curley as the orator.

Other speakers will be State Commander Frederick H. Bishop, G. A. R. State Commander Peter W. Pate, V. F. W.; State Treas. Charles F. Hurley; Mrs Bessie Hanken, past national and State Auxiliary president; State Pres. Elizabeth McNamara, American War Mothers, and Judge Frankland W. L. Miles, Roxbury.

BUILDING MEN LAUD FEDERAL AID PROPOSAL

Hope for Industries Rests in U. S. Assistance to States' Plans, Trades Group Agrees

Hope for the building industries lies in federal aid, and in the proposed $500,000,000 federal appropriation for states' construction programs, the official report of the Massachusetts Building Trades Council stated yesterday.

The council was in its 37th semi-annual convention at the American House. An imposing array of speakers, including Mayor Curley, addressed the group.

It was the opinion of the officers of the council that the funds being made available by Congress to assist private industry and help relieve foreclosed assets in some closed banks will assist the building industry. The report also said the 50-hour-week, if adopted by Congress, will provide more employment.

Speaking in favor of a minimum wage law here, Edwin S. Smith, state commissioner of labor and industries, charged that many workers in the boot and shoe trades here are paid only 37 for a 60-hour week.

"You don't have to go to South Carolina: we have the same situation here," he told the delegates.

DIFFERENCE OF OPINION

The report remarked on the difference of opinion regarding the minimum wage matter in the 30-hour bill, between the Massachusetts House and the American Federation of Labor.

The report scored the actions of banks demanding high rates of interest from municipalities borrowing money. After remarking on the banks that have failed and the bar-in of corrupt stock schemes, the report said that "mismanagement, poor investments and the loss of confidence have brought about most of the bank closings."

ENDORSE CURLEY PLAN

The committee appointed to deal with the rebuilding of slum areas reported the endorsement of Mayor Curley's plans. Letters to that effect were sent by 60 leading social and religious organizations trade and agricultural associations educational and civic institutions bankers, business men and women.
The so-called pari-mutuel bill, which calls for a referendum as to whether or not betting on horse and dog races shall be legalized in the State, has passed the House of Representatives and will be in the Senate calendar this week. If the bill goes through it will come before the voters for their approval at the special election on June 13, which has been set particularly for the choice of delegates to the Constitutional convention. The provision for a referendum was put in the pari-mutuel bill because its friends feared it might not go through the Legislature without that clause.

One of the arguments advanced in behalf of the bill is that it will bring a considerable sum of money into the State treasury. If, however, the members of the Legislature want to improve the financial condition of the Commonwealth by that or similar means they ought to accept the suggestion of Representative Lewis H. Sullivan of Boston, who has tried for a year or two to put through an act calling for a State lottery.

If the pari-mutuel method of betting on horse races is made legal, the State will profit somewhat, but the gains from a lottery would probably be a hundred times as great. And so far as morals and ethics are concerned, the two methods are on a par. If there is no objection to a partnership between the State and those who carry on betting—and many people think there is no objection—no sound argument on that ground can be made against the conduct of a State lottery, and the latter, as has been said, will bring in much more money and provide mild excitement for more people. A history of the lotteries carried on in ancient days within the boundaries of what is now the State of Massachusetts would make interesting reading. Such schemes were often resorted to, for example, by the higher institutions of learning. About 150 years or so ago Harvard College had a lottery to provide funds for the building of Holworthy Hall, one of the dormitories in the Harvard yard. A few years earlier the college had a lottery with which to raise money for Stoughton Hall, another dormitory; the feature of that enterprise was that the college purchased tickets in its own lottery and also drew the principal prize, $10,000. An incident like that would probably lead to a Legislative investigation today.

At any rate, there seems to be historical justification for the lottery, and the existence of these latter days shows that such projects are highly profitable. That being the case, why should the Legislature turn a cold shoulder to Mr Sullivan's plan?

State Treas C. F. Hurley

State Treas Charles F. Hurley attracted some attention the other day when, sitting as a member of the State Board of Bank Incorporation, he refused to vote in favor of granting a charter for a new bank unless he knew who were to be the officers of the proposed institution. Some people may think Mr Hurley leaned backward, but his attitude will probably have general approval.

The recent appalling record of bank failures in this country was doubtless due in large part to faulty laws and methods of organization, but another cause was the insufficient consideration given to the personnel of such institutions. The British and Canadian banks operate under what is believed to be much sounder law, but they also have the great advantage of more experienced and highly trained officials, who have been brought up in the business and rise to places of authority after years of service. Often bank charters in this country have been assigned to men who knew nothing about banking and who thought that business because they thought it offered chances for making money. There is no impropriety in that, but it alone should not be the guide for those who distribute bank charters.

Treas Hurley, by the way, will probably be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor in 1926. Everybody believes that Gov Ely will not run for another term, and his retirement will leave the field wide open to ambitious Democrats. Mr Hurley possesses the advantage of having successfully passed through two State-wide campaigns—an asset of real value.

Prof Frank L. Simpson of the Boston University School of Law has recently been suggested as a candidate for the Democratic nomination because of his authority than Joseph A. Maynard, chairman of the Democratic State Committee. Mr Simpson has been active and prominent in Democratic politics during the last few years.

The friends of Congressman William J. Granfield of Longmeadow are pushing him to the front for the Governorship, and he may enter the contest. It is said that he has given as much time as he can to give to the duties of a Congressman and would be attracted by an offer which would bring him nearer home. Mr Granfield has grown during his public service. There is no doubt about his strength as a vote-getter; he has demonstrated that in the elections in a district which is probably still Republican in normal times.

Mayor Curley must not be left out of consideration. It looks as though next year would give him his best chance for the Gubernatorial nomination unless the Administration in Washington calls him to some other office.

TINKHAM OFFERS REALTY TO CITY

Curley Favors Purchase for $5000 of North End Property Assessed at $20,000

An offer by Congressman George Holden Tinkham to sell to the city for $5000, property covering 9916 square feet of land at Charter street and Vernon place, North end, assessed at $20,000, caused Mayor Curley yesterday to decide to ask the city council to approve the purchase.

The removal of the building intended by the mayor to "allow a little more air and sunlight to come to an unwholesome section of the city" will be a step towards the elimination of a slum section of the North end.

Greenough lane, a narrow thoroughfare, in the rear of the property, extends from Charter street to Commercial street.

TO BUY CHARTER-ST PLOT

Mayor James M. Curley will send in order to the City Council tomorrow asking approval to accept the offer at a price of $5000 of properties located at 23 Charter at North End. The old buildings and land are assessed for $30,000. There are 9916 square feet of land.

It is the Mayor's intention to raise the property as part of a plan to eliminate certain ancient properties in the vicinity of Greenough lane. The razing will allow a little more air and sunlight in an unwholesome section of the city, he said.
Leaders Take to Air in Salute to President's Day

FEATURING THE BOSTON SUNDAY ADVERTISER'S salute to President's Day over WEHI were, left to right, Mayor Curley, George M. Cohan, veteran actor, and Lieut. Curley Plans New Park in North End

If an order which Mayor Curley is to send to the City Council tomorrow receives approval the tenement property at 23 Charter st., North End, will be torn down and a municipal park located on the site.

Owners of the property, learning that the mayor and the trustees of the George Robert White Fund have under consideration a plan to wipe out unwholesome tenements in the North End and erect municipal apartment houses where small salaried workers can secure pleasant and healthy surroundings at reasonable rent, offered to sell the land and building, assessed for $20,000, to the city for $5000.

AND MAYOR CURLEY tells us that the saving which the national government says is going to be made by cutting down the war veterans is not so much of a saving after all. When you consider that the veterans will turn to the city of Boston for soldiers' relief some $100,000 a year. In this city alone.

PERSONAL OPINION: The place for Mayor Curley is at home in bed. Until he throws off that attack of the "flu." Instead of trying to do the work of four men.

Gov. Gaspar Bacon. All praised President Roosevelt and the Hearst papers for advocating the celebration of President's Day at this time.
Evades Direct Answer to the Question as to Whether He'll Run

Press dispatches from Washington today which disclosed that official Washington expected Mayor Curley to run against Senator Walsh next year gave the mayor a laugh when informed of the news in City Hall.

At the same time the mayor left the room for conjecture in his cryptic answer to the direct question: "Will you run for senator against David I. Walsh next year?"

"That question is a bit premature, isn't it?" Curley responded with a laugh. "Then, more seriously, "I have no such intent. Sen. Walsh and I are very good friends, at the present time."

Whether the mayor meant that he would run against Walsh in the event they ceased to be friends between now and next year, his honor preferred to leave in doubt.

POLITICIANS ARE CURIOUS

Since Mayor Curley rejected the ambassadorship to Poland a few weeks ago, Washington dispatches said, the politically curious have pondered over the deep and heavy causes of his refusal, and possiblly its effects upon his career in the future. And that at the time rumors commenced of nothing more than, he had planned to seek the governorship or the Senate seat now held by Senator Walsh.

During the last few days, however, astute observers there have passed the word along that Curley was giving consideration to the idea of entering the fray against Senator Walsh in the 1934 campaign. Meanwhile, no Republican has stepped forward yet as a willing candidate to oppose Walsh, and already there is some talk of drafting some one from the Republican unit in the House. Of the House Republicans, Joseph Y. Martin, Jr. of Attleboro, unofficial first assistant to Minority Leader Snell, and A. Platt Andrew of Gloucester, a former assistant Secretary of the Treasury, stand out as likely prospects, but it is doubtful either could be induced to leave the House.

Of the House Republicans, Joseph Y. Martin, Jr., of Attleboro, unofficial second assistant to Minority Leader Snell, and A. Platt Andrew of Gloucester, a former assistant Secretary of the Treasury, stand out as likely prospects, but it is doubtful either could be induced to leave the House. Curley
denied he will oppose Walsh.

REPORT CURLEY OUT FOR SENATE

Mayor, However, Denies Intention to Oppose Walsh at Present

Mayor Curley said today he had no intention of running for the Democratic senatorial nomination in 1934 against Senator Walsh. "Senator Walsh and I are very good friends," he said. "I have no intention of running against him at present."

He passed, however, and repeated the "at present." "Isn't it all somewhat premature?" he asked.

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MAY OPPOSE WALSH

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In the opening session he declared that this is the May Day symbolization of the militant struggle of the working and for better wages, as opposed to "the bankers and bosses who have plenty of money."

He introduced Axel Lundfelt of Quincy, who declared that he and other jobless men of the city had been threatened, "If you go to the Unemployed Council we'll throw you off the relief." He also declared that he and other jobless men had promises to give every man in the city a job.

Comrade Lundfelt's address was interrupted by a committee member who turned at his sleeve and whispered, "Loud and clear and of the organization, also spoke.

"Yeah, all right," was the response.

While the speaking was in progress, members of the group moved through the crowd selling pamphlets, copies of a newspaper and soliciting contributions. As an experiment today the police department had on hand a motion picture camera, with which to photograph any thing unusual that might occur. Frank Sullivan, of the fire department, had charge of the apparatus.

The meeting closed after Mayor Curley in his address gave the address of welcome in which he expressed the hope that the members of the executive committee—Edward J. Henning of Los Angeles, Ralph W. E. Donnelly of Camden, N. J., and Albert H. Ladner of Philadelphia—were present.

The action looking toward Boston in 1924, was taken at an executive session at the Hotel Bradford yesterday, at which the members of the supreme executive committee, Edward J. Henning of Los Angeles, Ralph W. E. Donnelly of Camden, N. J., and Albert H. Ladner of Philadelphia were present.

The session opened with a business meeting, and then made a comparison of the two groups meeting on the same historic Boston Common for such different purposes. He said that he had to confess that he finds its difficult to treat too harshly the attitude of the group meeting on the Mall to protest labor grievances.

Today each program attracted a large audience, there being a midnight and a morning parade of workers and of the public. The Boston Common was the scene of the last-named gathering was Boston's sable of the ladies' auxiliary parade to the Common.

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CURLEY DENIES HE PLANS TO RUN AGAINST WALSH

Mayor Contradicts Washington Rumors That He Will Be Candidate For Senate in 1934

Mayor Curley is not planning to enter the 1934 Senatorial campaign against Senator David I. Walsh. A Washington story to the effect that the Mayor was "seriously considering" such a move was shown to Mr. Curley at City Hall today. He read it carefully and handed it back with this brief comment: "I have no such intentions. Senator Walsh and I are good friends at the present time."

The Washington story follows:

WASHINGTON, May 1. (A. P.) — Political rumblings from Massachusetts drew the attention of Bay Staters in Washington today, with reports that James M. Curley of Boston seriously contemplated entering next year's Senatorial contest, arousing waves of conjecture.

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During the past few days, however, astute observers here have passed the word along that Curley was giving consideration to anything but a move to the idea of entering the race against Senator Walsh in the 1934 campaign.

Recalling the Smith-Roosevelt primary campaign a year ago, Bay State Democrats in the capital book with anything but pleasure the prospect of a Walsh-Curley battle royal next Fall.

Moreover, no Republican has stepped forward yet as a willing candidate to oppose Walsh and already there is some talk of drafting someone from the Republican unit here in the House.

Of the House Republicans, Joseph W. Martin Jr. of Attleboro, unofficial first assistant to Minority Leader Snell, and A. Platt Anderson of Gloucester, a former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, stand out as likely prospects, but it is doubtful either could be induced to leave the House. Both come from "safe" Republican districts, and Martin, within striking distance of highhood, could not as a Representative be acceptable to Senator Walsh as a running mate.

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Welfare Racket' to Cost City $20,000,000, Fitzgerald Charges

Councilman Demands Probe
—Says Officials Put Relatives on Rolls

600 BOOTLEGGERS GET AID, NORTON ASSERTS

Charging that public welfare in Boston has become a political racket which will ultimately cost the taxpayers $30,000,000 a year, Councilman John I. Fitzgerald of the West end yesterday demanded an investigation of the welfare department to rid the relief roles of relatives of elective public officials, eradicate political influence controlling the determination of allotments and purge the lists of thousands of unworthy recipients of public aid.

Fitzgerald accused legislators who rejected Mayor Curley's appeal for legislation abolishing the unpaid board of overseers and creating the position of commissioner of public welfare, of trading their negative votes for unwarranted recognition benefiting applicants for aid.

Councilman Clement A. Norton of Hyde Park joined with Fitzgerald in denouncing the administration of the department and made the startling charge that "three-quarters of the 800 bootleggers in my district are on welfare."

The onslaught on the welfare situation was precipitated by Councilman John P. Dowd by an order, which failed of adoption, demanding the abandonment of the recently established system of compelling recipients to display records of rent payments as a precedent, to the collection of weekly allotments.

Fitzgerald immediately voiced a plea for the home owners who have been unable to pay their taxes and contrasted the publicity given their delinquency with the zealousness with which Dowd and others desired to protect from disclosure the names of recipients of public aid.

"This welfare department," shouted Fitzgerald, "has become a public scandal."

"This welfare department," shouted Fitzgerald, "has become a public scandal."

I hear very little sympathy for these men. I say that there is something radically wrong with the management of the welfare department and when I am told that there are relatives of men elected to public office on public welfare I know that there is much that is wrong. In the old days a public official would die of shame before he would allow a relative to become a public charge.

Welfare has become a political racket. It is a political machine which is being built up for the benefit of a few individuals. I know it when I watch a woman, dressed in the height of fashion, go into the welfare building to collect money which has three relatives holding public positions.

An honest investigation of this racket would astound the public. I charge that persons have through political influence been given jobs in the welfare department where they do things which ought not to be done.

It is time to stop this racket. In precincts 1 and 2 of ward 3, one of the richest districts in Boston, there are 4275 persons receiving public aid. People are talking about the racket. Call it by its right name. It is a racket on a huge scale.

He concluded:

"No one seems to care what happens to the taxpayers, but there is great consideration for those whose names are on the welfare lists. Everybody knows the men who have struggled and striven and saved to rear their families and own a little home who have finally been publicly aid—less because they are unable, through loss of employment, to pay their taxes."

JOHN I. FITZGERALD
"The welfare department has become a public scandal."

SOMETHING WRONG

Mayor Curley left Boston last night a day earlier than he had planned, to preside over the conference of mayors in Washington called for the purpose of discussing passage of national legislation to provide federal aid for the relief of cities and towns facing unemployment problems. He left by boat for New York, accompanied by City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan and Cornelius A. Rear- don, secretary of the Boston Street Com-
Curley Says Tax Rate Reduction Depends Entirely on Legislature

Hope of a reduced tax rate in Boston this year is entirely dependent on the Legislature, according to a statement of Mayor Curley yesterday.

Favorable action on pending legislation, including the new $25,000,000 revenue program, and prevention of an increase in taxes and assessments imposed by the state will mean a lower tax rate, the mayor said, regardless of the arbitrary valuation decreases ordered by the state board of tax appeal.

At the same time he announced that the city is prepared to pay $3,000,000 of an $8,000,000 loan made Dec. 30, 15 days in advance of the scheduled May 15 payment.

Collection of 1932 taxes, which have decreased from $17,831,000 Jan. 1 to $13,500,000 has made possible the early payment of the loan.

When the money was obtained to meet the 1932 deficit it was stipulated by the banks that 1932 taxes paid after Jan. 1 should be earmarked and deposited as a special fund to meet the scheduled payments of the loan.

The tax payments have been made with unexpected rapidity and although no deposits were made in the special fund during the bank holiday, City Treasurer Dolan notified the banks yesterday that he was ready to make payment of $3,000,000.

The mayor yesterday sharply criticized persons responsible for "painting a dismal picture of the financial structure of the city, consciously or unconsciously," and said that this action had "augmented the vicious propaganda which has been circulated in recent months by individuals and organizations in the community."

Mayor Curley suddenly switched his plans yesterday about departing for Washington to confer with President Roosevelt and the Senate committee on finance. Instead of leaving at 8 o'clock tonight, the mayor, deciding at 4 o'clock to catch the 5 P.M. ship for New York, had a last motor trip to his home and thence to India wharf where he arrived at sailing time.

His companions were City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan and Cornelius A. Reardon.

As chairman of the executive committee of the mayors' conference of the United States, the mayor will press the Senate committee to enact legislation permitting the federal government to make loans to municipalities at interest of not more than 3½ per cent on 1932 tax anticipation notes.

The mayor said yesterday that he will discuss with President Roosevelt an appropriation for the eradication of slums, stating that the mayor will at least suggest to the President his availability for appointment to an important federal commission.

In his explanation of his declination of McCarthy's invitation to make a trip to the United States, the mayor stressed as his reason the financial situation involving the city since then his tax indicated that financial conditions have so greatly improved that the problem of obtaining special federal funds to meet municipal obligations does not loom as seriously as a month ago.

CURLEY TO CONFERENCE WITH ROOSEVELT

Mayor Leaves on Boat—Seeks U.S. Loans for Cities

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Accompanied by City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan and Secretary Cornelius Reardon, the Mayor left for New York by boat last night en route to Washington. It was reported that the Mayor also confer with President Roosevelt on the proposition of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation loaning money to cities to wipe out the slum sections.
center of transoceanic and coastwise shipping.

Boston is surely the Hub, and it may be said in all truth that when the Nation makes its appraisal of New England it naturally turns first to the conditions in the city of Boston.

* * *

In the 111 years of its existence as a chartered community, the city of Boston has never defaulted a financial obligation.

It has met its bonds. It has paid its notes.

In the past 16 years it has expended $40,000,000 for school lands and buildings.

In the past three years it has expended at the rate of almost $12,000,000 annually for the public relief of its people.

Unlike almost every other large city in this country, it has met the heavy drains of the times from its current revenue. It has paid its bills of the day. It has not met these extraordinary obligations by mortgaging the future through bond issues.

The city of Boston has balanced its budget.

The loyal people of Boston have made these conditions possible by paying their taxes, even in the period of the banking holiday.

The city of Boston has the lowest percentage of uncollected taxes of any of the great cities of comparative size in this country.

* * *

At the recent conferences of mayors, it was unanimously agreed that the cities of Boston and Milwaukee led all the other great communities of the Nation in financial solvency and security.

You will hear at New York, at Washington, at Chicago and at Philadelphia, that Boston and New England weathered the storm of the past three years with greater independence and financial solidarity than any other section of America.

They all agreed that Boston and New England were in the strongest condition possible to lead the march of economic recovery.

* * *

Therefore, let us be confident. Let us be united. Let us be co-operative. Let us all pull together.

If the rest of the country looks upon us as the brightest ray in the diadem of the States, surely we have the right to be proud of our position.

We have the duty to recognize that we can maintain that position if we all stand shoulder to shoulder, in perfect and complete harmony.

This is the time for professional trouble-makers and political snipers to retire and permit our officials to carry on their work.
A new spirit of optimism prevades the country.

Business is improving.

Factories are reopening, slowly but surely.

Contracts for the purchase and delivery of goods are being written.

The retail stores are lively.
The steel business is definitely improving.

Men and women are being put back to work.

The banks have strengthened their position. There should be no more closings of any re-opened banks.

We have at last begun the uphill climb toward the crest of success, and the faces of the people are again lighted by the prospect of general happiness.

In the light of this promise, let us look for a moment at the condition of the city of Boston.

Boston is the metropolis of New England.

Here the financial and commercial centers are located.

Transportation converges upon this city.

The industrial organizations are headquartered here.

This is the mart of the flour, grain, wool, cotton, candy and fish exchanges, and a growing
COUNCIL AGAINST NEW TAX BILL
Calls for Dropping of Welfare Rent Card
Fitzgerald and Kelly Clash Over West End Playground

The Boston City Council passed an order yesterday, offered by Councilor Dowd of Roxbury, calling upon the Public Welfare Department to discontinue the so-called "rent card" which those on the welfare rolls must have in order to receive city aid.

Councilor Fitzgerald termed the welfare a "racet." He said it amounted to almost a scandal. He said that 4275 persons were receiving aid in his own Ward 2. Fitzgerald made the charge that men elected to public office had placed their relations on the welfare rolls and said he knew a woman with three sons, all on the welfare rolls.

Other orders that passed yesterday were: By Councilor Dowd, putting the city on record as against Gov Ely's proposed $25,000,000 taxation measure; by Councilor Barker, a protest against discontinuance of the North Ferry; by Councilor Norton, an order for a welfare relief station in Hyde Park.

The Council also adopted an order for a special election to vote on liquor repeal. It will be held on June 13 and the polls will be open from 10 a.m. to 8 p.m.

A movement in the latter crowd, from the Charles-st corner toward the broad path leading to the bandstand, aroused fears of a "scrap." However, the parade passed beyond the broad path and followed the Mall toward Park Street.

Meantime, the thousands surrounding the Parkman Bandstand carried on unimpaired.

Mrs Besbie Hanken of Reverie, past national and past State president of the V. F. W., was the speaker who gave much attention to "Reds." She paid her respects to the "Pioneers of America," an organization of youths which suffered in her comparison of them to the Boy Scouts and the Girl Scouts.

Mayor Curley is Off to Washington
To Preside at Mayors' Conference There

Mayor Curley left the city last night for Washington, where as chairman of the Mayors' conference of the United States he will issue the movement tomorrow for the passage of national legislation to provide federal aid for relief of cities and towns in meeting unemployment problems.

Leaving by boat for New York, the Mayor was accompanied by City Treasurer Edmund L. Dolan and Secretary Cornelius A. Reardon of the Boston Street Commission.

The Mayor proposed to discuss with the President the advisability of a federal appropriation for the eradication of slums in the larger cities of the country and the construction of housing developments.

AUXILIARY OF V. F. W. HAS COMMON RALLY
Patriotic May Day Meeting Addressed by Mayor

From the angle of the Parkman Bandstand on the Common, whereon was staged yesterday noon the May Day patriotic rally of the Massachusetts Department of the Auxiliary of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, there was witnessed the threat of clash with soapbox orators in the Charles-st Mall, surrounded by a curious crowd of several hundred.

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Officers hurled sensational accusations at each other across the floor, while President Joseph McGrath violently pounded the desks with his gavel, seeking to restore order and drown out the bitter personal debate, much to the disappointment of an eager gallery.

Councillor Fitzgerald quoted Councillor Kelly as having told him that he would not approve the order to permit the State to fill in the land at Nashua and Leverett streets until he found out what contractor was going to get the job. Fitzgerald claimed the order since early January has been held up in the Council committee of public lands, of which Kelly is chairman.

Called "Mattress Councillor"

Kelly in reply charged that Fitzgerald was elected only "by the mattress voters of Ward 2" and characterized him as the "mattress councillor." He further accused Fitzgerald of being interested in the tunnel takings by the city and other land deals, declaring that the West End Councillor was the owner of "hundreds of thousands of dollars of West End real estate."

Returning to the attack, Fitzgerald informed the Council that he had received information that "Kelly was getting his gasoline from the city pumps in the municipal garage at Hancock Street, Dorchester."

He declared that for three years the Dorchester Councillor had been selling for investigations and making accusations without restraint. "The man who always holds 'stop thief' the longest, best bears watching," snapped Fitzgerald.

Points of Order Raised

Kelly called Fitzgerald "slippery" and the latter shot back, "If there is any slippery gentleman in the Council he comes from Ward 15, Dorchester."

Other members jumped to their feet, raising points of order, as the president pounded his gavel and finally succeeded in restoring quiet, as Councillor Fitzgerald won his point for an adjournment of one week instead of two, so that the Nashua street playground might be taken up next Monday.

Legislature Sets City's Appropriation Limit at $36,750,000

Budget Commissioner Charles P. Fox began work yesterday on a budget reduction in excess of $800,000 mandatory by the action of the Legislature in designating $38,750,000 as the appropriation limit this year for departments of the city and county under the jurisdiction of the mayor.

The tentative budget of $37,650,000 prepared by Mayor Curley in December probably will be reduced about $1,000,000.

The Legislature forced a slash of $750,000, but two other items make additions which bring the necessary cut to more than $800,000. The special election June 13 will cost $30,000, and provision must be made for the necessary funds in the budget of the election department.

Though the compensation of all election officials has been cut $2, thereby making an aggregate saving every election of $4374, no other opportunities to save in election costs can be discovered.

Another item of $55,000 which Commissioner Fox must provide for is due to the fact that salary reductions in city and county departments did not become effective until April 21, one week later than he had figured on.

The job of clipping close to $1,000,000 from a budget which Mayor Curley slashed to the limit, with the exception of items of interest in solving this case at once," JAMES M. CURLEY, Hotel Mayflower.

FOX MUST SLASH

BUDGET $800,000

Curley Urges Police To Solve Kidnapping

Mayor Curley last night in a telegram dispatched from Washington urged city and state police to do their utmost to solve the kidnapping of Margaret McMather of Harwichport.

The telegram, addressed to the city of Boston police department, read:

"I am interested in the return of Margaret McMather of Harwichport, who was kidnapped today, I trust you will get the city and state police interested in solving this case at once."

AMERICAN CURLEY URGES AID FOR CITIES

Washington, May 3 (INS)—An appeal to Congress to liberalize the federal reserve and R. F. C. acts so American cities may borrow at two interest rates in anticipation of tax collections, was voiced to the Senate banking and currency committee today by a delegation of mayors.

Mayor James M. Curley of Boston said 96 cities of more than 100,000 population were in need of immediate financial help. He urged loans, for a two-year period, based on tax anticipation warrants. This relief would enable the cities to carry on for the next two years.

Mayor Daniel W. Horan of Milwaukee and Mayor T. S. Walmesley of New Orleans, seconded Curley's appeal.

Glynn Presents North End Prizes

Chairman Theodore A. Glynn, of the street commissioners, representing Mayor Curley, presented the following prizes to the first 10 men to finish in the recent Little Heart Marathon, after he was acclaimed as "the next mayor of Boston," at a banquet of the Boston Athletic Club in Fleet St., North End.

The winner's trophy went to Edward Tarilo of the Traverse Association, of the North End.

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JAMES M. CURLEY, Hotel Mayflower.
Fox Rebukes Civic Bodies on Budgets

Commissioner Says Hiding Behind Alibi of Lack of Time Is Ridiculous

When Russell Codman, Jr., representing the Boston Real Estate Exchange, arose at today's city council budget hearing on county expenses and declared that he had nothing concrete to offer in the way of reducing the items for the benefit of the taxpayers owing to lack of time in making a study, Budget Commissioner Charles J. Fox took such bodies as the Exchange, the Boston Municipal Research Bureau, the Chamber of Commerce and the Finance Commission severely to task for "hiding behind the question of 'time' when the opportunity was presented for offering help.

Mr. Codman and Mrs. Hannah M. Connors of the Massachusetts Real Estate Owners, Inc., of Dorchester, were the only representatives of such organizations at the hearing given by the appropriations committee of the council. George W. Roberts, chairman, during today's session on county expenses, Mrs. Connors, who, had been most active in the attempt to secure a legislative investigation of municipal affairs, pointed to raise in the figures submitted for the repair of the county buildings offering her own experience as trustee of properties to indicate how Commissioner Englehart could do certain work at less cost that had been indicated.

Beyond the broad suggestion that, as in the last ten years county expenses had increased, and the number of employees 35 per cent the amount of business transacted did not seem to warrant increased salaries. Mrs. Codman warned the councillors that they must assume the responsibility of reducing costs as sources of revenue were limited. That a considerable reduction must be made, but how you are to do it we cannot say."

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The council committee on appropriations, under advisement. was no excuse for failure of the civic interests to appear before the council today, he said. If the figures had been available at his office for four and a half months, he feared, they would not appear. Mrs. Hannah Connors of Dorchester and Russell Codman, Jr., were present. Codman represented the Boston real estate exchange, but pleaded that because of insufficient time the exchange could not participate in setting up the budget.

Fox Notes Their Failure to Co-operate in City's Economy Plan

The council committee on appropriations met. Invitations had been sent to several organizations. The National Economy League, finance commission and the municipal research bureau sent word they would not appear. Mrs. Hannah Connors of Dorchester and Russell Codman, Jr., were present. Codman represented the Boston real estate exchange, but pleaded that because of insufficient time the exchange could not participate in setting up the budget or in showing where economies could be brought about.

The committee took the whole matter under advisement.

Curley Urges 3-Point Plan to Aid Cities

Advocates Legislation to Borrow from Federal Reserve or R. F. C. on Tax Warrants

Washington, May 3 (A.P.)-Mayor James M. Curley of Boston today presented to the Senate Finance Committee a three-point plan for relief of municipalities. Curley, appearing as chairman of the executive committee of the National Association of Mayors, urged that the time and repairs of short-term municipal notes be extended from six months to two years and that authority be granted to municipalities to borrow up to twenty-six per cent upon tax anticipation notes for 1933 and up to fifty per cent on outstanding tax delinquencies. He said one of the greatest difficulties confronting American cities today was inability to find a market for short-term notes.

"Cities are required to live on borrowed money for nine months of the year," he said. "I will admit that is not the right system but it is a system that rightly or wrongly has been adopted. It is no sounder security than tax anticipation notes and to take care of ninety-seven cities with a population of 100,000 or more, the total requirement would be only $100,000,000.

Also appearing at the hearing were Mayors Hoan of Milwaukee and Walmsley of New Orleans. The mayors plan to call on President Roosevelt later in the day if an appointment can be made. Curley urged legislation which would allow the municipalities a clearing house to help them out of what he termed their "almost insurmountable" difficulties. Other avenues being closed to the cities, he declared, the country would face national bankruptcy.

Two items in the county budget were subjected to much questioning. One was the item of $12,900 for power at the courthouse and the other item of $3000 for cleaning the windows by contract. Councillor Dowd wanted a study made on the possibility of having the county furnishing its own electricity and also expressed the opinion that the twenty-six janitors at the court house could wash the windows and save additional expense. Each of the officials questioned expressed the intention of getting along without making vacancies and also cutting all possible corners in supplies.

"Find the Child," Says Curley

Although he is in Washington, Mayor Curley is taking a special interest in the kidnap- ing of Peggy McMath. A telegram was received at police headquarters urging that every effort be made to locate the child.

"I am interested in the return of Margaret McMath of Harwichport, who was kid- napped, I trust you will get the city and state police interested in solving this case as soon," the telegram read.
CURLEY PRESENTS PLAN FOR RELIEF OF CITIES

Appears Before Senate Finance Committee For National Association of Mayors

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Curley, appearing as chairman of the executive committee of the National Association of Mayors, urged that the time for repayment of short-term notes be extended from six months to two years and that authority be granted to municipalities to borrow up to 75 percent upon tax anticipation notes for 1933 and up to 50 percent on outstanding tax delinquencies.

He said one of the great difficulties confronting American cities today was in ability to find a market for short-term notes.

"Cities are required to live on borrowed money for nine months of the year," he said. "I will admit that is not the right system but it is a system that has worked admirably in the past. There is no sounder security than tax anticipation notes and to take care of 97 cities with a population of 100,000 or more the total requirement would be only $300,000,000."

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Curley urged legislation which would give the municipalities a clearing house to help them out of what he termed their "almost insurmountable" difficulties. Other avenues being closed to the cities to borrow money, something must be done, he said, to give them a market for their first class securities.

The present pressing needs of the cities could be met, he said, by loans totaling not more than $300,000,000. Unless approximately that amount of money is available somewhere to aid the cities, he added, the country would face national bankruptcy.

Curley told the committee what Boston was doing in the way of economy in its government and asserted most other cities were cutting down expenses, and having been Mayor through two previous depressions he expressed the confident belief that with the relief now asked the municipalities would rapidly get back to normal conditions and be able to repay all loans within two years.

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The present pressing needs of the cities could be met, he said, by loans totaling not more than $300,000,000. Unless approximately that amount of money is available somewhere to aid the cities, he added, the country would face national bankruptcy.

Curley told the committee what Boston was doing in the way of economy in its government and asserted most other cities were cutting down expenses, and having been Mayor through two previous depressions he expressed the confident belief that with the relief now asked the municipalities would rapidly get back to normal conditions and be able to repay all loans within two years.

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Curley, appearing as chairman of the executive committee of the National Association of Mayors, urged that the time for repayment of short-term municipal notes be extended from six months to two years and that authority be granted to municipalities to borrow up to 75 percent upon tax anticipation notes for 1933 and up to 50 percent on outstanding tax delinquencies.

He said one of the great difficulties confronting American cities today was inability to find a market for short-term notes.

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CURLEY TALKS WITH ROOSEVELT ON CITIES

Head of Mayors’ Conference Seeks Aid—Navy Yard to Have More Work

Special Dispatch to the Globe
WASHINGTON, May 3—Mayor Curley of Boston received assurances from President Roosevelt this afternoon that the Boston Navy Yard would not be closed.

The Mayor called at the White House following the Mayor’s conference, of which he is the chairman, with others of the committee, to discuss with the President the financial plight of the cities, and during the visit made his appeal for the Boston yard.

“I told the President,” said Mayor Curley, “that it was imperative, considering the local employment conditions, that the Navy Yard should be kept open and busy. The President said that he would do both. He said that he would send more work to Boston for the purpose of keeping the men employed.”

“Ambassador” of Mayors

This was the first call of the Mayor at the White House since he declined the diplomatic post at Warsaw several weeks ago. The Mayor introduced himself juicily as the “Ambassador” from the Mayors’ conference which he had represented earlier in the day before the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency.

The Mayor and the executive committee, including Mayors Vetter of Chicago, Hoag of Milwaukee and Walthan of New Orleans, requested the assistance and advice of the President in securing legislation to liberalize the policy of both the Federal Reserve Bank and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in the matter of loaning money to municipalities. This condition he had already explained to the Banking and Currency Committee.

President Proposes Plan

The President expressed his interest in the situation and suggested the the Mayor and his associates confide with Senator Wagner of New York and Senator Glass of Virginia as to ways and means through which the financial relief sought for the cities might be secured.

It was suggested that instead of submitting a separate bill an amendment be framed and offered to the bill now before the Senate introduced by Senator Wagner to amend the Federal Reserve Act in respect to rediscount powers of Federal Reserve banks.

After his conference at the White House Mayor Curley said this advice would be followed and an amendment to the Wagner bill would be drafted. Mayor Curley and his associates then took up the subject of providing financial relief for the thousands of smaller municipalities that are now unable to borrow money and are, it is claimed, on the threshold of bankruptcy.

The first purpose, however, of the Mayor’s conference is to secure relief for cities of 100,000 population and over. The estimated requirements of 97 of these larger cities, it was disclosed, was $100,000,000.

In behalf of the conference Mayor Curley said that the Federal Reserve and the Reconstruction Corporation be authorized to advance money in anticipation of taxes and on delinquent taxes for 1932 to the amount of $500,000,000. It was suggested that $500,000 be advanced to the states of the districts, to be immediately refunded by the states to the banks.

In disposing of tax anticipation warrants, there is a market for these warrants, it was charged, the loans to run not exceeding a period of two years.

According to Mayor Curley some 15 cities have already been petitioned into bankruptcy, and all cities are experiencing a great deal of difficulty in disposing of tax anticipation warrants. In normal times municipalities have no difficulty in borrowing in anticipation of taxes, the Mayor told the committee. At present, however, there is no market for these warrants, neither with the banks or investment companies.

Unless the cities receive Federal loans they will be unable to carry on their ordinary functions, the Mayor said.

Curley Favors Bill to Assist the Bankrupt Cities

Boston Mayor Holds Fletcher-Wilcox Measure Vital to Insolvent Communities

Washington, May 4 (A.P.)—Mayor James M. Curley of Boston told the executive committee of the United States Conference of Mayors immediate enactment of the Fletcher-Wilcox bill to open Federal bankruptcy courts to insolvent municipalities.

“We are so unanimously and unalterably opposed to both the principle and conditions of the McLeod moratorium bill,” Curley testified. “We are in agreement, however, that the principles embodied in the Fletcher-Wilcox bill are not only sound but that the adoption of the bill is very much to be desired.

“The enactment of the Fletcher-Wilcox bill is necessary for the relief of many cities that today are hopelessly insolvent and in the opinion of the members of the executive committee of the United States Conference of mayors presents a method not only of relief but of adjustment of one of the most critical problems today confronting American municipalities.”

Curley also asked legislation authorizing reconstruction corporation loans on municipal tax anticipation warrants.

Curley was questioned about the government of Fall River by a State commission and whether or not it was a success. "Some say it is, but I am not in agreement with that view," he replied.

"What I regard as fundamental municipal services have been abandoned in Fall River and yet the tax rate has gone up. They have abandoned kindergartens, curtailed other educational activities, the police and the fire departments. You can walk into a hospital with an arm hanging off, the result of an accident and you can’t get treatment unless you pay or show a pauper’s certificate. They’ll pay for this in the future ten times over in my opinion, in the health of their community."
Ely Booming Self for White House, Neglects Cities, Curley Tells President

WASHINGTON, May 3—"Gov. Ely is so interested in attracting attention to his record and building up a presidential boom that he is declining much needed federal aid for Massachusetts cities," Mayor Curley of Boston told President Roosevelt today at the White House in the presence of three other mayors.

The President had inquired of the mayor why other Bay state cities could not be handled as Fall River has been handled.

"You know only half of that story," was Mayor Curley's reply and then proceeded with the reference to the Governor's presidential ambitions.

This attack on the Governor was interesting to the other mayors who knew of the old feud between the Massachusetts Democrats which dates back to the mayor's bitter attack on his political rival during the 1930 primary election campaign.

Curley, accompanied by Mayor Hoan of Milwaukee, Mayor Walmley of New Orleans and Paul Vettes of Chicago, secretary of the United Conference of Mayors, urged the Senate finance committee to recommend legislation extending the time for repayment of short-term municipal notes from six months to two years, and authorizing the cities to borrow up to 75 per cent on anticipated taxes and up to 50 per cent on tax delinquencies.

Curley said tonight he had received from President Roosevelt assurance that activity at the Boston navy yard would be not only maintained but probably increased.

Curley discussed the navy yard situation hurriedly with the chief executive after appearing at the White House as spokesman for the United conference of mayors.

"I told the President," Curley said, "I hoped he would do something not only to keep the yard open but to keep it busy. The President told me he was going to do both and planned to have more work done to the Boston yard."

Meanwhile, Samuel Silverman, corporation counsel for the city of Boston, arranged with the interstate commerce commission for arguments on May 22 on the lighterage action brought by New Jersey and the port of Boston against the port of New York.

"That's a lot of hooey," was Gov. Ely's comment last night on the mayor's reference to his alleged political ambitions. "It's a compliment," the Governor continued, "in a way, but too silly for discussion."

CURLEY ASKS F. R'S AID FOR DISTRESSED CITIES

Washington, May 3 (AP)—Mayor James M. Curley of Boston, chairman of the executive committee of the United Conference of Mayors, presented to President Roosevelt and a Senate committee today the plea for legislation to relieve financially distressed municipalities.

Curley, accompanied by Mayor Hoan of Milwaukee, Mayor Walmley of New Orleans and Paul Vettes of Chicago, secretary of the conference, urged the Senate finance committee to recommend legislation extending the time for repayment of short-term municipal loans from six months to two years, and authorizing the cities to borrow up to 75 per cent on anticipated taxes and up to 50 per cent on tax delinquencies.

Inability of banks and other avenues through which money heretofore had been readily available, Curley said, had forced the mayors to ask the federal government to advance money in loans either through Federal Reserve Banks or the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

CURLEY CALLS ON ROOSEVELT

Says President Promises Aid to Cities

WASHINGTON, May 3—After a conference at the White House late today, Mayor Curley of Boston said that President Roosevelt expressed sympathy with the problems of municipalities and would do what he could to help them.

The Mayor, as chairman of the executive committee of the United Conference of Mayors, headed a delegation which talked with the President after making a plea to the Senate finance committee for legislation to relieve financially depressed municipalities. The plea to the President was on behalf of municipalities burdened by tax delinquencies and increased relief expenditures.
James M. Curley Jr Court defends closing of the North Ferry

Capt. Coughlin suggests
South Site Be Shifted

The third annual Communion breakfast of the James M. Curley Jr Court, M. C. O. F., will take place at the Copley-Plaza Sunday morning following attendance by the entire body at the 9 o'clock mass at the cathedral. Philip Kenney is chief ranger.

The guests of honor will be Rev. Harry O'Connor, court chaplain; Mayor Curley and his daughter, Mary; William Arthur Reilley, chairman of the School Committee; Helen Grady, chief ranger, and William Barry, district deputy.

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"If the examiner's report is upheld and free lighterage abolished in New York harbor," Silverman said, "the commerce of the Port of Boston will be increased from fifty to one hundred million dollars."

CURLEY SEEKS MORE WORK AT NAVY YARD

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Capt. William P. Coughlin, chairman of the water-front committee of the East Boston Planning Association, in an address before the annual meeting of the Family Welfare Society in the Health Unit, East Boston, defended Mayor James M. Curley's action in closing down the North Ferry.

The speaker pointed out that this particular ferry had been a losing proposition financially for many years, and because of the present economic situation of the city it was foolhardy to continue longer. He suggested, however, that the site of the present South Ferry be shifted to a point nearer Central Sq., not far from the entrance to the new East Boston vehicular tunnel.

In the course of his remarks Mr. Coughlin painted a vivid picture of the decayed industrial plants in East Boston in the past 20 years and urged a neighborhood spirit of cooperation to rebuild and place East Boston back in the position it occupied years ago.

He also paid a splendid tribute to the work of the association among the needy of East Boston, and its generous cooperative spirit in all that was good for the district.

Pres. Nathaniel W. Gifford of Cambridge, presided, and in his report stated that $12,531.41 was spent in caring for the needs of 833 East Boston families during the past year. He publicly thanked the support given the society by the Woman's Club of the East Boston School Center, Home Club and East Boston High School.

At the business meeting Pres. Gifford was reelected. Other officers include Arthur Adams of Boston, vice-pres; Miss Harriet Curtis of Boston, fin. sec., and E. Max Nelson, secretary of the church. The executive committee includes Miss Margaret Currie, N. W. Gifford, C. Max Nelson, Mrs. Edith Van De Carr, Miss Clara McPherson, Mrs. William Cur and Rev. Samuel Elberfield.

LEFT TO RIGHT, GRACE RYDDY, MARY F. MAGUIRE AND ALMA HALEY

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Catherine Roche heads the arrangement committee, members of which are Anna Coyne, Andrew Dazzi, Francis Fahey, John Foley, Florence Freeman, Louis Good, Alma Haley, John McGowan, Frank McArtle, James J. Manning, Jr., Margaret Martell, Constance Meagher, Mary F. Maguire, Edmund Murphy, Alice Pompert, James L. O'Connor, Thomas Rawson, Joseph O'Brien, Grace Ruddy, Frances Sheehan, Marie Sullivan, James Tobin, Valeria Urlich and Joseph Woods.
WASHINGTON, May 4 (AP)—Mayor Curley of Boston told the House judiciary committee today the executive committee of the United States Conference of Mayors favors immediate enactment of the Fletcher-Wilcox bill to open federal bankruptcy courts to insolvent municipalities.

"We are unanimously and unalterably opposed to both the principle and conditions of the McLeod moratorium bill," Mayor Curley testified.

Curley also asked legislation authorizing Reconstruction Corporation loans on municipal tax anticipation warrants.

Mayor James M. Curley returned this morning from Washington, and expressed the opinion that municipalities would result from the enactment of the United States Mayors' Club. He said that the organization had an interesting hearing before the judicial committee on legislation to save smaller municipalities from complete ruin, and to provide a way out for others, now in a condition approaching bankruptcy.

According to the Mayor there are 5,000 cities and three States in difficulty, and indications are that the same kind of bankruptcy relief available to private business should be accorded all municipalities, so that they might proceed properly and not cause serious damage to larger cities.

The Mayor also said that the Wilcox-Fletcher bill, which provides for a meeting of all creditors and when 75 percent agree on a settlement, their decision be mandatory on the remaining 25 percent, could be changed to include municipalities.

He was sanguine that relief would be afforded to cities and towns through the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and the Federal Reserve Board be required to advance money to cities and towns at reasonable interest, 75 percent on tax anticipation warrants and 50 percent in the case of tax delinquencies, for a period of two years, rather than one.

The matter of the Charlestown Navy Yard, the Mayor said was taken up in his half hour interview with President Roosevelt, who not only said the proposal embodied in the Fletcher-Wilcox bill are not only sound, but that the adoption of the bill is very much to be desired.

"The enactment of the Fletcher-Wilcox bill is necessary for the relief of many cities that today are hopelessly insolvent," the Mayor said.

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By MAYOR JAMES M. CURLEY

The Boston American is to be congratulated on the splendid efforts it is making to find this child and to make New England the most unsafe place in the entire country for the kidnappers to operate in.

In this splendid work, the editors of the American may be assured of the cooperation of the municipal, state and federal authorities, in addition to an aroused public that considers the kidnaper the most despicable, detestable and cowardly of all violators.

The more speedily the child is returned to her parents, the better for the kidnappers who, if apprehended, with the aroused state of the public mind with regard to punishment of offenders of this kind, might find difficulty in securing a jury trial.

In normal years, he says, the seasonal drop comes in March. Last year there was no drop until late in August. This year, the drop in April comes four months earlier than last year, an encouraging sign. Though there were 32,325 on the welfare list at the end of April in 1933 as against 25,529 in 1932.

Of the 200 who left the welfare list because they had found jobs this year, says Mr. McCarthy, 135 were placed by the city's Unemployment Bureau. Since November, the number of people on welfare increased to the middle of March, then remained static for about three weeks. The seasonal drop, due in March of ordinary years, came after the middle of April. Last year it did not come until late August.

Mayor Curley, on his return to his office today, after a visit to Washington where he with other mayors appeared before congressional committees in favor of Federal funds for the relief of cities and towns, expressed his confidence that such relief will be forthcoming.

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FINE RECORD

The City of Boston was chartered in 1822. For one hundred and eleven years it has paid its bonds, met its notes, discharged every financial and humanitarian obligation.

No community in the United States can show a better financial record. It is the kind of record which makes a community rate high in the money world.

Mayor James M. Curley, for the third time at the municipal helm, sharply rebukes persons who, through ignorance or for political reasons, look at Boston finances through blue glasses. The Mayor's words were timely.

The city, adjusting its finances to present conditions, has balanced its budget. It paid current bills from current revenue, not by mortgaging its future with bond issues.

Comparison of tax collections in Boston and other large cities of the country puts Boston in most favorable light. The average of uncollected 1932 taxes in the major cities of the country, as of April 1, was 25 per cent. Boston showed only 20 per cent uncollected.

Mayor Curley is justified in branding as "vicious propaganda" any efforts to belittle the credit and the financial standing of this city of 111 years of high repute.

RELIEF TO CITIES
URGED BY CURLEY

Would Open Federal Bankruptcy Courts to Aid Them

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The enactment of the Fletcher-Willcox bill is necessary for the relief of many cities that today are hopelessly insolvent and which are in the opinion of the members of the executive committee of the United States conference of mayors presents a method not only not of relief, but of adjustment of one of the most critical problems today confronting American municipalities."

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MAGRATH OPPOSES
MORTUARY COMBINE

Consolidation of the Northern and Southern mortuaries in the new pathological building at the City Hospital was described as inadvisable and disadvantageous by Medical Examiner George Burgess Magrath yesterday, when the city council committee on appropriations sought means of reducing the annual cost of $38,000 for the medical examiner's service.

Admitting to Councilman Norton that he knew of no city comparable to Boston in size which maintains two mortuaries and that Los Angeles has only one, Dr. Magrath asserted that to concentrate the mortuaries at the City Hospital would add transportation difficulties to residents of the northern district of the county and compel them to visit the North Grove street morgue.

It was admitted that the new pathological building is of sufficient size to serve the county and Chairman George W. Roberts of the committee suggested that the council has recently appropriated $80,000 for equipment for the building, every facility desired by the medical examiners should be available at the hospital.

Dr. Magrath impressed on the committee that he was distressed to abandon the North Grove street building where he has been located for many years.

The committee may recommend to Mayor Curley that an opportunity to economize is afforded by the consolidation of the mortuaries.
ROOSEVELT SMILES AT CURLEY GREETING

“Mr President, I Am Here as an Ambassador For The Mayors’ Conference,” Says His Honor

WASHINGTON, May 5—Any who think that President Roosevelt and Mayor Curley are not on smoothly understanding terms, in spite of miscarried plans to find a mutually satisfactory diplomatic post for the Boston Mayor, should have been present when the Mayor called on the President at the White House yesterday.

Mr Curley stepped up to take Mr Roosevelt’s outstretched hand:

“Mr President, I am here as an ambassador for the Mayor’s conference.”

The President’s face broke into a smile, all wool and a yard wide.

CURLEY DISCUSSES PATRONAGE WITH FARLEY AND SENATOR WALSH

Boston Executive With Mayors’ Conference Delegation—Advocates Fletcher-Wilcox Bill For Relief of Cities That Are Insolvent

By CHARLES S. GROVES

WASHINGTON, May 4—Conferences with Postmaster General Farley and Senator Walsh of Massachusetts on matters of patronage divided the attention of Mayor Curley of Boston.

The Mayor says he was assured that before the end of the month he would have further opportunity to discuss Federal appointments in Massachusetts with Mr Farley and the Senator.

Mayo Curley, accompanied by Mayor Walkeme of New Orleans and Mayor Kown of Milwaukee, appeared before the House Judiciary Committee and presented a resolution inquiring into the so-called Fletcher-Wilcox bill for the relief of municipalities.

The resolution of the Mayors’ conference which Mr Curley presented disclosed that enactment of the Fletcher-Wilcox bill necessary for the relief of many cities that today are hopelessly insolvent, in the opinion of the members of the executive conference of Mayors, and that it presents a method not only of relief but of adjudgment of one of the “most critical problems today confronting American municipalities.”

In the course of the day Mayor Curley conferred with Senator Dill of Washington in reference to his bill to provide for checking accounts for municipalities in United States postal savings banks. Senator La Follette, Speaker Rainey and other members of the House and Senate were also interviewed in relation to banking legislation to relieve the financial plight of the cities throughout the country.

SENATE PASSES TAX BOARD BILL

Would Raise Membership From Three to Five

Mayor Curley’s Printing Proposal Favorled

The bill increasing from three to five the membership of the State Board of Tax Appeals was passed to be en- gaged by the Massachusetts Senate yesterday afternoon. Before that action was taken the bill was amended on motion of Senator Finnegane of Dorchester to provide that the board be authorized to increase the amount of assessments as well as reduce them.

Senator Warren of Arlington offered an amendment providing that the board members of the board give their full time to the duties of that board. By a vote of 14 to 10 the amendment was adopted. The same Senator offered an amendment providing that the two new members shall not be lawyers and shall have had at least five years experience in the real estate field. The amendment was rejected, 10 to 1.

Before the bill was discussed Senator Warren tried to have substituted for it his bill providing that the three members of the present board sit separately to hear applications for tax abatement. Substitution was refused, 10 to 3.

The Senate substituted for an adverse committee report a bill on petition of Mayor Curley of Boston providing that printing and stationery required by Suffolk County be supplied by the Printing Department of Boston.

The adverse report of the Committee on Power and Light on the bill to require electric and gas companies to prepare copies of their rates for distribution to the public was accepted.

Senator John S. Sullivan of Worcester sought to have substituted for it a new draft of the measure under which companies would be required to distribute copies of their rates and to state the lowest rates to which consumers were entitled. Substitution was refused, 19 to 17.

Senator Madden of Boston tried unsuccessfully to have substituted for an adverse committee report his bill to abolish the division of research for the prevention of crime in the State Department of Correction. He contended the division was unnecessary. By rolloall, 17 to 16, substitution was refused. Senator Madden gave notice he would ask reconsideration.

On motion of Senator Crowley of Chelsea the Senate the Senate recommended its rejection of a bill extending certain privileges to the Disabled American Veterans of the World War. The Senate then refused to reject the bill, and it was passed a second time.